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### SALE OF TIMBER KLAMATH INDIAN RESERVATION AGENCY UNIT.

Sealed bids in duplicate, marked outside "Bid Agency Timber Unit" and addressed to Superintendent, Klamath Indian School, Klamath Agency, Oregon, will be received until twelve o'clock noon, Pacific time, Wednesday, March 24, 1920, for the purchase of timber on a tract, in township 34 south, range 7 east of the Willamette Meridian in Klamath Indian Reservation, lying between the J. J. Steiger Sale area and the so-called Spring Creek Sales areas. The said unit includes 1350 acres of unallotted land with an estimated stand of five million feet as to which contract will be made with the Superintendent and about 800 acres of allotted lands with an estimated stand of three million feet as to which separate approved contracts with the Indian owners may probably be made. More than ninety per cent of the timber is western yellow pine and the remainder is white fir, Douglas fir and sugar pine. Each bid must state the price per thousand feet Scribner Decimal C. Log Scale that will be paid for timber cut and soiled. No bid of less than three dollars and fifty cents (\$3.50) per M. foot for yellow pine and one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) for other species will be considered. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check on a solvent national bank, payable to the Superintendent of the Klamath Indian School, in the amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00). The deposit will be returned if the bid is rejected but retained as liquidated damages if the required contract and bond are not executed and presented for approval within sixty days from the acceptance of a bid. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. Copies of the bid and contract forms and other information may be obtained from Superintendent Indian School, Klamath Agency, Oregon.

Washington, D. C., Cato Sells, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Feb. 18, 1920.  
25 26 28 2 4 6 9 11 13

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## SPAIN CHANGES GOVT. RAPIDLY

MADRID, Feb. 16. (By Mail).—Spain has had not less than eight new governments with 50 ministerial changes in less than two years. Last year, alone saw four changes in cabinets with 44 ministerial changes. Virtually everyone of these changes was due to the military juntas, or as they are called 'Consultative Committees.'

These juntas were originally formed to fight favoritism and injustice in the army, the chief grievance of the members being that places on the General Staff were allotted to favorites of the government of the day. One of the first actions of the juntas, which are presided over by the colonels, the highest ranking officers who are allowed to join, was to decide that none of the members should allow their names to be placed in nomination for places on the General Staff.

The result would have been that after the deaths or retirement of the present members there would be no officers to form the staff. But 23 officers refused to be bound by this decision, with the result that they were hailed before courts of honor and their resignations from the army insisted upon. Governments, under pressure from the Liberal, Socialist and other progressive elements in the Cortes, have promised to revoke these decisions of the courts of honor, but found it difficult to do so for the juntas threatened to withdraw their support from the government, in other words, should an emergency arise such as a revolution or social war, the army would be leaderless.

Thus the juntas, became a political force, which opposed radical legislation and otherwise interfered in affairs of state. They are really a great fraternal society, the members of which accept orders only from the presiding colonels in all affairs of the army, ignoring those of king, generals and government.

To dissolve these juntas the Cortes must pass a bill to repeal the act which legalized them, and the moment that is done, every infantry officer, who obeys the orders of his junta, must resign from the army.

Sooner or later the new cabinet must face a debate on the "military question." This has, since the intervention of the juntas in politics, each time led to the downfall of the ministry.

King Alfonso's name has invariably been left out of the discussion but it is said that the officers induced him to support the organization and his action recently in attending a big banquet given at Toledo by the infantry officers has lent color to the report.

## SHAW WOULD REVOLUTIONIZE ARCHITECTURE

LONDON, Feb. 12. (By Mail).—George Bernard Shaw declares that the old cottages of England should be destroyed wholesale.

"After living in one of these literary and artistic houses with an exalted sense of doing the right thing," he told the Society of Arts recently "one realizes that all the time one has been living in a sort of architectural hell.

"I am so far modern that I have come to the conclusion that what is

## WOOL HOLDINGS ARE DECREASING

WASHINGTON, Mar. 5.—Wool holdings on December 31, 1919, were 624,000,000 pounds, grease equivalent, or 105,000,000 pounds less than on September 30, 1919, according to the quarterly wool stock report released by the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture. That the commercial supply is evenly distributed is indicated by the fact that on December 31, 1919, manufacturers reported holdings of 244,000,000 pounds and dealers 242,000,000 pounds, grease equivalent. This should not be taken to indicate that dealers owned the quantity reported by them, for while they held practically one-half of the stock upon which there were no restrictions, it is evident that a considerable portion of it was being stored by them and being held for shipping instructions.

Although the wool supply seems rather large, when referring to the total figures, it is not considered more than a comfortable reserve supply, which should be carried in this country at all times to meet any emergency in case the regular importations of wool were interrupted, says the bureau's wool specialist.

### Government Holdings Decreased.

The Government's holdings of wool have decreased materially since last year. The wool-purchasing quartermaster reported that on December 28, 1918, the total stock of wool in the possession of the Government, spot and in transit, was 313,746,502 pounds, and estimated the quantity of wool in dealers' hands not yet billed to the Government as 70,000,000 pounds, making in all 383,746,502 pounds, compared with 383,552,000 pounds on December 31, 1919. This clearly shows, it is claimed, that the Government released its wool holdings as quickly as possible in such quantities as the market would readily absorb through public auctions throughout the year.

The British Government in carrying out its proposed plan to liquidate its wool holdings sent to this country 18,929,000 pounds of grease wool and 721,543 pounds of scoured wool, which was reported by the representative of the British Government as being held in this country as of December 31, 1919.

The total holdings of dealers, manufacturers, and the United States and British Governments according to conditions were: Grease wool, 394,556,326 pounds; scoured wool, 60,770,844 pounds; pulled wool, 24,967,990 pounds; tops, 19,362,502 pounds; noils, 11,209,587 pounds.

The manufacturers' stocks according to geographic distribution were as follows: Massachusetts, 62,503,533 pounds; Rhode Island, 29,499,704 pounds; Pennsylvania, 28,145,024 pounds; New Jersey, 20,554,583 pounds; New York, 15,837,856 pounds; followed by New Hampshire, Ohio, Connecticut and Maine.

The dealers' holdings of all grades conditions, and classes according to cities were as follows: Boston, 126,625,921 pounds; Philadelphia, 22,796,584 pounds; New York, 12,895,428 pounds; Chicago, 12,659,106 pounds; St. Louis, 9,114,067 pounds; Portland, 2,947,759 pounds; San Francisco, 1,205,608 pounds; all other cities, 14,926,699 pounds.

### BRIDGE "FIENDS".

LONDON, Feb. 7. (By Mail).—Women who travel up to town daily from Brighton, the famous watering place have taken to playing bridge on the trains. The stakes are often chocolates or gloves. As they often leave their cards at home, the guards on the trains have taken to carrying a spare pack for the use of the women.

Miss Elin Pikkuniam, a young school teacher of Sweden, has achieved the highest record for fast skiing ever made by a woman, covering a distance of 30 kilometers in 2 hours, 14 minutes, 34 seconds. For two years she has held the Swedish championship for women.

wanted is a law that every building should be knocked down at the end of 20 years, and a new one erected. That would get rid of old cottages. We have got into the incorrigible habit of sponging on the past.

"Every generation ought to be able to produce its own art and all this worship of the past can only be got rid of by a wholesale destruction of all the monuments of the past.

"If we could avoid the wholesale destruction of human beings involved by a great war, I should be glad to have half a dozen great wars in Europe so that all the old buildings might be knocked down, thus forcing us by a sort of starvation to make our own architectural efforts."

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## FRANCE WAITS FOR TOURISTS

PARIS, Feb. 17. (By Mail).—The forthcoming tourists season is expected by France to have considerable effect toward ameliorating the unfavorable condition of French exchange on America. Nevertheless the questions of providing transportation and hotel accommodations here are causing some misgivings and hotel keepers generally are bewailing the limited means of bringing visitors to France.

Dal Piaz, director of the Transatlantic Company, has expressed his opinion that the number of Americans desiring to visit France in the coming season will far surpass the transportation facilities, but that this will be relieved by the putting into service of passenger vessels on under construction principally in England before the French hotels have been organized to receive the expected influx of foreign visitors.

The warning that Americans "are terribly exacting" as regards comfort in hotels and as to their management is given by Victor Cambon, an engineer who knows America well. He says:

"It is not only the rich who desire refinement in hotels but all Americans."

Mr. Cambon asserts that, outside of Paris and resorts like Vichy, Nice and Deauville, it is impossible to find five good hotels in all France even if towns like Lyons, Marseilles, and Rouen are included.

"Americans," he adds, "do not want luxury; all they ask is perfect cleanliness, no greasy smells, comfort and hygiene. Where can you find that among us? Nowhere is there very much of it but everywhere there is one thing, our cooking. That is certainly much but, frankly, it is not enough."

### MEXICAN LABORERS ARE MIGRATING TO THE U. S.

MEXICO CITY, Mar. 4.—Mexican workers are going to the United States in large numbers and endangering the industries of northern Mexico. The department of labor has issued warning against fraudulent contracts in the north, and the government threatens to stop the exodus by force of arms.

The American academy in Rome, which has confined its membership and honors to male artists since its foundation a quarter of a century ago, has finally decided to throw open its doors to women competitors.

### TWELVE MILLIONS FOR BRAZIL'S NAVY

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 26.—(By Mail).—Appropriations aggregating approximately \$12,786,000 were voted for the Brazilian navy for 1920 by the Congress which recently adjourned. The present active personnel of the navy, excluding officers, numbers approximately 7,100.

The Brazilian navy consists of 34 vessels, including four battleships, three cruisers, 10 destroyers, one torpedo boat, three submarines and one sub-marine tender. This does not include the six German destroyers which a recent cable dispatch said had been awarded to Brazil by the Supreme Council.

The government proposes to enlarge the navy by the addition of two cruisers of from 4,000 to 5,000 tons, five destroyers of from 1,000 to 1,200 tons, three submarines of 800 tons, six submarines of 250 tons,

one mine-laying ship and one oil-carrying tanker.

### SULPHUR FOUND ON ALEUTIAN ISLANDS

JUNEAU, Alaska, Feb. 10.—(By Mail).—Several sulphur claims are being located on the Aleutian islands, a volcanic string that stretches westward from Alaska towards Asia, according to word received here.

One sulphur claim is in the crater of Mount Makushin, a volcanic peak which rises 6,000 feet on Unalaska island and which is nearly entirely capped by perpetual snow and ice. The claim, it is said, is in a part of the crater kept free from snow and ice by hot sulphurous vapor which issues from vents in the rocks with loud roars. Approximately 12,500 tons of sulphur may be available for mining in the crater, it is estimated.

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