

NORTHWESTERN FARM LEADERS TO MEET HERE

Standardization officials of Idaho, Oregon, Washington and California, meeting Wednesday at Dorris, Calif., considered problems of mutual concern relating to movement across state borders and ironed out several matters dealing with methods in certification of produce in the various states.

Heading the discussions were J. I. Griner, superintendent of horticulture, state department of agriculture, Olympia, Wash.; S. S. Rogers, chief of the bureau of fruit and vegetable standardization, Sacramento, Calif.; Paul T. Rowell, director of plant industry, Idaho department of agriculture, Boise; and Frank McKenney, chief of the division of plant industry, Oregon department of agriculture. Border inspectors, department representatives and horticultural inspectors of the various states also attended.

Matters Cleared
The same officials, with D. B. Mackie, chief of the bureau of entomology and plant quarantine, California department of agriculture, presiding, met in Klamath Falls Wednesday night to discuss quarantine matters.

Chief matters cleared up at the session in Dorris were movement of apples into California; shipment of pears from Washington and Oregon to the San Francisco docks, which will now be cleared across the state line into California without necessity for inspection or inspection fee as long as the lots meet export certification.

W. E. Upshaw, manager of the Portland office of the Oregon state department of agriculture, presented a preliminary report on container standardization, showing the great lack of uniformity existing in the various states in this regard. The report brought a great deal of discussion but the only action was the request that a summary be sent to the member states of the Western Plant board, comprising 11 western states, and that it be brought before the next meeting of this group.

Officials present declared that inauguration of these group conferences between the states had gone a considerable way toward improving the free movement of fruits and vegetables between the interested states.

A feature of the session was checking of potatoes for necrosis in order that inspectors from the different states might reach uniformity in handling of this situation.

Professor Adolf Windaus, of the University of Gottingen, isolated vitamin B in pure form in 1932.

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HAMBRO PRAISES NORWAY'S DEFENSE AGAINST GERMANY

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sarily have been started days before the British mining operations.

While denying that there were Norwegian traitors—he admitted only Major Quisling in that class—Hambro confirmed the stories of German "Trojan horses" in Norway, preparing the way for the Nazi attack.

These included young people who had been taken into Norwegian homes as children during the starvation period in Austria and Germany after the World War. They came back to "visit" and to betray those who had defended them. He said there were hundreds of young Germans hitch-hiking through Norway, sketching bridges and highways and other transportation facilities. He told of large numbers of German officers who visited Norway as "students" of the Scandinavian languages.

Names Nine Men
Quisling, the speaker said, didn't represent anybody but himself. He graduated from a Norwegian military academy, spent time in Germany and Russia, and came back a full-fledged bolshevik. He tried to form "red guards" and then "green guards" but didn't find the Norwegians "guard-minded." Finally, he started the Nazi party, which received an infinitesimal percentage of the popular vote in the 1937 election.

After the Germans had taken over Oslo—it wasn't defended because they threatened to annihilate it if there was fighting in the streets—Quisling attempted to form a Norwegian puppet government for the Nazis.

He named nine men to his cabinet. These men, Hambro said, were defenseless from the charge of traitor, as there was no way for them to tell the world they would not serve. He told of some of these "cabinet officers" who were actually fighting in the Norwegian forces against the Germans at the time they were supposed to be serving in Quisling's cabinet. Before long, Quisling was forced to give up his attempts to head a government.

But Quisling's history, Hambro said, shows how dangerous it is if just one man is mad enough to be a traitor to be used by a foreign enemy.

Hambro related his personal experiences on the morning the Germans began their invasion, from the sound of the first air raid siren until the king and parliament arrived in Hamar 120 miles north of Oslo at 9 a. m. and met with 146 of the 150 parliament members present. He described the movements of the government, eventually to England where he said it is a fully going concern, operating under full constitutional rights as the government of Norway.

The constitution, he said, permits the king and government to reside outside the boundaries of the country if authorized to do so by parliament—and such authority was given. The Germans, he said, have attempted in vain to set up some form of legal government in Norway, but they can never do so.

"Norway's War"

Hambro said the Norwegian merchant marine, biggest in the world, is operating on the seven seas, in charge of the government in London. All Norwegian gold has been moved to the United States or Canada. One thousand Norwegian aviators are training in Canada to enter the war for the freeing of their homeland. The Norwegians have taken over the huge orders of military equipment they had ordered before the invasion—but did not receive in time.

"It's not just England's war. It's Norway's war," said the speaker.

He described the war as a

"deadly struggle between two opposing conceptions of conscience and honor and the sanctity of contracts between men and nations."

He said it is primarily a "moral and spiritual struggle." "Let no man or woman say that the outcome of this war is 'no business of mine,'" warned the speaker. "The outcome of this war shall tell us whether ordinary men and women, everywhere, shall be allowed to continue in the decisions that shape their destinies and the destinies of their children—or whether they shall have only the right to be killed at any moment a self-appointed dictator shall determine."

Hambro was introduced by Rev. L. K. Johnson, Carl Johnson, president of the Sons of Norway, presided. That organization sponsored Hambro's visit here. An entertainment feature was Norwegian folk dancing by a group of local people.

Prior to the evening meeting, Hambro was guest of honor at a joint service club dinner at the Willard hotel sponsored by the Lions club.

WILLKIE ANSWERS F. R. ON CLAIMS OF FALSEHOOD

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made with reference to the provisions of the democratic platform of 1932.

"If he does not remember it longer, then shortly our boys will be on the transports, sailing for some foreign shore."

Willkie repeated that he approved of old age pensions, unemployment insurance, collective bargaining and other social gains, but declared that "if we continue along the road of deficit financing . . . the end will be financial chaos, bankruptcy and inflation which will result in the loss of every social gain as well as the loss of liberty."

Willkie spoke from his campaign train in this town a few miles from Erie, Pa. The 24-minute speech was broadcast over a nationwide NBC network. Speaking of 1932 promises, he recited planks in the democratic platform of that year—he pointed out earlier that he voted for Mr. Roosevelt in 1932—said "the new deal candidate" accepted these promises, and then declared that they were not carried out.

"Now, Mr. Third-term Candidate," he said several times after making these charges, "tell the American people whether Wendell Willkie falsified that part of the record."

Willkie also charged that the president "killed the London economic conference" advocated in the 1932 democratic platform and "repudiated the program of stabilization which he himself had instructed our delegates to present."

NEW YORK, Oct. 24 (AP)—Al Smith, 1928 democratic presidential nominee, says President Roosevelt claims the third term "principle" must be abandoned so that he can "finish the work he began," but that "if he does the country will be finished first."

In his first radio address in support of Wendell Willkie, the man whom Mr. Roosevelt dubbed the "Happy Warrior" 12 years ago told a Brooklyn audience last night that the "indispensable man" is indispensable only "to the recipients of political patronage" and to those of his political faith.

COLFAX, Wash., Oct. 24 (AP)—A marriage license application was filed here yesterday by James Orville Thompson, 24, Ticonderoga, Calif., and Thelma Brown, 17, Klamath Falls, Ore.

PENDLETON, Ore., Oct. 24 (AP)—The Pendleton roundup paid a profit of \$6000 to its underwriters, the fair management reported Wednesday.

FRENCH CHIEF RUMORED BENT TOWARD PACT

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ranee but in the south Atlantic as well.

Informed French sources said Hitler and Laval had put the finishing touches to an agreement whereby the Vichy government would give the axis powers use of air and naval bases in Africa, Syria and unoccupied France in return for certain concessions.

At the same time reports reaching diplomatic quarters indicated that one of the subjects discussed by Hitler and Franco was the possible use of Spanish ports and airfields in the Atlantic and the Canary Islands as a springboard for Nazi attacks on Britain's south Atlantic trade.

ROOSEVELT TELLS PHILADELPHIA OF WILLKIE ERRORS

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tions which he attributed to partisans and republican leaders were charges that:

His administration "wishes to lead this country into war"; that it has failed to make a job for even a single man; that the industrial system is prostrate, and that business is stifled and unable to make a profit.

Truthful campaign discussion of public issues is essential to the American form of government, Mr. Roosevelt asserted.

"But it is entirely a different thing," he added, "for any party or any candidate to state, for example, that the president of the United States telephoned to Mussolini and Hitler to sell Czechoslovakia down the river; or that the unfortunate unemployed of the nation are going to be driven into concentration camps; or that the social security funds of the nation will not be in existence when the workers of today become old enough to apply for them; or that the election of the

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Attention Called to Law on Unemployment Contributions

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Guy T. Helvering in a statement issued today called attention to section 701 of the recently enacted Second Revenue act of 1940.

This section is of particular interest to employers who failed to pay their contributions to state unemployment funds for 1936, 1937, 1938 or 1939 in time to entitle them to the credit against the federal unemployment tax for those years.

The section provides that if contributions for 1936, 1937 or 1938 are paid to the state on or before December 6, 1940, the amount of such contributions will be allowable as credit against the federal tax for those years. The amount of such credit, however, may not, in any case, exceed 90 per cent of the tax against which it is applied. Under the law as it existed prior to the enactment of this section, credit against the tax for the years 1936, 1937 and 1938 was allowable only if the contributions for those years were paid prior to October 9, 1939.

The section also provides that employers may receive credit against the federal unemployment tax for 1939 if the contributions for that year are paid to the state on or before December 6, 1940. The amount of such credit, however, will be limited to 90 per cent of the amount which would have been allowable as credit had the contributions been paid on or before the date fixed for the filing of the employer's return for such year.

The French government denies it has any intention of warring with England. Next statement from Vichy follows as soon as connections are made with Berlin.

Huge Crowd
"I think they know, and I know we know, that all of these statements are false."

He spoke to a throng that took every one of the 14,500 seats in the auditorium, cheered him for six and a half minutes before he could begin his address, and interrupted 91 times with applause, laughter and occasional boos when he struck heavily at his opposition.

This date, unless otherwise extended, was January 31, 1940.

In many instances, Commissioner Helvering explained, employers of eight or more who were denied the credit because of late contributions have filed claims for refund or abatement. In other instances, the bureau of internal revenue has information which will permit the prompt adjustment of the returns. It was pointed out, however, that the bureau probably does not have a record of some employers who paid the full amount of the federal tax and also made full contributions to the state unemployment funds. In such cases, it was emphasized, the taxpayers affected have the privilege of filing claims for refunds. Such claims may be filed within four years from the date the federal tax was paid to the collector and will be considered for allowance, provided the contributions to the state unemployment funds have been made on or before December 6, 1940. Where refunds are made under this relief provision, the law provides that no interest shall be allowed.

The new law also provides special relief for the years 1936, 1937, 1938 and 1939 in bankruptcy proceedings and other cases where the assets of the taxpayer are in the custody or control of a court.

When planes are using super-charging, change over from 87 octane fuel to 100 octane permits a 20 to 25 per cent gain in power output, but does not vary the fuel economy.

A road in California, built in 1926, is 11 miles long, and has for its foundation gold ore which assayed at \$7 to the ton.

PROPAGANDA GETS AMERICAN ANSWER

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"government and people are one."

The forum was on the subject, "Saving Democracy," and in his speech the president recalled the words of Abraham Lincoln warning people of his day against "fear-mongers and calamity howlers" whom the president recalled the president as saying in 1860:

"Neither let us be slandered from our duty by false accusations against us, nor frightened from it by menaces of destruction to the government, nor of dungeons to ourselves. Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us to the end dare to do our duty as we understand it."

Mr. Roosevelt asserted that statement held "the right answer—the American answer—to the foreign propagandists who seek to divide us with their strategy of terror."

AGENT'S OFFICE PUTS OUT LETTER FOR FARMERS

Employees of the county agent's office were busy Thursday preparing the first fall news letter issued by C. A. Henderson and sent to farmers and ranchers throughout the basin. The letter includes interesting bits of farm news, a story on the Oregon reclamation congress, information on Michel's grass, potatoes and general announcements.

EMERGENCY

EUGENE, Oct. 24 (AP)—As long as the Roosevelt administration remains in Washington the American emergency will be permanent, General Charles H. Martin, Portland, told Eugonians last night.

Watch the Classified Page

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Saturday, Oct. 26th
10:00 a. m.
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LAST TWO DAYS
HARVEST DAYS

Saturday night we bring this great event to a close . . . In appreciation of the tremendous response given this event we have assembled Extra Values for Friday and Saturday . . . Remember this is all New Fall Merchandise and represents the best manufacturers in their field.

Regular \$3.95 Rainproof Trench Coats . . . \$2.00 Regular 55c Silk Ties Hand Made 39¢ Value to \$4.95 Dress Shoes \$1.98 Small Sizes . . . Part Wool Work Sox 10¢ Pair Outdoor Jackets All Wool, Trimmed in leather \$4.95 Fancy Top Boot Sox 29¢ Regular \$3.95 U. S. Gov. Reclaimed 4 BUCKLE OVERSHOES \$1.00 All Rubber SHOW WEAR	VALUE TO \$29.50 ABOUT 50 ONLY ALL WOOL - SUITS - AND - TOPCOATS - MICHAELS-STERNS INCLUDED SELECTED FROM OUR REGULAR STOCK — WHILE ANY REMAIN \$15.50 NO ALTERATIONS	Men's Part-Wool Coat Sweaters . . 98¢ Fine Broadcloth 88¢ Pajamas Regular 25c Knitted Shorts . . . 19¢ Fall Weight Union Suits 79¢ Value to \$3.95 Wool Zipper or Button Sweaters \$2.49 Regular 50c Dress - Work Suspenders 19¢ Values to \$3.95 Wool DRESS PANTS \$1.00 Value to \$1.95 MEN'S Felt Hats \$1.00 NEW SHADES NEW SHAPES About 30 Pair in This Lot
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