

AT THE LIBERTY

FRIDAY ONLY



Alice Lake in "Should a Woman Tell?"

FRIDAY ONLY

AT THE LIBERTY

Mask Ball

AT

Bly, Oregon

Saturday, April 10th

MUSIC BY

KLAMATH FALLS
PEERLESS ORCHESTRA

EVERYBODY INVITED

HISTORIC COAST LIGHT IS DOOMED

PHILADELPHIA, Apr. 8. Barnegat Light, one of the oldest lighthouses on the Atlantic coast, which has afforded a great deal of material for fiction writers, is to be torn down, because its foundation is being undermined by the sea. The Lighthouse Bureau at Washington has decided it would cost too much to save the structure, and it will be replaced, probably, by a lightship and a beacon light at the mouth of Barnegat Bay.

ANTI-URIC FOR RHEUMATISM

Nothing has ever been placed on the market for rheumatism that has given such good results and made so many friends as this great herbal remedy.

Wm. C. Eppenheim, manager of one of the largest drug stores in San Francisco and whose home is at 1401 Bush Street, will tell you his experience with Anti-Uric if you write to him.

ANTI-URIC is for sale by THE STAR DRUG COMPANY

JAPANESE GOV'T APPROVES UNION

TOKIO, March 15. (By Mail.)—Government approval of the organization of labor unions would be given for the first time in Japan under a new bill drawn up by the Department of Commerce for submission to the present session of the Diet. The government proposes, however, to regulate, restrict and to a certain extent, otherwise control the operations of the unions which might be organized under the proposed law. One of the regulations which has aroused criticism provides that when a union or any craft or trade, adopts a resolution that runs counter to law or is considered to be detrimental to public interest or fails to perform what is required of it by the administrative authorities, these authorities may cancel the resolution or dissolve the union.

Unions of various trades would be permitted to form a federation of unions only provided its rules and regulations were submitted and approved by "the proper authorities." Heretofore, Japanese workmen have been organized in guilds, although an Associated Labor Union was in existence in Tokio nearly a year ago. Supporters of the proposed law say the government must take the place of the old guild masters and advise and restrain the workmen until they shall have gained experience in the operations of their unions.

Owing to the high price of cotton, of which staple it has more than one and three-quarter million acres under cultivation, Egypt is today a richer country than it has been since the days of the Pharaohs.

MRS. BAKER PROVED TALENT IN WAR WORK



The war proved the means of introducing or developing many talents. It was true in the case of Mrs. Newton D. Baker, wife of the Secretary of War, who through active work in singing for entertainment of soldiers at camp has caused Washington to recognize her art as well as her social position.

HIGH PRICES AT HOLSTEIN SALE

SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 8.—average price of \$901 each was paid for seventy-one registered Holstein dairy cattle at the annual Pacific Coast classic auction sale.

Holstein herds of Washington, Nevada and California were represented and buyers included men from Oregon, Washington, Iowa, Nevada and California. Some of the stock may go to the Hawaiian Islands.

A cow consigned by W. J. Higdon of Tulare, Cal., topped the sale at \$2300. She was Ida Lotta Winifred Burke with a seven day butter record of 33.04 pounds. R. L. Holmes of Modesto, Cal., was the purchaser.

The highest priced bull of the sale was Ensign Komoyke Model Pontiac consigned by A. E. Smith of Sumas, Washington, and sold to H. H. Sisson of Willits, Cal., for \$2050.

Among consignors was James J. Jeffries of Burbank, Cal., former world's champion heavyweight pugilist, but now a breeder of dairy cattle. Two of his cows went to the herd of David Maxwell of Waterloo, Iowa.

RADICAL STEPS TO STOP WASTE OF NEWS PRINT

NEW YORK, Apr. 8.—Unless some very radical step is taken by the newspapers in the larger cities of the country, for the curtailment of the use of print paper, the whole industry of newspaper making will suffer an annihilating shock next fall which only those who are provident from now on will survive," said Jason Rogers, publisher of the New York Globe, on his return from a trip of investigation in Canada.

"Unless those newspapers which are turning out one pound dailies and two and a half pound Sunday newspapers are brought to their senses, we will see spot paper at from 20 to 30 cents a pound by October, with practically no free tonnage obtainable at even those prices.

"In such a crisis as is upon us, the publication of a daily of over 24 pages should be prohibited.

"The argument that business declined by the big profiteers would help swell the size of the smaller newspapers is entirely fallacious, for none of the newspapers have extra supply of paper upon which to print the overflow business."

The seriousness of the situation at present is reflected in the following statement appearing in the New York Evening Sun over the signature of Frank A. Munsey:

"Beginning tomorrow, the first edition of the Evening Sun, issued at 10:30 in the morning and designated as the 'Bulletin Edition,' will be discontinued for the present. This discontinuance is made necessary by the extreme shortage of newsprint paper. Since this restriction in output is compulsory, it can best be made at this point as the early morning issue is the least valuable, and least representative of any of the issues of the day.

"This year would easily carry the fast growing circulation of The Evening Sun on to 300,000 copies a day. If we had the paper on which to print it. But we haven't it and cannot get it, so we are compelled to throttle its growth.

"This restriction in the circulation of The Evening Sun is not the only sacrifice it must make because of lack of print paper. Its sacrifice in advertising revenue because of lack of print paper will be just about a million dollars for the year 1920."



The Most Welcome Tire That Ever Came to Market

Men Who Appreciate Superlative Values Prefer The Brunswick

In every great tire factory, the chief question is: "How much can we give for the money?" And the product depends on the policy adopted.

Every man who has become acquainted with Brunswick Tires knows that Brunswick standards are again evident. This famous concern—noted as a leader in every line it entered since 1845—has once more proved that its policy is right.

A perfect tire is simply a matter of knowledge and standards and skill. No secrets nor patents prevent making an ideal tire.

But standards come first. For in tire making there is vast room for skimping, for subtle economies, for hidden shortcomings. Makers without the highest standards don't build high-grade tires.

The Brunswick organization of tire makers includes a brilliant staff of technical experts. Not a man

among them has spent less than 20 years in handling rubber.

Each is a master of his craft. And the new ideas they bring to the attention of Brunswick directors receive sincere consideration.

Every proved betterment is adopted unanimously.

The Brunswick Tire is a combination of acknowledged features—plus Brunswick standards of manufacture.

The result is a super-tire, the like of which you have never known before. The kind of a tire you will gladly join in welcoming.

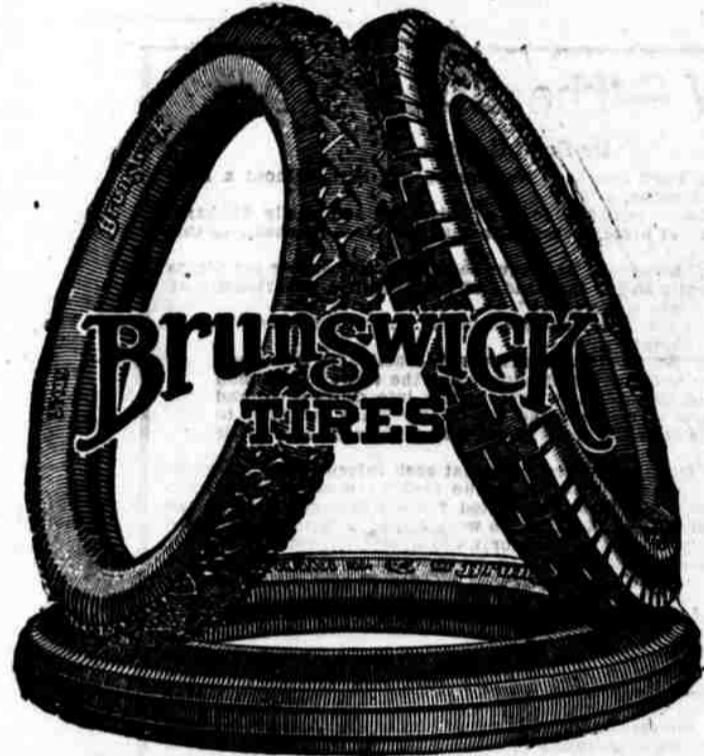
Yet Brunswicks cost no more than like-type tires.

Try ONE Brunswick. We promise a surprise. And we feel certain that you will want ALL Brunswicks.

Then good tires will have a new meaning to you.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.
Portland Headquarters: 46-48 Fifth Street

Sold On An Unlimited Mileage Guarantee Basis



Cord Tires with "Driving" and "Swastika" Skid-Not Treads
Fabric Tires in "Plain," "Ribbed" and "BBC" Skid-Not Treads

H. S. WAKEFIELD

Fourth St. and Klamath Ave.



AUTOMOBILE OWNERS

will be rewarded for their trouble if they will drive around to the Willard Service Station at Seventh on Klamath Ave., and have their storage batteries inspected, tested, and filled with distilled water, as well as have their electrical equipment in good condition, before starting the season's driving. Don't wait until you are out about 40 miles from nowhere and some trifling electrical defect holds you up for three hours, that could have been fixed at the Link River Battery Station in 15 minutes. It costs you nothing to have your batteries tested and filled by a reliable and trained storage battery man that knows. Be sure you are right. To do this visit the Link River Battery Station. 8-10

BUTCHERS MUST HAVE AFTERNOON TEA

TORONTO, Ont., Apr. 8.—The organized butchers of this city have submitted to their employers a demand that tea be served to them at 9 a. m. daily and that they be allowed 10 minutes of company time in which to drink it. They also ask for 10 minutes in the morning to don their butcher clothes and 10 more at night to dress for the street. These de-

mands are made part of a proposed renewal of the working agreement drawn up by the Amalgamated Meat Cutters' and Butchers' Workmen. Other requests are for a 44-hour week and a wage increase averaging 50 per cent. Packing plant managers declare these terms cannot be granted.

MANY STYLES IN TOKIO "FLU" MASKS

TOKIO, Mar. 15. (By Mail.)—A striking feature of the epidemic of influenza here was the grotesque appearance of Tokio crowds wearing all kinds of respirators, from the celluloid artificial nose to the patch of black tastefully embroidered by the aesthetic school girl. Inoculation with preventive serum was tried, it is claimed with good results, though in certain cases it was said to be as fatal as the disease itself. The deaths from influenza in January totalled 5,775.

While nightmare is said to be capable of causing death to a physically weak adult, this has never been known to happen to a child; yet children are more subject to nightmare than adults.

BE PRETTY, TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

TRY GRANDMOTHER'S OLD FAVORITE RECIPE OF SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, gray or streaked. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it, and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.