

FAMED KILLER HITS LONG TRAIL CUSTER WOLF WAS RANGE TERROR TOOK \$25,000 TOLL FROM RANCHERS

(From U. S. Dept. of Agriculture News Letter)

"The Custer Wolf is dead." He was the master criminal of the animal world.

Throughout the region around Custer, South Dakota, that day, the telephone lines were busier than they were on the day the armistice was signed.

For nine years this wolf had lived as an outlaw—the cruelest, the most sagacious, the most successful animal outlaw that the range country had ever known. His cruelty was surpassed only by his cunning. He killed with the refinement of animal ferocity. Here tonight—tomorrow night he devastated a range half a hundred miles away.

Showed Uncanny Cunning

He loped through every kind of danger and spurned them all. He sniffed at the subtlest poison and passed it by. The most adroitly concealed trap was as clear to him as a mirror in the sunshine. Old hunters, unerring shots, drew the bead on him and saw him glide away unharmed. The price on his head was \$500. Bounty hunters sought him for profit. Sportsmen put forth every device to slay him for reputation's sake. And still the old wolf went unscathed about his work of destruction.

Credulous people said he was a charmed thing. Others attributed his immunity to a wisdom greater than beast ever before possessed. Still others said he escaped by plain luck—the mysterious thing that adheres to some animals as to some men. In whatever way they explained his uncanny elusiveness, everybody feared him—perhaps not consciously, very rarely openly, but there was no man throughout that region who did not feel a shiver run down his spine.

And then came the message that the hunter sent by the department of agriculture to protect the livestock industry, had killed the criminal wolf. That word ended a nine years' reign of dread, during which the stockmen around Custer had paid tribute to this wolf to the extent of \$25,000 worth of livestock. And mere money loss was not the whole of the horrible toll he took. When he killed for food he took only the choicest animals, but sometimes he killed in atrocious ways for the mere sake of killing. Often he wounded cattle, breaking their legs, biting off their tails, mutilating them in unspeakable ways.

Four years ago his mate was killed. He never took another, and many people supposed that he devoted himself to revenge for her death. Later on, he attached to himself two coyotes, not as equals, but as servants. He never permitted them to come near him, and they could feed from his kills only after he himself had finished. They traveled far out on his flanks, giving him warning of ambush or approaching danger and adding to the atmosphere of mystery that surrounded him.

All Tactics Failed.

After a bounty, reaching by stages from \$100 to \$500, failed to bring in the old criminal's scalp; after private trappers and sportsmen hunters had given up the quest; after poisons and dogs had failed—the stockmen tried a round-up. Having, as they thought located the wolf, a large number of riders started in a great circle and closed up. This, like all other devices, was unsuccessful. Some of the stockmen, in resignation, announced that they would have to board the wolf for the rest of his life. Others decided to send for a government hunter. Therefore, in March, 1920, the bureau of biological survey, United States department of agriculture, sent to Custer H. P. Williams, one of its best hunters, with instructions to stay after the wolf until he was taken, no matter how much time was required.

Williams went. He took with him a bunch of traps, but as the old wolf was known to be trap-wise, he expected to depend mainly on his rifle. As things turned out, he required both the trap and the rifle to get the wolf, when he was finally taken on October 11, 1920.

Since there is involved in this story the reputation of two geniuses—the criminal genius of the wolf and the protective genius of Williams—it may be just as well to let the account proceed in the language of the predatory-animal inspector who reported the facts to the biological survey. It was a long time coming. Like most outdoor men, he did not want to talk in heroics. Here is the story from the time Williams went to Custer until he brought down the criminal.

"When Williams first went into the country where the wolf ranged, he tried to find fresh tracks, but

without success. He asked some of the men who had lost stock just where the wolf made his headquarters in their section. They said the wolf may have had quarters anywhere within a district 40 miles wide and 65 miles long. They told him to wait there a few days and the wolf would be sure to pay him a visit. Contrary to their advice, Williams went into the hills west of Pringle and found that the wolf was staying around some old dens in Pelgar mountains.

"Williams scented up the soles of his shoes and started stringing out his traps. The wolf got on his trail that night and showed signs of great excitement at what he thought to be the presence of a possible mate in his neighborhood. He followed the scent entirely around the line and then, returning to Pelgar mountains, cleared out two old dens and made a new one which ran back into the hill for about 50 feet.

Catches Sight of Wolf

"On April 1, Williams had his first glimpse of the wolf, but was unable to get a shot at him. The coyotes were acting as bodyguards, traveling from 100 to 200 yards on the flanks of their master. They would warn him of danger by taking flight. For a while, Williams did not shoot the coyotes, hoping that he would get a chance at the wolf without having to give him warning by the shots that would be necessary to dispatch his bodyguard. Finally, realizing that there was no chance of getting at the wolf unless the coyotes were killed, Williams shot them, hoping that he then had a clear field. In this he was greatly mistaken. The wolf played hide and seek with him. After making a kill, he would go on some distance, back trail for a few rods to a point where he could keep under cover and watch the hunter on his trail. Though this is a common habit of a bear, I have never before known a wolf to do it. It was on April 26 that Mr. Williams first found the wolf was doing this. At other times the wolf took to fallen timber and so could not be tracked.

"Twice during May the wolf stepped on the jaws of traps, and on the night of July 3 he rolled into or lay down on one and had a lot of his hair pulled out. This gave him such a scare that he left the country for a while. No sign could be found of him near Custer until the night of August 1, when he made his presence known by killing several head of cattle and wounding several more. Williams found some of these cattle, took the trail of the wolf, and followed him all day on a fresh track. This led up to the mouth of a canyon, and, knowing that the wolf would be taking a sleep after his big feed, Williams tied his horse and started in. Just then two horsemen came up, riding at breakneck speed and calling to Williams that they had found a yearling steer killed by the wolf. Williams motioned them to go back, but they did not understand what he meant and he was forced to return to meet them. Thus, he lost the best chance he ever had of getting the wolf with a rifle. When he returned to the trail, he found the place where the wolf had bedded down to sleep. The noise made by the horsemen had given him the alarm and he had gone back

SAGE TEA TURNS GRAY HAIR DARK

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Lustre to Hair

That beautiful, even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turn gray or streaked, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundredfold.

Don't bother to prepare the mixture; you can get this famous old recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients at a small cost, all ready to use. It is called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair.

Everybody uses "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy and lustrous.—Adv.

down the canyon very close to the hunter and escaped.

Encounters Trap

"Early in September the wolf stepped on a trap and was caught slightly by one foot. Apparently the trap had tipped so that it caught only one side of the foot and the wolf was able to pull loose. He left some hair in the trap. This happened again in the early days of October. Williams finally got the wolf on October 11. Here is his own account of it:

"He stepped into a trap in the morning and it got a good grip on him. He ran with it about 150 yards when the hook caught on a tree, but that did not seem to stop him at all. He broke the swivel of the trap and ran on with it on his front foot. I trailed him 3 miles and got a shot at him and got him. He had been so lucky that I expected the gun would fail to shoot, but it worked O. K. He is smaller than the average male wolf, weighed 98 pounds and measured just 6 feet from tip to tip; 11 inches from toe to hock, and had a tail 14 inches long. His teeth would be good for 15 years longer. He broke some of

WOULD TEACH CRAFTS IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—Addition of industrial courses to public school work was advocated by James W. Mullen, San Francisco, editor of The Labor Clarion, in a talk here today before the California conference of social work.

"Technical and industrial educational must be supplemental to and in connection with our modern school system" he said. "Modern industrial methods, with their divisions and subdivisions and specializations have caused the old apprenticeship systems maintained by the unions to break down in many instances, thus practically doing away with the possibility of boys ever becoming all-around skilled mechanics. It is because of this fact that industrial educational work by our schools has become a very necessary thing.

"If the United States is to secure industrial supremacy or even maintain its present position in the industrial world we must in some way in our educational system acquire an equivalent to our old apprenticeship system. A very good start has been made in California and it is earnestly to be hoped that progress of this movement will not only be not arrested but that increased vigor will be put into it.

"It has been demonstrated that the young man with a high school education makes a better mechanic whether he be technically trained or not, than does the boy who leaves school in the grammar grades. He is quicker to grasp things and has a better foundation to build on.

"The child that goes to work at 14 has an earning capacity at 25 just half as great as the child who stays in school until he is 18 and the child who goes to work at 14 is twice as liable to sickness and disability as the child who stays in school four years longer."

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys if Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy free; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

SWIFT REFRIGERATOR LINE
Sweet Pure Cream Swift's Premium Oleomargarine
SWIFT REFRIGERATOR LINE
Swift's Premium Bacon

Meat — then and now

That swift and sanitary refrigerator cars carry your meat from these packing plants to every part of the country.

Dealers in towns and villages are supplied directly and regularly from these refrigerator cars.

And in cities the refrigerator car is unloaded into branch houses, chilled and sanitary, from which deliveries are made to your meat shop. And all the time the meat is kept so chilled that deterioration is prevented.

Swift & Company's plants and branches are co-ordinated, interchanging supply and supporting each other, when necessary, so that no section of the country may ever lack its daily meat.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Applications for marriage licenses in Nebraska must rest in the office of the county judge 15 days before being granted, and guardians or parents must be notified by registered letter, according to the terms of a bill submitted in the state senate.

RED PEPPER FOR RHEUMATIC PAIN

Concentrated Heat Penetrates Instantly and Brings Quickest Relief Known

Rheumatism, lumbago, neuritis, headache, stiff neck, sore muscles, strains, aching joints. When you are suffering so you can hardly get around, just try "Red Pepper Rub," and you will have the quickest relief known.

Nothing has such concentrated, penetrating heat as red peppers. Instant relief. Just as soon as you apply Red Pepper Rub you feel the tingling heat. In three minutes it warms the sore spot through and through. Frees the blood circulation, breaks up the congestion—and pain is gone.

Rowles Red Pepper Rub, made from red peppers, costs little at any drug store. Get a jar at once. Almost instant relief awaits you. Use it for colds in chest. No matter what you have used for pain or congestion, don't fail to try Red Pepper Rub.—Adv.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more dullness, headache; no yawning, snuffing, mucous discharge or dryness; no strugling for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Dain. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, and relief comes instantly.

Diamond Dye It Like New Again

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains simple directions to dye old, faded, shabby materials whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods, any new, rich, fadeless color. Buy no other dye.

REVOLT AGAINST "RED" RULE IN RUSS CAPITAL

LONDON, March 4.—Many residence and business districts of Petrograd are in flames says a Heisingford dispatch. The soviet government is sending a large number of troops from Moscow to Petrograd. The rebels are planning extending a friendly reception to the troops, in hopes of winning them over.

PARIS, March 7.—Russian bolshevik forces have been driven from Oranienbaum, 19 miles west of Petrograd, by naval units from Kronstadt, says a Viborg dispatch. Warships have gone up the Neva river and landed sailors in Petrograd.

where part of the garrison has joined the revolutionary forces.

The rest of the garrison retreated 30 miles southwest where Trotsky has headquarters.

Soviet leaders are terrified and Premier Lenine and Minister Trotsky are preparing for flight, says a Reval dispatch.

Millionaire clubmen acted as strikers on a Swedish liner bound for New York when the regular crew of firemen struck for higher wages.

Shells filled with a gallon of oil and fired at angry waves will calm a turbulent sea, according to tests made by United States life guards of Cohasset, Massachusetts. It is said that a barrage of such shells to the windward of a wrecked vessel would produce a sea sufficiently smooth to enable a lifeboat to make a safe approach.

The chief of the morale branch general staff, whose business during the war was to study soldier psychology, states that the slogan, "Let's go," is the slogan that won the war.

Hot Water Each Morning Puts Roses in Your Cheeks

To look one's best and feel one's best is to enjoy an inside bath each morning to flush from the system the previous day's waste, sour fermentations and poisonous toxins before it is absorbed into the blood. Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of combustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken each day leave in the alimentary organs a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not eliminated, form toxins and poisons which are then sucked into the blood through the very ducts which are intended to suck in only nourishment to sustain the body.

If you want to see the glow of healthy bloom in your cheeks, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, you are told to drink every morning upon arising, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless means of washing the waste material and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Girls and women with sallow skin, liver spots, pimples or pallid complexion, also those who wake up with coated tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, others who are bothered with headaches, bilious spells, acid stomach or constipation should begin this phosphate hot water drinking and are assured of very pronounced results in one or two weeks.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, purifies and freshens the skin on the outside, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the inside organs. We must always consider that internal sanitation is vastly more important than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.

Women who desire to enhance the beauty of their complexion should just try this for a week and notice results.