

The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor

Published daily except Sunday by The Herald Publishing Company of Klamath Falls, at 115 Fourth street.

Entered at the postoffice at Klamath Falls, Oregon, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

Subscription terms by mail to any address in the United States:
One year \$5.00
One month .40

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1917

Herald's Classified Ads.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—The return of the ladder borrowed from me the fall of 1915. I need it. O. A. Stearns. 23-24

HIGHEST cash paid for furs, hides and pelts. R. P. Lewis, 212th street, near Klamath. 23-24

Klamath Transfer company has storage room for any amount up to two carloads. Rates reasonable. Phone 342. 15-4nd-12nd

An Alton agent needs no letter of introduction. See Chilcote. 23

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND—Last September, gold oval locket and chain, on street near Central school; locket contains lock of hair. Enquire at Herald office. 23-24

Bids of Wood

Sealed bids, accompanied by a certified check for 5 per cent of the bid, will be received by the school board of District No. 1 up to Monday, March 5, 1917, for the following:

Fifty to 100 cords of body wood delivered to Riverside school, Klamath Falls.

Fifty to 115 cords of body wood, delivered part to Central and part to Mills schools.

All body wood to be 4-foot, cut from live trees, to be felled and measured on grounds. All wood to be delivered by September 1, 1917.

Address all bids to Ida B. Monyer, clerk, writing across the face of the envelope, "Bids for Wood."

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. 23-24

Sold one of my clients: "Almost pays a man to meet with an accident, if he has had the good sense to

ETNA-IZE

"Been living like a lord on my Etina checks—\$50 weekly. Folksy costs me so little I feel ashamed to take the money."

CHILCOTE, Agent 23

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOHN C. CLEGGHORN

County Surveyor
Civil Engineer

DR. J. H. CARTER

DENTIST

OFFICE, ROOMS 7 and 8
WHITE BUILDING

DR. F. M. WHITE

Eyes, Ears, Nose and Throat
Eye Tested—Glasses Fitted
207 Odd Fellows Building

DR. F. R. GODDARD

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Suite 212, L. O. O. F. Temple

Remember—Examination and consultation is free at your home, or in the office.

Further—I use the portable folding steel table for home treatment. This insures the home treatment to be equal to any given in the office and the price is the same.

Phone 331.
Residence phone 256-B.

City & County Abstract Co.

ARTHUR R. WILSON

5-7 Main St.

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INSURANCE

8 per cent Money for Loans

DR. A. A. SOULE

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Room 1 to 6, Emma Bldg. Phone 1017

(English pronunciation of Soule is Soul; French, Souley.)

FUR FARMING—A NEW INDUSTRY

Its Possibilities on the Eastern Slope of the Oregon Cascades—By C. W. H. Heideman

(Editor's Note—The writer is a retired naturalist who was for many years employed by the government in charge of horticultural, botanical and landscape work in Yellowstone National Park; has spent twelve years in Alaska as an agent and expert of the department of agriculture. Three years of constant travel in Siberia investigating fur farming problems tempts him to offer some suggestions as to the possibilities of an opportunity that is now knocking at our doors. Mr. Heideman is spending the winter on the banks of Four Mile Lake at the base of Mt. Pitt, studying this industry now. His article will appear continuously in the Evening Herald this week.)

(Continued From Friday's Herald)

Ever since the theory of state ownership of game, fish and fur bearing animals was discovered, state has sadly neglected its property. I am not specially criticizing Oregon game laws. Oregon has the most liberal and progressive game laws of any state. Oregon is a great game state, and Klamath county is unquestionably the best game, fish and fur region in the known world.

Oversight precludes guardianship. What has been the guardianship of our once great fur assets? Long before mines and mining and lumber were thought of in the West, the Astors, the Chouteaus of St. Louis, and the Hudson Bay company were exploiting the Pacific Northwest for its furs.

"Behind the squaw's light birch canoe A steamer rocks and raves, And city lots are staked for sale Above old Indian graves."

Down the pathway that they blazed cities have been built, river crossings replaced with iron bridges and steel rails now mark the trails of the pathfinders of the silence, as they were called. Once Beaver was king in this vast region. The story of the buffalo, the saddest event in the march of civilization across the continent has not even served as a warning of the tragedy yet to come.

Once on our very borders two great nations locked horns in a diplomatic battle that almost ended in war because of the rivalry of two trapping factions. If we dig the history of the fur trade from the figures of the fortunes that have been made, or from the nameless graves that dot the fur trail at all points, the figures are incomplete. Whether we get it from the nature fakirs of Dresden, who cunningly dye and manipulate, or from the romance of the trap line, half the story has never been told.

The very first attempts at enacting game laws was a compromise and an attempt to pass self-enforcing laws, and notwithstanding the fact that game has been and is steadily decreasing, most game laws today lack an enforcing clause. Ten years ago scarcely a state protected its fur-bearers. Even today, six states have no laws or restrictions whatever in regard to taking of fur. Seven states protect only beaver, and five states protect beaver and otter, with no restrictions whatever on other valuable fur animals. It is a sad commentary on modern statesmanship that those states which have no laws whatever

to protect wild fur-bearing animals are the only ones that permit fur farming without the stigma of "game law violators" being put upon the farmer in advance of violations; that do not tax or handicap him with senseless regulations to the point of discouragement. Oregon fur laws also have a sting in them that should be modified before fur farming can become a great industry. Fur laws, thy name is inconsistency. For one dollar the state transfers its right and title to me to a million dollars' worth of fur (if I can catch it). For one dollar it authorizes me to kill and sell to whom I please, a marten, a mink, an otter; but if I desire to keep them alive for breeding purposes, I must pay ten dollars, and years afterwards, when I have domesticated the offspring—on my own land—I cannot kill or ship alive, except under onerous rules and conditions. Surely the state is a poor business man in its guardianship. A state that values its fur resources, so little should be willing to so modify its laws as to permit its citizens to develop an industry of great possibilities.

Along the eastern slope of the Cascades there are millions of acres of land now locked up in forest reserves that are ideally adapted, because of their altitude and climatic conditions, to fur farming. These lands are not strictly agricultural lands, and with little or no commercial timber are now the haunts of predatory animals. If opened to homestead entry might become productive, and do their part in the settlement and development of an empire. The forest service, notwithstanding the laws of congress, are jealous of any encroachment of their domain. The fur farmer does not need, or ask, for sawlogs. If conservation means anything at all, it means the putting of these lands to their best use. Instead of opposition, the fur farming industry should have the hearty co-operation of the forest service, and to obtain this end is the work of commercial clubs.

LADYBUGS USED TO FIGHT PEST

ABOUT 100,000,000 OF THIS INSECT TO BE USED, ESPECIALLY IN THE MELON FIELDS OF THE IMPERIAL VALLEY

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 24.—The first shipment of California ladybugs for this year arrived today at the state insectary from the horticultural commission's field men in the Sierras. During the next few weeks some 100,000,000 of these beneficial little insects will be sent to the state "bug house." This season of the year is particularly favorable for collecting them.

About two-thirds of the bugs will be sent to the Imperial Valley to combat destructive insects in the melon fields. The California ladybug is considered particularly effective against the cantaloupe aphid.

Although it is generally recognized that the ladybugs are natural enemies of the insect pests, it is not yet known just how effective they are proving. Harry S. Smith, superintendent of the state insectary, is about to conduct an investigation in this connection.

At 230 Main Street Between Harry Richardson's News Stand and Francis Old's Paint Shop

The Master bankrupt stock of jewelry and kindred lines will be sold at ridiculous prices. You will have to see the goods and prices to appreciate their significance!

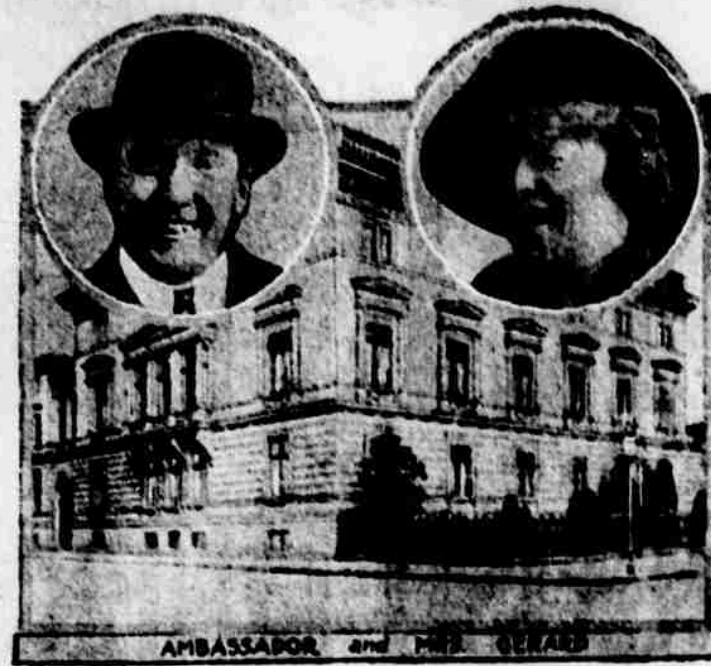
Jewelry in watches, tie pins, cuff links, fobs, watch chains, neck chains, lockets and lavalliers, brooches and chateaux, lingerie pins, lodge emblems and rings and bracelets.

Many nice articles in Libby's cut glass, and a fine assortment of single pieces in flat ware in Reliance plate and Community silver and in 1847 Rogers ware. Some sterling Peruvian ivory in various articles, toilet sets and umbrellas; earring sets; Conklin fountain pens and various other articles.

Notice of Change of Name
Public notice is hereby given that on February 10, 1917, the county court of Klamath county, Oregon, made and entered a decree changing the name of Harry Jackson to Henry Grove Babington.

Dated February 10, 1917.
HENRY GROVE BABINGTON.
10-17-24

American Ambassador Who Was Recalled, and Residence in Berlin



The American embassy in Berlin consuls and other representatives of the United States in Germany, are now in Madrid, Spain, on their way home.



"The Savior's Expectation"

By Rev. George H. Bennett
Grace M. R. Church

In every human mind has been planted a germ of expectation, and in every life has risen the star of hope. Springtime with its mellow sunbeams, and opening buds is a season of promise. It suggests the summer time of growth, and the autumn of maturity with its golden harvests and ruddy fruits—hope realized.

Childhood is teeming with expectation. Around every little child the whole world revolves. His interests to him are first and supreme, and all the world seems intended to minister to his ambitions. Every child expects to achieve something in life. The little boy with drum and wagon begins the day brimful of glowing thoughts, and the little girl with doll and playhouse begins the day with happy anticipations; and when the sun goes down the tired little ones lie down to dream of hopes realized. Jesus has his springtime of life, and in life's morning arose the star of hope. It had already risen, when as a lad he discussed profound questions of law with doctors in the temple. But what was the expectation of the Messiah? It was this: "To me every knee shall bow, and every tongue confess."

The star of hope arising in human life often is obscured by clouds, and goes down in darkness and expectations perish. Often do men anticipate success, but encounter unexpected obstacles. Sometimes falling health or unforeseen accident dashes hope. Many men dream of success and build altars, but they lack the elements of success in their mental and moral makeup. Too often does vice worm its way in, and destroys efficiency. It happens, too, that many are skillful and qualified for eminent service, but opportunity does not open to the realization of ambition.

Merit and skill do not always guarantee success, for too often must they compete with selfishness and injustice which are entrenched in financial power, or social and political influence and prejudice. Men of great wealth might easily become benefactors of the race—in the every day struggle for existence by placing the necessities of life, which they control, within the reach of the poor. But the trend of the great corporations seems to be to enrich themselves and plunder the public. So the government more than finds its hands full in controlling them and protecting the people. The great corporations are in position to lighten the cost and burden of living. Instead, they make the prices higher and the burdens heavier—and why is this? Selfishness, explains it all. And so human ambition, merit and skill must compete with selfishness, which is entrenched in financial and political power. No wonder human hopes perish.

Every person born into the world has the inherent right to make a living. If our society is so organized that this inherent right is taken away from anyone, then something is wrong with our organization. Our living comes from the ground. Every child has the inherent right to enough land to furnish his living; but, lo, I am born into the world, and all the land is taken. Many are the absentee landlords; and many hold vasty more

than enough to supply their every need. And so avarice has gone to seed in the world. Selfishness is the invisible power ramifying all governments, defeating human hope and welfare. What ground, then, had Christ for his magnificent expectation? He came to break up the reign of selfishness. What was the basis of his hope?

The hope of Christ's success as a reformer in the world lay in two great facts: The first is that man has reason and conscience, and is subject to the law of progress, as well as degradation. The second is that Christ's doctrines are the true laws of progress, peace and prosperity. Men in past ages have tried all other rules, but they have only resulted in slavery, war, debauchery and degradation. Obedience to Christ's laws of love and conciliation would make an end of oppression, and would usher in an era of liberty. Human reason has been dull and conscience blinded, and the reign of ignorance and vice has been long and terrible; but in the very nature of things, reason is bound to conquer ignorance, and conscience is bound to recognize and obey the truth and the human race is bound to enter the domain of liberty. His truths will conquer the world. And in that day of days, when the race gathers in mighty convulsions for judgment—and you will be there—Messiah's expectation will be realized; for the pure in heart will come, and kneel before him acknowledging God's truth and justice, and the vindication of his providence.

Debt a Matter of Habit Rather Than Income

"Getting out of debt is a matter of caring enough—in most cases," says a writer in the March Woman's Home Companion. "I put in the qualifying clause advisedly. I know that there are families where ill health and dependent relatives and business reverses have piled one upon another, where debt is simply unavoidable. But in most cases, I repeat, debt is habit, just as saving money is habit. I know twenty families whose experience has been the same as Jim's and mine, so far as the debt part is concerned. Most of them have even larger incomes than we; most of them are still in debt, and always will be. Simply because they have formed the habit of living today on tomorrow's pay check. Simply because they don't care enough to get out."

Accurate information about the Klamath Basin. Ask Chilcote. 23

MEAT INJURIOUS TO THE KIDNEYS

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS IF BACK HURTS OR BLADDER SICKENESS

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric

acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaker, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headaches, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush out the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink.—Adv.

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice of Appointment of Administrator

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County
In the Matter of the Estate of Lawrence R. Cardwell, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that I have been appointed administrator of the estate of Lawrence R. Cardwell, deceased, by the above entitled court. All parties having claims against the said estate are hereby notified to present them to me at my residence near Fort Klamath, Klamath county, Oregon, together with the proper vouchers attached thereto, within six months from the 15th day of February, A. D. 1917.

E. R. CARDWELL,

Administrator of the Estate of Lawrence R. Cardwell, Deceased.
17-24-3-10-17

Summons for Publication in Force of the Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County
Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
E. W. Johnson, Defendant.

To E. W. Johnson, the above named Defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby notified that Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbered 884, issued on the 30th day of October, 1916, by the tax collector of the county of Klamath, state of Oregon, for the amount of three and 94-100 dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for the taxes for the year 1915, together with penalty, interest and costs thereon upon the real property assessed to you, of which you are the owner as appears of record, situated in said county and state, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The north half of the north half of the northwest quarter of section 25, township 39 south, range 15 east, W. M.
You are further notified that said Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, has paid taxes on said premises for prior or subsequent years with the rate of interest on said amounts as follows:
Year 1913, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 5043, amount 3.54, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.
Year 1913, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 5043, amount 3.54, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.
Year 1914, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 6332, amount 3.38, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.
Year 1915, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 6344, amount 2.80, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.

Said E. W. Johnson as the owner of the legal title of the above described property as the same appears of record, and each of the other persons above named are hereby notified that Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, plaintiff herein, will apply to the circuit court of the county and state aforesaid for a decree foreclosing the lien against the property above described, and mentioned in said certificate. And you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due as above shown, together with costs and accrued interest, and in case of your failure to do so, a decree will be rendered foreclosing the lien of said taxes and costs against the land and premises above named.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable D. V. Kayendall, Judge of the circuit court of the

state of Oregon, for the county of Klamath, and said order was made and dated the 30th day of January, 1917, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 24th day of February, 1917.

All process and papers in this proceeding may be served upon the undersigned residing within the state of Oregon at the address hereinafter mentioned.

HERBERT P. WELCH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Address—Lakeview, Oregon.
3-10-17-24-3-10-17

Summons for Publication in Force of the Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County
Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles H. Howard, Defendant.

To Charles H. Howard, the above named Defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby notified that Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbered 892, issued on the 30th day of October, 1916, by the tax collector of the county of Klamath, state of Oregon, for the amount of three and 94-100 dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for the taxes for the year 1915, together with penalty, interest and costs thereon upon the real property assessed to you, of which you are the owner as appears of record, situated in said county and state, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The south half of the north half of the northwest quarter of section 1, township 36 south, range 14 east, W. M.

You are further notified that said Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, has paid taxes on said premises for prior or subsequent years with the rate of interest on said amounts as follows:

Year 1913, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 5508, amount 3.76, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.
Year 1914, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 6339, amount 3.38, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.
Year 1915, paid Oct. 30, 1916, tax receipt No. 5558, amount 2.86, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.

Said Charles H. Howard as the owner of the legal title of the above described property as the same appears of record, and each of the other persons above named are hereby notified that Notte Utley Realty Company, a corporation, plaintiff herein, will apply to the circuit court of the county and state aforesaid for a decree foreclosing the lien against the property above described, and mentioned in said certificate. And you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due as above shown, together with costs and accrued interest, and in case of your failure to do so, a decree will be rendered foreclosing the lien of said taxes and costs against the land and premises above named.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable D. V. Kayendall, Judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Klamath, and said order was made and dated the 30th day of January, 1917, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 24th day of February, 1917.

All process and papers in this proceeding may be served upon the undersigned residing within the state of Oregon at the address hereinafter mentioned.

HERBERT P. WELCH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Address—Lakeview, Oregon.
3-10-17-24-3-10-17

WOOD

Just phone 107 and ask for Pop-ton. He is the man who can solve your wood problem for you.

Klamath Fuel Co.

Under New Management

We announce to the public that we have taken over the O. K. station, and will guarantee the best of service to all old and new patrons.

O. K. Livery & Feed Stable

MOBLEY BROWN, Proprietor

A Woman's Problem

No woman cares to keep much money in the house. Still, every day some occasion arises when she finds need for a little more money than she feels safe in keeping on hand. Why not start a check account? It solves the problem in a safe, convenient manner.



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