

Rail Unions Held Not Ready for Amalgamation

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—John Scott, secretary of the railway federated shop crafts, declared the railroad unions were not ready for amalgamation when informed of the St. Paul announcement.

"There can be no amalgamation

of transportation unions until there is friendly co-operation," said Scott. "If the trainmen's organizations had co-operated with the federated shop crafts in the strike by refusing to handle defective equipment, this strike would have ended in short order."

W. T. Lee says look on the bright side. If you wore better clothes people might take you for a boot-legger.

LONDON PLANNING INCREASED AIR PASSENGER SERVICE

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The London-Berlin airway, the first section of which—that between London and Holland—was opened recently, completes the aerial service of eleven planes leaving London daily for the airways among tourists during the continent. The popularity of the past summer has led to plans for routes to be opened in the spring which will connect London by air with all of the principal points within a radius of 500 miles.

These plans included daily trips to Scotland, Deauville, Denmark, Ireland and Luxemburg. It is proposed also to keep several planes for special trips, a feature of traveling which has proved popular with American tourists. The cost of these journeys is about four pence (8 cents) a mile.

The new London-Berlin route is being operated by an English company, and a double service will be run in each direction from Rotterdam daily until the route is completed. The trip will take 2½ hours, and will be made for £4, or little more than 3¼ a mile. The second stage of the journey will be opened about October 29, when the route will be from London to Hamburg and Berlin.

At the present time five planes are making eight trips daily between London and Paris, carrying an average of three persons on each trip. The routes to Rotterdam, Brussels and Antwerp are constantly filled in advance, and carry a full capacity of freight.

MR. WILLIAM MORGAN of San Francisco, piano tuner, is making his headquarters for a few days with the Earl Shepherd Co.

HORSE STILL IS VITAL FACTOR IN COMMERCIAL LIFE

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The horse still is a vital factor in American commercial life. This is shown in the statement of Wayne Dinamore, secretary of the horse association of America, that the number of horses in use in New York city has increased 100 per cent in five years.

More than 15,000 horses are in commercial use throughout the United States by one company alone.

The American Railway Express company, credited with being the largest commercial user of horses in the world, still is finding the horse an important factor in its work. On July 31, 1922, the company had in its service 15,254 horses. The average number of horses kept jumped 879.4 in 1917 to 1,725.3 in 1921.

The average length of life for horses still active in express service

is 5 years, 11 months. Surveys showed that after using 492 horses for five years, they sold for 23 per cent of their original cost. These horses, discarded because unable to maintain longer the harder work and rapid pace required in express service, were placed in other work where the hauling was relatively slow and reports indicated such horses continued in service for three or four years.

Get results by using class ads.

Remember the old-fashioned fakir who used to give an exhibition of mind reading by blindfolding himself and driving a team of horses at breakneck speed through the streets? Nothing, only there's a lot more of them nowadays driving Ford delivery wagons.

Joe the Plodder says the trouble with too many of these "live wires" is that they need too much insulation.

Advertising pays. Try it and see.

SUPPER After the Theatre

- Fried Oyster
- Fried Chicken
- Fine Steak
- Omelettes
- Extra Chicken Chop Suey
- Extra Chicken Chow Mein
- Shrimp Chop Suey
- Lobster Chop Suey
- Extra Chicken Noodle

or

ANY AMERICAN OR CHINESE DISH COOKED TO ORDER

OPEN 1 P. M. to 2 A. M.

TIN HING GUEY

619 Main Street—Up Stairs

Tel. 140

God gave parents their children

Governments cannot rightfully take them away

AMERICA has always stood for the protection of natural and inalienable rights, among which none is so sacred as that of parents over their children.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN said:

"The family is the corner-stone of social order and the guarantee of public safety. No Government can take the place of the Parent, and should never be permitted to usurp it." (Speech at Quincy, Ills., 1859.)

The results of the campaign against the so-called Compulsory Education Bill, which is in fact a Bill to Establish State Monopoly of Education, may be grouped under two heads:

Facts demonstrated

The FACTS DEMONSTRATED, no longer seriously disputed by anybody, are these:

That the Bill was given a False Title, to mislead the public and deceive the voters.

That it in no respect pretends to improve the existing law as to the Public Schools, but simply destroys the Private Schools.

That not one cent of public money goes to the support of any private or parochial school in this State, or ever has, or ever can, under the plain prohibition of the Constitution and laws.

That it will increase taxation at least \$1,000,000 each year, and require from \$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000 investment in new public school buildings.

That it vests in the County Superintendents arbitrary and unappealable power to grant special privileges to the wealthy and influential, by which they will be exempt from the law.

That it will prevent parents from educating their children in private schools both inside and outside of the State, as they cannot even send their children elsewhere to be educated.

That so far from being united in support of the Bill, the Masonic Fraternity in the State is divided, many of the leading Masons are openly opposed to it, and the Grand Master of the State Grand Lodge has publicly denied that the Grand Lodge indorsed it.

That the best elements in the social, religious, educational, and political life of the State are opposed to the measure.

That the educational leaders, inside and outside of the State, are opposed to the Bill. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia University, says: "It should be called a Bill to render the American system of education impossible in Oregon." The Presidents of Yale, Princeton, Chicago, Leland Stanford and other great Universities have emphatically condemned it.

That the private schools, under the existing law, are required to conform their course of studies to the public schools standards, the English language is made compulsory, and they are subject to the inspection and supervision of the State authorities.

That the proposed law will close up every orphan asylum, home for defective and dependent children, and other private charities, where any elementary instruction of the inmates is attempted.

That it destroys the rights of minorities, the most vital and valuable principle of Americanism, and the one that has preserved this country from the tyranny of Old World Governments.

THE ARGUMENTS UNANSWERED against the bill are contained in the "Voters Pamphlet" issued by the State. The chief points of the same are as follows:

Arguments unanswered

1. THE LUTHERAN ARGUMENT: "If you see fit to send your child to a school in which your religion is taught, not one day in the week, but every day, and the whole training of the child is permeated by such religion, the State, under the Constitution, must not prohibit you from so doing. This bill is manifestly unconstitutional."

2. THE PORTLAND CITIZENS' AND TAXPAYERS' ARGUMENT: "If the number of children now attending the public schools is to be increased by adding those now taught in the private schools, it is inevitable that overcrowding must result unless new buildings are supplied, and it is also certain that taxes must be materially increased."

3. ST. HELEN'S ITALI (EPISCOPAL) ARGUMENT: "No invidious fact or condition affecting public interest has been called to our attention that would furnish in the slightest degree an excuse for the proposed legislation."

4. THE PRINCIPALS OF PRIVATE SCHOOLS' ARGUMENT: "It is against the best American ideals of freedom, in that it denies to men and women freedom of thought and action in the choice of environment and influences for their children."

5. THE SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS' ARGUMENT: "We are not at all certain that a man educated in the public school is more intelligent than if he were educated in a private or sectarian school, nor have we heard any convincing argument that a person is necessarily more patriotic if educated in a public school, than if he were educated in a school not supported by public taxation."

6. THE CATHOLIC ARGUMENT: "There is no occasion now for agitation that will estrange old friends and neighbors, and that will divide our people into classes and factions. No greater misfortune can befall us than movements calculated to create divisions."

7. THE PRESBYTERIAN MINISTERS' ARGUMENT: "It is based on the philosophy of autocracy—that the child belongs primarily to the State; it is an unjustifiable invasion of family authority, and threatens ultimately the guarantee of our American liberty."

The foregoing "Negative Arguments" are as strong today as when written and filed. They remain unshaken and unshakable, after three months of public discussion.

The great International Convention of the Episcopal Church, meeting in Portland recently, adopted strong and unequivocal resolutions condemning this bill.

The State Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at its meeting in Salem last August, refused to entertain any movement looking to an endorsement of the bill, by the express ruling of the Presiding Bishop.

Upon the foregoing statement of the case we invoke the fair and intelligent judgment of the voters of Oregon, confident of the result if a regard for the inherited and fundamental principles of reasonable liberty are to prevail in this state.

CATHOLIC CIVIC RIGHTS ASSOCIATION OF OREGON

By Dudley G. Wooten, Executive Secretary

316 Morgan Building, Portland, Oregon.

Vote 315 X NO against School Monopoly Bill

Named on the ballot, Compulsory Education Bill

Paid Advertisement

Special Subscription Offer

For 30 Days only, beginning November 1st, The Evening Herald Offers Reduced Rates On Yearly Paid-Up Subscriptions.

BY CARRIER, \$5.00 BY MAIL, \$4.00

The regular price of the Herald is \$6:50 per year. City subscribers who pay by the month pay 65 cents each month, or \$7.80 a year. Here is an opportunity to save from \$1.50 to \$2.80.

The special offer applies on new subscriptions and renewals alike; except in the case of the latter arrears up to November 1st must be paid.

The Herald is a better newspaper today than it was six months ago; and will continue to grow better during the next year, if proper support is accorded.

The Herald's guiding policy is the upbuilding of Klamath County, and the fostering of harmonious progress among its citizenry.

You could not make a holiday gift that would serve a more useful purpose, than the gift of a year's subscription of The Herald to some friend or relative outside Klamath County.

The cost of production is mounting in the newspaper field, and this low offer, made this year in conformance with long established custom, may never be renewed.

Take advantage of the opportunity while it lasts.

The offer is good for November only. On and after December 1st, the regular prices will be restored, without exception.

Subscribe and Save Money While the Offer Lasts