

The Evening Herald

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Published daily except Sunday, by
The Herald Publishing Company of
Klamath Falls, at 119 Eighth Street.

Entered at the postoffice at Klamath Falls, Ore., for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1921.

MORE MONEY AVAILABLE

A financial expert calls attention to a reassuring effect of the business slump which is not generally recognized. It is that "the release of capital and credit on such a scale as that which accompanied last year's speculative liquidation and fall in prices goes far toward placing the United States in the position which it occupied in 1915—a position in which it can perform its proper function as the central money market of the world."

It is commonly said now that "money will be easier in the spring." It is expected that interest rates will fall, and that there will be a consequent boom in building operations and in whatever new operations conditions seem to justify. This is a reasonable expectation.

Money has been tied up lately to an extent never before known. With prices high, it naturally required more money and credit to buy and carry raw materials and manufactured goods. Because of the difficulty experienced, too, in the delivery of orders during the war and after the armistice, and uncertain conditions generally, manufacturers and merchants were forced to carry larger inventories than usual. Speculation called for additional funds. Thus business absorbed an immense amount of money and credit, which is being squeezed out rapidly with the subsidence of prices and of stocks on hand.

All of the real money and a large part of the credit are released for other use, at home and abroad. There will undoubtedly be more money than the country needs for its own immediate use. And as the expert says: "That is, in the long run, the only possible solution of the problems of international exchange, European recovery and reconstruction of world finance, and the sooner the course of events makes it possible, the nearer the world at large and the United States in particular will be to the real industrial revival."

Here, surely, is a golden lining for the business cloud.

RAILWAYS AGREE UPON USE OF UNION STATION.

PORTLAND, Feb. 2.—Rail executives have reached an agreement to permit the Great Northern and the Spokane, Portland & Seattle railways to permanently use the union station here.

We deliver the goods in shoe repairing. Bradley-Evans Shoe Co. 1-5

Tenth Annual Masquerade Ball

— AT —

MALIN HALL, February 5, 1921

Ten Prizes, Valued at \$100.00 Will Be Awarded.

Four to Ladies;
Four to Gentlemen;
One to Ladies Group;
One to Gentlemen's Group.

Prizes will be awarded to best representative characters. Prizes are on display at the Kalina store.

N. B.—The Ladies' First Prize, one set of 45 pieces Hand-painted, Imported Chinaware.

Good time guaranteed to everyone.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY You Can Get At

PALACE FRUIT CO.

524 MAIN ST.

Ben Davis Apples per box	\$2.15
Mellow Newtowns	\$2.30
Celery per bunch	15c
Cauliflower per lb.	12c
Spinach per lb., 2 for	25c
Oranges per doz.	55c

DARING CLIMBER PREPARING TO SCALE EVEREST

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Mt. Everest, the Himalayan peak called "the roof of the world" which Sir Francis Younghusband, the British soldier-explorer will attempt to climb next summer, has never yet been scaled by man.

Towering above the frontiers of the hitherto forbidden land of Tibet and the remote province of Nepal, India, another land of mystery, the difficulties in even approaching Mt. Everest have been sufficient to baffle explorers.

The world's highest peak lies in Tibet north of the British Indian border, yet, so far as known, no European has ever approached nearer than 60 miles from its base and few travelers have even seen its upper slopes.

The attempts which have been made to ascend some of Mt. Everest's sister peaks of the Himalayas have usually been made through Nepal because access to them through Tibet was not open. The approach to Mt. Everest through Tibet is said to be more accessible and present greater prospects of success than from the Nepal side.

Sir Francis Younghusband announced that the Tibetan government had granted him permission to attempt the ascent of the mountain by the Tibetan route. It was Sir Francis, who as Colonel commanding a British mission to the Forbidden City of Lhasa in 1903-02 opened Tibet to civilization.

Mt. Everest named for Sir George Everest, famous British Surveyor General of India, is the highest known mountain in the world. Its trigonometrical altitude is 29,002 feet; its probable height is 29,141 feet. The next known highest of the Himalayan peaks are Kinchinjunga, 28,225 feet and K-2, or Bride peak, whose altitude is 28,191 feet.

The intrepid Duke of the Abruzzi, who reached the top of Mt. St. Elias in Alaska (18,024 feet) and who at one time held the record of "farthest north" in Arctic exploration, tried to climb K-2 or Bride Peak, in 1903 but failed because from whatever point of the compass he advanced he could find no way up to attain the summit. At 24,600 feet he and his companions were in good physical condition although progress was slow and laborious; a thick mist warned them that to go on would have been madness. This achievement of the Italian explorer, however, is the world's record for mountain climbing. Bride Peak is in the Karakoram Himalayas. Besides it and its two higher sister peaks, there are in the Himalayas no less than 75 peaks above 24,000 feet, 48 above 25,000 feet, 16 above 26,000 feet and five about 27,000 feet. Mountain climbing is one of the most ancient as well as fascinating forms of adventure. Its chief dangers are avalanches, landslides, falling rocks, blizzards, falling ice, land slides, falls from precipices or into crevasses, falls from ice slopes or down snow slopes.

Sir Francis' announcement of his intention to attempt this mountain climbing feat recalls the exploits of two American women—Mrs. Fannie B. Workman and Miss Annie S. Peck, and their conquest of some of the highest peaks in Asia and South America.

Mrs. Workman in 1899, 1903, 1906 and 1908 made ascents in the Himalayas, including one of the Nun Kun peaks whose summit is 23,300 feet high, or more than half a mile above the apex of that forbidding sentinel of the Alaskan sierras, Mt. McKinley. Miss Peck in 1908 negotiated the top of Mt. Huascarán in the Peruvian Andes, a height of 21,812 feet and three years later she climbed the two peaks of the volcano Coropuna.

Some of the notable mountain climbing peaks of history and the year in which the peaks of the various mountains were attained follow:

1744—the Titlis, the first true

snow-mountain; 1786.—Mt. Blanc's summit reached for first time; 1811—the Jungfrau; 1812—the Finsteraarhorn; 1813—the Zermatt Breithorn; 1820—Pike's Peak; 1834—the Wetterhorn; 1855—the Monte Rosa; 1866—the Matterhorn; 1879—Chimborazo; 1883—the Cordillera; 1888—the Selkirks; 1897—Aconcagua; 1898—the Bolivian Andes; 1899—Sikkim in the Himalayas; 1909—Mt. Ruwenzori. There have been no pre-eminent achievements by explorers since the last named date.

New Beauty Parlor To Open Thursday

Mrs. Beatrice Harrington and her sister, Miss Christina Davison, who formerly conducted the Parisian millinery store and are well-known to the majority of Klamath Falls people, will open beauty parlors in the White Pelican hotel Thursday, February 4, in the room formerly occupied by the barber shop. They will do hair dressing and give scalp and facial massage, do manicuring and render all the service given by establishments of the sort.

CLUB CAFE INSTALLING ITS OWN ICE PLANT

The Club cafe, at 125 Sixth street, is installing a \$2500 ice machine, a product of the John Mandville company, and expects to have in operation before the first of March. This machine will be installed on the top of the big ice box, and while making ice will also keep the refrigerator down to the required degree of fridity. This machine will be able to freeze a half ton of ice a day.

We repair your shoes and make them look like new. They will feel better than when new.
1-5 Bradley-Evans Shoe Co.



Baked Beans for Lunch!
—baked to just the right "turn"

You'll like the way they're served

DOUGHNUT SHOP

Take Home a Dozen Doughnuts 30¢

HOT WATER FOR SICK HEADACHES

Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it before breakfast.

Headaches are caused by auto-intoxication—which means self-poisoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood excite the heart which pumps the blood so fast that it congests the smaller arteries and veins of the head, producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilid, aspirin or the bromides, which temporarily relieve but do not rid the blood of these irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drunk before breakfast will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headache, but will cleanse, purify and freshen the alimentary canal.

Ask your pharmacist for a quarter pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar.

If you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with bad taste, foul breath or have colds, indigestion, biliousness, constipation or sour, acid stomach, begin the phosphated hot water cure to rid your system of toxins and poisons.

TOURISTS RUSH TO FLORIDA

TAMPA, Fla., Feb. 2.—Florida this winter is entertaining more automobile tourists than ever before. They come from all sections of the country, principally from the northern states to escape the cold weather. Hotels, boarding houses and cottages are taxed to their utmost capacity by regular tourists and the automobilists. Thousands of tents have been put up in practically every county of the state and some places have established tent cities with every convenience for automobile tourists. It has been estimated that more than 200,000 people will occupy tents in Florida this winter.

So enthusiastic over the automobile method of touring about Florida are some of the Northern visitors that they have organized an association known as the Loyal Order of Tin Can Tourists of the world. Their annual convention recently held here was attended by about 2,000 people from all over the United States and from Canada. They elected as their officers: Exalted Royal Chief tin can opener of the world, James M. Morrison of Chicago, Ill., and El Paso, Texas; royal chief, etc., G. M. Tremains of Fredonia, N. Y.; vice royal chief, etc., "Grandpa" Hawkins of Noblesville, Ind.; royal secretary, Mrs. W. H. Huselman, Butler, Ind.; royal treasurer, Mrs. J. L. Trusdell, Minneapolis, Minn.; assistant secretary, Mrs. Verne Lenon, Marion, Ind.; sergeants, William S. Yuch, Coloma, Mich., and Charles T. Fales, the "mayor of Easy street", of Syracuse, N. Y. Gainesville, Fla., was selected for the 1921 convention city.

One of the most interesting speeches of the convention was that of Owakeja, a Mohawk Indian chief, who with his squaw had driven their automobile from Canada to Florida to spend the winter and who is a member of the order.

The Kallispel, Mont., chamber of commerce invited the "tin canners" to hold their mid-summer meet in that city.

We are there when it comes to shoe repairing. Try us and be convinced. Bradley-Evans Shoe Co. 1-5

NEW AQUARIUM OPEN, FLORIDA

MIAMI, Fla., Feb. 2.—With the Gulf stream passing its door, Miami's new aquarium and biological laboratory containing 2,500 specimens of fish has just been opened for gathering scientific and economic data relating to fisheries and at the same time serve as an educational asset.

Fifty glass front tanks each with a visible area of four feet by six feet, and a number of larger display tanks comprises the equipment. The smaller containers are arranged along corridors in the general form of a maltese cross, with a rotunda in the center. One of the display tanks is 36 feet long, 15 feet wide and 10 feet deep, probably the largest of its kind in the world.

Located on Miami Beach within a few hundred yards of the outlet of Biscayne Bay, the tanks are easily kept supplied with fresh sea water. Scientists and students will be afforded facilities to study marine life under the most favorable conditions. Three power cruisers equipped with special live wells for keeping fish comprise the fleet of the aquarium for collecting specimens and carrying on research work. The waters of Florida and the Bahama Islands lying from 40 to 150 miles off the Florida coast team with unusual fish and strange marine fauna. These waters will be explored thoroughly.

The aquarium was established by an association of which James A. Allison is President, Carl G. Fisher, vice-president, and John Oliver La Gorce, secretary and treasurer. The advisory committee is composed of Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone; Gilbert Grosvenor, president of the National Geographic Society; Dr. Charles D. Walcott, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution; Dr. Charles H. Townsend, director of the New York Aquarium; Henry Fairfield Osborn, president of the New York Zoological Society; Dr. Barton W. Evermann, president of the California Museum of Science; Thomas R. Shipp, Dr. David Fairchild, agricultural explorer; Dr. Carl H. Eigenmann, of Indiana University; Dr. E. Lester Jones, director of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, and other well known scientists.

How To Treat a Cold

You have another cold. You have often asked yourself the question, "What shall I take?" You have frequently bought something that did not give you the anticipated results. You may have taken a preparation that relieved the cold but left you with a headache or a deranged stomach or other undesirable conditions, to such an extent that you felt the remedy was worse than the disease.

Now, however, you have the right preparation for the relief of a cold. It is Rexall Laxative Aspirin (U. D. Co.) Cold Tablets. At the first sign of a cold take a few of these tablets according to directions—they will relieve you without any ill effects. Being slightly laxative these tablets enable the liver to perform its regular function and the Aspirin (U. D. Co.) will relieve instead of cause a headache.

If a cold is not treated when the first symptoms show themselves, it will frequently develop into more serious complications.

Get of us a box of these Cold Tablets today. Take them according to directions the moment the first symptoms appear and you will obtain real relief.

We guarantee them.

Star Drug Co.

The Rexall Store
Klamath Falls, Oregon.

BABY GIRL ARRIVES

A nine and one-half pound daughter arrived yesterday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fisher on Michigan avenue. Dr. A. A. Soule, the attending physician, reports all concerned are doing well.

"Serves You Right"

The Club Cafe

That popular place on Sixth street, Just off Main

"Serves You Right"

SPECIAL Ford Accessory Sale

Better take advantage of this sale as we must put this stock into cash at once. Price is no object. Some of these items are offered at less than cost.

MAYO PUMPS	
\$3.00, Now.....	\$2.10
WIND SHIELD CLEANERS	
\$1.75, Now	\$1.00
BLOWOUT CHAINS	
\$1.00, Now	50c
AMSCO TIMERS	
\$2.00, Now	\$1.00
SHALER VULCANIZERS	
\$1.60, Now	\$1.00
KLAXON HORN	
\$6.00, Now	\$4.40
YALE SWITCH LOCK	
\$3.50, Now	\$2.00
JOHNSON CARBON REMOVER	
\$2.25 qt. Now,	\$1.00
RIE NIC SHELLAC	
\$1.00, Now	70c
C & M AXLE SHIMS	
45c, Now	25c
H. & D. SHOCKS	
\$12.00, Now	\$7.25
STER ROD ANTI RATTLES	
50c Now,	25c
FORDID BRAKE LINING	
\$3.00 Set, Now	\$1.75
FOOT ACCELERATORS	
\$3.00, Now	\$2.10

DANNER-PATTY MOTOR CO.

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