

Russ Desire More Tourists

MOSCOW (AP)—The Soviet Union has indicated it wants to step up visiting between Russia and the United States but it suggests there should be some changes in U. S. laws to get it done.

The Russians from especially on fingerprinting and the "signing of special questionnaires" as a requirement for visas for private visitors to enter the United States.

A Foreign Ministry memorandum outlining the Soviet position was released last night to the Moscow press. It replied to a U. S. proposal of last Nov. 12.

The memorandum said the Soviet government is prepared to work out a further exchange of delegations in cultural, scientific, technical, medical and agricultural fields. The State Department had proposed such an exchange, particularly in the medical and agricultural fields.

Concerning the field of private travel, the statement said the Soviet government felt "much more favorable results" might be obtained if "such journeys are carried out on the principle of mutual reciprocity without any limitation of a discriminatory nature."

It said the Soviet government hopes the United States will "take the procedure of issuing American visas." In the connection, attention should be paid to the procedure of fingerprinting and the signing of special questionnaires which make impossible individual tours by Soviet citizens to the United States.

The State Department in Washington had no official comment on the Soviet memorandum. Officials pointed out, however, that President Eisenhower in his recent message to Congress suggested changing the present law so the fingerprinting requirement could be waived, on a reciprocal basis, for aliens entering the United States temporarily.

Rubber Plane Receives Test

AKRON, Ohio (AP)—Dick Uim said today the inflatable airplane developed by Goodyear Aircraft Corp. is the most unusual craft he's flown in the nine years as a test pilot for the company.

The plane, made of an experimental rubber-coated nylon fabric, can be inflated at home, packed into your car trunk and inflated at the airport.

Goodyear engineer Roger L. Wolcott said it takes less air pressure to inflate the balloonlike fabric than a standard automobile tire. The monoplane is made rigid by the inflation.

The single-seat, high-wing craft is powered by a two-cycle, power motor mounted on a tubular support above the fuselage and directly behind the wings. The only other metal supports connect the wheels and the pilot's seat with the fuselage.

The new plane resembles the pusher-type craft of the World War I era or a glider.

"The plane flies much the same as any light plane," the 32-year-old Uim said. "By being seated at the front, however, I felt like a glider pilot."

Goodyear engineers do not expect to go into quantity production, although they think the rubber-nylon plane holds great promise for a variety of air services.

Lakeview KC Initiates Nine

LAKEVIEW—William Ely, Klamath Falls, district deputy of the Knights of Columbus, was in charge of the initiation ceremony for the Lake County Council 2417, Knights of Columbus on Sunday, February 12, State secretary, Edward J. Bell, Stayton, assisted in the conferring of the degrees.

Initiated into the order were Jeremiah P. Barry, Earl O'Connor, Jerome L. Sullivan, William P. Waters, Donald R. Waters, John P. Nolan, Timothy M. O'Connor, Richard A. Buck, and Father Gerald Condon, assistant pastor at St. Patrick's Church, Lakeview.

Assisting in the ceremony were Douglas A. Fetsch, grand knight; Carter P. Fetsch, deputy grand knight; Thomas Flynn, chancellor; John Gray, warden; Robert Alger, financial secretary; James Griffin, inner guard; Wilford Duval and John Niles, properties.

A banquet at 7 p. m. at Hunter's Lodge honored the new members and charter members of the council, which was chartered in 1922. Honored were Carl Fetsch, Jack O'Leary and Jerry O'Leary, charter members and Martin McGrath, M. M. Barry, James Kiely Sr., Dave Rahilly, Con Taylor, Con Lynch and T. M. O'Connor, 25-year members.

Cooper Named Bar Leader

LAKEVIEW—Forrest E. Cooper was elected president of the Lake County Bar Association for 1956 at a meeting Monday. Circuit Judge Charles Foster was elected secretary-treasurer.

The Lake County Bar Association has recommended to the state judicial council that the circuit judges be authorized to set the fee in cases where the court appoints an attorney to represent an indigent and that the legislature be requested to provide a procedure whereby the court can promptly render a judgment in favor of the county in cases where it is subsequently discovered the alleged indigent owns sufficient property to have taken care of his own defense.

● People Read
SPOT ADS
—you are.



VISITING THE FORD MOTOR COMPANY PLANT at Milpitas, California during their recent visit to San Francisco and the Bay Area were these members of the Klamath Falls and Tulake 4-H Kiwanis agricultural committee. Pictured here, left to right, are Edwin McCracken, 4-H spud club leader; Steve Mitchell, Ed Duckett, Tulake 4-H spud champion; Tony Tschirky, Everett Lynman, chairman Tulake Kiwanis agricultural committee. The 4-H'ers and their advisors toured many points of interest in the Bay Area including the new Ford assembly plant at Milpitas.

Soil Conservation Meets Tomorrow

The annual meeting of the Klamath Soil Conservation District will be held Wednesday night, February 15 in the Merrill Community Hall. The program will start at 8 p. m., with a film "Under Western Skies." The annual report of the district will be given. Don Black will discuss the forage program of the Klamath experiment station. Tom Garrett will explain methods of waterfowl control. Walt Jendzejewski, county agent, will talk on farm management in the Klamath Basin. Don Baldwin, work unit conservationist, Soil Conservation Service, will describe and explain the farm and ranch plans developed with district cooperators. Joe Rogers, area conservationist of the Soil Conservation Service, from Bend, will discuss relationships between the Soil Conservation Service and the district.

The meeting will close with a movie, "Greener Pastures." Refreshments will be served. All farmers and ranchers in the district are cordially invited to attend.

Mt. Shasta Plans World Prayer

MOUNT SHASTA—World Day of Prayer will be observed in Mount Shasta on Friday, February 17, with interdenominational services at various Protestant churches and at St. Anthony's Catholic Church.

Mrs. Margaret Nelson is chairman of a committee planning services for children. Arrangements have been made with the schools to release time so children and youth may participate. Other members of the committee are Mrs. Gladys Middleton, Mrs. Alene Wisner, Mrs. Elsie Cooper, Mrs. Ruth Jamison and Mrs. Evelyn Merrill. The youth participation committee is headed by Mrs. Millie Hand, assisted by Mrs. Leona Hunter, Mrs. Carol Swift and Mrs. Frances Barron.

Planning the adult services are Mrs. Warren Gaubatz, assisted by Mrs. Edith Gutmann, Mrs. Minerva Haslett, Mrs. Eva Preabt, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Cooper and Rev. Arlin Barron.

Father Michael Myers will conduct services at St. Anthony's Catholic parish.

MEAT SHORTAGE
BERLIN (AP)—Communist East Germany, suffering from recurring meat shortages, has opened a horse meat restaurant called the "Pony Bar." East German newspapers reported that the restaurant, located in Halle, was jammed with 1,200 customers on its opening day.

UPSTAIRS
... on Main St. suitable for tea room or small restaurant.
DREWS Hardware

DR. J. W. LOWE
Chiropractic Physician
Complete Spinal Treatment
111 So. 4th St. Stevens Hotel Bldg.
Office Ph. 2-1131 - Res. 2-0182

FINAL CLEANUP SALE

★ COATS ★

★ DRESSES ★

★ SUITS ★

1/2 PRICE

Entire Stock Late Fall and Mid-Season

Fashions Slashed In Price to Clear

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Miller's

Single Water Resources Board Urged By Assembly

SACRAMENTO (UP)—An Assembly committee urged the governor today to call a special session of the Legislature in March to consider creation of a single Department of Water Resources.

Such a department, said the 12-man committee in a unanimous report, is vitally needed to help solve the state's complex and pressing water problems.

The committee gave Gov. Goodwin J. Knight the draft of a bill which would blanket all but three of the many existing water agencies into a single department. Only the Colorado River Board, the California Klamath River Commission were excluded.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation. Each member would receive \$15,000 a year. The sole duty of this agency would be to determine water rights.

The bill sets up two agencies: A Department of Water Resources, headed by a \$17,000 a year director appointed by the governor and subject to Senate confirmation.

Dependent upon legislative approval, the department would have authority to finance, design, construct and operate water projects throughout the state.

A Water Rights Board consisting of three men appointed