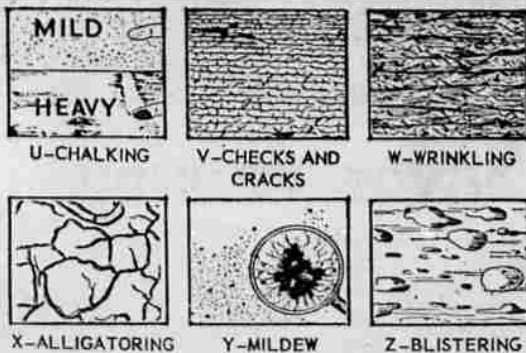




Paint Defects And Failings Explained For Homeowners

By J. RALPH DALZELL

Many readers have shown interest in outside painting this spring, and are planning to re-finish such wood exterior items as siding, trim, window and door frames, railings, steps and porches. It is wise to examine the old paint before repainting. The picture shows six paint failures or defects which should be recognized so the same errors will not be repeated in application.

Chalking is a normal deterioration and cannot be avoided. Before repainting, use a stiff brush to remove all chalk.

Checks and cracks are caused by shrinking and hardening of the paint film or by expansion and contraction due to change in temperature. Both defects can be controlled by applying thinner coats of elastic paint.

Wrinkling often occurs when the coats of paint were applied too thick. This can be avoided by applying thin coats and by adding a half pint of thinner to every gallon of thick paint other than the drippless kind.

Alligatoring occurs when hard finish coats of paint are applied over soft prime coats. Always buy a primer that will develop a harder film than the finish coat.

Mildew occurs when paint is subjected to dampness and warmth. Before repainting wash the mildewed areas with an alkaline solution and rinse with cold water. Use a paint which will dry with a hard film.

Blistering occurs when the wood under paint becomes damp due to condensation, as sometimes occurs within a wall.

Cracks, wrinkling, alligatoring and especially blistering require the removal of the old paint with liquid paint remover or a blow torch. Liquid removers can be applied with a brush. Allow to stand for an hour, then scrape with a putty knife, repeating as necessary. Then wash with an alcohol-soaked cloth. When using a torch, apply the flame to the paint until it can be scraped off.

When paint has been removed, use a prime coat and then at least one finishing coat. Buy the best paints available for good and long-lasting results. Use paint with sufficient oil on porous woods, and sufficient turpentine for resinous woods.

Never paint when the temperature falls below 50 degrees, and wait about five days after rains.

Wood must be perfectly dry, so paint in the morning only after the sun has removed the night's dampness.

When painting asbestos siding shingles, remove dirt with a stiff brush, apply at least one soaking coat of boiled linseed oil, and when dry apply good exterior house paint.

To prevent rust on wrought iron and steel, rub with oil and sand paper or steel wool to remove dirt. Then wash with benzine to remove the oil, prime coat with red lead, allow to dry for a week, and finally finish with exterior paint.

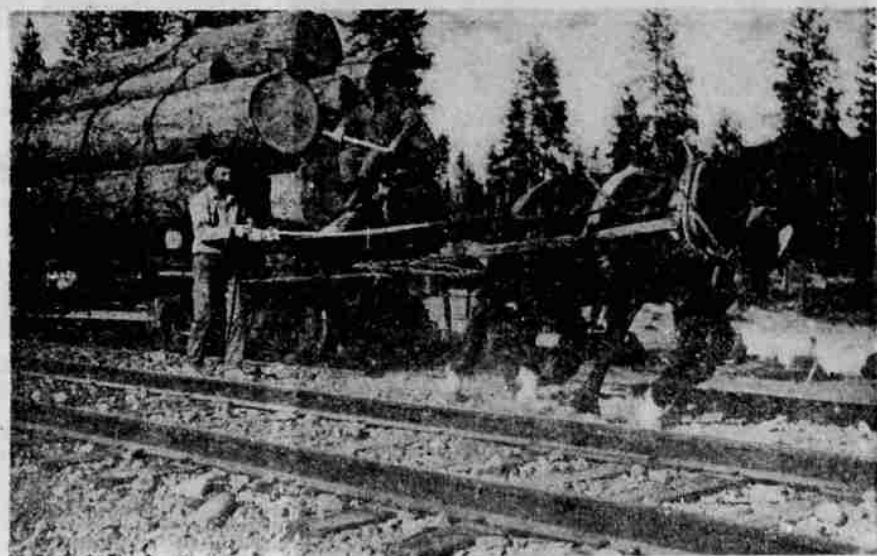
Questions and Answers

Q.—What colors do you suggest for rooms receiving great amounts of direct sunlight?

A.—Green, blue and gray tend to counteract excessive glare and give a cool and restful appearance.

Q.—What colors should be used in a small room?

A.—A light-colored room will appear more spacious.



STRAINING IN THEIR HARNESSSES, this team pulled loaded logging flat cars on logging operations in the county in the mid-twenties. The men and scene are unidentified.

— Photo courtesy of O. K. Puckett

On The Record

KLAMATH FALLS

BIRTHS

SAMS—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Dale J. Sams March 21, a boy weighing 8 lbs. 6 1/2 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

TAYLOR—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Kermit F. Taylor, March 21, a boy weighing 6 lbs. 13 1/4 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

HICKS—Born to Mr. and Mrs. James C. Hicks, March 21, a boy weighing 6 lbs. 13 1/4 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

SMITH—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl G. Smith, March 21, a girl weighing 7 lbs. 11 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

VANDERLICK—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Vanderlick, March 21, a boy weighing 8 lbs. 5 ozs. at the

Klamath Valley Hospital.

TURNER—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Turner, March 21, a girl weighing 7 lbs. 12 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

HOLL—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Dale Edwin Holl, March 21, a boy weighing 5 lbs. 13 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

MOORE—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Moore, March 21, a girl weighing 5 lbs. 14 1/2 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

ALLRED—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Rex J. Allred, March 22, a boy weighing 8 lbs. 1 oz. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

FITZGERALD—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Dan Fitzgerald, March 22, a boy weighing 7 lbs. 15 1/2 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

KUIST—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Kuist, March 22, a girl weighing 5 lbs. 4 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

EVANS—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Rich-

ard Evans, March 22, a girl weighing 8 lbs. 3 1/2 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

WELCH—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Welch, March 22, a boy weighing 8 lbs. 5 1/2 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

PODAWILTZ—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Podawiltz, March 22, a boy weighing 8 lbs. 5 1/2 ozs. at the Klamath Valley Hospital.

KLAMATH COUNTY

SUITS

Ema Jane Bickford vs. Wesley E. Bickford, divorce granted. Attorney for plaintiff, Edwin E. Driscoll.

Margaret A. Vincent vs. David C. Vincent, divorce suit dismissed. Attorneys for plaintiff, Maxwell and Goddard.

Doris A. Smith vs. Kenneth A. Smith, suit for divorce. Attorney for plaintiff, J. C. O'Neill.

Luisa Mae Smith vs. Willard R. Smith, suit for divorce. Attorney for plaintiff, Donald A. W. Puer.

Young Gents And Young Misses

☆ BELTS ☆

Get Ready For The

Easter Parade

-- AT --

Spencer's

619 Main St.

We Give "J.N." Green Stamps

☆ SOX ☆

☆ SHOES ☆

☆ BONNETS ☆

☆ CAPS ☆

Smartly Tailored

SUITS 7⁹⁸ Up
Sizes 2 to 7

☆ TIES ☆

☆ SHIRTS ☆

Washable Eton

SUITS
Sizes 2 to 4
2⁹⁹ UP

Fitted and Duster

Styles In COATS
Of Wool, Faille, Orlon
And Corduroy. 6⁹⁸
Sizes 9 mo. to 6x

☆ SLIPPERS ☆

Frothy Little
Nylon and Cotton

DRESSES
Sizes 1 to 6x
3⁹⁹ UP

BOSTONIAN

shoes for spring

KEEPS YOU

IN STEP FOR THE
Easter Parade!

Style and Superior
Craftsmanship Go
Into Every Pair

Priced . . .

14⁹⁵ TO 20⁹⁵
DON'S

6th and Main
WE GIVE

20¢ GREEN STAMPS

GUESS AND WIN
Men's or Ladies
SAMSONITE CASE!