

FIGHTING IN BOHEMIA.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 25.—There was severe fighting on Saturday at Prague the capital of Bohemia in which the National Guard and the students drove the anti government communists from the public buildings which they occupied, according to the Berlin newspapers.

CORRECTION.

The report that Fred Nickelson arrived night before last with the artillery boys from the Eighty First Regiment, proved to be incorrect. "Porky" was with this group and expected home with them, but he is still in the east.

Colonel House is one delegate the Versailles Conference will never grow tired listening to.—Arkansas Gazette

The trouble with the Irish question is that too many of the Irish people want what too many of the Irish people don't want.—Detroit Free Press.

CANNED BLOOD NOW USED FOR TRANSFUSION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—"Canned blood," one of the remarkable developments of war surgery, was described today by the surgeon general's office for the benefit of the families of hundreds of soldiers whose lives were saved by blood transfusion. One of the heaviest causes of death among wounded soldiers is hemorrhage. Immediately after the United States entered the war the medical department began organizing to reduce the number of fatalities from this cause. Development of the use of "canned blood" was a direct result of war conditions. During a heavy attack it was impossible to arrange for transfusions direct from persons, so the fluid was drawn previously, stored on ice in sterile flasks and used in emergency cases. Where the wounded man could stand it, a blood substitute was injected which sustained life until he could be removed to a hospital where more direct transfusion could be employed.

Coe's Jitney Service. Phone 165 Night phone 147 20-10*

NOTICE

Rebekahs will meet for practice Thursday night. All members of the team are requested to be present. 26-2t

BACK FROM MILITARY CAMP.

J. E. Hosking, former agent for the Standard Oil Company in Klamath Falls and who has been in the military service for the past few months returned last night from Camp Lewis, where he has received his discharge.

BACK FROM "FRISCO."

"Tut" Weeden, who is well known in Klamath Falls is here for a time from San Francisco. He reports that the wet and dry issue is now the absorbing topic with the betting in favor of the wets.

Of course a cat may look at a king, but it will have to hurry.—Chicago Daily News.

SERBIANS ARE NOW GETTING A HOLD ON LIFE

NISH, Switzerland—Correspondent Associated Press—Three months of unremitting industry, unhampered by Bulgarian and Austrian deprivations or interference, have enabled the Serbian people to secure a new hold on life. With the country entirely free of invaders, the large peasant population has succeeded in setting things in order in surprising fashion, and conditions should be almost normal soon.

Large quantities of wheat and other staples, which the shrewd Serbian farmers hid from the enemy, have reappeared. At the moment the most pressing needs seem to be clothing, shoes, fuel and agricultural implements.

Apparently there is plenty of money in the country, some of it having come from Austrian and German soldiers, who, it may be said to their credit, paid for most of the articles they took from the Serbians during their occupation. However, the Bulgarians, who requisitioned almost everything they required from the already straitened population, often paid nothing for what they took. In the cities most of the stores have no stocks because they sold almost everything to the Austrians and Germans.

Fortunately the harvest last fall was exceptionally good and there probably will be nothing approaching starvation among the poor this winter. The enemy troops carried off almost every article of value they could lay hands on, but they did not have time, owing to the suddenness of their retreat, to take with them more than 25 per cent of the available grain supply. Meat is abundant, though high in price. Before the war it sold for 6 cents a pound, now it sells for 56 cents. Large numbers of sheep raised in the mountains furnish not only a valuable meat supply but an abundance of wool, which has provided the peasants with the only clothing they have had in four years.

Serbia's most vital need is for clothing. Even well-to-do persons are shabbily or, at least, scantily clad. The Associated Press correspondent observed an army officer of high rank dressed in a skirt made of four sacks. The little clothing that may be bought is held at prohibitive prices. The ordinary peasant working costume costs \$150, shoes \$50, underwear of poor quality \$25, and thread is priced at \$2 a spool. A consignment of old clothes from the Buffalo, N. Y., chapter of the American Red Cross, valued at home at \$75, was appraised at \$1,500 by a merchant in the Pirot district, where the Red Cross is carrying on relief work. The Buffalo supplies were distributed on Christmas day and brought happiness to many homes.

FRANCE'S WAR EXPENSES WILL BE TREMENDOUS

PARIS, Feb. 25.—The financial situation of France is being given serious attention in the chamber of deputies, where it will be the subject of an interpellation at an early date. France's war expenses are expected to reach a total of 132,000,000,000 francs, with resources to meet it of 158,000,000,000 francs, showing a deficit of 24,000,000,000 francs. In addition there are exceptional expenses, which will bring the estimated total to 26,000,000,000 francs and make the total deficit 50,000,000,000 francs.

It is reckoned that the expenses for 1920 will be 18,500,000,000 francs, of which the existing budget can supply only 8,000,000,000 francs. The question is, therefore, being discussed in French quarters, whether, apart from Germany's war contribution, a new division of war expenses ought not to be considered between the allies in order to distribute more equitably the burden which, it is contended, weighs more heavily on France than on the others.

GERMAN PEOPLE NOT REPENTANT OVER CONDUCT

PARIS, Feb. 22.—Declaring he is not prepared to say the German people are beyond redemption, Herbert Hoover, director general of the allies' food administration, declared in a speech here Saturday that there is today a total absence of any expression of regret in Germany.

"If 70,000,000 Germans should shed the tears of Niobe for a thousand years, they would not wash away the human misery for which they are responsible," said Hoover.

He would not say, Hoover said, that it is not the duty of the allies to endeavor to build up the German people "to a state of decency."

One of the first reparations the Germans should be compelled to make, he said, is the quick return in actual cattle of the dairy herds stolen from France and Belgium, because of the dependency of the robbed people upon dairy stock.

K. P. MEETS.

The K. P. Lodge will meet Wednesday night at 7:30 at the lodge rooms when the rank of esquire is to be put on and other important business transacted. It is requested that all members of the order be present at this meeting.—C. C. LOW, C. C. 25-2t

Age Brings Wisdom.

A salesman was selling a bedroom clock to a girl.

"I recommend this clock with its illuminating attachment to switch on," he said. "It's a very good thing to tell what time your husband comes home, you know."

"But I haven't got a husband," said the girl.

"Oh, you will have some day," said the salesman.

"Yes, but not that kind of a husband," said the girl.

Then it was that the middle-aged woman stepped forward.

"My dear child, they're all that kind," she said. "Young man, I'll take that clock."—Baltimore American.

FORCED TO TOIL.

"You used to hate work." "I hate it yet," replied Plodding Pete. "But I'm goin' to keep at it. If you get in the habit of loafin' now, some member of the I. W. W. is liable to step up any minute an' call you 'brother.'"—Washington Star.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—A single rumbout buggy in good condition; must be reasonable. Address Box 214, Klamath Falls. 26-1f

LOST—Auto chain, between top of Third street and Eleventh street reclamation bridge or on Ninth street. Reward. Star Drug. 26-1t



Boys Shoes

The Kind That WEAR

THEY WEAR WELL BECAUSE THEY'RE BUILT WELL

It is hard to keep them shod with the ordinary play or school shoe. But this particular brand of boys' shoe is made just to stand that hard usage that only a boy, the red-blooded kind of youngster, can give footwear. Only the very toughest cuts of the toughest leathers are used, and the findings, the linings, counters, threads, etc., are selected with this "hard wear" in mind. We say these are "Boys' Shoes that Wear," and we ask that you let your boy put them to the test. Wide Toe Healthy Shapes for Growing Feet.

SHOES FOR SCHOOL

Black Lace Blucher—Heavy flexible sole, low, broad heel, 8 1/2 to 11 \$2.85 Same, 12 1/2 to 2 \$3.25 Grown-Up Shapes for Dress-Up Wear.

DRESS-UP SHOES

The Little Men will delight in these grown-up styles. They will please you, too, when you see how neat they look. Prices Go According to Size, ranging from \$2.50 to \$5.50. Every pair of children's shoes we sell is sold with our "Correct Fit" guarantee.



Do You Trust Your Druggist as You Do Your Doctor?

You have confidence in your doctor and are willing to take any medicine which he prescribes. But you don't always know what is ordered or how it has been handled by the druggist.

You should, therefore, select a regular druggist whom you may trust as faithfully as you do your physician.

Every possible safeguard is placed around our Prescription Department.

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"PUFFED" BRICK SHIPS WILL BE LAUNCHED SOON

OAKLAND, Feb. 25.—March 15th has been set as the date for launching the first "puffed brick" vessel in the government's concrete shipbuilding program. It is scheduled to drop from the ways of the San Francisco Shipbuilding Co., on Government Island in Oakland inner harbor, and officials of the concern who built the "Faith" are confident, in view of the present progress, that the launching will take place on time.

"Pouring" of two 7,500 ton oil tankers began at the plant the first of this month. This was made a gala event under the auspices of the Oakland Chamber of Commerce. It is expected that the second vessel will leave the ways a day or two after the first launching.

The local yard has introduced several innovations in concrete ship construction, chief of which is the use of "puffed brick." This is made like ordinary brick of a peculiar clay containing a low percentage of silica. When subjected to intense heat the bricks puff up like popcorn in a popper. The product looks much like coke and is as light.

The "puffed brick" then are ground up and mixed with cement. Thus, instead of using crushed rock, as in ordinary concrete construction, about 40 per cent is said to be gained in the lightness of the ship's walls.

Another feature is the method of constructing the forms. These are built in standardized sections and are hinged with bolts, so that they can be forced up and put out of the way

when the concrete hardens. As soon as a vessel is launched, these forms can be put back in place, the steel rods installed, and in a few days pouring of another ship can begin. The concrete ship experts say that this arrangement makes it possible to turn out a 7,500 ton vessel every three months. Besides, only about 25 per cent of lumber in the forms is wasted.

In only one respect does concrete ship building resemble steel construction. That is in the use of the pneumatic hammer. As the concrete pours between the sheathings, workmen turn their "rivet guns" on the steel rods. The vibration shakes the concrete into the smallest crannies.

The two concrete vessels being built on Government Island resemble steel ships in their lines, being a large advance, it is asserted, over the "Faith." They will be launched sideways, because it has been figured out that sending a concrete vessel into the water stern first may subject it to a damaging twisting strain. The boats really take a three foot dive into the water, the ways being that distance above high water. It has been figured out that the three foot drop with the side of the vessel going down broadside, subjects the boat to the minimum of strain by spreading it over a large surface.

BIG SEAPLANE WITH CREW BELIEVED LOST

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26.—The navy department has announced the loss of the big seaplane number 3495 with three engines of the naval reserve and two mechanics off the Virginia coast.

The seaplane started on a flight from Norfolk Sunday and failed to return. A radio operator reported that he saw a seaplane plunge into the water and disappear. No trace of the missing plane or crew has yet been found.

Announcement Something New For the Women of Klamath Falls

A Popular-Priced Hat Department. Untrimmed Shapes. Prices \$1.45, \$2.45, \$3.95 \$3.95 Nothing over \$5.00 Saturday, March 1st

We also have a full new line of HAT BRAIDS and FLOWERS Saturday, March 1st

Martin's 5-10-15-25c Store



YOUR BOY

Deserves a chance at music, but first he needs a good piano to practice on. We believe that we have the piano you want at the price and terms you can afford to pay.

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