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## LEADING CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS

### HARDING GLAD AMERICANS ARE A FREE PEOPLE

In Speech to Indiana Delegation Republican Nominee Declares for Security of Home

### EUROPE HAS EVEN NOW QUIT WILSON'S LEAGUE

Yet Democratic Party Leaders Would Have Us Bound by Original Pact with No American Safeguards.

#### "STEADY AMERICA!"

"Mindful of our splendid example and renewing every obligation of association in war, I want America to be the rock of security at home, resolute in righteousness and unalterable in security and supremacy of the law."

"Let us be done with wiggling and wobbling."

"Steady America! Let us assure good fortune to all."—Senator Warren G. Harding in address before the Indiana delegation at Marion.

Marion, Ohio (Special)—Senator Warren G. Harding, Republican nominee for President, in a speech delivered to a delegation from Indiana which called on him here to pledge the support of Indiana Republicans, declared that twice President Wilson had an opportunity to obtain ratification of the League of Nations covenant, and that he put ratification aside because he would not accept reservations designed solely to safeguard American rights. Senator Harding said:

"I greet you in a spirit of rejoicing; not a rejoicing in the narrow personal or partisan sense, not in the gratifying prospects of party triumph; not in the contemplation of abundance in the harvest fields and ripening corn fields and maturing orchards; not in the reassuring approach of stability after a period of wiggling and wobbling which magnified our uncertainty—though all of these are ample for our wide rejoicing—but I rejoice that America is still free and independent and in a position of self reliance and holds to the right of self determination, which are priceless possessions in the present turbulence of the world."

"Let us suppose the Senate had ratified the peace treaty containing the League covenant as submitted to it by the President in July of last year, what would be the situation confronting our common country today? To my mind there is but one answer. Before this day we would have been called upon to fulfill the obligations which we had assumed under Article 10 of the League covenant to preserve the territorial integrity of Poland as against external aggression."

"I shall not now attempt to measure the boundless sympathy for the just aspirations and restored independence of Poland. Our present concern is the international situation which Poland has brought to our attention."

"The council of the League of Nations would have reasoned, and reasoned correctly, that the United States could furnish the munitions and, if necessary, the men to withstand the hordes advancing from Russia far more easily than could the exhausted nations of Europe. Moreover, inasmuch as this would be the first test of the scheme of world government which was formulated and demanded by the President, speaking for the United States, the fact of a special responsibility, resting upon our shoulders, manifestly would have been undeniable. Undoubtedly the League Council, in advising upon the means by which the obligations to Poland should be fulfilled, as provided in the covenant, would have so held, and probably the conscience of America, certainly the opinion of the world, would have sustained that judgment."

"The conclusion that our country might now be confronted by such a situation, if the Senate had ratified the League covenant, requires no stretch of the imagination. None can deny that it is possible. To many candid minds, as to my own, such a distressing situation will seem highly probable. Let us assume that the ratification had taken place. Let us assume, further, that the performance of the allotted task required the waging of war upon the Russian people, as, of course, it would, what would result; what would of necessity have to result? Nothing necessarily, we are glibly informed, since only the Congress can declare war, and the Congress might reject the appeal of the executive, but would the Congress do that? Could the Congress do that without staining indelibly the honor of the nation?"

"I answer 'No,' and I say it not of my own authority alone. Back of my judgment stands the President of the United States. Upon that point there is first hand information. In the course of the discussion which took place at the meeting of the President and the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations I raised the question by stating a hypothetical case precisely analogous to that which I have depicted, and then inquired whether we might not rightfully be regarded as a perfidious people if we should fail to contribute an armed force if called upon to do so. The President first replied, as I thought, somewhat evasively, that we would be our own judges as to whether we were obliged in those circumstances to act in that way or not. Proceeding, however, in response to a query incorporating the assumption that the case provided for and prescribed had arisen, and that the extraneous attack did exist precisely as it does exist today in Poland, the President admitted specifically that we would be untrue if we did not keep our word."

"Replying further to a question which perhaps I ought not to have considered necessary, the President pronounced a moral obligation of course, superior to a legal obligation, and of a greater binding force."

"What then becomes of the argument that Congress, not the President, in this instance at any rate, might 'keep us out of war'? Technically, of course, it could do so. Morally, with equal certainty, it could not do so, nor would it ever do so. The American people would never permit a repudiation of a debt of honor."

"Am I not right, my countrymen, in saying that we needed only the outbreak of war between Poland and Russia to make us realize at least one of the things which, in the words of Secretary Lansing, we would have been 'let in for,' but for the restraining hand of the Senate, and to fetch home to us the danger of committing our country in advance to causes that we know not of?"

"One can have no quarrel with those who have convinced themselves that our underlying purpose in entering the great conflict was to create a League of Nations. The fact remains, however, that no such intent was officially proclaimed, no allusion, nor even a suggestion to that effect appeared in the joint resolution of Congress, which declared the existence of a state of war between this country and Germany. For myself I left no room for doubt of the motives which led me to cast my vote in favor of that resolution. It so happened that I made the concluding speech upon the war resolution, from my place in the Senate, on the night of April 4, 1917. These were my own words at that time: 'I want it known to the people of my state and to the nation that I am voting for war tonight for the maintenance of just American rights, which is the first essential to the preservation of the soul of this republic. I vote for this joint resolution to make war, not a war thrust upon us, if I could choose the language of the resolution, but a war declared in response to affronts, a war that will at least put a soul into our American life, a war not for the cause of the allies of Europe, a war not for France, beautiful as the sentiment may be in reviving at least our gratitude to the French people; not precisely a war for civilization, worthy and inspiring as that would be, but a war that speaks for the majesty of the people properly governed, who finally are brought to the crucial test where they are resolved to get together and wage a conflict for the maintenance of their rights and the preservation of their covenant inherited from their fathers.'"

"We have given to the world the spectacle of a great nation that could make war without selfish intent. We unsheathed the sword some eighteen years ago for the first time in the history of the world, in the name of humanity, and we gave proof to the world at that time of an unselfish nation. Now, whether it is the fate, or fortune, or travail of destiny, it has come to us to unsheath the sword again, not alone for humanity's sake—though that splendid inspiration will be involved—but to unsheath the sword against a great power in the maintenance of the rights of the republic, in the maintenance which will give to us a new guaranty of nationality. That's the great thing, and I want it known, Mr. President, and senators, that this is the impelling thought for me, for one, in casting my vote."

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(To be continued)

In the Philippines a woman does not drive a horse or automobile, or ride of bicycle.

In Albania the women are treated with the utmost consideration. To such an extent, indeed, is the respect for women carried out by the Albanians that it is contrary to their sense of propriety ever to make women the subject of jokes or humorous stories.

### DORRIS FANS WITNESS FAST BOXING BOUTS

Kid Eaton of Klamath Falls lost the decision to Carlo Gianotti of Dorris at Dorris Saturday night in a fast battle. Eaton put up an aggressive battle but lost on points. A number of local fans witnessed the engagement. There were 20 rounds of boxing in all. A feature was a three-round exhibition bout in which Jack Johnson of this city and Wild Bill Reed swapped lively wallops. Gianotti was trained for the contest by Reed, and showed that he is

a fast student. He is expected to make a debut in the local arena soon.

King Faisal of Syria, concerning whom much has appeared in the public press of late, is a lineal descendant of Mohammed, yet his government has decreed that women shall be eligible to all public offices.

The first general election in which the women of Norway had a part resulted in the adoption of measures restricting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors to light wines and beer.

STEAKS CHOPS

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# Store Will Be Closed Wednesday

Sept. 22nd

## On Account of Jewish Holiday

# K. SUGARMAN

"I Ain't Mad at Nobody"