

DRY AMENDMENT IS IN EFFECT AT MIDNIGHT

Drastic Amendment to the American Constitution, Forbidding Manufacture or Sale of Liquor, Will Be Law One Minute After Midnight.

Constitutional prohibition, effective at midnight tonight, and the enforcement legislation enacted by Congress, make the following provisions:

Declare unlawful the manufacture or sale of any beverage containing one-half of one per cent or more of alcohol.

Declare places where liquor is sold in violation of law to be common nuisances, abatable as such.

Search and seizure powers given prohibition enforcement officers, except for the search of private dwellings, unless used for the unlawful sale of intoxicants or in part as places of business.

Liquor seized to be destroyed, vehicles and other property to be sold and proceeds paid into United States treasury.

Advertising of liquor by any method prohibited.

Permit manufacture at home for personal use of non-intoxicating ciders and fruit juices. While "non-intoxicating" is not defined specifically, the term "intoxicating" is construed by law to mean one-half of one per cent or more of alcohol.

Permit manufacture of alcoholic liquors for sacramental and medicinal uses, under restrictions.

Permit manufacture of alcohol for industrial and scientific uses.

Permit possession of liquor in home if purchased before prohibition became effective.

Physicians prohibited from prescribing liquor for patient unless in good faith they believe it will afford relief from ailment. Not more than one pint can be prescribed in any month for one person.

Complete records of sales, including names of persons obtaining liquors, required of manufacturers and druggists.

Various penalties for violation fixed, the most severe being \$2,000 fine and two years imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Constitutional prohibition becomes effective at midnight tonight.

From 12:01 a. m. the "manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes" is prohibited by the 18th amendment to the constitution, and the United States becomes the first nation of the world to make such a provision part of its basic law. Congress has defined an intoxicating liquor as any beverage containing one-half of one per cent, or more, of alcohol.

Actually, the advent of constitutional prohibition will make little difference in the daily life of the people of this country, as they have been living under the nation-wide war-time ban on alcoholic drinks since last July. There have been eager hopes entertained by the thirsty, by distillers and by speculators holding large quantities of whiskey for higher prices, that war-time prohibition would be lifted before today, in accordance with the recommendation of President Wilson to Congress, but Congress refused to do so and the arid spell now about to begin under authority of the nation's constitution, which prohibitionists declare will continue in effect for all time, inasmuch as it could be revoked only in the same manner in which it came into existence, will permit no opportunity for the replenishing of private cellars or the unloading of investment stocks. There are two cases pending in the supreme court, however, attacking constitu-

"RED" ARMIES NEARING BRITAIN'S FRONTIERS

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Attention of the British people is fixed on the "Near East, where recent Bolshevik successes have carried the "red" Russian armies almost to the threshold of India, Persia, and Mesopotamia. Cabinet members and chiefs of the British army and navy are today in Paris, where they were summoned yesterday and are conferring with Lloyd George on military and naval matters in connection, it is believed, with conditions in southwestern Asia.

A wireless dispatch, via Basle, Switzerland, says that Odessa, the chief Russian port on the Black sea, has been opened by the Bolsheviks.

CAUCUS TURNS DOWN PREMIER

PARIS, Jan. 16.—At a joint parliamentary caucus of the senate and house of deputies, which today cast a secret ballot for choice of presidential candidates, the vote resulted in Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber of deputies receiving 408 and Georges Clemenceau, French premier, 389.

Senators and deputies after the caucus, generally expressed the opinion that the vote means the elimination from public life of the "Father of Victory," Clemenceau being neither senator or deputy.

Constitutional prohibition, one by the state of Rhode Island, the other on behalf of the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of New Jersey.

Still Stock on Hand

Thousands of gallons of whiskey remain in bonded warehouses, with no chance to be sold at prevailing high prices. The liquor can be taken out only for medicinal and scientific uses, with the bureau of internal revenue exerting extreme precautions to see that none of it is used in violation of the law. During the last two months many owners of alcoholic liquors, foreseeing no opportunity for sale in this country, have endeavored to rush the surplus to other countries. Lack of shipping space prevented more than a fraction being exported. Cuba and the Bahamas have received most of what was sent abroad. There were 70,000,000 gallons on hand when war-time prohibition went into effect. The amount exported is not known, but is probably less than 20,000,000 gallons.

Attacks on constitutional prohibition, began in several states, apparently are not viewed with alarm by the reform forces. After the supreme court upheld the constitutionality of war-time prohibition and the measures to enforce it, Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League of America, announced that the only question left on which the wets could make a fight was whether prohibition was a proper subject for constitutional action and whether the amendment had been adopted legally. He contended there was no doubt on the subject. New Jersey officials, who searched state department records of the ratification of the amendment, announced they had found no variations in language which would warrant attacking it.

Enforcement of constitutional prohibition was lodged by Congress with the bureau of internal revenue, which for years has been in close touch with distilling and brewing interests in the collection of excise taxes and active in running down "moonshiners." Evidence collected by the bureau will be used in prosecutions by the department of justice.

Enforcement Bureau

Commissioner Roper has established an entirely separate division in the bureau of internal revenue for the enforcement of prohibition, headed by John F. Kramer, of Mansfield, Ohio, as prohibition commis-

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WINNEK STORE IS PURCHASED BY F. M. GARICH

F. M. Garich has purchased the stock, fixtures and good-will of the Winnek company. In that sentence is told the story of the rise in the business circles of this city of two men whose success has been such as to be classed as phenomenal. The announcement will come as a surprise to the friends and patrons of both firms, and the news of the retirement of the Winnek company, which consisted only of Mr. and Mrs. Winnek, will be received with no less regret than will the success of Mr. Garich be welcomed by those who know him. Mr. and Mrs. Winnek came to this city from Prineville, where they had met with splendid success in the general merchandise business, and bought the Ward and Obenchain grocery. Since that time they have been identified with everything that had for its purpose the development of Klamath Falls and its business interests. The city can ill afford to lose people of their enterprise, and their decision to retire, even if it is only temporary, is a distinct loss to Klamath Falls.

The business career of Mr. Garich has been meteoric. Filled with an indomitable energy that brooked no obstacles, he has tackled jobs that many hard-headed business men said would prove to be a failure. As a result of his progressive spirit, Ninth street today is graced with nine splendidly built and perfectly appointed homes. These he has built one at a time and sold when there was no demand for houses. They stand as an illustration of what a man can do if he tries. When he purchased the grocery now known as the Garich grocery, next to the postoffice, it was the general opinion that he had made a business blunder, but he put the same energy into that establishment that he put into the building of his houses, and the result has been one of the surprises of the business circles of the city. His buying of the Winnek stock will be recognized, as a shrewd move, as this stock is one of the best bought and cleanest in the city. The location is a splendid one and will bring to it all of his old customers, as well as hold all of the patrons of the Winnek company. Associated with him will be W. U. Foster, who has been identified with the Garich grocery for some time.

They will take over the business on the 25th of this month and he will consolidate both stocks.

Just as soon as they get their affairs in shape to do so, Mr. and Mrs. Winnek will load their automobile on the train and go to southern California, where they will spend a few weeks in enjoying a well-earned rest. Mr. Winnek today feelingly expressed his appreciation of the splendid treatment both he and Mrs. Winnek have received since coming to Klamath Falls.

"Words fail us in expressing our appreciation of the cordial reception always extended to us by the people of Klamath Falls," said Mr. Winnek, "and we want them to know it. Personally and in a business way we have enjoyed every minute of our stay in this city. We have no other thought than making it our home, and just as soon as we get a little vacation, we will return here and do what little we can to help make it the great city I am sure it is going to be."

REVIVAL WILL LAST FOR ANOTHER WEEK

The special meetings which are being held at the Methodist church are proving very successful and the church is filled to capacity each evening. Mr. Johnston's singing is delighting all who are privileged to hear him and Dr. Danford is a very forceful speaker. The meetings will continue another week and the members of the church are doing their best to make everyone feel at home and welcome.

PROVISION FOR PERSONS MISSED BY ENUMERATORS

The work of census enumeration will be practically completed in this city tonight, it was reported today, by Will Lee, who is in charge of the assistance extended to enumerators by the Business Mens association but in order to pick up stragglers, who may have been missed by the enumerators in the two week's campaign, arrangements have been made by the Business Men's association to accept information from anyone knowing they have not been enumerated at the office of the California-Oregon Power company or the First National Bank.

As far as families are concerned it is believed that the census is practically complete, but there are some persons living alone and away at work during the day, roomers outside of the regular hotels and rooming houses, and floating laborers, who have not been reached. The total of these persons is hard to estimate but doubtless it would make a considerable difference in the census figures.

Any one knowing that he, or she, has not been enumerated may still rectify the oversight by calling up or seeing Leslie Rogers at the First National Bank or the California-Oregon Power company's office.

W. F. Kay, secretary of the Central Labor council, stated this morning, that a canvass among foreign laborers of the city reveals a large number who have been missed in the census. Kay stated that the membership lists of the unions contain the names of many of these persons and said he would be glad to check them over with the enumerators to ascertain those who had missed the enumerator.

A campaign to raise funds among the Italian colony for relief of San Francisco families of fisherman lost in the storm outside the Golden Gate heads recently, showed that many Italians had not been reached by the enumerators, says Kay. Through the Italian committee in charge of the relief subscription, propaganda in favor of the census was spread and perhaps some of the recalcitrants, who for want of information confused the census with the selective draft or income tax questionnaire, have since been enumerated but the fact apparently remains that there are still gaps, and large ones, in a complete enrollment of the city's population.

In the country districts the census does not close until the end of the month, as enumerators are compelled to secure a mass of agricultural statistics in addition to the population figures and many of the farms they must visit to get the information are in remote sections.

Telegraph Tabloids

ESSEN, Germany, Jan. 16.—Several persons have been killed and many wounded in disturbances at Duisberg and other towns of the industrial district, where 20,000 miners are striking.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Reports that the French naval forces at Toulon have mutinied and have not been confirmed. Nothing of the alleged disorders are known at Marseilles.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Attempts of radical labor leaders to provoke a general strike yesterday, as a protest against shooting members of the mob which stormed the reichstag building Tuesday, have failed completely.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Premier Clemenceau today announced that he would withdraw as a candidate for president of the French Republic. He asked his supporters to vote for President Poincare for a second term.

The lockout declared by the employers at Barcelona, Spain, threw 200,000 persons out of employment, causing a daily loss of wages of about \$3,000,000.

FINDINGS OF FACT IN RE CUPID VS DIVORCE.

Dan Cupid, as usual, was on the job in Klamath county during 1919 and made a good showing despite the fact that nearly half his work for the year was undone by the divorce court.

COMPOSER IS DEAD.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Reginald De Koven, American dramatic composer, died here early today from apoplexy. The Robin Hood play is his most noted opera.

FIRST LEAGUE OF NATION'S SESSIONS HELD

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Representatives of France, Britain, Italy, Greece, Spain, Japan and Brazil, members of the council of the League of Nations, met in the "clock room" of the French foreign office this morning for the first meeting in the history of the league.

The council organized by electing Leon Bourgeois chairman, and confirming Sir Eric Drummond, of Great Britain, as general secretary. Bourgeois, in the opening speech, expressed regret that President Wilson was unable to take the place of presiding member of the council.

The first formal protest to be filed with the league was received almost before it came into being with today's initial session. It was presented by the envoy of the elected government of the Irish Republic "against the unreal simulance by England of interest in an international league of peace."

MARINES BATTLE WITH BANDITTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—United States marines and Haitian gendarmes yesterday repelled an attack on Port au Prince by a force of 300 bandits, more than half of whom were killed, wounded or captured after being pursued outside the city.

STATE LEGISLATURE BACKS SINNOTT BILL

According to a telegram received today by J. H. Carnahan, commander of Klamath post, American Legion, the senate joint memorial to Congress urging the passage of the Sinnott bill restoring 10,000 acres of marsh lands on the Upper Klamath Lake to homestead entry, with preferential rights to ex-service men, was adopted by the state senate before recess last night. The house had earlier adopted the memorial.

WHITE PELICAN SCENE OF GRAND BALL TONIGHT

The Episcopal Guild has about completed plans for the big masque ball to be given this evening at the White Pelican hotel and a large attendance is expected. Those who were fortunate enough to receive invitations are planning on a delightful evening, and it is expected that the fund will be greatly increased for the new church which it is hoped will be built soon.

London's famous police station at Scotland Yard has accommodation for three thousand policemen.

KLAMATH GETS PLACE ON FISH AND GAME BOARD

State Legislature Completely Vindicates Fish and Game Commission—Klamath County Loses Nothing in Settlement of Fight.

SALEM, Jan. 16.—The governor today signed the Norblad-Hadley-Bean fish and game commission bill.

"The greatest fight in the history of the legislature of Oregon ended last night with the complete vindication of the state fish and game commission. Klamath county gets a member and will lose nothing."

This brief telegram to the Herald from C. F. Stone, resident member of the state fish and game commission, who has been at Salem during the week in connection with the investigation and legislative change of the state fish and game control system, tells the tale of the overthrow of the plans of a small coterie of disgruntled Portland "sportsmen," to oust the members of the old commission unceremoniously and create a new commission that would do more subservient to their wishes.

It means that while the people of Oregon convinced that newer needs in regulation of sporting and commercial fishing necessitate that the personnel of the commission should be larger, and divided into departments to take care of both the recreational and commercial branches of fishing, are satisfied with the work accomplished by the men who composed the commission in the past. It means that the stand of the commission in refusing to truckle to Governor Olcott, in the matter of reinstating William Finley as state biologist, after it had, with the consent and acquiescence of the governor, discharged him from that position has been ratified by the majority of people of the state through their representatives at Salem.

And it means that the work that has been done in Klamath county in the matter of protection and propagation of fish and game during the last few years will not be undone, for Klamath county will have a commissioner on the ground as should be the case, for Klamath county last year produced four-fifths of the trout eggs used in re-stocking state streams, and sold more sportsmen's licenses than any other county, except Multnomah.

SENATE PASSES WORKERS' BILLS

SALEM, Jan. 16.—Legislation, following out the program of the state industrial accident commission, given by the governor as the primary reason for calling a special session of the legislature, was passed by the senate last night in the form of three bills.

One bill provides a flat increase of 30 per cent in all compensation benefits; one creates a rehabilitation fund, and the third merely returns to the industrial accident fund \$400,000 set aside by the last legislature for the construction of a hospital.

JAPAN READY TO RETURN SHANTUNG

TOKIO, Jan. 16.—The Japanese government, according to newspapers, sent instructions Wednesday evening to Yufuchi Obta, minister to China, to notify the Peking government that Japan had succeeded to Germany in rights in the province of Shantung, by virtue of the peace treaty of Versailles signed January 10, and was ready at any time to negotiate their return to China.

A single grain of gold, after having been converted into gold leaf, will cover 46 square inches.