

The Evening Herald

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919

ONE-MAN GOVERNMENT

Soldiers returning from France land in the United States without money, the many months' pay is due them. If they are sick, no hospitals are ready to receive them, says the Oregonian. No provision has been made for their civil employment, except that the government employment offices are open to them as to any civilian. No allowance has been made for their maintenance until they find employment, such as the Allies have made. They are no longer needed by the government since the Marne has been won, the Hindenburg line wiped out, the Argonne forest cleared of machine guns, and the lost battalion found; so they are given no more attention by the government, and they are cast aside like an old, well-worn shoe. Yes, they are well-worn in winning the victories for which President Wilson has been receiving the laurels.

Care for the returning soldiers should have had the attention of congress last summer, but congress blandly assumed that the war would last another year at least, and it whiled away the time in bootless talk. Having caught congress unprepared for war, Germany caught it unprepared for peace by inconsiderately making an unexpected surrender. As Congress had to make an army after the war began, so it has to make provisions for the soldiers' homecoming after they are home.

The cause of this callous neglect, which is a national shame, is not far to seek. The President, from the day of his first inauguration, has taken all initiative into his own hands until he has finally destroyed all power of initiative in his cabinet and in his party in congress. The only present member of the cabinet who has shown any of this quality is Secretary Lane. He is the only one who has made any concrete proposal for readjustment to peace conditions, but his scheme needs much fixing before it will be workable. The other cabinet members are obedient clerks, especially since Mr. McAdoo stepped out. The democratic members of congress have degenerated into rubber stamps for the President's decisions, the only exceptions being those who have made well-merited criticism of the administration and have received condign punishment, and those few who have had hobbies to ride.

When the present session opened, the eleventh hour for demobilization and readjustment legislation had struck. If the President has called upon congress to give this work preference over all else, it would doubtless have got down to business with all the speed of which it is capable. He said nothing in his address about care of the soldiers during demobilization, left everything to our "quick and resourceful" people, simply commended the Lane scheme, stated the railroad problem and gave it up, and announced that he was going to Europe to settle the affairs of the world and would run the United States by wireless.

Since his departure the government has been like a family deserted by both parents, or like a flock of sheep milling around without a shepherd. The dollar-a-year men who had injected some business energy and efficiency into the departments, have returned to their own affairs, leaving the small-size chiefs to shift for themselves. In the absence of the big chief to tell them what to do, and of the business men to show them how to do it, these tame politicians are at a loss, any initiative or courage they ever had having been drilled out of them. The so-called democratic leaders in congress are in as bad a predicament. They are not accustomed to propose anything without the President's O. K., and they have been used to carry their troubles to him. They can scarcely do that by wireless. About the only democrats who originate an idea are

men like Senators Chamberlain, Hitchcock or Reed, and they expose the administration's deficiencies more unsparingly than any republican could.

Since the President himself has reduced both the heads of departments and congress to this condition of impotence by taking all initiative into his own hands, his duty is to come home and take the lead in urgently needed legislation, that the soldiers may be paid, fed, healed and put to work, and that industry may be speedily readjusted to the new conditions which have suddenly arisen. The zeal of the American people for the salvation of democracy in Europe does not flag, but they do not forget that the President was elected for the primary duty of caring for democracy in the United States. If it should not soon receive more attention than it now has, it may get into a bad way, and may even be compelled to call upon the democracy of Europe for help. Surely the President does not desire such an anticlimax to his efforts to "make the world safe for democracy."

The business men of Klamath Falls are to be congratulated on their attitude towards the movement that was inaugurated among them for the cleaning up of the city and the allaying of the unnecessary apprehension over influenza. The order to close, clean and fumigate was strictly obeyed thruout the city, and we have to hear of a slingle complaint—in fact, the general attitude was one of quiet satisfaction over what has been developed. The cool-headed, thoughtful and conservative people felt confident that there was no occasion for the scare, and they also believed the quickest way to dispose of it was to show the people that there was no occasion for it. That their line of reasoning was correct is proven by the small number of cases that were developed and the quick recession of the fear that was taking possession of the people. There will, for a day or two, be sporadic outbreaks of rumors, but investigation will prove them to be baseless, as was demonstrated in a couple of cases yesterday. The exact situation will be detailed daily in The Herald until the health board concludes there is no further need for it. In the meantime, follow the rules of the health board, report any violations of the quarantine regulations, and if you are under quarantine, obey the instructions given you by your physician and the quarantine officers.

IDAHO PROHIBITION LAWS VERY DRASTIC

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 16.—On January 1, 1919, Idaho had been boneyard for three years. The Idaho Prohibition law is one of the most drastic in effect anywhere in the west and makes it a crime to have liquor in possession even for medicinal use. Special permits are issued for shipments of wine for sacramental use in the churches, but all other shipments are strictly barred. In spite of the vigilance of state officials a great deal of liquor is brought into the state by bootleggers and sold at from \$6 to \$11 a quart, according to the scarcity of the supply. Since Nevada went dry on December 16 bootlegging prices have been mounting rapidly.

Idaho's bone dry law gives sheriffs and their deputies, as well as city policemen, power of search and seizure. Any home or business establishment may be entered if reasonable suspicion exists that liquor may be on the premises and thorough going search may be made by the officials.

BRITISH PAYING FOR REPATRIATING BELGIUM

LONDON, Jan. 16.—From Southampton and from Grimsby, Scotland, ships are taking back to Belgium the first consignment of the thousands of Belgian refugees who sought shelter in this country at the beginning of the war. Present arrangements for the repatriation of the exiles contemplate the return only of those belonging to Antwerp and vicinity. Later those whose homes are in other parts of Belgium will be taken care of.

Speed with which general repatriation of the Belgians will be carried out depends upon the internal conditions of Belgium and improvement of road and rail transport. The repatriation will be at the expense of the British government.

Putting in order lines of communication with released territories in Belgium has been a slow, laborious work, and there are many Belgians in England who have not yet been able to get into touch with their people at home.

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PERSONAL MENTION

LITTLE SIDELIGHTS ON LOCAL HAPPENINGS AMONG THE PEOPLE OF THIS CITY AND VICINITY. GOINGS AND COMINGS OF LOCAL FOLKS

J. Crane and Paul Jacklin are county seat visitors from Algoma today.

Thomas Browne is in the city on matters of business from the Midland district.

R. Jones was among the train arrivals last night from Sacramento. He is a guest at the White Pelican.

M. Lovelady has returned from the Jenny Creek district where he is reported to have been buying cattle.

Robert Giffon left this morning for Dunsmuir, where he will spend the next few days on matters of business.

Dick Kenneally, a well known sheepman of the Merrill district is in the county seat today on matters of business.

H. Wespe who has been employed as a plumber on the Court House, left this morning for Weed, on matters of business.

W. A. Dwight of the Dwight Lumber Company of San Francisco who is vice-president of the Big Lakes Lumber Company of this city, came in last evening on matters of business.

Dr. H. V. Hailman of the Indian Service with Mrs. Hailman, arrived last night and left this morning for the Klamath Indian Agency on the Reservation on matters of official business. The Hailmans reside at Washington, D. C.

Mrs. F. C. Burnett and son, who have been visiting at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. G. L. Kelley on Washington Street for the past four weeks, returned today to their home in Fresno. Mrs. Burnett expressed herself as greatly pleased with the Klamath Falls winter climate.

O. R. Bess and E. Bess are guests at the White Pelican Hotel today from Dunsmuir.

E. R. Reames has gone for an extended stay at his California home at Mountain View.

Mrs. J. P. Campbell and children left this morning for Ashland, where they expect to spend the remaining winter months.

J. A. Maddox, who operates the Lone Pine ranch in the Merrill district is here for a short time on business. He is a guest at the Hotel Hall.

President J. O. Goldthwaite of the Modoc Lumber Company of Chiloquin accompanied by Mrs. Goldthwaite left this morning for San Francisco where they will spend several days.

J. Frank Adams, a prominent stockman has returned from a rounding up a bunch of horses in the eastern part of the County. Mr. Adams reports that while the market for light horses is very low, he has no trouble in disposing of his heavier animals at satisfactory prices.

B. C. Burton of Pendleton, who has been visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. C. B. Browne of Hot Springs addition, for the past few days, left for his home this morning. He is much pleased with Klamath Falls and expects to return. He has just been released from the military service.

James Ryan has received a letter from his nephew, W. L. Halley, who is still in France, in which he reports that all of the boys from Klamath Falls, with whom he is in contact are well. Halley is with the 4th Company of the 20th Engineers, and tells his uncle that they are having regular Oregon weather, since "it is raining to beat the band, but we should worry, now that the war is over".

PRESIDENT WILSON AND GEN. PERSHING REVIEWING AMERICAN TROOPS AT FRONT



This is one of the first photographs to reach this country showing President Wilson reviewing the American troops at the front. In the stands, watching the doughboys go by are Mrs. Wilson, General Pershing, General Liggett and General Bullard.

bear this inconvenience. On the Ural front we have already distributed among the Red Guards 600 suits and overcoats belonging to the Romanoffs. The bourgeoisie must disappear in a socialistic state. If we go on steadily we will soon teach the Russian bourgeoisie what ought to be and after that the bourgeoisie of the world. Another speaker at the Soviet government Bukharin, is quoted as saying that Germany and Austria no longer were dangerous to Bolshevism; but that the main danger now lay with England and America. "We must support the revolution in the Central Empire and we have decided to sacrifice our blood and our bread to the German proletariat." Other refugees here report that the Bolsheviks openly confess that their hopes of maintaining power are very weak and that their only hope is a world-wide revolution.

Klamath County News

SPRING LAKE

Mrs. W. F. Reece is quite sick again.

Mrs. Frank Stewart is spending a few days in town with Mrs. Glen Stearns.

Cheyne Brothers hauled hogs to market Monday.

Mrs. Green is reported ill with the influenza.

PORTLAND BANK ROBBER SENTENCED TO THE PEN

PORTLAND, Jan. 16.—Arthur C. Davis, who pleaded guilty to robbing the East Side bank of money and securities of a value of more than \$100,000, and who was apprehended some weeks later thru the efforts of Mrs. Lola G. Baldwin, former Portland police-woman, has been sentenced by Judge Stapleton to from one to ten years in the state penitentiary.

Davis' attorney, Roscoe P. Hurst, made a plea for parole, which Judge Stapleton denied.

Local Red Cross Activities

Those present at the Sewing room Jan. 13, were Mesdames—D. M. Smith, Percy Evans, O. D. Burke, L. E. Sullivan, Miss Gertrude Smith.

Tuesday, Jan. 14, Mesdames—O. W. Robertson, Carey Ramsby, O. D. Burke, D. M. Smith, L. E. Sullivan, Miss Gertrude Smith.

Wednesday, Jan. 15, Mesdames—D. M. Smith, O. D. Burke, L. E. Sullivan.

Those who made pneumonia jackets Wednesday were—Mrs. C. A. Bunting, Mrs. M. S. Sargent, Mrs. A. D. Addison, Mrs. C. B. Glendinning, W. H. Robertson, H. N. Moe.

ARMY AVIATORS DROPPING FLORAL WREATHS ON ROOSEVELT HOME



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CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS Tells How To Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh will be gone. Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly. Its Just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.

DRINK HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST

Says you really feel clean, sweet and fresh inside, and are seldom ill.

If you are accustomed to wake up with a coated tongue, foul breath or a dull, dizzy headache; or, if your meals sour and turn into gas and acids, you have a real surprise awaiting you. Tomorrow morning, immediately upon arising, drink a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This is intended to first neutralize and then wash out of your stomach, liver, kidneys and thirty feet of intestines all the indigestible waste, poisons, sour bile and toxins, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal. Those subject to sick headaches, backache, bilious attacks, constipation or any form of stomach trouble, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store and begin enjoying this morning inside bath. It is said that men and women who try this become enthusiastic and keep it up daily. It is a splendid health measure, for it is more inside than on the outside, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing disease, while the bowel pores do. The principle of bathing inside is not new, as millions of people practice it. Just as hot water and soap cleans, purify and freshen the skin, so hot water and a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. Limestone phosphate is an inexpensive white powder, and almost tasteless.—Adv.