### Herald and News

FRANK JENKINS Editor

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### Today's Roundup

By MALCOLM EPLEY

THE two measures on the state ballot which have stirred up unusual interest and disnussion are the gross income tax-annuity bill and the state school support imendment. We have already discussed the first, and it is

discussed the first, and it is our intention to comment on the latter amendment tomor-row. We have been person-ally "lobbied" heavily by both sides in connection with this proposal, and have delayed comment with the purpose of hearing all the arguments pos-

connection with these, and all measures, we again EPLEY suggest that people read their Voters' Pamphlet carefully. This is not a partisan publication, but it is put out by the state for the benefit of all voters. It gives the text of amendments and bills and pro and con arguments on most of them. In studying them, all voters should consider carefully the difference between a constitutional amendment and a bill.

An amendment is a change in the state's fundamental legal framework, and whatever provisions it embodies are placed permanently in the constitution, to be changed only by another vote of the people. The legislature cannot alter a constitutional amendment. A bill is subject to legislative change.

#### Sales Tax Proposal

SIXTH measure on the ballot next Tuesday is a bill for a state retail sales tax of 3 per cent, to be collected by the seller from the buyer. The measure was placed on the ballot by reference from the state legislature.

It does not impose a tax on manufacturing or wholesaling, and provides important tax ex-emptions, including retail sales of gasoline, already taxed, sales of fresh sweet milk, raw, inprocessed fruit and vegetables, butter, eggs, sheese, canned milk, fresh meat, fresh fish, bread, drugs or medicines prepared on pres-

It has been variously estimated that the tax will produce between \$12,000,000 and \$18,000.000 annually. Twenty per cent of the produceds would go to public welfare purposes; 60 per cent of this amount going to the state's thare of old age assistance costs and 40 per cent

thate of old age assistance costs and 40 per cent to the county's share. Twenty per cent would go to support of the schools. Sixty per cent would go to property tax reduction.

For many years, we have felt that Oregon should undertake a sweeping revision of its whole tax structure, broadening the sources of revenue in order to equalize the burden on all and to ease the burden on real property. A sales tax would fit into that picture.

Unfortunately, the proposed scheme is only

Unfortunately, the proposed scheme is only part of such a revision, and it has little, if any, chance of passage at this time. We believe it would be better to wait until the general re-vamping program can be developed, and offer the whole plan to the people of the state, backed by a wide educational campaign. The proposed plan is in some ways the best

seles tax offered to Oregon people, and there will be those, sold on the sales tax theory, who will want to vote for it. As for us, we intend to wait and urge the general tax revision in one sweeping program. So, on this proposal, we vote 311 X NO.

#### Guest Editorial

(Editor's Note: A few days ago there appeared on this page a guest editorial written at our request by E. P. Ivory, county democratic chairman. Today, we have an article by Frank Howard, county republican chairman. The Herald and News wishes to thank these gentle-then for their efforts in presenting their views on the presidential election.)

#### By FRANK Z. HOWARD

County Republican Chairman
PACE will not allow me to discuss matters such as sale of scrap iron and oil to Japan, Pearl Harbor trade agreements, isolationism, he sational debt, etc., matters which all have been badly bungled or badly represented by the administration. I wish to get immediately into what I think is the most vital issue of this tampaign.

Political philosophies have developed under hese twelve years of the New Deal which hreaten our whole democratic structure by subive government. This is not just a sensational statement. These philosophies are illustrated by the growth of bureaus in Washington; by the heaping of alphabetical agency upon alphabetical agency, to a point where the American er cannot pay the bill even in peace Many of them are responsible to no one; many do not have to make an accounting to anyone. This concentration of power and au-thority in Washington threatens the very funcions and authority of our counties and states. It is putting its fingers into our individual lives and telling us just what we MUST do, and is encroaching upon and taking away many of our everyday personal liberties. By directive order from Washington, individuals, cities, coun-ties and states are being ruled in a manner not contemplated by the laws setting up the agencies administering them, nor by the constitution adopted by our forefathers. This, then, is the vital question before us. Are we to sit idly by and allow ourselves to be completely regi-mented or not? Are we to be ruled by executive or bureaucratic directive from Washington, D. C., or are we to be returned to rule by democratic processes of constitutional govern-

This trend towards centralization of ALL government in Washington is being deliberately planned. It is the intention of leaders in the New Deal to completely subjugate the individual, to inflate federal authority to a point where there will be no local authority, to direct our whole system into state socialism. Their aims are complete regimentation at home, the very thing we are fighting against abroad. At least these are the only interpretations one can make of the philosophies of the New Deal, as drawn from the utterances of its leaders.

#### Wallace Quoted

ENRY WALLACE says: "-plain men trying to gain by democratic methods the pro-

fessed objectives of the Communists, Socialists and Facists."
"We are not going to use the whole Russian

political and economic system in the United States."

"It may be necessary to make a public utility out of agriculture.—Every plowed field would have its permit sticking up on its post—." "Regimentation without stint might indeed,
, go farther here than anywhere else, if

once we took the bit in our teeth—."

Adolph Berle states: "——the government will gradually come to own most of the productive plants of the United States."

"If wealth is to be created by creation of government debt, the scope of government enter-

prise must be largely increased."

#### Business to Disappear

THIS from Rexford Tugwell: "-It has already been suggested that business will logically be required to disappear. This is not an over-statement for emphasis; it is literally meant." "—The unreasoning, almost hysterical at-tachment of certain Americans to the constitu-

be required to disappear. This is not an overstatement for emphasis; it is literally meant."
—The unreasoning, almost hysterical at tachment of certain Americans to the constitution."

Harry Hopkins says: "We will tax and tax; spend and spend; elect and elect."

"People are too damned dumb to understand."

I could go on indefinitely quoting dozens of leaders in the New Deal. Their trend of thought is the same. They are unanimous in agreeing that every kind of business, social, economic or political activity should be controlled from Washington, D. C. They are agreed that controls, set up as war time controls, shall be carried on into peace time. They are agreed that controls, set up as war time controls, shall be carried on into peace time. They are agreed that it will be necessary to create a large police force to enforce these controls. Such a police force to enforce the control of the

believe the presidential election has anything at all to do with it. The length of the war will be determined by military factors, no do-mestic politics. For instance:

#### Rouse Enthusiasm

EN. MacARTHUR'S easy occupation of the east-central Philippines and Adm. Kinkald's decisive destruction of the Jap fleets have roused some highly enthusiastic expectations which go far beyond the facts of the matter. The land ahead lies like this:

The Japs have 4,000,000 in their armies, mostly in China The figure of 225,000 estimating their forces on Leyte (which has been published widely), really applies to all forces throughout the Philippines, mostly on Luzon and Mindinao. They had only a division or parts of a division on Leyte,

True enough, they tried no bloody suicidal death stands there, but this may not necessarily be a symptom of fully deteriorated morale. Here they had a chance to get away to other nearby islands, whereas in their earlier death stands on the small Pacific dots they had

no place to go except to their ancestors.

Conquest of Luzon (Manila) itself involves such a tough prospect that MacArthur might yet decide to by-pass it. However, the next jumps to Formosa and the China coast are benaval air coverage, would require therefore would not be easy or swift operations

We have the carrier aircraft with which to do it, but when we do, we will still not have defeated Japan. In short, MacArthur wisely pjcked the softest spot in the Philippines and from here on the going will become increasing-

#### Clearer Sea

THE sea before us is practically clear except for land-based Jap planes. Main pending sea question is how the Japs could have been so stupid as to send 70 of their biggest ships into two parrow straits where we could damage all but two (with naval aircraft using only one landing field on Leyle then open).

Does it indicate desperation? The answer considered most likely here is that the two-straits attack was a battle plan worked out carlier in the war by the Jap admirals and they just pulled it out of the desk when we went into Leyte, not thinking of our new naval carrier plane and ship strength which has so recently grown to overwhelming proportions. recently grown to overwhelming proportions.

#### Need Bases

THE nearly open sea lane to Japan, however, probably will have to wait until we get land air bases from which to give full air cov-erage to landing operations. Most dissouraging news in this respect was the recall of General Stilwell from China and the elevation of Chiang

Kai Shek to greater military authority.

Stilwell is as great a general as China could ever get to direct her war effort. Therefore, grave doubt is justified as to whether the change is an improvement.

But even if we conquer the Jap mainland we have not defeated the Jap armies or destroyed their war industries which are largely in Manchuria. We desperately need air bases either on the China coast or in Russia (which is still neutral in that fracas).

#### Telling The Editor

ters printed here must not be more in 800 words in length, must be writ-legibly on ONE 81DE of the paper y, and must be signed. Contributions owing these rules, are warnly wel-red.

TIME FOR CHANGE

KLAMATH FALLS, Ore. (To the Editor)— Some folks want Mr. Roosevelt in office for a fourth term because they give him full credit for the social reforms of the first years of his presidency and they talk as though another president might mean soup kitchens and bread lines for them. In the first place they can't depend on Roosevelt all their lives, because he is not likely to live that long.

Moreover, Miss Perkins, in

Harbor.

A communist dictatorship might be all right in Russia, if that is what the people want, but as for me, I want good old Constitutional Democracy restored to the people. I want the Bill of Rights honored in this country. I want the right of access to the courts restored to the American people. I want access to the courts restored to the American people. I want free enterprise and free labor restored to the people. I want freedom of speech and freedom of the press restored to the peo-ple. I ask for the abolition of "special privileges" and the res-toration of equal opportunity for all

Under this administration we are ruled by presidential directives, and OPA directives, and NLRB directives, instead of by constitutional law, and if we don't live the directives, or if we are caught breaking any of them we are subject to fine and them we are subject to fine and punishment by the very bureau issuing the directive. If we at-tempt to take our case before a



#### Safely helps Stop Perspiration

- 1. Does not irritate skin. Does not tot dresses or men's shirts.
- 2. Prevents under-arm odor.
  Helps stop perspiration safely.
  3. A pure, white, antiseptic, stainless vanishing cream.
- 4. No waiting to dry. Can be used right after shaving. 5. Awarded Approval Seal of American Institute of Launder-ing — harmless to fabric. Use Arrid regularly.



# denial of court trial has been

court we stand a very good so powerful that free elections chance of being turned down as can be abolished. The democrats and their communists backers denial of court trial has been Sincerely.

Sincerely, MRS. G. E. LEWIS.

denial of court trial has been perpetrated against private individuals in this country in recent menths.

Give Dewey and other new and able men a chance to clean up this mess. Four year isn't enough time to build up a powerful machine, but sixteen years is enough time to build a machine second year four million cars.

Sincercity, MRS. G. E. LEWIS.

Estimated production of automobiles for the first postwar year is two million cars (allowing six months for conversion) the second year four million cars.

#### Gem of Thought From Idella's\_

There was an old Termite named Pratt Who was asked to Christen a Ship that Had been named after her Spouse. As she swung the bottle, she said, "You louse, Take THAT and THAT and That."

Good Hamburger

Phone 8406 AT IDELLA'S 446 & oth

-What a Gai!-

### Cracker-barrel versus Dog House cracker-barrel is for them who help protect it—and all the other freedoms in America—by reting. Follos that just talk freedom don't count here."

From where I sit ... by Joe Marsh

Most of the political conventions in our town are held around the cracker-barrel-in Sam Abernethy's store.

We were settling how country should be run the other night when Homer Watson starts to put in a word.

"Wait a minute, Homer," Sam said sharply, "did you vote in the last election?"

"Well," Homer fumbled, "I was awful busy just at the time."

"That don't matter," Sam in-

sists. "Free speech around this

Joe Mark

From where I sit, it doesn't make any difference how you vote—the important thing is his you. Do vote. Call it a sacred right if you want to, but to me it is the bedrock of the whole is a confidence.

of democracy.

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### This is No Time to Play Politics!

### It is No Time to Gamble with the Lives of Our Boys!

Would You Vote to recall **GENERAL EISENHOWER** Would You Vote to recall

GENERAL MACARTHUR Would You Vote to recall

ADMIRAL NIMITZ

Would You Vote to recall **GENERAL MARSHALL** 



Then Don't Change Your Commander-In-Chief

## Vote for PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

...then back the President up with a



Pd. Adv. JOSEPH A. NANCE
Director Mahaney-for-Senate-Committee

# Marvin L. Shepherd FOR MAYOR

## **BECAUSE:**

He has been a business man in Klamath Falls for 17 years and has been active in civic and fraternal affairs, giving generously of his time to matters of public welfare; and because his business experience and civic activities have made him conversant with the many problems of our city. HE IS FITTED AND QUALIFIED BY TEMPERAMENT AND SYMPATHETIC UNDERSTANDING TO DEAL WITH OUR PRESSING JUVENILE PROBLEMS. He is a family man with three children-one a first lieutenant in the army air corps; a daughter, attending the University of Oregon, and a son in the sixth grade in Klamath Falls. And because he has a constructive program for the city of Klamath Falls. As an example: Will immediately put into effect ordinance No. 3420, and thereby terminating the BLACK SNOW MENACE in Klamath Falls.



Paid Adv. by Shepherd for Mayor Cinb-Chas, Rell, Secty. 255 Ers