

Girl Drowns As Car Plunges Into Canal

The Herald and News

PRICE FIVE CENTS KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON, MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1946 (Telephone 8111) Number 10836

WEATHER NEWS

June 3
 Max. (June 3) 75 Min. 46
 Precipitation last 24 hours 0.00
 Stream year to date 12.68
 Normal 11.21 Last year 13.04
 Forecast: Clear and cool.

Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS
 PRESIDENT TRUMAN, speaking the other evening at Washington college, in Maryland, where he was receiving an honorary degree, described himself as a small-town, who prefers small business to big business and small colleges to big colleges.

"One of the things I like about Washington college," he said, "is that it is a small college in a rural community."

"I WOULD rather see a hundred steel companies than one United States Steel," he told his hearers. "I would rather see a thousand small banks than one National City bank, and a thousand insurance companies with four billion dollars worth of assets rather than only one with four billion dollars."

"Small banks," he added, "give more men a chance to be big shots. In a large bank, you'll find one big shot and a hundred vice presidents."

PRESIDENT TRUMAN undoubtedly describes himself accurately. He is a small town man. It stands out in his manner, in his ready cordiality and naturance with small town people.

He talks WITH such people—never DOWN to them.

HIS mistakes are the mistakes of such a man.

It seems to this writer, for example, that he made a mistake in his handling of the critical strike situation week before last. It would have been better if he had stood alone on his war powers, which will EXPIRE when the war officially ends, instead of calling upon congress for a special emergency program of legislation, which stirred up a hornet's nest of opposition in the senate and thus tended to nullify what otherwise would have been sharp, clear-cut action, justified by the emergency itself.

But it was at least understandable in a man who describes himself as a small-town. He must have been extremely lonely at that moment and it must have seemed very desirable indeed to have the co-operation and support of congress in his hour of trial.

Besides, taking action ALONE, on the authority of his war powers, must have smacked to him of one-man rule, whereas calling upon congress for help must have given him a reassuring feeling that he was following the democratic process, even in time of emergency when delay would have been costly.

THERE is a more cynical explanation of course.

By calling upon congress for help, he shared the odium, as well as the responsibility. By passing emergency legislation, congress takes its part of the ill will that is inevitable in such situations.

There will be plenty who will believe that buck-passing, rather than sharing of authority in the democratic manner, was responsible for what he did. There are plenty of men in congress, most of whom members face the re-election test next November, who resent the fact that the President thus put the bee on them, instead of carrying the load wholly on his own shoulders.

AS to Truman's preference for small business rather than big—and possibly small government conducted in the court-houses and statehouses rather than in the capital at Washington—it is probably a nostalgic hope, more or less shared by all of us in the ordinary walks of life, but not too likely to come to pass EVER again in America.

This is a big country, and things have to be done in a big way. In order to hold its own with business throughout the world, American business will have to be big also. In order to deal with big business, labor has to be big.

All the pressures of our modern life are in the direction of more size, more scope, MORE CENTRALIZATION.

IT is doubtful if government will ever be brought back from Washington to the court-houses and the statehouses. Instead of getting CLOSER to the masses of the people, government in America will probably get farther away from them year by year.

It is too bad, but such seems to be the trend.

AFL Splits On Maritime Strike Plan

WASHINGTON, June 3 (AP)—AFL maritime unions appeared to be splitting today on supporting the strike of CIO seamen and dock workers scheduled June 15.

The CIO-dominated committee for maritime unity said today it has received a pledge from Captain Harry Martin, president of the AFL Maritimes, Mates and Pilots union, that his members will respect CIO picket lines.

On the other hand, Joseph Ryan, president of the AFL International Longshoremen's association, denounced the threatened strike Saturday as "political."

AFL President William Green said recently that AFL maritime workers would fulfill their contracts with ship operators in the event of a strike.

Stettinius Out As UN Delegate

WASHINGTON, June 3 (AP)—President Truman today accepted the resignation of Edward R. Stettinius Jr. as this government's representative to the United Nations.

Mr. Truman said he did so only because of Stettinius' "earnest insistence" on it at a conference today at the White House.

The White House made public a letter the president addressed to the former secretary of state wishing him "good fortune" in whatever he determines to do.

This meeting was attended also by Secretary of State James F. Byrnes.

Soft Coal Mines Busy Once More

By The Associated Press
 The nation's 400,000 bituminous miners returned to the soft coal pits today, 64 days after they laid down their picks and shovels.

And the back-to-work movement promised normalcy again for fuel-starved industries and railroads.

The paralyzed steel industry immediately upped its production rate in the Pittsburgh area to 35 per cent of capacity for this week, although the magazine Steel estimated it would take "six to seven" weeks for resumption of normal output.

U. S. Steel Corp., hardest hit of the steel firms, ordered a gradual recall of its 41,000 workers idled by the soft coal miners, but a company spokesman said it would take several weeks to get all employees back on their jobs.

Some bituminous diggers went back to the pits Friday and Saturday. AFL United Mine Workers leaders toured the coal fields over the weekend explaining terms of the new contract that includes a welfare fund and an 18 1/2 cent hourly wage boost. Few mines today were slated to remain closed.

The soft coal strike began April 1 and continued unbroken save for a 12-day truce ordered by UMW Chief John L. Lewis. A third of the miners disregarded the truce and refused to dig.

Even as the soft coal miners returned to the pits, some 75,000 Pennsylvania anthracite diggers continued idle in a "no contract, no work" dispute.

And in the face of the bituminous settlement another strike threat was posed—unionization of mine foremen.

Turk Quake Toll May Exceed 600

ISTANBUL, Turkey, June 3 (AP)—Government officials declared today that the earthquake which devastated parts of east Turkey Friday probably killed more than 600 persons.

Village after village fell flat throughout the provinces of Mus and Erzurum, said Fezzi Kanasgil, deputy for Erzincan.

Planes were pressed into service to move food, medicine and other supplies into the stricken area.

The village of Varto, northwest of Lake Van, apparently was hardest hit, but the quake extended further north. Damage to communications facilities delayed a full report on the extent of casualties and damage.

Newspaper Staff Turns To Logging



Led by their colorful publisher, Rufus Woods (on logs farthest left), the entire staff of the Wasatch Daily World turns out to be logging enough assorted pine logs to make more than 40 tons of paper for the publication. Faced with a critical paper shortage, the Washington publisher agreed to deliver enough logs to make four carloads of newsprint and drafted his entire force to complete the deal. NEA telephoto

Three Other Teen-Agers Avoid Death

Grace Arlene Rowell, 16-year old Tulelake high school girl, drowned Saturday night when the car in which she was a passenger with three other southeast teenagers plunged from a state highway 3 1/2 miles into a 200-foot-deep canyon north of the California-Oregon state line.

Don Groves Jr., 18, the driver, his sister, Geraldine, 16, and Ardis Marie Long, 17, escaped from the car as it sank in 10 feet of water.

The plunge followed a glancing collision with a machine driven by George Alvin Schreiber Tulelake, who started to turn left on the highway just as Groves car sought to pass.

Mrs. Schreiber, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Wahl, and a small child, occupants of the Schreiber car, escaped injury.

The Schreiber car came to a stop on the canal bridge. Schreiber and Wahl leaped from the machine and ran to the canal bank.

The heard screams, and rushed to give aid to the youngsters struggling in the water. Wahl was unable to swim and survivors of the wreck struggled to shore with him.

Drag Canal

Lights of the submerged car was still burning as others arrived to give aid. State Officer H. G. Wilson of California came from Tulelake, and State Officer Reed of Oregon state police had charge of the investigation for the Oregon authorities.

The Oregon police obtained dragging equipment from the sheriff's office, and the body of Miss Rowell was located four hours later, about 12:30 a. m., approximately 400 yards from the submerged car. A wrecker outfit from Tulelake pulled the car out of the canal.

The young people were en route to Klamath Falls to attend school.

Miss Rowell was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Rowell of Tulelake. Don Groves and his sister live at Newell. Miss Long's home is at Tulelake.

While police were investigating the fatal accident, occupants of a passing car were arrested on liquor. James Grant McKinney, Tionesta, was arrested for drunken driving, and Henry Edward Ford, Tionesta, for being drunk on a public highway.

The arrests were made by California Officer G. C. Wilson. Although he is out of his official jurisdiction, he took the action as a citizen, and came to Klamath Falls today to sign charges.

McKinney is out on bail of \$150 on the more serious charge, and Ford's bail was \$10. They were slated to appear in Justice Joseph Aloysius Mahoney's court this afternoon.

House To Air Truman Bill

WASHINGTON, June 3 (AP)—President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was designed to "stem all this hysteria."

Invited to testify today are President Truman's emergency strike control bill came bouncing back to the house today.

Sixteen members critical of the measure—both in its original strike-draft form and as modified by the senate—invited four top union chiefs to the unusual 1 p. m. (PST) session.

They also called upon all their colleagues to attend the hearing which Rep. De Lacy (D-Wash.) said was