

The coolest and best ventilated theater in Klamath Falls

MONDALE THEATRE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

The Robertson-Cole star, Sessue Hayakawa, in the greatest picture of its kind ever made

"THE TONG MAN"

Every scene taken in heart of San Francisco's Chinatown

And Tom Mix, King of the Plains, in

"A MOVING PICTURE COWBOY"

Real Action

Two Shows, 7:15 and 9 o'clock

COMING SUNDAY—D. W. GRIFFITH'S

"MOTHER AND THE LAW"

THIS IS THE MOST RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF THE POPE, TAKEN AT THE VATICAN



ANNAPOLIS FOUNDED IN 1604

Nova Scotia Earliest Colonized Land in North America, With Exception of St. Augustine.

Nova Scotia may lay claim to being the earliest colonized land in North America, with the exception of St. Augustine, Fla., where the Spanish establishment was made as early as 1565. Port Royal, now the little town of Annapolis, was founded in 1604, three years before the English settled at Jamestown. The brave French pioneers found it necessary to suspend their colony for three years, but the settlement was re-established in 1610 by a group of Acadians.

The Acadians were in almost constant conflict with the English. The colony fell into the hands of the English twice, and was each time returned to the French before the English finally captured it in 1710. The Acadians remained steadfast in their hopes that French rule would some day return, but their hope was destined never to be realized. They, however, persisted in maintaining their identity even against the English insistence that they abandon their allegiance to their mother country.

The descendants of the Acadians, numbering 300,000, are to be found in Maryland, Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Louisiana. When the Acadians were expelled from the Basin of Monks, Grand Pre, when they refused to take the oath of fealty to the English sovereign in 1755, many of them escaped to the wilderness and later drifted back to their former homes only to find them occupied by new settlers from New England states.

Letters From The People

LABOR OFFICIAL GIVES VIEWS ON GAMBLING

Klamath Falls, Ore., July 20, 1920.

To the Editor of the "Herald":

Dear Sir:

In view of the proceedings of the city council on Monday evening, the following facts may be enlightening:

First, the exact wording of a resolution adopted unanimously by the Central Labor council, at its meeting:

Resolved: That the Klamath Falls Central Labor council places itself on record as being in favor of the suppression of gambling, and be it further

Resolved: That this Central Labor council is opposed to the removal of chairs or seats from public places, as a means to prevent gambling in such public places.

The writer, as secretary, was delegated to lay before the city council the resolution adopted by the labor council. This was done. Subsequently, the writer was granted the privilege of addressing the city council, and, in the course of a short address, pleaded for the retention of chairs and other seating accommodations in public places. This was in line with the resolution adopted by the labor council. The fallacy of attempting to prevent gambling by the removal of furniture was pointed out.

Now in reference to percentage and rake-off gambling: It is my personal opinion—and the opinion of practically every working man with whom I come in contact—that a professional, tin-horn gambler, steerer or capper, is the absolutely lowest form of human life; a leech, parasite, and non-producer, and a detriment to any community that tolerates his presence.

This is illustrated forcibly by our own experience. I know that the word has been passed along the line to Reno and similar centers, that this is a "live, wide-open" town. This has had the effect of attracting an undesirable element into our community. It is indeed strange to me, that the merchants complaining of the falling off in business have failed to connect this condition with the wide-open gambling that has prevailed for the past two months or so. This is the "peak" of the season in the lumber industry; the time when purchasing should be brisk. But, due to the withdrawal from circulation by the gamblers of a large amount of money, less clothing, furnishings, watches and other similar articles of apparel and adornment are being purchased by the working men, and this simply because a man can't spend in a store, money that gamblers have taken from him.

This is one factor of the situation that the business man should not lose sight of, irrespective of his feelings on other matters not now under discussion. There never was a greater fallacy than the oft-repeated claim that a "wide-open town" is good for business.

In closing, I will state that the most significant fact in connection with the whole matter is that, on Tuesday, the 20th, gambling ceased in this city, so far as public places were concerned; this proves conclusively that gambling can be suppressed, without wreaking vicarious vengeance upon chairs, tables and other inanimate accessories of furniture.

Whether this cessation of gambling is permanent or only temporary, depends upon the public conscience, which is being awakened to the evil in our midst.

Thanking you for the privilege accorded me, in placing my personal views upon record, I remain,

Very Sincerely,

W. F. KAY.

Johnson Mowers are the hay harvesters best friends. We sell them. Howie Garage, Main street. 17-1f

By buying fruit jar rubbers through the farm bureau exchange Jackson county women are saving 6 1/2 cents a dozen this year. Already 157 gross have been delivered, and 30 gross in addition ordered.

BOOKKEEPER

High grade bookkeeper seeks position. Can systematize or audit books in modern manner.

ARTHUR M. FLYNN

c/o Elk's Club

NOTICE OF HEARING OF PETITION FOR FORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Klamath. Notice is hereby given that hearing on the following petition will be held at the Court House in the City of Klamath Falls, County of Klamath, State of Oregon, on the 6th day of September, 1920, for the purpose of determining whether the prayer of said petition shall be granted.

All persons owning or claiming an interest in lands described in said petition are hereby notified to appear at said place on said date and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer in said petition shall not be granted.

C. R. DELAP,
County Clerk.

By GARRETT K. VAN RIPER,
Deputy.

PETITION

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Klamath. In the Matter of the Organization of the Wocus Drainage District.

To the Honorable County Court of Klamath County, Oregon:

The undersigned, your petitioners, respectfully petition and show:

I. That they desire to organize and form a drainage district to be known as the Wocus Drainage District under and in accordance with Chapter 346 of the General Laws of the State of Oregon for 1915 (page 549) filed in the office of the Secretary of State February 26, 1915, as amended by Chapter 414 of General Laws of the State of Oregon for 1917, as amended by chapters 184, 142, 29, 350 General Laws of the State of Oregon for 1919.

II. The description of all lands included therein are as follows:

In Township 38 South of Range 8 East W. M.

Section 7; Lots 3, 14, 9 and 8, and the South half of the Southeast quarter, and lots 1, 2, 10 and 5.

Section 8; Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10.

Section 9; Lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and South half of the Southeast quarter;

Section 10; South half of the Southeast quarter.

Section 15; Northwest quarter, and Lots 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11.

Section 16; all of Section.

Section 17; North half, Southeast quarter, East half of Southwest quarter, Northwest quarter of the Southwest quarter, Lot 2, and Northwest quarter.

Section 18; North half of Northwest quarter, Southeast quarter of Northwest quarter, Northeast quarter of Southeast quarter, and Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8.

Section 20; Northeast quarter, Northeast quarter of Northwest quarter, North half of Southeast quarter, and Lots 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

Section 21; all of Section.

Section 22; West half, Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and 2 and Southwest quarter of Northeast quarter.

Also that part of Lot 1 of Section 22, and that part of Lots 2 and 5 of Section 15 which lies west of the following line, to-wit: Beginning at the Northeast corner of Lot 3 of said section 22, thence North 1435 feet to the center of the "Neck" thence North 38 degrees 51 minutes West 4145 feet following "Neck" to intersection with north and south center line of Section 15.

Section 23; Southwest quarter of Southwest quarter.

Section 25; All fractional Section 25 except Lots 1 and 4.

Section 26; West half, Southeast quarter, West half of Northeast quarter, Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter.

Section 27; All Section.

Section 28; Northeast quarter, Northeast quarter of Northwest quarter, Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.

Section 29; Lot 8.

Section 34; North half of Northeast quarter, Southwest quarter of Northeast quarter, East half of Southeast quarter, Northwest quarter.

Section 35; West half of Northeast quarter; Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter; East half of Northwest quarter; South half of Southwest quarter, and Southeast quarter.

Section 36; North half of Northeast quarter, and West half.

In Township 39 South of Range 8 East W. M.

Section 2; North half of Northeast

quarter, and Southwest quarter of northeast quarter.

All of the above described lands constitute a contiguous body of swamp; wet and overflowed lands now in process of reclamation.

III. The total acreage included in said lands and to be included in the district aforesaid is 5,000 acres all in Klamath County, Oregon.

IV. The names of the owners of the above described land to be included in said district, as shown by the records of the county, and the acreage owned by each of such owners respectively are as follows:

(a) Geary Investment Company (a corporation) is the owner of one-half of the acreage described above as included in the proposed district.

(b) Robert H. Ellis is the owner of one-fourth of the acreage described above as included in the proposed district.

(c) J. C. Elliott King is the owner of one-fourth of the acreage described above as included in the proposed district.

V. Said district is to be organized for the construction, operation and maintenance of a drainage and irrigation system and the reclamation of said lands and protection thereof from the overflow of the Upper Klamath Lake and the natural drainage from the surrounding hills upon said land, and the proposed reclamation and protection aforesaid is for agricultural purposes and will be conducive to the public welfare and will be of public benefit.

VI. All the lands above described and to be included in said proposed district are and should be properly included therein, and will be beneficially affected by the operation of the proposed district.

VII. The benefits of such proposed reclamation and protection will exceed the cost incurred and any damage that may be done, and the best interests of the land aforesaid to be included in the district and of the owners of such land as a whole, and of the public at large, will be promoted by the formation and proposed operations of such district.

VIII. The formation of a drainage district under the provisions of the act aforesaid is a proper and advantageous method of accomplishing the reclamation and protection of the lands aforesaid to be included therein.

IX. The proposed plan of reclamation and protection is to provide where necessary, proper and suitable dikes to prevent the overflow of waters of Upper Klamath Lake, and to drain the lands by ditches or otherwise, supplementing said works by pumping plants or other methods affording drainage; to provide by canals, intakes and headgates and pumps, a more systematic, economical and efficient means of irrigation; and to provide protection as may be best suited to accomplish the purpose. Said lands in general are partially reclaimed swamp and overflow lands. Said lands are now protected from overflow by dikes, and an improved system of drainage and irrigation is in process of construction, and the proposed plan will include such additional dikes, drainage and irrigation canals and works as will be deemed necessary.

X. All of the undersigned petitioners have agreed, and do hereby agree, that they will pay any and all expenses incurred and any tax or taxes that may be levied against their lands respectively, for the purpose of paying the expense of organizing or attempting to organize the proposed district.

WHEREFORE your petitioners pray that the lands herein described, or such part of them as may be found by the court to be properly included in the proposed district aforesaid, either permanently or until further investigation and surveys may permit elimination shall be declared organized into a drainage district, and that such and other and further proceedings be had as may be necessary and proper.

GEARY INVESTMENT COMPANY,
By AGNES M. GEARY,
President.

ROBERT H. ELLIS,
J. C. ELLIOTT KING,
State of Oregon,

County of Multnomah, ss. I, J. C. Elliott King, being first duly sworn, say that I am one of the petitioners in the above petition; that I have read the said petition, am familiar with the contents thereof and believe the allegations thereof to be true.

J. C. ELLIOTT KING,
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of June, 1920.

ARTHUR M. GEARY,
Notary Public for Oregon.
(Notarial Seal)
My commission expires April 22, 1924.

July 8-15-22-29-5

SUMMONS FOR PUBLICATION No. 1185 Equity

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Klamath County.

Fred L. Houston, Plaintiff, vs. Daniel L. Gordon and Nellie Gordon, husband and wife, C. N. Gordon and Lucy I. Gordon, husband and wife, Rebecca Jane Gordon-Pratt, widow, Laura Sherman-Hess, and A. H. Hess, wife and husband, Bykes Hamaker and Ethel Hamaker, husband and wife, George Sherman and Sherman, husband and wife, Leonard Sherman, and Fannie Sherman, husband and wife, heirs at law of Sarah A. Gordon, deceased; and the Unknown Heirs at Law of Sarah A. Gordon, deceased, Defendants.

In the name of the State of Oregon: To Daniel L. Gordon, Nellie Gordon, C. N. Gordon, Lucy I. Gordon, Rebecca Jane Gordon-Pratt, Laura Sherman-Hess, A. H. Hess, George Sherman and Sherman, his wife, Leonard Sherman, and Fannie Sherman; and to the unknown heirs at law of Sarah A. Gordon, deceased; You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before July 26, 1920, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order for publication of this summons. And if you fail so to answer or appear, or want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in his complaint on file herein, to-wit:

First, That the defendants and each and all of them be required to set forth the nature of their respective claims to the hereinbefore described property and each and all of their said claims, if any they have, and that all adverse claims of the defendants, and each of them, be determined by a decree of this Court.

Second, That by a decree of this

Court it be adjudged and determined that the defendants and each and all of them have no right, title, interest, or estate in and to the said premises or any part or parcel of said premises adverse to the title of plaintiff herein, and that the plaintiff be decreed to have a good and valid title in and to said described real property, to-wit:

Lot Five (5) in Block Thirty-nine (39) of the City of Klamath Falls (formerly Linkville), Klamath County, State of Oregon, according to the duly recorded plat thereof;

and that plaintiff have good and valid title in and to said premises as against the said named and unnamed defendants and each and all of them.

Third, That by a decree of this Court it be adjudged and determined that the defendants and each and all of them be forever enjoined and barred from in any manner asserting any claim or claims whatsoever in or to the said premises hereinabove described, or in or to any part or portion thereof, adverse to the plaintiff; and for such other and further relief as to this Court may seem meet and equitable, and for his costs and disbursements herein.

This summons is served by publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed, published and of general circulation in Klamath County, Oregon, by order of Honorable D. V. Kuykendall, Judge of the above entitled court, made and filed June 11th, 1920, which said order requires that this summons be published at least once a week for six consecutive weeks, beginning on the 12th day of June, 1920.

C. F. STONE and W. A. Wiest,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
June 12-19-26-3-10-17-24

Overhauled cars, splendid shape. A good line. You can't beat them. Howie Garage, Main street. 17-1f

A scientist has made the discovery that both X-rays and radium will change the color and add to the lustre of precious stones.

Electric Percolators and Urns at The Electrical Shop, 123 S. 6th St. 19-26

We have a good line of used cars. Let us show them to you. Howie Garage, Main street. 17-1f

WHAT PRESIDENT WILSON'S MEXICAN POLICY HAS COST THE UNITED STATES

From the report of the U. S. Senate Committee, which has been investigating the situation.

Civilians killed in Mexico.....	391
United States soldiers killed in Mexico.....	64
Total.....	455
American civilians killed along border in U. S.....	58
United States soldiers killed along border in U. S.....	68
Total.....	126
American civilians outraged or wounded in Mexico.....	32
United States soldiers outraged or wounded in Mexico.....	29
Total.....	61
American civilians wounded on border in U. S.....	80
U. S. soldiers wounded on border in United States.....	47
Total.....	127
Total killed, wounded and outraged.....	785

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LOSSES—AMERICAN

Deaths.....	\$ 14,675,000
Personal injuries.....	3,846,301
Property, individual.....	50,481,133
Railroad, American (estimated).....	112,000,000
Mining (estimated).....	135,000,000
Oil; stock ranches, coffee, sugar and other plantations; factories, banks, city residences; power plants, irrigation systems, etc.....	200,000,000
Total.....	\$395,992,434

DEEP RESPECT FOR SABBATH

Writer's Recollection of How Day Used to Be Observed When He Was a Small Boy.

My mother was born and reared in a little country village in western New York. On the farm where my grandmother lived, it was the custom to begin Sunday on Saturday night at sundown. The "hired man" came in from the chores, grandmother put away all her work in the kitchen, and then the entire family gathered in the best room and studied the Sunday school lesson, or had a reading from the Bible, led by grandfather, and all the family retired not later than nine o'clock.

In the morning after doing none but the absolutely necessary chores on the farm, the team that had not been used the day before was hitched up to the big four-seated wagon and the entire family, including the "hired" help, went to church. There was preaching service in the forenoon, and then we adjourned to a lunch for ourselves and the team. Then we went in to a Sunday school service, and after an interval there was another preaching service, after which we hitched up and "trave slowly back to the farm."

That was the way Sunday was kept in western New York a little more than fifty years ago. I can remember hearing my mother say that when she was a girl in the same New York state village, she was not allowed to walk except to the cemetery and back, on Sunday, and was not allowed to read any books except the Bible and "Fox's Book of Martyrs."—Christian Herald

Rebuilding Guatemala City.

Guatemala city, in the republic of the same name, which was the scene of one of the most violent earthquakes in Central American history, during the latter months of 1917 and the early part of 1918, is now being gradually rebuilt.

Guatemala was for centuries the home of the Maya-Quiche Indians. At Quirigua are located some of the most remarkable ruins in the Americas—monoliths resembling Egyptian obelisks, from the top of which gigantic faces stare at the intruder. Excavations in the vicinity have revealed the ground plan of what must have been a remarkable and imposing temple. A bulletin of the National Geographic society states that in the mountains of southwestern Guatemala live rare-blooded Indians who are known for their physique, cleanliness and scrupulous honesty.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Klamath. In the Matter of the Estate of Edna E. Kerns, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Edna E. Kerns, deceased, to the creditors of, and to all persons having claims against the said deceased, to present the same, properly verified, within six months after the first publication of this notice, to-wit: the 12th day of July, 1920, to said administrator at the office of C. F. Stone at Klamath Falls, Klamath County, Oregon, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

H. J. MATTOON,
Administrator of the Estate of Edna E. Kerns, Deceased.
July 12-19-26-29.

Since 1899 the United States has produced over 7,700,000 automobiles.

About 20,000,000 feet of timber each year is used in the manufacture of clothes pins.

A Classified Ad will sell it.

BIG JAZZ DANCE

AT OPEN AIR PAVILION TOMORROW NIGHT

Largest dance floor between Portland and San Francisco

SPECIAL JAZZ MUSIC

Everyone Invited

COME! COME!