

761 MILLION BUSHELS OF WHEAT LOOM

Weekly Market Trend

Editor's Note: The following market information is supplied from material obtained from the government leased wire in the office of the extension economist at Oregon State college. The material in the form of a weekly summary of trends in the livestock market is not intended to replace day by day market reports.

CURRENT MARKETS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 (AP)—Indicated production of winter wheat for harvest in 1945 is 761,591,000 bushels, based on crop conditions prevailing December 1.

The agriculture department, making this estimate, said it was determined by factors which are now measurable and can be related to yields in previous years, such as the reported condition of the crop, rainfall and temperatures to date.

Winter wheat production this year totalled 764,073,000 bushels, while production of both winter and spring wheat combined reached the record level of 1,078,847,000 bushels. No forecast on spring wheat can be given until after the crop is seeded next spring.

The department estimated the area seeded to winter wheat at 49,589,000 acres, compared with 47,127,000 acres seeded a year ago and with 48,015,000 acres for the 10 year (1932-41) average.

The yield per acre was indicated at 15.4 bushels compared with 11.2 bushels a year ago and with 11.4 for the 10 year average.

Condition of the crop as of December 1 was estimated at 87 per cent of normal compared with 69 per cent a year ago and with 74 per cent for the 10 year average.

The department said the seeded acreage not expected to be harvested for grain was now indicated at 7.8 per cent of the planted area, compared with 21.9 per cent a year ago and with 20.6 per cent for the 10 year average.

The department estimated that 4,726,000 acres had been seeded to rye as compared with 4,922,000 acres last year and with 6,101,000 acres for the 10 year average. No estimate of production was given. Condition of the rye crop was placed at 88 per cent of normal, compared with 76 per cent a year ago and with 75 per cent of the 10 year average.

County AAA Groups To Handle Farm Machine Rationing

PORTLAND, Dec. 21 (AP)—All county farm machinery rationing committees have been dismissed and their few remaining duties turned over to county AAA committees, the state agricultural adjustment administration announced today.

Klamath Farmers Reminded Time for AAA Reports Here

Farmers expecting to receive payment for work done are reminded by the agricultural adjustment agency that it is time to turn in their reports at the Klamath AAA office in the Federal building. Each individual farm operator must make his report which will be subject to the approval of his community committee.

The possibility of a reduction in rates of payment for practices performed under the 1944 agricultural conservation program was called to the attention of Klamath farmers in a statement released Monday by Burrell Short, chairman of the county AAA committee.

Word has been received from the state AAA committee that, on the basis of county estimates of practices performed, total payments earned by Oregon farmers may exceed the state's allocation of funds for conser-

vation and soil building practice work.

Oregon was granted an allocation of \$2,617,000 from the \$300,000,000 appropriated by congress for the 1944 practice program. To obtain the fullest use of this allocation, in terms of improvements to the state's agricultural resources, farm allowance provisions of previous programs limiting the amount of each farm's payment were not included in the 1944 program.

Because of the marked increase in practices carried out by farmers and ranchers, it now appears that total payments earned will be in excess of the allocation. Unless additional funds are allocated, a uniform percentage reduction in all payments will be necessary. This is in accordance with the policy of sharing available funds with all cooperators, rather than paying on a "first come, first served" basis until funds are exhausted.

Development in the lamb feeding situation throughout November continued to indicate a rather sharp reduction in the number of lambs finished in feed lots. The number of lambs finished on wheat pastures, however, will be larger than was indicated a month ago and the total number to be fed will be larger than seemed probable early in November, even though still the smallest since 1937.

The OPA has announced a higher ceiling price on light weight live hogs. The ceiling is now the same for all butcher hogs except sows, stags, and boars. All live barrows and gilts now have a price of 22 cents a hundredweight, Chicago basis.

The ceiling on sows, stags, and boars will be 73 cents a hundredweight under the ceilings established for barrows and gilts. This differential carries out the usual relation of lower values for these classes of hogs as compared to barrows and gilts.

The cloth requirements for the first half of 1945, released last week by the quartermaster corps, greatly exceeded the highest estimate made in the trade. Also exceeding expectations was the percentage of domestic wools to be used in these orders.

As a result of this change in specifications, considerable interest was shown in the long dormant half-blood wool. Large weights of half-blood staple territory wools were sold or put under option. Graded territory, fine staple wools were again in demand. Practically all of the better grown lots of this grade have now been sold.

Sales of western South Dakota, graded half-blood choice wools were made at prices of \$2.3 and \$8.25 cents. Montana half-blood sold at around 50 cents, and Wyoming at prices ranging from 25 to 30.5 cents.

The WFA has announced that the government wool purchase program would continue through 1945 without any important changes.

Ancient mounds along the banks of the Mississippi river were manufactured by the Indians as retreats during flood seasons.

KLAMATH BASIN Carload Potato Shipments

(Figures from State-Federal Inspector Ross Aubrey)

Day of Month	Season 1944-45			Season 1943-44		
	Dec. Daily	Dec. to Date	Season to Date	Daily	Dec. to Date	Season to Date
1	91	91	5624	87	87	4007
2	69	160	5693	66	153	4073
3	0	160	5693	78	231	4151
4	78	238	5771	57	288	4208
5	99	337	5870	2	290	4210
6	68	405	5938	55	345	4265
7	72	477	6010	73	418	4338
8	101	578	6111	39	457	4377
9	110	688	6221	46	525	4445
10	20	714	6247	51	576	4496
11	89	803	6336	51	627	4547
12	60	863	6396	0	627	4547
13	81	944	6477	37	664	4584
14	97	1041	6574	32	696	4616
15	60	1107	6634	43	741	4661
16	102	1209	6736	48	789	4709
17	0	1209	6736	55	844	4764
18	36	1265	6798	39	883	4803
19	71	1336	6869	0	883	4803
20	45	1381	6914	34	917	4837
21				40	957	4877
22				29	986	4906
23				31	1017	4937
24				9	1026	4946
25				0	1026	4946
26				4	1030	4950
27				24	1054	4974
28				33	1087	5007
29				48	1135	5055
30				43	1178	5098
31				43	1221	5141

Carlots Overloads and Trucklots 1321
TOTAL 1916

We got it for "Sluggers"...



Our doctor suggested Borden's Evaporated Milk for tiny "Sluggers." It's pure and wholesome—sterilized! And it's irradiated with Vitamin D to help him have strong teeth and bones! If you could see how "Sluggers" thrives on Borden's, you'd agree that it's wonderful milk!...

but Brother! What Borden's does for coffee!



No fooling! Borden's Evaporated Milk makes coffee taste the way you expect cream to make it taste—glorious! Borden's brings out the deep, full, coffee flavor. Try it! Enjoy deep-down satisfaction with every sip! And, lady, Borden's is so inexpensive!

ELSIE SAYS:

NO FINER MILK IN ANY CAN!

irradiated with Vitamin D! Homogenized for quicker-digesting!

Farm Census Slated for Sometime in January Here

Sometime in January a census taker will knock at your farm house door and begin asking questions. He will want to know your name, age, and race; the number of dwellings on your farm; the number of persons dwelling in each unit; the acreage which your farm covers; the balance on your mortgage; the value of your land, machinery, and buildings; and whether you rent or own your land.

New Questions To Be Asked

Because the 1945 census of agriculture is the first ever to be taken when the nation was actually engaged in war, it will certainly be one of the most significant ever taken, and therefore, a number of new questions will be asked. This census is expected to show how the American farmer so gallantly overcame the obstacles of shortages in labor and materials and made the 1944 crop year a peak war production year. Also, since we hope we will soon be shifting from a wartime production basis to a peacetime one, the figures gathered now will be of untold assistance in helping the farmer avoid the various pitfalls of overproduction or underproduction which he may face in the process of reconversion.

Therefore, it will be necessary to ask more questions — and these questions may require the farmers to do some paper work. It will save time and effort for

both the census taker and the farmer if the answers to these questions are prepared ahead of time. Here are some of the new questions which will be asked:

What is the value of your various crops?

What was the acreage planted for each crop, and what was the amount harvested?

What is the amount and value of livestock on hand?

What was the value of livestock sold in the past year?

How many chicken eggs are normally produced per day on your farm?

How much butter and milk have you sold in the past year?

What was the value of truck garden vegetables produced last year? What per cent of produce from your garden was sold, and what per cent was used in your home?

Reports Are Confidential

Remember, in answering these questions, that the information on each individual farm is absolutely confidential. It cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation or investigation by any government agency. The figures are turned in to the census bureau where they are tabulated and totaled. Totals are compiled for counties, states, major regions of the country, and for the United States as a whole. On these statistics are based the fundamental data used in setting up and operating America's farm

programs and plans. They will be used by various federal agencies, such as the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Commerce, to keep them in touch with the agriculture industry. Federal Land banks, production credit associations, and private banking institutions will be guided by these figures. Railroads will use them in distributing freight cars for moving farm produce. County agents will use them to distribute crop information and advice. Feed store men will use them to determine the kind of feed best for livestock and poultry in particular areas.

But these uses cannot be made if the farmer does not provide the correct answers to the questions asked him. So, when the census taker knocks at your door, be ready with the answers to the questions he will ask. Uncle Sam and his 26,000 farm enumerators need all the assistance you can give them.

Classified Ads Bring Results

Be sure it's PURE CANE SUGAR

insist on C&H sugar

PURE CANE

IN REFINERY-PACKED CONTAINERS

BAKER MAN FINED
BOISE, Ida., Dec. 21 (AP)—William B. Gard of Baker, Ore., was fined \$100 yesterday for pleading guilty before Judge Chase A. Clark to a charge of operating a truck interstate commerce without ICC permit.

Potato Growers!

See Tom Thorn before you sell!

Nick Delis Co.
San Francisco
Branch Office—Helfield

IT'S EMIL'S FOR TURKEYS

EMIL'S MADE A SPECIAL PURCHASE DIRECT FROM THE GROWERS OF ABOUT 300 FINE TURKEYS 3500 POUNDS

Your Unrestricted Choice of These Fresh Prime No. 1 Birds—Hens—U. S. Graded—Any Size

49¢ lb.

- Pork Roast lb. 31c
- Boil Meat lb. 21c
- Pork Steak lb. 31c
- Sausage Pure Pork lb. 29c
- Ground Beef lb. 29c
- Chuck Steak Veal, Grade AA lb. 30c
- Dill Pickles and Sauerkraut

- BISQUICK . 40-oz. pkg. 31c
- PEAS 20-oz. tin 17c
- CORN 12-oz. tin 17c
- TUNA 7-oz. tin 42c
- SNOWDRIFT . 3-lb. gl. 68c

- Beans 19-oz. tin 21c
- Catsup 14-oz. glass 17c
- Mussels 10 1/2-oz. tin 28c
- Sausage 4-oz. tin 13c
- Mix Nuts 2 lbs. 98c
- Peanuts lb. 32c
- Miracle Whip Dressing pt. 27c

- Shredded Wheat 12-oz. pkg. 12c
- Sweetheart Toilet Soap Reg. bar, 3 for 19c
- Purax Bleach 1/2-Gal. 24c
- Tillamook Cheese 12 pts. lb. 37c
- S. & W. Marmalade 2-lb. glass 38c

- Hills Bros. Coffee 1-lb. glass 33c
- Chase & Sanborn 1-lb. pkg. 30c
- Sunshine Grahams 2-lb. box 33c

- FRUITS and VEGETABLES
- Sweet Potatoes Fine for Baking 3 Lbs. 29c
 - Spitzenberg Apples Ashland 40-Lb. Box 2.29
 - Navel Oranges Large Size Lb. 10c
 - Celery Large Crisp Stalks Lb. 12c

How to give a drink Ear-Appeal!

HIGHBALLS mixed with Canada Dry Water sparkle out loud. "PIN-POINT CARBONATION" insures a liveliness that lasts. . . . Keeps drinks full of zesty Canada Dry Water—the world's most popular club soda—is preferred in the finest bars, hotels and clubs. Its special formula points up the flavor of any tall drink. Serve Canada Dry Water in your home. . . . it costs no more than ordinary mixers.

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