

CO-OPERATION OF CITIZENS IS REQUESTED

Interests Mutual Declares Executive Vice President Of Organization

By R. E. AITCHESON
Natural Gas Corp. of Oregon

We are definitely and permanently a part of this community and as you grow, we shall grow. Our interests are mutual. We cannot exist without you and you feel also without us and with-



R. E. AITCHESON

out gas the conveniences that are known to the modern world would have been denied to you.

We want the co-operation of the chamber of commerce, the service clubs and the people of the community generally. Like all human agencies, we are likely to make errors in the rush of getting this great project under way, but they will be quickly corrected if you will bear with us and if you will call our attention to anything in which we can better aid in our mutual building.

The company will become better acquainted with you all as time goes on. There is nothing that builds a pa friendship as close association in a common problem, and this association we will have.

Federal Dry Head Will Be Transferred

PORTLAND, Jan. 21. (AP)—Jesse Flinders, who succeeded Wilbur K. Newell as assistant administrator for Oregon, last Sept. 1, will be transferred to San Francisco Feb. 1 as special agent in the intelligence unit of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

The announcement was made by Amos W. W. Woodcock, national director of prohibition. The change was made at Flinders' request. Before taking the Oregon job he was in the intelligence department seven years.

Commissioner Woodcock intimated a California man may succeed Flinders, although the Oregon congressional delegation suggested an Oregon man.

Examinations for the job were taken here recently. Among those who took the examination was George Alexander, state prohibition director.

A Good "Get Rich Quick Plan" Says Prominent Doctor

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 21. (AP)—Dr. Jaber N. Jackson, former president of the American Medical Association, says that the Wickersham commission's recommendations to remove restrictions on the number of liquor prescriptions a physician may write "would make doctors rich quickly."

"It would turn the bootleggers' business over to the medical profession," he asserted.

WASHINGTON—The wholesale slaughter of whales for commercial purposes which is killing off this huge animal will cease if a bill presented to the league of nations is passed, according to a report from the U. S. department of state. It is hoped that by instituting a partially "closed" season on whales, similar to that instituted by the United States on seals, the number of the former will greatly increase in the next few years.

Chair Vote Breaks Deadlock



When the Utah state legislature was deadlocked recently in election of its president, it took the vote of Senator John M. Knight, Republican, to decide the issue. Senator Knight was under doctor's care for injuries received in an automobile accident, but a wheel chair was pressed into service to bring the senator to legislature. His vote turned the tide and Senator Ray E. Dillingham was elected.

Submit Plan for Modification of National Dry Act

Six of Eleven Members of Wickersham Commission Outline Amendment Placing Liquor Control With Congress

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21 (AP)—Here is the gist of the plan for modification of the prohibition amendment proposed by Henry W. Anderson, and recommended for consideration by Law Enforcement Commissioners Kenyon, Loesch, Mackintosh, McCormick and Pound:

"It is proposed that as soon as practicable, by appropriate action of congress and of the states, the eighteenth amendment be modified or revised * * * as follows:

"The congress shall have power to regulate or to prohibit the manufacture, traffic in or transportation of intoxicating liquors within the impartment thereof into, and the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof, for beverage purposes."

"This modification would bring the amendment into conformity with the traditional principles of our system of government. By conferring power upon congress it would give to the amendment the necessary flexibility. The power to prohibit should be given to the end that if the proposed modification is adopted the national prohibition act would continue in force hereunder until congress enacted some other plan, thus avoiding any break in the system of control and preventing the restoration of the saloon anywhere in the United States.

"Under the proposed amendment, a modified congress would have full power (1) to continue the present system of absolute national prohibition; or (2) to remit the matter in whole or in part to the states; or (3) to adopt any system of effective control. Since greater flexibility is one of the outstanding needs of the present system, this modification would be made even if the policy of absolute national prohibition is to be continued.

"That congress should then create a bipartisan national commission on liquor control, which should have full power under such laws as congress might enact to regulate and control the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation in interstate commerce, and also the sale, as well as the extent hereinafter stated, of intoxicating liquors of more than one-half of one percentum alcoholic content, for beverage purposes; and to exercise similar regulation and control over alcoholic liquors for other purposes, and of industrial alcohol, to the full extent necessary to render the system of control of such liquors for beverage purposes effective.

"The powers of the commission as to the regulation and control of the traffic indicated and of the agencies created for the purpose thereof, should be fully as complete as those of the interstate commerce commission over railroads and should in every respect be adequate for the purposes of the plan.

"That congress should create a national corporation for the purposes of the plan, all of the stock of which should be privately owned, or in its discretion a number of such corporations, such as one for each judicial circuit. . . .

"It should be vested with the exclusive right and power (to be exercised under the control and regulations of the national commission) of manufacture, importation, exportation and transportation in interstate commerce, and of sale as and to the extent hereinafter stated, of all alcoholic liquors for beverage, as well as for medicinal and sacramental purposes in, within or from the territory of the United States or subject to the jurisdiction thereof. . . .

"The financial plan of the corporation, to be fixed in its charter and in operation subject to the control of the commission, should provide for an issue of stock of only one class to be sold at par, to be entitled to cumulative dividends limited to such rate upon the actual capital invested as might be determined by congress, or with its authority by the commissioner. A rate of not less than 5 per cent nor more than 7 per cent is suggested.

"The corporation should be permitted to retain from its earnings not exceeding 2 per

cent per annum on its invested capital. . . .

"It should be required by law that alcoholic liquors for beverage, medicinal or sacramental purposes of over one-half of one per cent alcoholic content by volume (not including industrial alcohol) might be manufactured, imported, exported, transported in interstate commerce or sold. . . . solely by the national corporation, or its branches.

"The commission should have power to prescribe the alcoholic content of the various kinds and grades of liquors.

"All alcoholic liquors so acquired or produced should promptly be placed in bonded warehouses of the corporation. . . .

"The corporation should only be allowed to make sales and shipment of such liquors in any state to a corporate agency created by such state, similar in general character to the national corporation, for the purpose of the purchase and distribution and local sale of such liquors within the state if and to the extent permitted by the laws thereof.

"If the state at its option elected not to adopt the system it could establish or continue prohibition, in which event it would have to enforce its own laws within the state, but the federal law would not permit sales or shipments into that state by the national corporation except through the state in bond. Every aspect of the operations outlined would be subject to the control and regulation of the commission and appropriate penalties would be prescribed for violations of the law or of such regulations.

"The price at which the various liquors should be sold by the national corporation should be fixed or approved by the commission after hearing in proper cases. . . . The prices should be based primarily upon and scaled upward on the basis of alcoholic content—the lower prices on low alcoholic content liquors such as light beer and beer, and the highest prices practicable on high alcoholic content liquors, such as whiskies and brandies.

"The prices should be such as on the one hand to limit the use and, on the other hand, not high enough to permit the illegal traffic in or sale of such liquors. . . . The price should be as nearly uniform as possible throughout the country.

"The national corporation should sell and transport only to state agencies created for the purposes of local distribution and sale within the state. This would be entirely optional with the state. If any state desired to establish or continue prohibition it could do so. In that event it would have to enforce its own law within the state, but would be protected by the federal government from any supply from outside. If a state elected to go into the national system it would create a state commission and a state corporation similar in character and structure to the national corporation, with similar powers and functions within the state. The state agencies would have to conform in general outline to a plan prescribed by the national commission in order to insure uniformity throughout the country as to matters of general consequence, but as to local

questions they would be subject entirely to state control and could easily be adapted to the varied social and economic conditions within the state.

"Matters of price, return and other financial and operating details within the state would be controlled by the state commission along the same lines as already discussed, and the surplus revenues from operations within the state would go into the state treasury or special fund to be disposed of by the legislature of the state. . . .

"The state could permit local option as to the establishment of a sales agency in any given community. These agencies should be in buildings where no other commercial activity is carried on, should be open only at certain hours of the day, on such business days as might be prescribed by state law or regulation.

"Sales should be limited to persons holding license books, which should be issued by the state agency nearest the fixed abode or voting place of the holder under regulations of the commission. The holder should be required to sign an agreement in this book to account for the purchases made thereunder at any time on request, and to the satisfaction of the state corporation or state commission. . . .

"The amount of wine and beer below an alcoholic content to be fixed from time to time by the appropriate commission might or might not be limited to a reasonable quantity in any month, having a regard to the proposed use by the purchaser with a view to limiting the use and preventing purchases for illegitimate purposes. . . .

"If conviction for violation of the law, for drunkenness or other cause provided by law, the book should be cancelled for such time as might be prescribed. All state and national regulations should seek to restrict sales and use as far as may be done, without leaving any possible demand which could be supplied at a profit by bootlegging. . . . No advertisement of alcoholic liquors or solicitations of purchases should be permitted.

"The excess revenues from the operation of the national corporation would go into the federal treasury, and those from the operations of state corporation and its franchisees would go into the state treasury. These revenues, which now go entirely to the lawless and criminal classes, would undoubtedly be very large. They would be subject to disposition by congress and the state legislatures respectively. They should be set aside as special funds in the respective treasuries, and used for educational purposes, especially as to the evils resulting from the use of alcoholic beverages and for the eradication and prevention of those conditions, which cause excessive drinking, or which tend to create a demand for intoxicating beverages."

BASKETBALL LEAGUE WILL MEET TONIGHT

A special meeting of the Klamath Falls Basketball League is called for Wednesday night at the Klamath Sporting Goods company at 8:30. The purpose of the meeting will be to get everything in shape for the opening of the league's schedule which will start the following week at the American Legion hall.

The playing floor has been secured from the Legton house committee and that committee is having the baskets relocated and the lines repainted, previous to the opening of the series. In addition to this they are going to oil the floor and put everything in readiness for the teams and the team followers.

To Name Players
Interest in basketball is at a greater pitch than ever before in the city and the fans are anxious for the league to get started. The delay has been due to the lack of gyms where teams could organize and condition their team for a playing season.

The names of all players must be in at the meeting Wednesday night. A limit of 18 players a team has been set by the league officials and not less than six. Following Wednesday night any player signed by a team will not be able to play until his name has been filed with the league secretary. Ten days is the limit in case of transfers from one team to another.

Six Teams Entered
The forfeit fee of \$10 and a \$2.50 working fee must be paid to the treasurer at this meeting before a schedule can be drawn up. At this meeting any other

"Look Aloft!" Motorists Advised



Here's the first "airplane crossing" sign to be erected on the Pacific coast. At Glendale, Cal., at the edge of the Grand Central Air Terminal, many planes come zooming over the roadway each day at high speeds. To keep motorists from being startled at the sight of a huge plane overhead, managers of the airport have erected the above sign pointed out by Miss Ellen Hopkins.

group wishing to enter a team can make application. At present there are six teams signed and ready to go and one team ready to enter, making seven teams. An eighth team would be welcomed.

The following teams are now members of the league: Mac Starr's Storms, Westphalasser, No-D-Lay, Keno, Clignot Club and the Lawson Bengals. The Greyhound stages are about ready to enter and see more ready to enter, making seven teams. An eighth team would be welcomed.

The league officials are Pop Varnadore, president; Bill Joplin, vice-president; and Ed Arthur, secretary-treasurer. Oliver Kern and Walsh with the above

form the board of control. This board will settle all disputes and regulate the play during the season.

It is the wish of the league that this organization will carry on from year to year and continue to have a basketball league functioning in the city of Klamath Falls.

Coloring of Oleo Is Cause of Suit In Federal Court

PORTLAND, Jan. 21. (AP)—Coloring of Oleomargarine to the likeness of butter is defended in an attack filed on the Oregon law in federal district court here by Burke's Famous Foods, Inc. The suit seeks to restrain the state dairy and food commissioner from enforcing the law prohibiting manufacturing and sale of Oleomargarine artificially colored to imitate butter.

Naming its own product, the Illinois corporation declares the word "Oleomargarine" is printed in boldface letters on the package and contends this is sufficient to let the consumer know the nature of the product.

IRELAND'S "NAVY"

DUBLIN—Ireland needs a bigger "navy" to protect its fishermen from the invasions of southern fishermen on their grounds. Fishermen contend that with a Free State Navy this would not happen.

At present there is but one boat protecting the whole length of Ireland's coast, and it cannot do the job adequately. An increased "navy" would also reduce smuggling, it is said.

TOO HISKY

"Herbert" exclaimed Mr. Rockton's wife. "I am at a loss to understand your conduct when we parted. I said good-bye and why didn't you reply?"

"I was just about to do so, Henrietta, but I checked myself. I was afraid you would accuse me of trying to have the last word."

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