

The Evening Herald

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KLAMATH FALLS

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BONDS AWARDED TO LUMBERMEN TRUST COMPANY

Council Accepts Bid of Portland Bonding House for \$97,000 Street Improvement Issue—Streets Accepted Without Reservations

The bid of the Lumbermen's Trust company of Portland for the \$97,031.22 street improvement bond issue, covering Esplanade, Pacific Terrace, Portland, Tenth, Market and Lincoln streets, was accepted last night by the city council. The bid was \$1014 on each \$1000 of the issue, plus accrued interest from the date of the bonds to the date of delivery.

Carstens & Earles, Inc., of Portland, bid \$1010.41 for each \$1000 bond, with accrued interest. The First National Bank of Klamath Falls bid \$1025 for \$10,000 worth of the bonds.

There was some discussion of the propriety of accepting the bank's bid for \$10,000 worth and selling the rest to the Lumbermen's Trust company, but an agreement with the trust company to let them have all this year's bonds, providing their bid is best, seemed to preclude this arrangement in the minds of the majority. Councilman Upp wished to lay the matter over for a week for consideration and on roll call voted against the award.

Streets accepted.
The final claims of the Warren Bros. Construction company were allowed and Pine, Market, Crescent, Canby and East streets accepted, with some reservations.

On Pine street \$1000 is reserved for repairs. The payment of \$7316.48 was authorized. The work on this street cost \$2832 less than the bond estimate, so property owners have a rebate coming.

On Market the bonds were not sold until last night. They are included in the issue taken by the Lumbermen's Trust company. This work falls within the estimate, but until the bonds are sold, there is only \$271.66 in cash to apply to the payment. The balance drawing interest will be \$3241.31. On this street \$100 will be held out for repairs.

On Crescent, Canby and East there was \$2584.70 due and \$2460.54 cash on hand to meet payment. The clerk was instructed to draw one warrant for this sum and one for the remainder, \$1184.16, less \$200 for repairs, the latter to draw interest at 6 per cent until paid. It was stated that assessments due from owners who did not take advantage of the ten year payment plan amount to \$1085.83, so that if there is no difficulty in collection the overrun on the estimate will only be \$97.

Spring street sewer.
A. M. Collier was present to ask the council about chances to get a sewer on Spring street. He said a number of industries and wholesale houses would locate on the street were sewer facilities provided but under present conditions it was practically impossible to get an industry to take a site there.

The council outlined the city's financial helplessness at present, but it was agreed that the property owners might do the work and in a more prosperous era the city could find a way to pay half the cost.

J. H. Garrett, a property owner on Sixth street, wanted to know if Sixth could come in the sewer plan, and the discussion finally embraced a sewer project covering all the block on this side of the railroad tracks.

All of the discussion was of course informal. Before any definite decision can be made the city engineer must make a survey and prepare a cost estimate, but it seemed to be the general opinion that the section needed a sewer badly and it would be installed if any plan could be arrived at to make it possible.

Boxing commission.
William M. Knight presented a petition for the appointment of a

BIG CRIME WAVE STRIKES CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Among approximately 150 persons arrested as the result of a crime wave which has swept Chicago in the past three days, in which auto holdups, and safe blowing followed in rapid sequence, 16 men and one woman are charged with implication in four murders, 100 holdups and 150 burglaries. The police asserted that members of the band have confessed to more than 250 of these crimes.

INDIAN HELD ON ARSON CHARGE

David Copperfield, a Modoc Indian, residing on the Klamath reservation, was brought in yesterday by Deputy U. S. Marshal Alvin Willis, charged with the burning of the home of Lee Corball, another Indian, on the reservation. He was given a preliminary examination yesterday evening before U. S. Commissioner Bert C. Thomas, which resulted in his being bound over to await the action of the federal grand jury. His bonds were fixed at \$500, which he gave. Elmer Lynch and Charles S. Hood, two other residents of the reservation, signed with him as sureties.

The testimony produced at the hearing showed that Corball and Copperfield had had some words about a year ago concerning a bill for pasturage of livestock, and that Copperfield had made threats to Corball's mother and various of his friends that he would "get even somehow" with Corball.

The house is alleged to have been burned about midnight on Saturday night, August 9, and it was discovered the morning after the fire that Copperfield had visited a friend in the immediate neighborhood of the burning early Saturday evening, having traveled on horseback.

Tracks of the same-horse ridden by Copperfield were found around the foundation of the house after the fire, and also in the Corball lane leading to the main road, and were followed from the scene of the burning to the ford in Sprague river. It was alleged that the route taken by Copperfield from the home of his friend whom he had visited past the house which later burned was a considerably longer route than would have been taken from the friend's home ordinarily.

The defendant, who was represented by Horace M. Manning, submitted no evidence in the case.

WAR LOOMS NEAR ON THE ADRIATIC

GENEVA, Nov. 25.—Telegrams of the Serbian bureau at Berne from Belgrade convey the impression that only the prompt interference of the Allies can prevent war over the Adriatic situation, as the Jugo-Slavs are said to have lost patience and are ready to fight the Italians.

municipal boxing commission as provided for under the statute. The commission can consist of either three or five members. The mayor said it would take a few days to choose suitable men. One of them will probably be Dr. A. A. Soule as a physician is a necessary member.

The petition for the establishment of the commission was signed by fifty or more citizens, including business men, attorneys and physicians.

Meeting today.
Councilman Upp reported that he had made arrangements with the Women's Improvement club, which will hold a meeting in the city hall this afternoon to discuss the issues of the special election November 28, to be present and address the meeting and give any information desired and had promised the presence of other members of the council.

New Fire Siren.
Fire Chief Miller advocated the replacing of the present fire bell with a siren and the council instructed him to secure information from some of the supply houses as to the exchange value of the bell in a trade for a siren.

WILL SPEAK ON RESERVATION BILL'S EFFECT

Fred A. Baker announced today that he had secured the permission of the Business Men's association to address their meeting Friday evening at the Deer Head grill on the bill which it is proposed to submit to Congress for the partitioning of the property of the Klamath Indian reservation.

He intends to submit the measure as now drawn to a critical analysis, pointing out its defects and the effects upon the community if it goes through in its present form. Mr. Baker issues a special invitation to Edward B. Ashurst, who is the chosen advocate of the bill before the next session of Congress and its reported author, to hear his address.

"I am not in any way opposing the opening of the reservation," said Mr. Baker, "because I realize as deeply as anyone the immense advantages that the opening will bring to this county. But I have had many years' experience in Indian affairs and Indian legislation and I believe this bill should be considered more carefully by all the interests affected—and that is by every citizen of the county—before it is submitted to Congress.

"If there are bad features the public should know them now, when the remedy is easily applied. My address will point out certain features that I think the majority are not familiar with and which they may decide will need correction."

MORE TEACHERS FOR NEVADA

CARSON CITY, Nevada, Nov. 25.—A shortage of school teachers in Nevada which at the outset of the fall term left vacancies in twenty-five percent of the schools has been partly remedied according to W. J. Hunting, state superintendent of public instruction.

Vacancies now number about ten per cent, he said, and applications are coming in at a rate that leads him to believe the emergency will be ended when the winter school term commences.

The shortage was most acute in Elko and Clark counties and this was due, it was said, to dislocation on the part of the teachers to go far from the main lines of railroad communication.

COOKED FOOD AND FANCY WORK SALE

There will be a sale of cooked food and fancy work, a sort of bazaar, at the hardware store of Roberts & Hanks, tomorrow, November 26th, beginning at 8:30 in the morning. The sale is being given by the girls of the Kedron Club and the proceeds will be given to the pipe organ fund of the First Presbyterian Church. A specialty will be made of delicious homemade mince meat and other good things for Thanksgiving.

Come early and avoid the rush.

The week of the ancient Egyptians contained ten days.

MEXICAN CRISIS IS DISCUSSED BY CABINET STAFF

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—The cabinet reached no decision on the Mexican situation today, according to Secretary of State Lansing, who presided. Both the cases of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Pueblo, and general conditions in Mexico were discussed, the secretary said.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—The answer of the Mexican government to the note demanding immediate release of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Pueblo, probably will be delivered to the state department today.

A long dispatch, bearing on the Jenkins case, it was learned, has been received at the Mexican embassy, and was being decoded. While authoritative information as to the attitude of the Mexican government was lacking, all indications pointed to a technical refusal to order the release of Jenkins. Since his arrest, it was learned, additional charges against the American official have been formulated, based upon alleged evidence that he actively assisted persons in rebelling against the Carranza government. Payment of a large sum of money to the rebels, which was used to purchase munitions, and acting in collusion with rebel leaders, are said to be specific "counts in the new indictments."

What was regarded as a hint of Mexico's position in the Jenkins case was noted in an article published by the Mexican newspaper, Excelsior, a copy of which has reached Washington. The paper declared Jenkins' second arrest was based on charges that he actively assisted the rebels.

The "certain sum of money" which Jenkins is accused of delivering to the rebels was the 300,000 pesos he was compelled to pay as ransom to Federico Cordova, the rebel whose forces kidnapped him. The collusion charge is based upon the fact that Jenkins agreed to pay the rebel leader the ransom to save his life.

Contrary to custom in Mexican courts, proceedings in the Jenkins case on the occasion of his second arrest were marked with utmost secrecy. Jenkins was summoned to court, where he was placed under arrest. His plea for bail was refused by Judge Gonzales Franco on account of the "gravity of the offense." Court attaches were warned they would be dismissed and otherwise punished if any facts relating to the case reached the public.

Officials here regard the nature of the new charges against Jenkins as an effort on the part of the Mexican government to take the case out of the hands of the Pueblo state authorities, as both charges are of crimes against the federal government.

VICTORY BONDS HERE

The Victory Loan bonds have arrived at all the banks and subscribers to the loan may now secure their bonds on application.

A bee can fly much faster than a bird.

WANT UNCLE SAM TO DEFER INTEREST

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—The interest payment on American loans to the Allies may be deferred "until after the war reaction has passed," said the treasury department today. Negotiations to this end are now being conducted.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—That there is a plan under discussion between the British and American governments under which payment of interest on advances by the United States and Great Britain to the other Allies during the war also on advances of the United States to Great Britain, be postponed for three years, was announced in the House of Commons today.

MILK SUPPLY MUST BE PURE

(By DR. A. A. SOULE)

This concludes the story for safe milk supply. Milk is Nature's most valuable food. Milk supply should be safeguarded the same as a city water supply. Decency demands that milk be clean, and cleanliness has a market value. For the sake of safety milk must be pasteurized.

Raw milk causes infant deaths. Twenty-five per cent of all deaths are of children under 5 years of age. More children die from intestinal disease than from other causes. Children's food is chiefly milk. Dirt bacteria, harmless to adults, irritate and inflame the intestines of children. Pasteurization kills 99 per cent of the bacteria in milk. Is Klamath Falls going to save her children or still feed them raw milk?

Raw milk causes septic sore throat, which is a violent form of tonsillitis and is often followed by acute joint rheumatism, erysipelas and inflammation of the heart and bowels. This disease attacks adults chiefly. There are often deaths. Bacteria in sore udders of cows closely resemble the bacteria found in these sore throats. Pasteurization kills the bacteria producing septic sore throat.

Raw milk causes typhoid fever, but the germ is entirely destroyed in pasteurized milk.

Raw milk causes tuberculosis. Tuberculosis is very common and the majority of dairy herds contain tuberculosis cows. It is estimated that 75 to 90 per cent of human beings have tuberculosis at some time during their lives. Most of this is human, but some of it is bovine. Adults do not get bovine tuberculosis but 10 per cent of tubercular children is the bovine type. Would not it be better to give your child safe milk? Pasteurization kills the tubercle bacillus; tuberculin tested cows limits but does not control the disease.

Raw milk causes scarlet fever and diphtheria while pasteurization entirely destroys the infection of these diseases.

Pasteurization should not be a substitute for cleanliness, however. All milk first should be decently clean.

New York City for the past number of years has fed 18,000 babies daily the year around on pasteurized milk. These babies have shown no signs of rickets or scurvy and are perfectly healthy, and the death rate reduced from 124 to 94 per thousand births, a saving of 558 babies a year.

Klamath Falls should supply

(Continued on Page 5)

M'ADOO SAYS COAL PROFITS ENORMOUS, '17

Mine Owners' Income Tax Returns Showed Earnings of Two Thousand Per Cent on Capital Invested, Says Ex-Secretary of Treasury

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The soft coal mine owners made shocking and indefensible profits in 1917 and there is grave doubt that they are entitled to increased prices because of the proposed increase in miners' wages, William G. McAdoo, former secretary of the treasury, declared today in a telegram to Dr. H. A. Garfield, fuel administrator.

The owners' profits, according to income tax returns examined by McAdoo as secretary of the treasury, he said, showed earnings on the capital stock ranging from 1500 to 2000 per cent.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—Industrial plants throughout the Middle West continue to close. Fuel supplies for public utility plants were curtailed further yesterday and the regional coal committees advised individual users to economize on coal as the strike of coal miners entered the 24th day.

The only large coal producing district reporting improvement in output was West Virginia.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—Coal operators and miners marked time yesterday in negotiation of a new wage scale, while awaiting the decision of Dr. H. A. Garfield, fuel administrator, as to what portion, if any, of the wage advance should be passed to the public. A statement from Garfield is expected today.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Nov. 25.—Virtually every coal mine in the Wyoming district was closed when the miners failed to report for work yesterday.

PARENT-TEACHERS ADVOCATE RISE IN COMPENSATION

The meeting of the Parent-Teachers' association at the high school Friday evening was well attended by both parents and teachers, and several important problems were discussed. It was decided to hold the first social function of the organization at the White Pelican hotel Friday evening, November 28.

The following resolution favoring a salary increase for all high school teachers was adopted:

Whereas, We, the High School Parent-Teachers' association, after careful investigation into the salaries of teachers, and into living conditions, believe that the teachers deserve a higher salary schedule; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we favor a substantial increase in salary for the teachers of the Klamath County high school.

MRS. CAREY N. RAMSBY,
MRS. L. O. MILLS,
MRS. M. HANKS,
MRS. C. V. FISHER,
Committee.

S. F. SUFFERING FROM EPIDEMIC OF STRIKE'S

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Underwood returned last night from San Francisco, where Mr. Underwood was summoned about ten days ago by the serious illness of his aunt. She is slightly better. Mrs. Underwood has been absent for five weeks, and was visiting her sister in Seattle when Mr. Underwood was summoned south. She joined him at Weed for the trip to the bay.

Mr. Underwood states that San Francisco is beginning to feel the effects of a year of industrial unrest and the intermittent strikes of shipyard employees and dock workers. The result is becoming apparent in unsettled business conditions.

ONLY 25 MORE
SHOPPING
DAYS—UNTIL
CHRISTMAS!

