

Blackout Signal

One 3-minute blast on sirens and whistles is the signal for a blackout in Klamath Falls. Another long blast, during a blackout, is a signal for all-clear. In precautionary periods, watch your street lights.

Herald and News

ASSOCIATED PRESS IN THE SHASTA-CASCADE WONDERLAND NEA FEATURES
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Weather News

May 9—High 70, Low 38
Precipitation as of May 8, 1943
Stream year to date 18.17
Last year 11.48 Normal 10.38

AMERICANS GET AXIS SURRENDER

In The Day's News

By FRANK JENKINS
A SPOKESMAN for the British first army sums up the Tunisian situation for us today. He says an estimated 80,000 axis soldiers, deserted by their highest commanders, including Rommel and Von Arnim, are being swept into the Bataan-like Cape Bon peninsula (which has no Corregidor fortress).

THE big fight now is for the NECK of the peninsula. The British first army is rushing the enemy there, trying to prevent him from getting his big guns placed for defense. The Germans are reported to be gravely short of fuel, in many places posting their big tanks behind barns, etc., to be used as STATIONARY forts.

TODAY'S dispatches assert that German and Italian air forces have abandoned the battle of Africa, leaving the trapped troops on Cape Bon without air support.

Our planes, practically without opposition, are smashing the small boats in which the enemy is trying to escape across the Sicilian strait.

IT is worse than Dunkerque, for there the British had local superiority in the air. The Germans are getting, many times multiplied, what they gave the British who were forced out of Greece.

ESTIMATES today indicate that some 64,000 prisoners have been taken and more than 40,000 Germans and Italians killed and wounded in Tunisia. In the whole African campaign, beginning with the British reconquest of Ethiopia and Italian East Africa, the axis is estimated to have lost three-quarters of a million men, including 200,000 natives in Ethiopia. These losses have been in the rough ratio of three Italians to one German.

THE Germans so far have given their Italian allies the dirty end of the stick. As an interesting sidelight, it is reported today that nearly all the prisoners NOW being taken are Germans, the Italians having "left ahead of the rush."

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND Germans, including six generals, surrendered unconditionally to our Americans today. A tight naval and air blockade has been thrown around Cape Bon, and today's dispatches say it is fairly certain that no important number of Germans and Italians will escape.

THE Russians are reported today to be in the outskirts of Novorossisk, and claim to have destroyed 930 German planes in a week.

Russian air attacks on German communications along the central Russian front are said to be the most formidable of the war (important, as indicating RISING Russian strength).

HITLER makes a gloomy speech, telling of the sufferings and privations endured by German soldiers during the past winter, adding that only love of country and determination to spare their homeland the horrors of war could have inspired them to the deeds they have done. He is obviously trying to stiffen resistance on the home front.

IN this atmosphere of axis disaster, Spain's Franco makes a speech openly proposing peace. He says: "The world has reached a deadlock in which neither side has the power to destroy the other. . . . Therefore those of us who witness the struggle serenely consider it senseless to delay the peace."

FRANCO has been Hitler's and Mussolini's little (very little) pal, so it is reasonable to pre-

Reds Cut Into Nazi Defenses At Novorossisk

By EDDY GILMORE

MOSCOW, May 10 (AP)—Red army forces have penetrated the outer fortifications of Novorossisk, dispatches from the front declared today, and are "persistently crumbling the enemy defenses and breaking into the depths of his positions."

The soviet advance in the Kuban coincided with continued fierce fighting in the air, which the Russians said had resulted in the destruction of 930 German planes in the last week, and a resurgence of activity in the Lisichanska area in the Donets basin.

Smashes Linked
The air warfare was linked with smashing Russian raids on German communication centers along the front—apparently part of a well-conceived plan to smash Nazi preparations for a summer offensive.

(Today the German communiqué suggested Russian landings at the top of their Caucasus bridgehead, saying "a large number of enemy landing boats" were destroyed in the waters of Temryuk. The Germans said strong Russian attacks, supported by heavy artillery barrages, strong tank and aerial support in the Kuban were repelled with heavy losses. Other sectors of the front had minor, local engagements, the Berlin account said. The German air force was said to have made widespread attacks on Russian troop concentrations and railways, and 41 Russian planes were reported downed at the loss of four.)

UNIONS, EMPLOYERS VARY ON PAY DATES

Lumber Commission Hearing Ended Saturday

AFL unionists and employers are more than nine months apart in their contentions as to the effective date for the recently authorized 7 1/2-cent pay raise for pine workers, it was brought out in the west coast lumber commission hearing on the matter concluded here Saturday night.

The WLCC approved the pay raise some time ago but did not specify the effective date for retroactive payments. Employers generally at the Saturday hearing here contended that the pay should start as of November 28, 1942. They base this claim on the fact that a union demand for wage increase was made in August, 1942. (Continued on Page Two)

Ewauna Loggers Return to Work; Issue Settled

Loggers of the Ewauna Box company were back on the job today after two days of idleness due to an issue that arose over a supervisory employee.

CIO International Woodworkers of America officials here said the question involved had been settled amicably and urged any Ewauna loggers who are in town to return to their jobs at the Quartz mountain operation. About 120 men were off work Friday and Saturday.

Ray Chase, Ewauna logging superintendent, will continue in that capacity. It was understood the difficulty arose over some objection to Chase's employment by the company. Chase is well known in timber circles of this area, and recently was logging boss for Pelican Bay.

British Report Destroyer Loss

LONDON, May 10 (AP)—The new British destroyer Pakenham has been lost, the admiralty announced tonight.

"Operating in the central Mediterranean in January, the Pakenham with six other destroyers took part in a series of successful actions lasting over three days which resulted in the destruction of 13 enemy vessels," the admiralty said.

Enemy Rejoicing Seen If President's Reciprocal Trade Powers Not Renewed

By FRANCIS M. LEMAY
WASHINGTON, May 10 (AP)—Urging renewal of President Roosevelt's powers to negotiate reciprocal trade pacts, Representative Doughton (D-N.C.) told the house today that any other course would be a cause for "jubilation in the chancelleries of Hitler, Hirohito and Mussolini."

Saying "the eyes of the world are focused upon this legislative body," the 79-year-old Doughton, chairman of the ways and means committee, declared that the trade-act vote gave republicans a chance "to forever dispell the charge that they are isolationists."

Policy Reviewed

Doughton said the issue was: "Shall we continue along the enlightened and progressive course which recognizes that our last hope of civilization lies in the development of international harmony among a family of nations, or shall we revert to the policy of near-sighted selfishness which has proved so disastrous in the past? We are called to decide between a wise and farsighted program of international cooperation and the thoroughly discredited policy of isolation."

Failures Seen

In a speech prepared for delivery after Doughton, Rep. Knutson (R-Minn.) said "the history of the trade act has been a succession of dismal failures." Seeking to apply congressional veto powers to the present form violates the constitution by delegating to the executive the tariff and treaty-making powers of congress. They claimed sufficient strength to "recapture" these powers.

When Doughton concluded, (Continued on Page Two)

CIVILIAN SUPPLY BILL GIVEN OKAY

WASHINGTON, May 10 (AP)—Legislation to set up an independent civilian supply administration with claims equal to the armed services on goods and supplies needed for the home front was passed today by the senate and sent to the house.

While opponents contended a newly organized office of civilian requirements in the war production board should be given a chance to operate, Senator Maloney (D-Conn.), author of the bill, declared a separate agency is needed immediately to assure production and distribution of "what is required by our armed forces and allies to win the war."

Administrator's Job
The measure would empower an administrator to determine needs for rationing and to ascertain the types and quantities of materials, manpower and other (Continued on Page Two)

Roosevelt Asks More Money for Naval Aeronautics

WASHINGTON, May 10 (AP)—President Roosevelt asked congress today to provide \$4,934,725,000 additional for the navy's bureau of aeronautics for the fiscal year 1944.

The sum was requested in a special message to the house in which the president said that the sum was needed for "successful prosecution of the war." He did not give any details.

\$125,000 Fire Sweeps Tionesta Lumber Operation



How an explosive fire roared through the planer and box factory of the Shaw Lumber company at Tionesta is shown in this picture taken when the blaze was at its height Sunday morning. The damage of about \$125,000 was covered by insurance, but company officials were worried about getting the equipment to replace that destroyed in the fire, which started from a welding operation.

Franco Appeals for World Peace in Barcelona Talk

MADRID, May 10 (AP)—General Franco made a clear appeal for world peace last night in Almeria, declaring neither the axis nor the allies could destroy the other and "it is senseless to delay the peace."

It was the second Spanish peace feeler in less than a month. On April 16, Count Gen. Francisco Gomez Jordana, the foreign minister, appealed for peace in an address at Barcelona. (Franco is indebted to both Italy and Germany for help in the Spanish Civil war and has proclaimed his friendship for the axis.)

Invasions Seen
(The speech was made as axis resistance in Tunisia appeared near an end and Hitler and Mussolini were preparing to withstand allied assaults on the European continent.) (London's reaction to Franco's peace feeler was a polite yawn. Newspapers gave it little space.)

Airmen Destroy Sixteen Planes in Short Time

CHUNGKING, May 10 (AP)—American airmen destroyed at least 16 Japanese planes in a 15-minute running battle during the shattering U. S. raid on Canton Saturday, a communique from Lieut. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell's headquarters said today.

The communique said that five other enemy planes probably were destroyed and two were damaged. One U. S. medium bomber, with its crew, was reported lost in the action. The Tokyo radio offering its version of the attack on Canton, said today that seven U. S. bombers, with an escort of Warhawk fighters, had attacked the area but had failed to hit any military objectives. The broadcast, recorded by The Associated Press, said two of the raiders were shot down.

USES Reports Men Returning to Men

SEATTLE, May 10 (AP)—Otto W. Johnson, state director of the U. S. employment service, said today 819 former lumber workers had returned to the woods in response to a government request. However, he said, the response fell far short of the 4000 lumber workers needed in the Pacific northwest.

FIRE RAZES SHAW MILL AT TIONESTA

Planer, Box Factory Damage Estimated At \$125,000

Fire destroyed the planing mill and box factory of the Shaw Lumber company at Tionesta Sunday morning, inflicting damage estimated at \$125,000.

Starting from a blowpipe overheated by welding operations, the flames spread through the plant with explosive speed. The box factory and planer were housed in the same building.

Fire-fighting equipment was brought immediately to the scene but was effective only in saving the mill proper and the lumber yards.

One carload of lumber, on the Great Northern spur, caught fire and burned, but several other (Continued on Page Two)

Associated Press War Correspondent Injured in Jeep

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA, May 10 (AP) J. Wes Gallagher, Associated Press war correspondent who covered the invasions of Denmark and Greece and landed with the AEF in North Africa six months ago, has been hospitalized because of minor injuries suffered when a jeep in which he was riding overturned.

Axis Arms Against Stab at Europe's Soft Underbelly

LONDON, May 10 (AP)—Intensive axis preparations to ward off any allied invasion attempt along the soft underbelly of Europe were reported underway from the south coast of France to the Black sea today as the German-Italian debacle in North Africa entered its final phases. Although Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini seemed particularly concerned over the prospects of an allied drive through southern Europe, reports from Holland indicated that the axis was not overlooking the possibility of an assault across the English channel. All of Holland was placed under martial law last night. The Netherlands news agency Aneta reported, and Dutch sources were convinced the action was taken by the Germans in an effort to forestall any outbreak in connection with an allied invasion.

AIRMEN, NAVY BLOCKADE CAP BON PENINSULA

Five Generals Taken In Unconditional Submission

By EDWARD KENNEDY
ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN NORTH AFRICA, May 10 (AP)—Naval and air forces threw a blockade around Cap Bon peninsula and sank many small ships carrying axis soldiers desperately attempting to escape the Tunisian inferno today.

The American second corp obtained unconditional surrender of all enemy units in its territory southeast of Bizerte.

German resistance stiffened in front of British armed smashing against the entrance to Cap Bon peninsula.

Axis Worse
The position of axis troops still fighting in Tunisia was described officially as "worse than desperate" and it is certain that no important number of German and Italian soldiers will escape from Africa.

Details of the German surrender to the Americans in the north were disclosed at headquarters as follows:

1—Unconditional surrender.
2—Prompt acceptance.
The American officer further demanded that all destruction (Continued on Page Two)

Afrika Korps Losses Set at Over 750,000

LONDON, May 10 (AP)—The axis has lost more than 750,000 troops in the retreat from Africa which began with the reconquest of Ethiopia.

The figure is based on official announcements and authoritative estimates of killed, wounded and prisoners.

In East Africa, the axis lost 280,000 troops, including 200,000 negroes.

Casualties in North Africa were estimated at 246,000, not including the announcement that 50,000 had been captured around Bizerte and Tunis.

The casualties roughly are in the proportion of three Italians to one German.

Losses in axis material since the beginning of the Mediterranean campaign total more than 2000 tanks, 5000 aircraft shot down in combat and additional thousands destroyed on the ground, and close to 1500 guns, according to authoritative figures.

Planes Raid Sicily

Heightening axis fears, 400 allied planes raided the Sicilian harbor of Palermo yesterday on the third anniversary of Hitler's invasion of the lowlands, leaving that important base flaming and smoking under the heaviest aerial onslaught of the Mediterranean campaign. In the Balkans, German troops were being moved southward through Hungary at a rate comparable to that preceding the axis attack on Greece and Yugoslavia, according to travelers from Europe arriving at Ankara. Stockholm dispatches reported Germany was sending modern weapons to bolster Bulgarian defenses. Nazi Gestapo Chief Heinrich (Continued on Page Two)