Herald and News

FRANK JENKINS, Editor — MALCOLM EPLEY, Managing Editor

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice of Klamath Falls, Ore., on August 20, 1906, under act of congress, March 8, 1879

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
By carrier ....month 75c By mail ....6 months $3.25
By carrier ....year $7.50 By mail ....year $6.00
Outside Klamath, Lake, Modoc, Siskiyou counties ....year $7.00

Member, Associated Press — Member Audit Bureau Circulation

The War Today

By DeWITT MacKENZIE
Associated Press War Analyst

ERNEST BEVIN, England's square-jawed labor leader, likely has served an anxious world well by his argumentative outburst which is widely interpreted as confirming in effect that Britain and Russia are indeed in process of establishing separate spheres of influence in liberated Europe.

To get the full significance of this explosion you must know that Bevin not only heads Britain's powerful labor party but also is minister of labor in Churchill's coalition cabinet. Yesterday at a stormy session of the annual labor conference, which challenged the government's military intervention in the Greek imbroglio, Bevin was forced into his role of cabinet minister to defend his political chief against the contention that Britain's action has been at cross purposes with her allies.

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Takes Lid Off

BEVIN took the lid off. As cabinet minister he accepted his share of responsibility for the government policy and declared that "long before this we had an agreement with Russia whereby Russia undertook the main problem of Romania and we undertook the main problem of Greece." Then he added:

"This agreement was taken to Quebec, submitted to President Roosevelt and agreed to and initialed by him."

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Deny Approval

AUTHORITATIVE quarters in Washington immediately declared flatly that the United States maintains a firm stand opposed to the development of spheres of influence in Europe. They denied that the president had okayed any Anglo-Russian agreement dividing up political interests in the Balkans.

Of course it long has been obvious to observers that Britain and Russia are maneuvering deliberately to establish spheres of influence, and this column has called attention to it more than once. This was, it seems to me, to be expected unless human nature changed overnight. The trend was watched without undue emotion until Britain intervened militarily in the Greek political strife, with the avowed purpose of seeing that no government was established by force and that the people had a chance to make a choice by peaceful methods.

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No Preventive Measure

AS I see it, there's nothing which can prevent the formation of spheres of influence in Europe. It may be argued that they aren't necessarily bad—that they may be beneficient and satisfactory to the small nations in them. However, none can gainsay that if and when one sphere of influence encroaches on another, then the sparks are bound to fly between the dominant powers.

I believe Britain and Russia will continue maneuvering for position, and it's apparent that the energetic General De Gaulle also is determined to find a place in the sun for France. The situation in Europe today is far more delicate than before the war, because Russia is emerging as the dominant power, thereby creating an entirely new alignment.

Today's Bible Verses

(From Isaiah LV)

Lo, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters, and he that hath no money; come ye, buy and eat; yea, come, buy wine and milk without money and without price.

Wherefore do ye spend money for that which is not bread, and your labor for that which satisfieth not? hearken diligently unto me, and eat ye that which is good, and let your soul delight itself in fatness . . .

For ye shall go out with joy, and be led forth with peace: the mountains and the hills shall break forth before you into singing, and all the trees of the field shall clap their hands.

Instead of the thorn shall come up the fir tree, and instead of the brier shall come up the myrtle tree; and it shall be to the Lord for a name, for an everlasting sign that shall not be cut off.

News Behind the News

By PAUL MALLON

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14—It is difficult for officials to say explicitly what caused the trouble in Greece, yet the inner evidence here plainly suggests the purpose of the revolt. It is reported through subterranean official avenues of communication (army men and senators have heard and believe it) that a Russian colonel was discovered among the revolutionists, giving them military advice, if not leading them. Also the firing began immediately after the prevailing Greek government had attempted to disband the guerrilla forces in which the communists were a strong—and armed—element.

From these and dovetailing known facts, a general conclusion has arisen that the communists were struggling to get control of the remaining Greek armed forces, and maintain their own arms. They were adequately represented in the government. Two communists were in government seats of power, three other radicals favoring them had important posts, but they lacked control of the military.

Not more than 5 per cent of the Greek electorate is communist or radical. The bulk of the population is small farmer. Leftists, however, control the railway unions, the street railway employes and such small but highly organized city groups and they wield an influence far beyond their democratic power.

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Kept From Cabinet

IN Italy the communists were kept from cabinet posts where they might do the most damage. War, foreign affairs, education, aviation, treasury, etc., were filled by liberals, labor and Christian democrats. The communists got a vice premiership, occupied territories, finance (distinct from treasury), and agriculture. In Yugoslavia the communists are taking everything, with Tito in control of the army, the reds alongside him and Mihailovich retreating westward over the mountains of Bosnia. Not much news has come from Romania or Poland, where both censorship and confusion are in operation. But the prevailing communists have again excluded four of our officials from Bulgaria.

But do not these facts present in stark simplicity the problem of Europe, even including Belgium and France?

The questions raised are: Is it possible to reach agreement with communists on the division of democratic power? Does not the very nature of the communist-radical cause prevent them from co-operating sincerely in democratic government? Is there not a new ray of light for democracy rising from these troubles? Would any country in Europe go communist if the people were allowed an election free from the influences of Moscow as well as Britain? Are not the communist-radicals merely highly organized small minorities? Are they really not getting from negotiation more power in their governments than a free election might provide them? But is it possible to hold an election free of Russian and British influence? If it is impossible must the world not fall back necessarily into spheres of influence with some for Russia, some for the British, some for us?

Certainly events are making the troublesome elements increasingly plain, and as long as people can see what the problem is, there is a chance of solution.

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Reflects No Distrust

THE fuss in the senate over new state department appointees reflects no distrust with the announced policy of the Stettinius regime for free determination. In fact, the whole affair was started by two newspapers. They turned two senators around. Pennsylvania's Senator Guffey, and New York's Wagner had voted in the foreign relations committee approving the Stettinius assistants. Then a New Deal paper in Philadelphia erupted against them, as did a New York paper of the same preferment. Guffey changed his mind, organized the contest to send them back to committee, and Wagner joined in. Justice and custom required hearings by the committee anyway, in order that the senate intelligently perform its confirming duty (Senator La Follette's position from the beginning.)

Thus it is becoming plain a great degree of unity on foreign policy can be maintained in this country if the policy genuinely favors freedom of electoral choice in European nations, and is not compromised by underhandedly or timidly aiding the Russians against the British or vice versa, or blinding our public from the realization these are the forces involved in the present struggle in occupied countries.

Indeed, a strong policy along that line might awaken hope in the world. Otherwise there will have to be a division of spheres of influence and a permanent conflict to maintain them.

SIDE GLANCES

"You had the store send them as a gift? Oh, dear! And I wrote your sister I was hand-sewing those things for her myself!"

Telling The Editor

Letters printed here must not be more than 500 words in length, must be written legibly on ONE SIDE of the paper only, and must be signed. Contributions following these rules, are warmly welcomed.

BEFORE THE BATTLE

Yes, I went to church today,
Like I've never gone before;
All my life I've stood outside,
This time I went right in the door.

Everyone goes now, you know—
We all are more than willing.
You never know, through what hell you'll go
With all this killing, killing!

Strange indeed, this sober scene,
Barren blood soaked sod,
Funny place for a man to glean,
Knowledge and love of God!

STAN UPTON, S1/c (ARM)
Navy Box "H"
Naval Air Station
Klamath Falls, Ore.

COMPLAINT

KLAMATH FALLS, Ore. (To the Editor)—I would like to express my opinion in just a few short lines in regard to the police picking up these school children coming home from the school party last Friday night.

The children waiting for their bus to come home and it in sight; police pick them up and take them to police station and turn them loose to get home the best they can after the last bus has gone (some of them live out three or four miles), and tell them it's their hard luck if they have no way to get home.

I think they had better be home asleep themselves if they have nothing more to do.

MRS. DOLLIE PEERY.

Portland Faces Rose Shortage

PORTLAND, Dec. 14 (AP)—There's a shortage of red roses in this city of roses.

Florists reported today that this crop, as well as that of other flowers, is short—shorter than last year; and that service men will get first call on those on the market.

Holly, mistletoe and cedar, however, are plentiful.

Members of the Florist Telegraph Delivery association said that service men's orders for all types of flowers will be filled first, that civilians must take what is left. Which won't be enough to go around, particularly red flowers.

"If greenhouses reached around the world, there would not be enough red flowers to fill Christmas orders," one dealer said.

WAR DOGS

Army war dogs are trained as specialists for sentry duty, attack operations, messenger service, silent scouts, casualty relief, or as pack and sledge dogs.

Weekly Market Trend

(Editor's Note: The following market information is supplied from material obtained over the government leased wire in the office of the extension economist at Oregon State college. The material, in the form of a weekly summary of trends in the livestock market is not intended to replace day by day market reports.)

The livestock market at North Portland was active Monday, December 11, with prices in all divisions around 25 cents or more higher than at the close of the previous week. Salable receipts were about the same as a week previous, being 2550 cattle, 2500 hogs, and 1000 sheep.

CATTLE MARKETS

Good fed steers sold at $15.25 to $15.75 and medium to good beef cows at as to $11.50. Vealers were up 50 cents with choice kinds going at $14.50.

SHEEP AND LAMB MARKETS

Trading in the sheep division was active and very uneven. Fat lambs were up 25 cents to sell at a top of $13.50. Ewes were up 50 cents to $1 with some going as high as $5.50.

HOG MARKETS

Prices in the hog division at North Portland Monday returned to the ceiling level of $15.75 on good to choice kinds weighing 170 to 240 pounds. That represents a gain of 25 cents over the previous Friday and was 75 cents higher than a week previous. Hog prices in the midwest also showed an upward turn.

Although market prices of hogs are still above the support level, the War Food administration has taken action designed to clarify some of the questions about the support program for this season.

The WFA, through an amendement to WFO-75, has established definite support prices on hogs for markets and buying stations other than Chicago, effective until June 30, 1945, and has extended price support provisions to hogs weighing from 240 to 270 pounds. The support prices will now apply to good and choice butcher hogs weighing from 200 to 270 pounds. Previously they applied to hogs weighing from 200 to 240 pounds. In line with the Chicago support price of $12.50 per hundredweight on good and choice butcher hogs, which is $2.25 below the $14.75 maximum price established by the OPA, the support prices for markets other than Chicago and at buying stations will be $2.25 under the OPA ceilings in effect on November 15, 1944, for these markets and stations.

There are four different ceiling prices in Oregon and therefore four different support prices. The ceiling price for hogs delivered at Portland is $15.75 but for sales in group A counties (Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Grant, Baker, Harney, Malheur, Curry, Josephine, Jackson, Klamath, and Lake) the ceiling is $15.15. In group B counties (Clatsop, Columbia, Washington, Multnomah, outside Portland, Tillamook, Yamhill, Clackamas, Polk, Marion, Linn, Benton, and Lincoln) the ceiling is $15.45, while in group C counties, which comprise the rest of the state, the ceiling is $15.30. The support price in each instance is $2.25 less than the ceiling, or $13.50 at Portland, $12.90 in group A counties, $13.20 in group B, and $13.05 in group C counties.

WOOL MARKETS

The Boston domestic wool market was in an unsettled condition the past week. Rumors later confirmed by the quartermaster corps that the army would shortly enter the market for large quantities of cloth have resulted in a renewed interest in lots available. Confirmation of quantity or types of cloth to be purchased was not available.

However, options were placed on some of the most desirable lots of territory half-blood wools for use in shirting cloth orders. This grade, along with three-eighths territory wools has been very slow, as very little army cloth requiring its use has been called for.

Graded Montana fine-staple wools with a shrinkage of 60 per cent brought 48 cents a pound, grease basis, while the same grade with a shrink of 64 per cent brought 43.2 cents. Half-blood shrinking 55 per cent sold at 53.5 cents and three-eighths, shrinking 50 per cent, at 54 cents a pound. Quarter-blood with a 48 per cent shrink was 50.9 cents, grease basis.

Market Quotations

NEW YORK, Dec. 14 (AP)—Selectivity persisted in today's stock market with recovery power centering on liquors, preferred utilities and scattered rails.

Closing quotations:

American Can	89⅛
Am Car & Fdy	41
Am Tel & Tel	164½
Anaconda	27⅛
Cat Tractor	49⅛
Commonwealth & Sou	⅝
Curtis-Wright	5⅝
General Electric	39⅝
General Motors	63⅞
Gt Nor Ry pfd	45⅛
Illinois Central	21
Int Harvester	82
Kennecott	38
Lockheed	19⅛
Montgomery Ward	52
Nash-Kelv	15⅞
N Y Central	21⅞
Northern Pacific	20⅞
Pac Gas & El	34½
Packard Motor	5⅞
Penna R R	32⅞
Republic Steel	18⅞
Richfield Oil	9⅞
Safeway Stores	115
Sears Roebuck	102¾
Southern Pacific	40½
Standard Brands	28½
Sunshine Mining	10
Trans-America	11⅞
Union Oil Calif	19
Union Pacific	113½
U S Steel	58½
Warner Pictures	13½

Potatoes

CHICAGO, Dec. 14 (AP-WFA)—Potatoes: total U. S. shipments 730; arrivals 75, on track 197; supplies moderate; for western stock demand good, market firm at ceiling; for northern stock demand fairly good, market firm for best quality; Idaho Russet Burbanks, U. S. No. 1, $3.40-3.52; Colorado Red McClures, U. S. No. 1, $3.25-3.37; Minnesota and North Dakota Bliss Triumphs, commercial $2.45; Cobblers, fair quality, $2.30; Wisconsin Chippewas, commercial, $2.60.

LIVESTOCK

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14 (AP-WFA)—Cattle: 75. Steady to strong; good steers and heifers absent. Good range cows quoted $12.50-13.00, short strings medium $11.50 with light sort, common cows $10.00-10.75, cutters mostly $8.50-8.75, canners $6.00-7.00. Medium sausage bulls $10.00-10.50. Calves: 60. Good and choice quoted $12.50-14.00, short string medium to good 300-350 lb. $11.00-13.00.

Hogs: 350. Active, steady. Few loads and packages good to choice barrows and gilts $16.00; odd good sows $13.50.

Sheep: 1450. Active, strong. Choice full-wooled lambs salable up to $15.00, one package medium to good mixed fall shorn and No. 1 pelt $13.75. Good to choice full-wooled ewes quoted $6.00-6.50.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14 (AP-WFA)—Salable hogs 18,000; total 26,000; market opened slow, later trade fairly active, barrows and gilts over 190 lbs. 25 cents lower; bulk good and choice 190 lbs. and up, $13.80-13.90, top $13.95; weights under 190 lbs scarce and weak; few 150-180 pounds, $13.25-13.75; sows 15 to 25 cents lower, bulk $13.65 to mostly $13.75; good clearance of all hogs yarded, but several hundred rail hogs still to be unloaded.

Salable cattle 6000; total 6000; salable calves 1000; total 1000; very draggy, catch-as-catch-can steer and yearling trade, weak at recent sharp decline; most strictly good and choice steers without bids; moderate supply $13.00-16.00; latter price early top; no reliable outlet for fed heifers, weak to 25 cents lower; cows, however, steady to strong and bulls strong to 25 cents higher; vealers steady at $15.00 down; predominantly a fed steer run, fresh receipts increased by excessive holdover from earlier in week; stock cattle dull.

Salable sheep 8000; total 11,500; no early sales slaughter lambs, but all buyers showing interest; load lots good and choice fed wooled westerns held above $14.85; other classes fully steady; deck just good yearlings, 13.00; deck medium and good kind $12.25, with common and medium offerings $11.25; aged slaughter ewes, $5.00-6.50; about two loads common light ewes $5.10-5.50.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 14 (AP-WFA)—Salable and total cattle 400; salable calves 100, total 450; market active, generally steady; few cutter and common steers $7.50-11.00; one lot light stock steers $11.25 lightly sorted; common-low medium heifers $9.00-11.00; light cutters mostly $6.50-7.00; canner and cutter cows slow at $4.50-7.00; several shells down to $4.00; fat dairy type cows active at $7.50-9.00; heavy Holsteins to $9.50; medium beef cows to $10.00; medium-good bulls $8.50-10.00; common bulls down to $7.00; good-choice vealers $13.00-14.00; sizable lot calves and vealers $13.00; other grass calves $12.00 down.

Salable hogs 400, total 800; market active, steady; good-choice 180-240 lb. drive-ins mostly $15.25; one carload bought to arrive at $15.65; 250-270 lb. $14.50-75; light lights mostly $14.00-25; good sows $13.00-25; lightweights to $13.50; feeder pigs scarce, salable around $12.50-13.50.

Salable sheep 150, total 400; market active, steady; good-choice wooled lambs $13.50; medium-good 68 lb. weights $12.25; medium-good ewes $4.50, good ewes quotable to $5.00 and above.

KLAMATH BASIN

Carload Potato Shipments

(Figures from State-Federal Inspector Ross Aubrey)

Day of Month	Season 1944-45			Season 1943-44		
Dec.	Daily	Dec. to Date	Season to Date	Daily	Dec. to Date	Season to Date
1	91	91	5634	67	67	[illegible]
2	69	160	5693	86	153	[illegible]
3	0	160	5693	78	231	[illegible]
4	78	238	5771	57	288	[illegible]
5	99	337	5870	2	290	[illegible]
6	68	405	5938	55	345	[illegible]
7	72	477	6010	73	418	[illegible]
8	101	578	6111	59	477	[illegible]
9	110	688	6221	48	525	[illegible]
10	26	714	6247	51	576	[illegible]
11	89	803	6336	51	627	[illegible]
12	60	863	6396	0	627	[illegible]
13	81	944	6477	37	664	[illegible]
14				33	697	[illegible]
15				45	741	[illegible]
16				48	789	[illegible]
17				55	844	[illegible]
18				39	883	[illegible]
19				0	883	[illegible]
20				34	917	[illegible]
21				40	957	[illegible]
22				29	986	[illegible]
23				31	1017	[illegible]
24				9	1026	[illegible]
25				0	1026	[illegible]
26				4	1030	[illegible]
27				24	1054	[illegible]
28				33	1087	[illegible]
29				48	1135	[illegible]
30				43	1178	[illegible]
31				43	1221	[illegible]

Carlots .... [illegible]
Overloads and Trucklots .... [illegible]
TOTAL .... [illegible]

WHEAT

By TOM WILLIAMS

CHICAGO, Dec. 14 (AP)—Grain prices broke sharply in futures markets today with wheat at times showing losses of three cents under a flood of selling orders. Rye frequently was more than two cents lower and corn and oats were down a cent or more.

Stop-loss orders were uncovered by the persistent liquidation in the wheat pit. The heaviest pressure was on the new crop months, July and September, which started the day as much as two cents lower.

Chiefly responsible for the sell-off was a trade report that the department of agriculture would suggest a two-price plan for marketing wheat intended to increase industrial use of the grain and to expand foreign markets.

The plan, as explained by trade sources, would guarantee farmers parity prices only for that portion of the wheat crop raised on allotted acreage for domestic food uses, requiring them to dispose of the remainder in open, competitive markets; or would remove all government restrictions on wheat planting, guaranteeing producers parity prices only for that percentage of their crop required to supply the domestic flour market.

The break in wheat affected other grains.

Corn futures developed a steadier tone near the close, supported by short covering and commission house buying. The market had been more than a cent lower most of the day. Bookings of corn for deferred delivery were expected to exceed half a million bushels and cash handlers reduced their bids one cent.

Rye was under the pressure of heavy offerings from commission houses. The selling was regarded as liquidation of long lines.

At the close wheat was ¾ to 2⅛c lower than yesterday's finish, December $1.60¼. Corn was off ⅜ to 1⅛c, December $1.12⅜. Oats were ⅜ to ⅝c lower, December 69⅛c. Rye was off 1⅜ to 2⅛c, December $1.10. Barley was ¾ to 1⅛c lower, December $1.12⅜.

Courthouse Records

Marriages

SCHMOR-NYSTROM. John Schmor, 51, blademan, native of Oregon, resident of Klamath Falls, Ore. Luella M. Nystrom, 45, cook, native and resident of Klamath Falls, Ore.

COX-FILEY. Robert Cox, 21, USMC, native of Wisconsin, resident of Klamath Falls, Ore. Wava Irene Filey, 19, housekeeper, native of Oregon, resident of Klamath Falls, Ore.

PLANCHE-TAKASCH. Edward August Planche, 21, marine, native of Louisiana, resident of San Francisco, Calif. Dolores Claire Takasch, 17, waitress, native of New Jersey, resident of Klamath Falls, Ore.

Complaints Filed

Claudia Lee Drennen versus Marshal W. Drennen. Suit for divorce, charge cruel and inhuman treatment. Couple married April 30, 1943 at Laramie, Wyoming. Plaintiff asks restoration of maiden name Claudia Lee Farrell. J. C. O'Neill attorney for plaintiff.

Erma J. Tucker versus William Marion Tucker. Suit for divorce, charge cruel and inhuman treatment. Couple married October, 1943 at Klamath Falls, Ore. George Chastain attorney for plaintiff.

OBITUARY

CINDA LUELLENE ARTERBURY

Cinda Luellene Arterbury, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Arterbury of Bly, passed away in this city December 12, 1944 at 7:20 p. m. She was a native of Klamath Falls, and was 11 days old when called. Besides her parents, she is survived by a brother, William Lavon Arterbury, her paternal grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Arterbury, and an aunt, Opal Wolf, all of Bly. Graveside services were held in Linkville cemetery today at 1:30 p. m. with the Rev. Pollack of the Christian Alliance of Bly, officiating. Commitment and interment followed in the baby row. Ward's Klamath Funeral home, 925 High, was in charge of arrangements.

Fire Damages Hit All-Time High

PORTLAND, Dec. 14 (AP)—Fire damages, encouraged by hastily-converted buildings and inexperienced firemen, reached an all-time high of $2,423,607 in Portland this year.

The 1937 all-time low was $367,000. Fred W. Roberts, about to retire as fire marshal, said this year's total was boosted by the $1,222,742 iron fireman blaze—most costly in the city's history.

London contains 64,800 Irishmen, 60,000 Welshmen, and 54,000 Scots, in normal times.

Earth's Twin Sister, Venus, Rises During Twilight Hours

By J. HUGH PRUETT
Astronomer, General Extension Division, University of Oregon

Pressed against the screen door, the jolly face of the little red-headed neighbor looked in. "What is the name of that star that comes up first?" he asked. Brief counter-questioning made clear that he referred to the brilliant object which adds splendor to the southwestern sky while twilight is still strong.

This is Venus, often called the earth's twin sister because of similarity in size. This splendid planet encircles the sun once in seven months on an orbit inside that of the earth's. The great brilliance is due to its nearness to us and to its complete covering of white, sunlit clouds. Venus will reach its greatest luminosity next March 10 when it will appear nearly twice as bright as at present, and will remain in the western evening sky until next April. By all means learn this gorgeous planet both by sight and by name. Look early, for Venus sets only three hours after the sun.

Altair Prominent

For the bright stars listed below, let us observe around 7:30 p. m. Fomalhaut is twinkling low in the south. Turning toward the west, we find Vega very high in the sky somewhat north of due west. A little south of west and lower, Altair stands out prominently although inferior to Vega in brightness.

Down in the north the Big Dipper, right side up, is imperceptibly creeping eastward. Observe it again an hour or two later and the result of the earth's rotation will be clearly evident.

Aldebaran Bright

Facing due east we find about half way up the sky the compact tiny dipper of six little stars, the Pleiades. On the same level with these but somewhat farther north, shines yellow Cappella the brightest star in the eastern sky. Directly under the Pleiades, orange Aldebaran twinkles merrily. Aldebaran is the only bright star in the small V-shaped figure, the Hyades, which lies on its side with the point toward the south.

Belt of Orion

Near the horizon, and almost under the Pleiades, two bright stars are seen. These are in the shoulders of Orion. The star to the right is Bellatrix; the other, which has a distinctly reddish hue, is Betelgeuse. A little later, three prominent stars in a short vertical line, the belt of Orion, will clear the horizon.

On practically the same level as Betelgeuse but much farther to the north, a bright yellow object is easily located. It does not look quite like other stars for it does not twinkle, but glows with the steady light characteristic of planets. This is Saturn, which through telescopes is seen surrounded by a luminous flat ring.

If you are up in the early dawn do not fail to look high in the south for the brilliant planet Jupiter, which also does not twinkle.

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Many sufferers relieve nagging backache quickly, once they discover that the real cause of their trouble may be tired kidneys.

The kidneys are Nature's chief way of taking the excess acids and waste out of the blood. They help most people pass about 3 pints a day.

When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness. Frequent or scanty passages with smarting and burning sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder.

Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Doan's Pills, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. They give happy relief and will help the 15 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

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124 So. 9th Klamath Falls

APOSTASY

It is possible for the Lord's people to apostatize and finally be lost. Proof: Judges 3:7, "The children of Israel did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah, and forgat Jehovah their God" Deut. 6:12, "Beware lest thou forget Jehovah." Job 8:13, "So are the paths of all that forget God." Psalms 9:17, "The wicked shall be turned back unto Sheol, even all the nations that forget God." Psalms 50:22, "Now consider this, ye that forget God." Jer. 2:32, "Can a virgin forget her ornaments, or a bride her attire? yet my people forget me days without number." What will happen to those that forget God? Jer. 23:39-40, "I will utterly forget you, and I will cast you off, and the city that I gave unto you and to your fathers, away from my presence: and I will bring an everlasting reproach upon you, and a perpetual shame, which shall not be forgotten." Quite true, this was written to the Israelites, but Paul said, Rom. 15:4, "For whatsoever things were written aforetime were written for our learning." Therefore, "Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall." 1 Cor. 10:12.

"FOR HE THAT LACKETH THESE THINGS IS BLIND —HAVING FORGOTTEN THE CLEANSING FROM HIS OLD SINS." 1 Pet. 1:9.

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