

The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1917

Herald's Classified Ads.

Advertisements in the Classified columns are printed at the rate of Five Cents a line, invariably in advance. Hereafter no advertisement will be accepted unless accompanied by the cash.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—California pine and juniper, good, clean wood, sawed to any length and delivered. Phone 51, office 1213 Main. J. J. Winter, agent. 24-31\*

OVER 5,000 acres of Hunter-Hewitt irrigated lands in the Golden Goose Lake Valley, for sale on thirty yearly payments; most of these lands are improved and cultivated, being adapted to growing grain, alfalfa, potatoes and beets. Price \$60 to \$75 per acre, including water rights. For illustrated folder write Nolte-Utley Realty Company, Lakeview, Oregon. 25-21\*

MISCELLANEOUS

ANYONE in Klamath county wishing to borrow money from the United States under Farm Loan Act, send name and address to J. E. Padlock, Loanman. 25-31\*

FURNISHED APARTMENTS at the Oregon House, Sixth and Klamath. 25-31\*

HIGHEST cash paid for furs, hides and pelts. R. P. Lewis, Sixth street, near Klamath. 25-32

Klamath Transfer company has storage room for any amount up to two carloads. Rates reasonable. Phone 242. 15-10-11m.

STRAYED—To my ranch, gray mare, with anchor on left hip; mouse colored yearling with same iron, and dark brown yearling. Owner may have same by paying feed bill and for this notice. Ford Williams. 17-34-31\*

SELLING LOTS

Well, I sold these lots on Johnson avenue, a bunch of them in Nichols Addition, some in Mills Addition, but have a good one left on Elveth street for \$400. Also have two Mills Addition lots at low price and easy terms. See Chilcote. 31

DANCE

At Gray's hall at Pine Grove Friday, February 2. Good music and a good time. 27-7\*

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. J. H. CARTER DENTIST OFFICE, ROOMS 7 and 8 WHITE BUILDING

DR. F. M. WHITE Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Eye Tested—Glasses Fitted 207 Old Fellows Building

DR. F. R. GODDARD Osteopathic Physician Suite 210, I. O. O. F. Temple REMEMBER—I never charge for examination and consultation. FURTHER—This places you under no obligation, and you will not be asked to take treatment. Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m.; 2 to 5; 7 to 9 p. m. Phone 221 Residence Phone 2222

City & County Abstract Co. ABSTRACTS INSURANCE Member Oregon Association Title Men

DR. A. A. SOULE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Room 1 to 3, Evans Bldg. Phone 514 (English pronunciation of Soule in French, So-lay.)

British Tommy Has Grown to Like Pork and Beans

Lord Northcliffe, Best Known of Englishmen Newspaper Publishers, Tells of Americans Fighting in Allies' Ranks

(Note—Following is the first of two remarkable stories of the American soldiers fighting in Europe, written by Lord Northcliffe for the United Press. Little has been told to date of the Americans in the world's greatest fighting line. These articles bring an illuminating story by one of the leading men of England—Editor.)

By LORD NORTHCLIFFE (Written for the United Press. Copyright, 1917, by the United Press. Copyrighted in Great Britain.)

HEADQUARTERS OF THE CANADIAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Jan. 31. Embedded in the heart of the great Canadian army in France is a body of American citizens in khaki who have already succeeded in effecting another of several revolutions produced in warfare by the United States.

The first and most important was the aeroplane, invented by the Wright Brothers; the second is the machine gun, originally designed by Hudson Maxim, with the newer Lewis light machine gun, easily carried, or for use on aeroplanes. The third revolution is one I would hardly believe, had I not had actual demonstration. It is the conversion of the British Tommy to faith in pork and beans instead of the beef on which he has fought since the time of the Norman conquest of England.

I propose telling you what the American soldiers in the British and French armies are doing, where they come from; how they live and why the Germans are particularly bitter toward them, and say that these splendid Americans were hired by the allies. From the German point of view the pay of Americans who are fighting against Prussianism is doubtless princely. It amounts to exactly a dollar and a quarter a day. I have people in the United States to judge whether that would be the sort of remuneration calculated to draw American university graduates, some with considerable private fortunes, business men, real estate men, clerks, lumbermen, engineers—across the Atlantic.

The Americans in the British and French armies enlisted in diverse ways. In the first few months of the war many came to England direct and entered the British army. Those who were resident in Europe at the outbreak of the war formed a union with British residents in France and joined the French. Others came over later and entered the flying service, where they have done splendid work. Early in the war, during the battle of the Marne, I was billeted with a number of our dispatch riders, and was much surprised to find the particular company with which I was spending the night were almost entirely from the United States.

It is almost impossible to estimate the number of Americans these two armies hold, but, including those engaged in the noble work of the American ambulance corps in Paris and its numerous automobiles and convoys, it has been estimated at quite a sufficient number to have made the American language, American music and Boston baked beans familiar.

A great feature of the war on the western front at the moment are the day and night raids. The dash and desperate form of individual fighting is encouraged by the British leader, Sir Douglas Haig, and it is in this

You should attend the dance to be given by the boys of Dredger No. 1 at Merrill opera house on Friday, February 2d. Everybody come and have a good time. Music by Klamath Falls orchestra. Tickets \$1. 26-5\*

Palm Bowling Alleys PRIZES FOR ALL CLASSES OF BOWLERS Drop in and ask about them. Under the K. K. K. Store



LORD NORTHCLIFFE

that the Canadians and British who have considerable forces of Americans with them, are adepts.

Each one of these raids is a miniature battle, and it was in studying this form of warfare that I had the pleasure of seeing Americans who are serving with a Canadian regiment reviewed by a general on their return from the firing line for a rest and a fugal dinner.

By a curious coincidence, the setting was the scene which was that of a thousand such in American and Canadian lumber camps—even down to the log house. We were just out of shell range of the German guns, though the British artillery was talking all the time. As the men came down the hillside through the tall pine trees, it did not take long for one who has visited most of the states of the Union to detect, despite the mud and fatigue, from which of the worlds continents they came. They were in high spirits. Released from the cramped tension of always-shelled and water logged trenches, they came tumbling over each other like school boys. All are in pleasant and happy relation with their Canadian and British officers—which makes for good fighting and does not derogate from strict discipline.

If I had any doubt as to the home of these stalwart fighters for freedom, it would have been settled by the steady movement of their jaws, betokening a habit which is rapidly spreading among the English and French, and which is said by the doctors to be quite a useful relaxation when under fire of trench mortars and "mine-wipers."

Before each company was dismissed I was allowed to make them a short speech and to mix and mingle with them as freely as I chose. I had brought with me newspaper clippings from a German source in which it was said that the Americans complained of their treatment. I had only to read it to the first group to have it hotly denied. "We are having a perfectly corking time, despite the mud," voiced a Californian with a tall figure and a voice as resonant as Roosevelt's. "You'll not find a grouch in the whole outfit, except that we had not expected to have to learn mud-swimming, and that we don't see enough home newspapers."

I find lack of home newspapers to be a general complaint, and any American who sympathizes with these fine boys fighting out here might do worse than mail a newspaper every week—preferably one not giving the German side. Such newspapers should be addressed "American Soldiers, care commanding officer, Royal Canadian Regiment, British Expeditionary Force, in France." I should say that chewing gum, magazines, woolen comforts, tobacco, cigarettes and any portable and preserving little luxuries would be welcomed—though there is

no lack of anything except as I have said, of home papers.

These American boys are proud, and rightly proud, of the deeds of their own American men and officers. In the midst of this vast army—the British army in France has now been publicly stated to exceed two million men—they occupy an anomalous, if a proud position. Among the heroic dead there is no greater story than that of a gallant officer, for twelve years in the American cavalry, who joined in the great Canadian attack on the Regina trench—named after the Canadian town of Regina. Though not engaged in that particular operation, he could not resist the temptation to dash over the parapet with the cry of "Come on, boys." Terribly wounded, he attempted to struggle forward against the Germans, but was carried back, and then killed by shell fire.

While most newspaper dispatches from Washington which reach the French and English newspapers are full of the word "peace," those husky young American citizens will not hear of it.

On New Year's Day Bosche soldiers put out boards saying "Why not have a peace talk?" The reply of the whole allied line was an artillery bombardment, which clinched the question.

A blue-eyed American from Wisconsin in his veins, said: "Our people at home do not seem to realize that talking peace terms with the Germans still in France means a German victory. The home folks do not know what we know. In the matter of a fight, the Prussians, brave as they are, are down and out."

Backache is Discouraging

But Not So Bad if You Know How to Reach the Cause

Nothing more discouraging than a constant backache. Lame when you awaken, pains pierce you when you bend or lift. It's hard to work or to rest. Backache often indicates bad kidneys. Klamath Falls people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Read this case:

Bird Loosley, dairy business, 104 Worden avenue, Klamath Falls, says: "I have been subject to backache and kidney disorders for the past eleven years. At times, I have been in a pretty bad way. My back got so lame and stiff that I could hardly straighten up when I got down. Sharp pains often caught me in the small of my back, and for a while I could hardly move. I have always found quick relief from Doan's Kidney Pills. A box or two fixes me up in fine shape."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Loosley had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

LIVESTOCK NOW IS WORTH MORE

FIGURES GATHERED BY BUREAU OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY SHOW VALUE OF ALL LIVESTOCK HAS INCREASED

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—Livestock on the farms and ranches of the American farmer is worth to him today—as a result of the high cost of living—11 per cent more than it was worth one year ago, according to recent estimates by the United States bureau of animal industry.

Livestock valued at \$6,020,670,000 the beginning of last year, is now estimated to be worth \$6,685,300,000, an increase of \$664,630,000.

For his cattle the farmer this winter will receive just \$2.35 more per head than he received last winter. Likewise for his sheep he will receive \$1.57 per head more. His hogs will bring him \$3.33 more per hog.

Service animals, horses and mules, are worth to him today, respectively, \$1.34 and \$4.49 more than twelve months ago.

Even the lowly milk cow is greatly enhanced in value to her owner, both as to her market price and her value as a producer.

PROHIBITION HAS WIPED OUT CRIME

DEATH OF SALOON AND BROTHELS HAS GREATLY DECREASED CRIME AMONG WOMEN IN DENVER—NO COURTS NEEDED

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 31.—Prohibition and doing away with the red light district have made crime among women in Denver almost negligible, the city authorities declared today.

That Denver has no need for a woman's court, such as has been established in New York, Los Angeles and other large cities, is the consensus of opinion among city officials and people interested in reform work. So small is the number of women prisoners in Denver police court that a court exclusively for women would hardly have enough business to keep open an hour a day.

DRINK HOT WATER IF YOU DESIRE A ROSY COMPLEXION

Says we can't help but look better and feel better after an inside bath.

To look one's best and feel one's best is to enjoy an inside bath each morning to flush from the system the previous day's waste, sour fermentations and poisonous toxins before it is absorbed into the blood. Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of incombustible material in the form of ashes, so food and drink taken each day leaves in the alimentary organs a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not eliminated, form toxins and poisons which are then sucked into the blood through the very ducts which are intended to suck in only nourishment to sustain the body.

If you want to see the glow of healthy bloom in your cheeks, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, you are told to drink every morning upon arising, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless means of washing the waste material and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Men and women with sallow skins, liver spots, pimples or pallid complexion, also those who wake up with a coated tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, others who are bothered with headaches, bilious spells, acid stomach or constipation should begin this phosphate hot water drinking, and are assured of very pronounced results in one or two weeks.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, purifies and freshens the skin on the outside, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the inside organs. We must always consider that internal sanitation is vastly more important than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowels pores do.—Adv.

IF KIDNEYS ACT BAD TAKE SALTS

TAKE A GLASS OF SALTS IF YOUR BACK, HURTS OR BLADDER TROUBLES YOU

No man or woman who eats meat regular can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys they become over worked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.—Adv.

LEGAL NOTICES

Summons (No. 855 Equity) In the Circuit Court, in and for the County of Klamath and State of Oregon.

Minnie Elberger, Plaintiff, vs. Otto E. Elberger, Defendant above named.

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer to the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 15th day of March, 1917, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, and if you fail so to appear, plead and answer, demur, or otherwise move, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, to-wit:

For a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, upon the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment, and an annulment on account of minority of plaintiff, and for an order granting plaintiff the privilege of resuming her maiden name of Minnie Inghram.

This summons is served upon you, the said defendant, by publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, once a week, for six consecutive weeks (seven insertions), the first publication being made January 31, 1917, and the last publication March 14, 1917, by order of the Honorable D. V. Kuykendall, judge of the circuit court of Klamath county, Oregon, which said order was made, entered, dated and filed in this suit January 30, 1917. W. H. A. RENNEN, Attorney for Plaintiff. 31-7-14-21-22-7-14

Summons (No. 852 Equity) In the Circuit Court, in and for the County of Klamath and State of Oregon.

Maud Evans, Plaintiff, vs. George Evans, Defendant above named.

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer to the complaint filed against

you in the above entitled suit on or before the 1st day of February, 1917, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, and if you fail so to appear, plead, answer, demur, or otherwise move, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, to-wit:

For a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, upon the grounds of willful desertion on the part of the defendant for more than one year previous to the instituting of this suit, and that the defendant has been convicted of a felony.

This summons is served upon you, the said defendant, by publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, once a week, for six consecutive weeks (seven insertions), the first publication being made December 20, 1916, and the last publication January 31, 1917, by order of the Honorable D. V. Kuykendall, judge of the circuit court of Klamath county, Oregon, which said order was made, entered, dated and filed in this suit December 19, 1916. W. H. A. RENNEN, Attorney for Plaintiff. 26-27-3-10-17-24-31

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of an execution in foreclosure duly issued by the clerk of the circuit court of the county of Klamath, state of Oregon, dated the 16th day of January, 1917, in a certain action in the circuit court for said county and state, wherein Alex Martin Jr. is plaintiff recovered judgment against Mark L. Burns, R. W. Tower, C. H. Gladings, Mabel T. Cluness, Klamath Water Users Association, R. O. Vincent, William Belloni, Eugene L. Hopkins, Big Basin Lumber Co. and John F. Foster as administrator, foreclosing a lien for the sum of one thousand dollars, and attorney's fees of one hundred dollars on the 15th day of January, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that I will on the 16th day of February, 1917, at the front door of the court house in Klamath Falls, in said county, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 21, in township 40 south, range 8 east of the Willamette Meridian, in Klamath county, Oregon. Taken and levied upon as the property of the said Mark L. Burns, and others, as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment in favor of Alex Martin Jr. against said Mark L. Burns and said other defendants with interest thereon, together with costs and disbursements that have or may accrue.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon January 17, 1917. GEO. L. HUMPHREY, Sheriff. T. E. GRIFFITH, Deputy. 17-24-31-7-14

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Net Coal Lands

United States Land Office at Lakeview, Ore., December 16, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Paul I. Neil, whose postoffice address is Klamath Falls, Oregon, did, on the 22d day of April, 1916, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 09214, to purchase the NE 1/4, Section 26, Township 37 south, Range 9 east, Willamette Meridian, and timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisal, and that pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised at \$160, the timber estimated 140,000 board feet at \$1.00 per M. and the land \$20.00; that said applicant will offer proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 27th day of February, 1917, before C. R. DeLap, Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to purchase this purchase before entry, or to contest at any time before payment of the purchase price, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry. JAS. F. BURGESS, Register. 12-19-2-20

The Laugh Will Be on the Burglars

who break into a place and after all their trouble find only a check book instead of the cash they expected. You can disappoint burglars the same way. Deposit your cash with the First State and Savings Bank and it will be absolutely safe from thieves, fire, dampness, rats or any other similar danger. Isn't that security worth having?



FIRST STATE AND SAVINGS BANK KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON