

## END COMES SCHEIDEMANN GOVERNMENT

**Its Opposition to Peace Treaty Brings about Downfall.**

### WILL SIGN TREATY

Copenhagen Dispatch declares that the signing of the treaty is as certain as if the signatures were already attached to the document. Acceptance if reported.

PARIS, June 20.—The Scheidemann was the chief opponent. It is believed that this assures the signing of the treaty, as Scheidemann was the chief opponent. It is also believed it will entail the fall of President Ebert. The national assembly will take measures to elect his successor. It is reported that the Germans have asked for a further extension of the time limit for acting on the peace treaty.

WEIMAR, June 20.—The cabinet will continue in office temporarily until President Ebert is able to form a new one.

LONDON, July 20.—A Paris dispatch says that the German National Assembly at Weimar has accepted the peace treaty.

DISPATCH, By Associated Press. (Dateline)—Advises today indicate that the new German ministry will be one that will accept the peace terms. The majority socialists, independent socialists and centerists all appear to be in favor of signing, while the German national democratic parties are opposed. The first organizations have an overwhelming majority. Premier Orlando has submitted his resignation of his cabinet after an adverse vote in the Italian Chamber of deputies. The resignation has not been accepted by King Humbert.

COBLENZ, June 20.—It is reported that Gustave Noske, minister of defense, will succeed Premier Scheidemann and that Mathias Erzberger of the armistice commission, will succeed Von Berneckdorff Rantzau as head of the peace delegation.

WEIMAR, June 20.—A poll of the members of the National Assembly seems to show that the peace terms cannot fail to be accepted by the German government.

LONDON, June 20.—The signing of the Peace Treaty by Germany is as certain as if the signatures had already been put to the document, says a Copenhagen dispatch quoting Weimar advices.

PARIS, June 20.—An official German wireless from Nagen says that all reports concerning changes in the German cabinet are premature. It says the National assembly failed to get the majority of its members to favor the signing of the peace terms due to division among the various political parties.

## DANCE TONIGHT MOOSE HALL

One of the best delightful dances of the season will be given at the Moose Hall tonight. The following chaperones will have charge: Mesdames McCourt, Bogue, O. W. Robertson, Santama and Noud. Refreshments will be served and an evening with pleasant enjoyment is promised to all who attend.

## FEDERATION OF LABOR OPPOSES IMMIGRATION

ATLANTIC CITY, June 19.—The American Federation of Labor, in convention here, today adopted a resolution favoring the restriction of immigration during the reconstruction period.

## FISH AND GAME LAWS COMING

PORTLAND, June 20.—Eighteen thousand copies of the Oregon fish and game laws for 1919-20 have been received at the state fish and game commission headquarters and will be distributed to all county offices this week. This booklet, known as the sportsmen's edition, contains a complete compilation of all the laws of the state relating to the propagation, distribution and protection of game, animals, birds and fish.

In addition the booklet also contains a complete compilation of the federal regulations of migratory birds and laws relating to the interstate shipment of fish. A list of streams closed by the commission and a synopsis of commercial fishing seasons is also included.

## LUMBER FUTURE DECLARED GOOD

PORTLAND, June 19.—Several years of prosperity is in store for the lumber industry of the Pacific Northwest, says W. J. Haynes of St. Louis, special adjuster of claims for the emergency fleet construction. Haynes has been on the Pacific coast several weeks adjusting claims of shippers and fir producers against the fleet corporation and handling sales of material left in the yards through cancellation of orders for wooden ships.

Lumber stocks are low and the demand heavy at all points in Oregon and Washington, according to the bulletin of the West Coast Lumbermen's association. Orders are in excess of production and the outlook is decidedly satisfactory to lumber manufacturers.

Mills throughout the Northwest are adding to their equipment and several new mills are under construction. Lumber prices show a tendency to advance to still higher levels, according to officials of the West Coast association, and advices from Washington, D. C., emphasize the belief that prices will not drop below the present schedule for several years.

The mill of the Standard Box and Lumber company at Seaford was destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon. The loss was estimated by S. B. Cobb, secretary of the company, at \$2,150,000, covered to the extent of \$120,000 by insurance. The mill employed 200 men and was cutting 100,000 feet daily prior to the fire. Mr. Cobb states that officials of the company have not yet determined whether the mill will be rebuilt.

Anticipation of large export sales to Belgium has been somewhat dampened by announcements from Washington that immense quantities of lumber were abandoned by the Germans in the withdrawal of their army from that country. According to the government report the most serious loss to the lumber and furniture manufacturers of Belgium has been the destruction and removal of machinery and equipment. Stocks of dried and seasoned lumber are nil and considerable time will be required in replacing them.

## OCCUPATION TAX WILL SOON BE DUE

Ordinance No. 448, which provides for the levying of an occupation tax will be in force July 1, and the business men of the city will be called upon to contribute their mite to the city treasury. The passage of this ordinance was a splendid piece of work on the part of the council, as it will make it possible for the city to protect the residents against conscienceless tricksters that are always so numerous in prosperous times.

## GRAHAM KIEHL ON FURLOUGH

Graham Kiehl, a graduate of Klamath County High School, is here on a furlough from the navy, visiting friends. Mr. Kiehl came from Philadelphia and as a great deal of his time has been taken up with traveling he will be in town only until Sunday.



## HERE'S A REAL BIG FISH STORY

AND THE BEST PART OF IT IS THERE ARE PLENTY OF WITNESSES TO PROVE IT IS TRUE.

George A. Wirtz, while fishing at Diamond lake last week, found his fishing tackle inadequate in landing a fifteen pound rainbow trout so casting pole, hook, and line aside he sprung to the waters edge and captured the escaping fish by the gills and dragged it to safety. Mr. Wirtz feels that his fish story is quite superior to any he has heard so far and most of his friends are willing to agree that he is right.

Others in the party were T. J. Telford, C. F. Trimble, of the Christian church and his son, Ray. They were joined later by Mr. and Mrs. Austin Hayden from their ranch on the Big Klamath Marsh.

They report a pleasant trip with the exception of a bad blizzard encountered when they attempted to climb Elkhorn mountain, one of the highest peaks in the vicinity of Diamond lake.

Judging from the number of "rainbows" the fisherman brought home with them, conditions at Diamond Lake favor the fisherman, since the limit was caught by every member of the party.

## GOOD RYE STAND AROUND ALGOMA

A fine stand of rye in the Algoma district is reported by George and Fred Engelstein, who were in the city on matters of business yesterday. Fall sown rye which they put in and disced over is now the height of a man's head and a heavy crop is expected. This ground has never been ploughed and this is the second crop ever raised on the land. Much of the ground in the Algoma neighborhood is sub-irrigated from the lake and heavy crops are produced each year.

## NEW PLANE RECORD MADE

VILLACOUBLAY, June 19.—Adjutant Casale, the French aviator, who established a new world altitude record of 31,168 feet a short time ago, broke his own record Saturday by ascending to a height of 10,100 meters (approximately 33,136 feet). The flight was made in 55 minutes. The temperature at the height of 10,100 meters was eight degrees below zero.

## HUNGARIAN WOMEN WEAR GLAD RAGS

VIENNA, via London, June 19.—Mrs. Bela Kun, wife of the Hungarian dictator, and wives of three of the soviet ministers came from Budapest to Vienna to do a little shopping. Mrs. Kun spent \$25,000 for hats, lingerie, shoes and gowns along the Kornthergasse, Vienna's elite shopping street.

Mrs. Bobin, Mrs. Vago and Mrs. Dio Yento, who accompanied her, were equally lavish in their expenditures. The women spent \$40,000 for antique furniture alone.

Mrs. Kun, before her husband's accession to power as soviet dictator of Hungary, did not know what it was to own a bonnet. A shawl was her only head covering in those days. But she bought six hats for \$600 each, and a Parisian gown which had been smuggled into Vienna. For this she paid \$1500.

## WIFE IS MURDERED BY RELIGIOUS FANATIC

PORTLAND, June 19.—Thomas S. Edwards, an iron worker, shot and killed his wife as she was seated at the breakfast table. He went to a nearby house, telephoned to his brother, C. O. Edwards, telling him of the deed and then returned to his home and shot himself dead. Religious fanaticism is assigned as the reason for his action. Their four children were seated at the table at the time.

## APPOINTED ASSISTANT TO COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Geo. B. Icenhower, who was employed by the Reclamation Service for several years, has been appointed assistant to the County surveyor, C. T. Darley. The county office is badly rushed since work was begun on the new west side road, as well as on several county bridges. Assistance is also being given to the Drainage districts, where new drain ways are being surveyed out. The Upper Van Brimmer Drainage District is putting in the most extensive systems at present.

## LABOR ASKED TO IGNORE INJUNCTIONS

ATLANTIC CITY, June 19.—The American Federation of Labor today adopted a resolution condemning "usurpation by the judiciary" of the government's legislative and executive powers and recommended that organized labor in future disregard all injunctive decrees of courts, on ground that they violated the rights guaranteed under the constitution.

## G. O. P. CHIEFS UNMOVED BY PLEA FOR BEER

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Republican leaders were not impressed with the protest of labor against the enforcement of wartime prohibition and no action will be taken by congress looking to the repeal of the law which becomes operative July 1. This opinion was expressed by a member of the house steering committee, who, while opposed to prohibition, said that the responsibility for lifting the ban rests with the president.

The liquor men who are in daily consultation with Secretary Tamm are confident the president will issue a proclamation calling off wartime prohibition on the ground that the war is practically concluded, the army demobilized and further food conservation unnecessary.

The republican members of the house judiciary committee have received an opinion from a lawyer of national reputation to the effect that the president has it in his power to set aside wartime prohibition and that no act of congress is necessary.

At the same time legislation to enforce wartime prohibition by the first of July has become an apparent impossibility. The senate and house have made a remarkable record thus far in disposing of important and necessary measures, but complications are increasing to slow down the legislative pace, and recognition of the opposition to enforcement measures makes it obvious that any obstruction by the liquor advocates in either house or senate would delay action beyond the date when the law goes into effect.

## SALEM BEGINS PAPER MILL

SALEM, Ore., June 19.—(Special)—Construction of the new paper mill in Salem has begun. All of the legal tangle involving the vacation of Trade street have been settled and the construction work will proceed as rapidly as possible, it was announced. The mill will cost approximately \$500,000.

## WILSON WILL NOT ACT ON DRY LAW

PARIS, June 19.—President Wilson is said to be satisfied that a majority of the people of the United States favor the repeal of the war time prohibition act, in so far as it relates to light wines and beer, but maintains the position that he is unable to prevent the law from becoming effective, it was learned from authoritative sources today.

There is only one slight chance that he will act. If Attorney General Palmer rules that the war ends with the signing of the peace treaty and that demobilization is completed with the return of the national army and the national guard to the United States, the president will set aside the war time prohibition law.

## BRITISH DIRIGIBLE POSTPONES FLIGHT

LONDON, June 19.—The flight of the British dirigible B-34 to America was definitely postponed until Germany decides what she intends to do regarding the peace terms. Should Germany refuse to sign, according to one officer, the flight will be made eastward instead of westward.

## HERE IN INTEREST OF ROGUE RIVER ROUND-UP

F. W. Herrin, who has been here in the interest of the Rogue River Round-up, which is to be held in Ashland on July Fourth, left yesterday afternoon for Langell Valley for a brief visit with friends there. He was accompanied by Mrs. E. G. Kilgore and Mr. and Mrs. James Lewis. Mr. Herrin states that there will be at least two hundred automobiles come over from Ashland and vicinity to participate in the Elks Convention.

## HERE FROM OAKLAND.

Mrs. I. C. Kulel, a deputy from the Macabee lodge in Oakland, Calif., left this morning for her home. She has been here recruiting members for the Klamath chapter during the past week.

## BITTER DEBATE ON IN SENATE

DEMOCRATS ACCUSE THE REPUBLICANS OF STACKING THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The adoption of the Knox Resolution, regarding the League of Nations and the Peace Treaty would be interpreted as an uncalled for rebuff by the Senate to dictate to peace conference declared Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado, today in opposing the measure. Senator Williams of Mississippi, challenged any Republican Senator to deny, "that the committee on foreign relations has been stacked against the League." The challenge started a clash so bitter that Vice President Marshall admonished the Senators against breaking the rules. Senator Williams shouted to the republicans "you left on that committee only one republican favoring the League and you left him because you dared not take him off." The Republicans replied that it might also be said that the Peace Commission at Paris was stacked with Democrats.

## WAR WEAKENED GERMAN PEOPLE

Berlin. — (By Mail) —Germany's greatest casualty list can be charged up against hunger and worry rather than any army, according to German doctors and scientists who have been working out results of the war in great detail.

Hunger and worry cost the country 4,000,000 unborn German babies, according to the German doctors, a figure more than twice the German losses in killed on all fronts.

Germany's imaginary casualty list of 4,000,000 babies is due more to the condition of her women during the war than to the fact that husbands were at the front, say the German doctors, for the German army developed an elaborate system of "permissions." The women suffered more in Germany psychologically as well as physically, than the men, say the doctors, and were unfit to become mothers by their suffering.

In spite of the figures the German doctors can produce to show the tremendous falling off in births in Germany during the war, American doctors, who have been in Germany on missions and who have seen German calculations, are inclined to take Germany's imaginary casualty list with a grain of salt.

The German doctors insist on blaming the blockade as being the source of all German health trouble. Influenza made quite an inroad upon the Germans, and the German scientists cited the number of thousands of "innocents killed by the entente" until they told their views to an American army physician one day. The American asked the Germans how they accounted for influenza casualties in America and the Germans were stumped.

German doctors for a while maintained a propaganda showing the permanent effect on the German race from the blockade which weakened people. Entente doctors routed this theory by showing that for the most part only the weaklings died from lack of necessities. The conclusion is that the German people will be stronger for having lost the weak.

## VISITING MRS. HURN.

W. B. Grubb arrived here this week from Yreka, for a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Hurn. Accompanying him was his son, C. A. who has just returned from France where he has been serving his country with the 20th Engineers. Mrs. Hurn is quite happy over the receipt of a letter from her son Will, telling her that he has been discharged from the army and is now located in Portland. Will had joined the "treat'em rough" crowd and landed in France just in time to hear of the signing of the armistice.