

Herald and News

FRANK JENKINS Editor
MALCOLM EPLEY Managing Editor
Temporary combination of the Evening Herald and the Klamath News. Published every afternoon except Sunday...

Subscription Rates:
By carrier month \$2.50 3 months \$7.50 6 months \$12.50 1 year \$22.50
By mail month \$2.50 3 months \$7.50 6 months \$12.50 1 year \$22.50

Today's Roundup

By MALCOLM EPLEY
THE water system here is doing a remarkable job in this summer of unprecedented demand.

That thought came to us when we saw advertisements in a number of other newspapers, warning water users of those towns to take it easy on water use, to avoid sprinkling at peak periods, etc., while in one place, water rationing has been adopted.



EPLEY

Here at Klamath, two expanding military installations and an unprecedented number of victory gardens have added to the demands on the local water supply. Population of the city is at an obvious peak.

We guessed that water consumption here is making records, and the official figures confirm that speculation. In July, water consumption here averaged about 6,000,000 gallons a day, and on July 13, a new all-time record of 6,800,000 gallons was set. That's a lot of water.

From Deep Wells

KLAMATH'S water, as everybody knows, comes from deep wells on Conger avenue, and is conserved by a system of reservoirs. This summer, for the first time, water from the system here is delivered to the Klamath naval air station, and to the Marine Barracks. Extensive pumping is necessary to deliver the water over a mountain pass to the Barracks, where it is stored in a battery of reservoirs high on the hill east of the military installation.

The domestic supply this summer is being used extensively in irrigation of lawns and gardens.

Water is one of those things we take for granted when there is enough of it. This community is fortunate in having enough of it in a period of exceptional demand.

Clackamas Route

A PROPOSED highway route which may prove of significance to the Klamath country as well as to coast-wise traffic generally is the Clackamas river cut-off. This road would generally run east from Portland and Oregon City, over the Cascades to hook up with the Wapinitia. It would fit into a route that includes the Warm Springs cut-off, frequently discussed in this column.

If built, it would supplant the Mt. Hood loop as a part of the road to Portland from Klamath Falls, via Bend.

Bend Bulletin discussed the proposed Clackamas route last week, following a proposal from the Clackamas county Pomona grange that the road be put into post-war highway construction plans.

Says the Bulletin: Is not that Central Oregon's proper route to and from Portland? Certainly, it is the shortest route—or would be if built—and at a lower elevation than the Loop route it would have less snow difficulty. Had the routes been studied would it not have been the one chosen in the beginning? Does it not offer important advantages to Clackamas and Jefferson counties as well as, east of the mountains, to many others? When built will it not be the through freight and passenger highway route between Portland and Idaho and between Portland and California?

Roads that cross the Cascades to connect with The Dalles-California highway, which carries traffic by the easiest and best route into California, are of great interest to Klamath Falls. Here is something else for our highway committees to study.

Stoppage Stops

BECAUSE the union in its statement on the Kesterson strike end carefully pointed out that public sentiment had nothing to do with it, we suppose that a word of commendation here to the Kesterson employes for ending a wartime work stoppage may be considered out of order by the union officials.

Nevertheless, we do think that the end of the strike is a matter of vital importance and deserves favorable comment. It restored production of war-critical lumber in a major Klamath plant.

We join union officials in the hope that the

issues in dispute will be ironed out promptly and fairly by government agencies to which they are taken.

News Behind the News

By PAUL MALLON
WASHINGTON, July 31—The world money and bank plans devised in the woods at Bretton have been so little explained because, frankly, few understand them.

Those few experts who do are accustomed to using such involved thoughts and words that they cannot pass on a simple understanding to the average man.

The announcements stand in the press as wad of words like a few billion pounds of steel wool. No one can take it apart and say what each strand means—or even what use will be made of the whole.

But surveying the wad, this much of it is apparent to objective experts: These contrivances are only the last step in an American theory which began in the last war. Then we had the war loans and debts. Next in peace we had the export-import bank which worked into lend-lease, and now lend-lease has worked into this post-war proposal.

Theory Same
THE basic theory of all is the same, namely: It is up to us as a nation of great wealth to supply the insatiable demands of the world for goods. These supplies must be given on credit, the easiest credit, which probably will not be repaid in the future as they have never been generally repaid in the past.

(The South American governments today are literally rich from the war, yet they have not repaid the bonds sold to Americans, and if you will note the quotations on these on the New York exchanges, our expectations are not high.)

As a matter of fact, a leading commentator has written that we really should not expect repayment from these future obligations and he actually contended that the information—just alone the information—we would receive from this new financial arrangement would be worth the few billions we are putting into the proposition. That is an excited exaggeration.

But the position of the administration itself is that this arrangement is cheap at any price in view of what the world is facing, although these loans are not alone to be for war rehabilitation, you must understand, but for "development" of all nations.

Popular Here

NOW this line of thought, this notion we have been following since 1915 has been popular in this country. Most people seem to like the idea, and support it.

Indeed it is my guess that the next congress, if it is anything like this one, will surely accept the monetary scheme and possibly even the bank.

The reason the idea is popular is because people think we profit by selling our goods abroad, that these credits will be largely spent in this country, furnishing stimulation to labor and business. All export businesses are thoroughly for it.

But actually it takes substance out of the country in the ultimate end, because it is apparent the foreign governments actually cannot repay us for what they get.

We call this kind of thing the promotion of "foreign trade." Actually it is promoting only one way trade, exporting. The only way we could be repaid is for us to receive an equal amount of goods from the foreign borrowers, things of substance in equal value.

No Reciprocation

BUT we ourselves prevent this by another policy which also is popular among us. Our people do not want foreign goods coming here in competition with our own.

The motor manufacturer, for instance wants to sell American cars around the world, but he does not want British cars coming in here. He is no different from the farmer who does not want Argentine beef coming in, but wants to sell annual surpluses in the world market.

I am not now quarreling with any of these theories. I am merely presenting the fundamentals behind the Bretton woods agreements, the factors which inspired them, so that you may better understand them. I will present a detailed analysis of them tomorrow.

But fundamentally they perpetuate an incongruity, a conflicting way in which we are involved—on the one hand to give money-credits we hardly expect to be repaid, and on the other hand to hinder repayment by resisting importations of goods and therefore actually have a one-way trade policy.

The foreign nations well know this, if our inept citizens do not, and they use it to the fullest.

We can lessen these consequences to whatever extent we import non-competitive foreign goods, and might be better off with a direct foreign buying policy which would accumulate stock piles of materials in which we are deficient, against future emergencies.

SIDE GLANCES



"Oh, pardon me—I thought you two had met, both being in the Army! Colonel Jones, meet Colonel Smith!"

Market Quotations

Table with market quotations for various commodities like wheat, corn, and oil. Includes columns for item name and price.

Potatoes

CHICAGO, July 31 (AP-WFA)—Potatoes arrivals 135; on track 120; total US shipments Saturday 672. Sunday 1200; supplies rather light; demand very good; market firm at ceilings; some confusion on market part of OPA ruling regarding jobbing of cars. Idaho Bliss Triumphus US No. 1, \$3.75-4.04; long grade US No. 2, \$3.80-4.04; Nebraska Red, \$3.75-4.04; Missouri Cobblers generally good quality \$3.00.

LIVESTOCK

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, July 31 (AP-WFA)—Cattle: 1100. Generally steady; around six loads good-cuts; north coast steers offered. One load medium and choice 110-125; medium to good heifers quoted \$12.00-13.00; half car medium 80 lb. cows \$11.50; dozen loads common to medium grade beef heifers; canners and cutters early \$4.50-7.50; medium sausage bulls \$10.00-10.50. Calves 35. Large; nominal.

Hogs: 400. Around 15-25c higher; about hundred head good barrows and gilts \$13.00; several loads good to choice 180-240 lb. 75c higher at \$15.75, ceiling price; 240-270 \$15.00; also ceiling; heavier weights scarce. Light hogs, mostly 125-150; good to choice \$10.00-50; lightweights to \$11.00; good-choice feeder pigs steady at \$12.

Sheep: 2150. Total 2450; market fairly active; steady; good-choice truck to spring lambs \$12.50-12.00; 1 load 88 lb. eastern Oregon lambs \$12.25; medium-good lots \$10.00-11.00; common choice 120-140 lb. mostly \$14.75; good good yearlings \$9.50, few to \$12.00; good ewes \$7.50, common down to \$1.50.

CHICAGO, July 31 (AP-WFA)—Salable hogs 14,000; total 17,000; active, weights 240 lb. and down steady to 25c higher, good choice 240-250 lb. steady to 25c higher; heavier weights and all others steady; heavy, mostly 30c up; good choice 180-210 lb. mostly \$14.75; the ceiling; few 140-170 lb. \$13.75-14.75; good and choice 240-300 lb. \$14.00; 300-400 lb. \$12.75-14.00; good and choice 300-500 lb. \$12.25-85; choice lighter weights \$13.75; complete clearance early. Salable cattle 14,000; salable calves 1000; good and choice fed steers and yearlings steady to strong; choice kind 17.00; best yearlings \$17.25; common and medium steady to weak on peddling basis, mainly \$10.00-14.00; very dull on \$12.00-14.00 offerings; heifers about steady; grain firm, top \$17.00; others about steady; best yearling cow \$14.25; steady; rank and file grass bulls weak; few heavy sausage offerings above \$11.00; fat bulls about \$13.00; vealers unlisted; steady at 9.00-11.00 mostly. Salable sheep 2000; total 8000; market moderately active; early sales quiet; spring lambs strong to 25c higher; early top \$12.00; good and choice native springers \$12.00-15.10; white bucks discounted \$1.00; medium and good \$12.50-14.25; common \$10.00-12.00; shorn native ewes steady strong mostly \$4.50-5.25; nothing done on Texas ewes.

PILES

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED NO PAIN NO HOSPITALIZATION No Loss of Time Permanent Results DR. E. M. MARSHA Chiropractic Physician 222 No. 7th - Equine Theatre Bldg. Phone 766

Telling The Editor

Letters printed here must not be more than 500 words in length, must be written legibly on ONE SIDE of the paper only, and must be signed. Contributions following these rules, are warmly welcomed.

Klamath River Power (To the Editor)—Being the first to make the comparison between the potential power of Klamath river and Shasta and Keswick dams (capacity of both 450,000 KW) and noting that you think it worth an eye ball, please let me make another.

Recalling that the potential power of Klamath river is rated by army engineers as 1,284,400 KW, I quote from a current magazine article by William E. Wagne, assistant commissioner, bureau of reclamation, entitled "Seven Years of Boulder Dam": "The ultimate capacity of the plant (Boulder) with 17 generators installed is 1,332,300 KW."

Let Klamath people note that Klamath river's potential power is not only more than twice that of the whole of the highly publicized Central Valleys Authority but very little less (about 3 1/2 per cent) than that of the more widely publicized Boulder Dam and again bat their eyes.

Let them note that this is the ultimate capacity of Boulder. With 12 generators now operating its present output should be about 800,000 KW and it will perhaps make our own power potential more comprehensible to consider what that amount of power is doing. It is supplying more than half the power of the whole Los Angeles area, including that city, Glendale, Pasadena, Burbank, the Metropolitan Water District, the great industrial area which has sprung up thereabouts, and in addition is supplying the state of Nevada with 59,000,000 KW-Hrs. per year.

Yes, the Klamath country is squarely astride and no inconsequential part of what the late great J. D. Ross called "the great industrial backbone of the Pacific Slope states"; and if our people learn, first, what our natural resources are and their value, second, the lesson E. B. Hall teaches, that "things don't just happen" and, third, the wisdom and prudence of going "all out" for what is best for the WHOLE community, we

need not fear that we have passed our production and population peaks. But, on the other hand, should past trends continue, thinking that the declarations in U. S. chamber of commerce Referendum 81 really represents popular opinion and pass the Rivers and Harbors bill (H. R. 3061) with the amendment now in (Sec. 8, pg. 37, lines 19-25—for which the aforesaid Referendum is the window dressing) we may as well forget about the power in Klamath river, for there will be NO MORE public power developed in the West in this generation and the vast stimulation of private industry it has brought and will bring to the areas where it is available will in the future be wholly confined to the areas where it now exists—notably southern California and western Washington; and Klamath county may as well resign itself to the fact that there will be a decline in the production and population of its urban and industrial area, greater than the increase in population and production of its agricultural area—can be expected to offset. This is not pessimism, this is realism.

A. M. THOMAS, Chairman, Klamath Pomona Grange Public Power Com.

Army Horses to Be Sold in Northwest

SEATTLE, July 31 (AP)—Two hundred and sixty-five riding cavalry and light artillery horses will be sold at auction by the government in five Washington and Oregon communities next month.

Sale dates include Coos county fair grounds, Myrtle Point, Ore., August 1; Tillamook county fair grounds, Tillamook, Ore., August 3; and Emerson school, Hoquiam, Wash., August 5.

BETTER CARE FOR BABY

Relieve the torturing discomfort of your baby's diaper rash—even help prevent it—by sprinkling on Mezzana after every change. He'll rest comfortably—sleep better—and you'll get more rest too. Mezzana is a soothing medicated powder that also gives wonderful relief from the itching and burning of heat rash and other simple skin irritations. Mezzana's special base helps absorb moisture—often the cause of heat rash—thus often prevents it. Costs little. Save in larger sizes. Today—for baby's sake get Mezzana.

Plan Your Son's FUTURE

with Life Insurance John A. Houston REPRESENTING THE MUTUAL BENEFIT Health and Accident Ass'n. of Omaha 114 N. 7th Phone 22

Aiken Elected Demo Chairman

PORTLAND, July 31 (AP)—Henry C. Aiken, Heppner, Ore., chairman of the Oregon Democratic central committee, was elected here Saturday to succeed Fred Fisk of Eugene who did not seek reelection.

Aiken, lumber and cafe proprietor won on the second ballot over Warren Irwin, Clatsop county, and George Lavey of Yamhill county. Charles Leach and Ed Edson Vickers, both Portland, were nominated but withdrew before balloting began.

OPENS CAMPAIGN

PORTLAND, July 31 (AP)—Wayne L. Morse, Eugene, Ore., republican, opened his campaign today, with offices in the Morrison building, home of state republican headquarters.

WEATHER

Table with weather forecasts for various locations like Eugene, Klamath Falls, Lakeview, etc.

VITAL STATISTICS

O'CONNOR—Born at Hillside, Klamath Falls, Ore., on July 22, 1944, to Mr. and Mrs. Tom O'Connor, 1173 Merrill, a boy, weight 9 pounds, 6 ounces. CONRAN—Born at Hillside, Klamath Falls, Ore., on July 23, 1944, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Q. Conran, 2101 Volif, a boy, weight 7 pounds, 6 ounces.

Here Is the Startling News-SALE! SALE!

Starts Tuesday, August 1

Rationed Shoes—Without Stamps

550 pair slightly soiled shoes caused from faulty sprinkler system. For this reason, each pair of shoes bears an O. P. A. release stamp.

The shoes are from the stock of C. H. Baker, San Francisco, one of California's most exclusive and oldest shoe stores.

Purchased from the Insurance Adjuster and to be sold at DRASTIC REDUCTIONS. Excellent Values—Real Bargains—You Can't Afford To Miss This Opportunity.

All Latest Styles—Finest Qualities of Bucks, Gabardines, Rubber Soled Oxfords, Etc.

Shoes for Dress—Shoes for Sports Wear—Several Dozen House Slippers

Complete Range of Sizes

The white rationed play shoes, leather soles and leather tops, regularly priced to sell at 6.98, here for 4.95, and no ration stamp required.

You Save Money and You Save Your Ration Stamp

There are also over 200 pair of unrationed shoes, latest styles, all from the stock of C. H. Baker, San Francisco including the hard-to-get and very desirable "Ropees"

LADIES' HANDBAGS

Dozens of slightly soiled ladies' handbags from C. H. Baker's stock at San Francisco. Excellent quality leather and cloth materials, newest styles in pouch, underarm and straps. Buy one or more of these for yourself and for gifts.

All Sales Final—No Exchanges SAVE THE DIFFERENCE AND BUY WAR BONDS

Store Hours 8:30 A. M. - 9:30 P. M.

2401 South 6th St., Klamath Falls

Plenty of Free Parking Space—Former Location Palmer's Furniture Store

As the city of Klamath Falls would not grant us the privilege of selling these shoes in town, we are obliged to ask you to come out here for them. Thank you.

BESS SPARLIN, Mgr.—DULIEN'S

MEDFORD, ASHLAND, KLAMATH COUNTY

Relief From Tire Shortage Sought

PORTLAND, July 31 (AP)—Ways of meeting a shortage of heavy truck tires were sought today by OPA officials and congressional representatives.

"We are working along the line of finding the greatest possible number of tires for use in this territory," said McDannell Brown, OPA district chairman.

Oregon is allowed only 1318 tires of the larger sizes for August under the recent 67 per cent quota reduction, said Brown. The cancellation order affects some 2200 outstanding certificates and approved applications in Oregon, he added.

Hans Norland Auto Insurance, Phone 8080.

LEGAL NOTICES

SUMMONS IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR KLAMATH COUNTY. MILBURN BUREK and WINIFRED BUREK, PLAINTIFFS, VS. N. J. CHAPMAN, the unknown heirs of said N. J. Chapman, if he is deceased, and all other parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate or interest in the real property described in the Complaint herein. Defendants. To the above-named and designated defendants: IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON you and each of you are required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above-entitled suit on or before August 7, 1944, at the last day of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of this summons. And if you fail to so appear or answer for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in their said complaint, to wit, that decree be entered that you and each of you have the right, title, estate or interest in and to the following real property: The premises described as the vacated portion of Bowne Addition to the

Town of Bonanza, designated, prior to said vacation, as Blocks 3 and 4 of said Addition, together with the streets and portions of streets attached to said Blocks as the result of said vacation, and that you and each of you are forever debarred from asserting any claim whatsoever to said premises adverse to plaintiff, and for such other relief as may be equitable. This summons is served upon you by publication thereof once a week for four weeks in the Herald and News, a daily newspaper, printed, published and of general circulation in Klamath County, Oregon, by order of the Honorable David B. Vandenberg, made and entered on July 6, 1944. The date of the first publication of this summons is July 10, 1944. B. C. GROESBECK, Attorney for Plaintiff, Federal Savings & Loan Building, Klamath Falls, Oregon. Jy. 10-17-24-31—No. 130.

NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT Notice is hereby given that I have filed my final account as administrator of the Estate of Frank H. Dingman, deceased, and the Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County, has fixed ten o'clock in the forenoon of Wednesday, August 2, 1944, in the court room of said court, as the time and place when and where my person may present any objections or exceptions to anything therein contained, and at said time and place the court will finally settle said account. G. W. SAMPLE, Administrator. Jy. 3-10-17-24-31—No. 126.

NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT Notice is hereby given that I have filed my final account and report as administrator of the estate of Ernest Richard Carlson, deceased, and the Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County, has fixed ten o'clock in the forenoon of said court in the courthouse at Klamath Falls, Oregon, as the time and place when and where any person may present any objections or exceptions to anything therein contained, and at said time and place the court will finally settle said account. Eric E. Peterson, Administrator. Jy. 31: Au 7-14-21-28-30, 149.

A Gem of Thought From Idella's

There was an old gentleman named Britt Who is seeking a soft place to sit; Arriving home late In a chair he left his dental plate And upon sitting down—he got bit.

Tooth Paste at Idella's AT IDELLA'S 444 S. 6th What a Gall! Phone 8466