

K. K. K. Store Weekly Specials

It will pay you to watch and take advantage of K. K. K.

Stores Weekly Specials

One-Fourth Off on all Overcoats this Week. Now is the Time you need one. See ours before you buy yours

LEADING CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS

K. K. K. Store

In Our New Location

POWER CONCERN WILL ENLARGE PROSPECT PLANT

Paul B. McKee, general manager, and P. O. Crawford, engineer, of the California-Oregon Power company, arrived in the city Saturday evening, having made the trip by automobiles over the Crater Lake summit from the company's Prospect plant in Jackson county. They left this morning for San Francisco.

Their visit had no local significance, except that it is understood they inspected the Prospect plant with a view to increasing the power development from Rogus River water to about five times the present utilization. The present plant has a generating capacity of 4700 kilowatts. The company plans to in-

crease the capacity to 20,000 kilowatts.

There is ample water under control of the company to allow for this expansion, and leave room for still greater development in years to come.

At the local office it was hinted, in connection with the officials' visit, that the company was becoming tired of the waiting policy that it is being forced to pursue in regard to the use of Upper Klamath lake water and would generate more power at Prospect and let the development of the Copco plant rest until local questions are settled—in other words would lay off the Link River dam project entirely and let the government handle it as it sees fit.

The proposed development at Prospect, 20,000 kilowatts, would be double the capacity of the Copco project.

Messrs. McKee and Crawford had a hard trip over the summit, where two feet of snow lay on the ground Saturday. They were often forced to walk and break a road for the machine.

6169 VOTERS IN THE COUNTY

Registration for the county for the coming election is 6,169, according to figures compiled by County Clerk De Lap. Of this total 3,309 voters are registered in Klamath Falls.

The clerk states that it is not required that a segregation be made according to party affiliations, for the general election, and consequently it is not possible to determine exactly the different party vote.

However, as the registration for the general election is about the same as the May primary figures are probably still an accurate index. At the close of the primary registration there were approximately 4800 republicans and 2200 democrats registered.

since the civil war. A comparison of teachers' salaries and the cost of the necessities of life each year for the past 80 years makes it clear that in the past two years the purchasing power of the teachers' salary has been less than at any time since the Civil War. The report maintains that the only way to retain efficient teachers in service and at the same time attract able men and women to teaching is to bring salaries to a level corresponding to the level of the wages in the other occupations, and the level of the cost of living. This is taken to mean bringing salaries to a point just double the pre-war figures.

Estimating the probable levels of school expenditures during the coming few years, the conclusion is drawn by Dr. Burgess that to buy the same amount of educational service in 1920 and 1921 as in 1915 it will be necessary to double the school budget. In the light of price

and wage fluctuations in the past and particularly at the time of the Civil War, it is predicted that no large decreases in prices and wages are to be anticipated immediately, but that expenditures on the enlarged scale will be necessary for a number of years.

Considering ways and means to meet the desired increase in school expenses, Dr. Burgess says he believes the tax rate on property and particularly on land can be further increased without disaster. The wide range of tax rates in different large cities is cited to indicate that there is no economic limit which has been reached in many large cities.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the County Clerk of Klamath County, Oregon, until 3 o'clock p. m., October 25, 1920, for the construction of a steel bridge at Olene, Oregon.

Length of spans 75 ft.; roadway 16 ft. wide. Live load capacity, 1600 lbs. per lineal foot. Dead load capacity, 600 lbs. per lineal foot. Steel joints 4 lines, 7 inch by 15 inch, 1's.

The contractor is to furnish all the steel for the superstructure, also the necessary graphite paint for one field coat. All of the steel shall be painted before being shipped.

The County will haul all the materials furnished by the contractor from the railroad at Olene station to the bridge site at Olene. The County will construct all abutments and furnish all the lumber for the floor and railing and the necessary hardware for the placing the same, all at the bridge site at Olene.

Bridge to be finished on or before January 15, 1921. Five per cent of the amount of bid to accompany. County reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

For particulars address C. H. De Lap, County Clerk, Klamath Falls, Oregon.

O. 4-9-12-16-20-23
A Night Want Ad will cost it.

BUDGETS FOR SCHOOLS HALF NEEDED SIZE

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—School budgets in American cities should be twice as large as before the war according to an analysis of public schools statistics given out by the Russell Sage Foundation. The report maintains that teachers' salaries should now be double the pre-war figures in order to obtain the same quality of educational service. The cost of school buildings is declared to have trebled in the last five years.

These findings are made public in a volume entitled "Trends of School Costs." The author is Dr. W. Randolph Burgess, assistant director of the department of education of the Russell Sage Foundation. The study is an application to the field of education of the method of the index number. The volume is a companion to "The Index Number for State School Systems" by Dr. Leonard P. Ayres, which made a comparison of the efficiency of the school systems of different states.

Dr. Burgess compares the salaries paid to teachers with those paid to laborers and artisans for 80 years and finds that the wages paid to young women teachers in country school have increased from \$2.50 a week in 1841 to \$17.50 now, an increase of 600 per cent. Salaries of women teachers in cities show a similar increase from about \$4.50 per week to \$33.50 per week. Men teachers received much smaller relative increases.

Up to 1915 teachers received percentage increase in salary nearly twice as great as artisans and laborers. Dr. Burgess finds; but in spite of the increases the average pay of teachers has never risen as high as wages paid to such artisans as blacksmiths, carpenters and painters.

"During the five years since 1915 the salaries of teachers have increased on the average of 45 per cent as compared with a hundred per cent increase in the wages of laborers and artisans," says a summary of the report. "This lag in teachers' salaries behind the general rise in prices has wiped out all the gain that was made

The Farmer's Cow

Shorthorns that combine beef and milk.

Cows that are descended from high class milking Shorthorn families.

For Sale at Public Auction

Craigielra Farm

Carlton, Oregon

Monday, October 25, 1920

Turner & Brown will sell 50 lots of registered young breeding Shorthorn cows and heifers.

Cows with calves at foot or due to calve this fall.

Plan to attend this sale.

Send for catalogue and study the pedigrees.

FRANK BROWN
CARLTON, OREGON



HALLOWE'EN NOVELTIES

MASKS
CANDY CUPS
LANTERNS
POST CARDS
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Klamath Variety Shop

5-10-15 and 25c STORE