

Notice to Taxpayers
The 1916 tax rolls are now open for inspection. All property owners are requested to come and look over their assessments.

Dated July 27, 1916.
J. F. LEE, Assessor.

NOTICE
All persons having just claims against the Klamath Falls Baseball club are hereby notified to present them to O. E. Willey or J. H. Carnahan on or before August 31st, 1916, and the same will be paid. No claims will be paid if not presented prior to said date. Klamath Falls Baseball Club.
28-31

The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor

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KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON
MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1916

DEMOCRATIC TARIFF FAILURE

TWO facts stand out prominently in the statistics of American imports, one condemnatory of the democratic tariff policy, and both cautionary to the whole country.

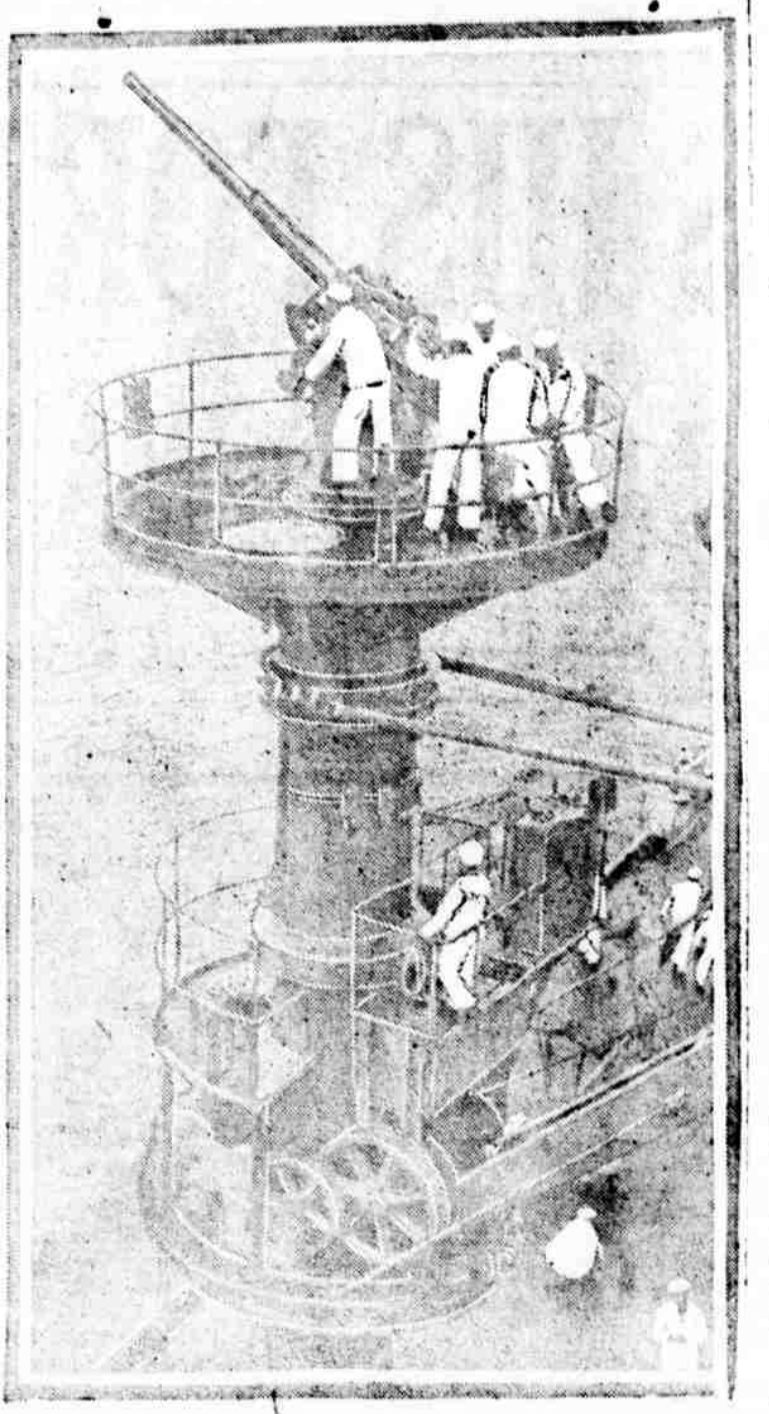
The first is that the Underwood-Simmons tariff act is a failure as a revenue producer; that because of its failure direct taxation of the American people has been made necessary to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government.

The second is that it has opened our ports to enormous importations of foreign goods in competition with our domestic products even in war times, indicating the flood that may be expected when peace comes; that we must have a tariff not only for the protection of American industry, but also one that will yield revenue for the country. Such a tariff will not be provided by the democratic party. Whatever of protection Mr. Wilson and his associates will grant the United States at this time is a matter of expediency in promotion of their political fortunes; they will not surrender their famous free trade policy. Even in the matter of a tariff commission they aim to fool rather than help American industry, for, as revealed in the pending revenue bill, they do not propose to make the commission permanent.

On the other hand, the republican policy of protection is founded on conviction of its righteousness and a determination to make American prosperity permanent.

Just one instance of the injurious failure of the democratic tariff need be cited. In the matter of raw wool, the statistics prove that in the thirty months from October 1, 1910, to April 1, 1913, under a republican tariff, 482,803,440 pounds of the foreign value of \$54,856,022 was imported, the duty paid on which was \$36,759,708. In the thirty months from October 1, 1913, to April 1, 1916, under the democratic tariff, the raw wool imports amounted to 1,006,710,197 pounds of the foreign value of \$239,088,544, an duty paid on this enormously increased volume of wool was only \$1,333,996. Had the Payne law duties been collected on this more than a billion pounds of wool, the United States would have received \$100,895,365 of revenue. It may be argued that the American consumer saved the difference in the cost of his woolen goods, but he did not. Woolen goods are higher now than when the Payne law was operative. It may be said also that the increased imports were due to war-closed factories in European manufacturing countries. Very well; when those factories reopen they will dump their products on our markets at prices lower than we can make them, simply because the Underwood law does not afford necessary protection. If the American markets are to be preserved for Americans and domestic prosperity fostered Mr. Wilson must be defeated.

Uncle Sam Now Has a Naval Aircraft Gun



Uncle Sam has just installed on one of his greatest battleships, the Texas, a naval aircraft gun, which, it is believed, will protect that vessel against bombs from an aeroplane. The gun is mounted on a platform forty feet above the deck. It is of 5-inch calibre, so adjusted that it may be elevated very high. It will shoot thirty times a minute when manned by seven men. Should it prove successful, other battleships will be equipped in the same way.

Herald's Classified Advs.

Advertisements in the Classified columns are printed at the rate of Five Cents a line, invariably in advance. Hereafter no advertisement will be accepted unless accompanied by the cash.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Six cylinder seven passenger Peerless automobile, mechanically perfect, new tires, looks good; must be seen to be appreciated; would make excellent stage car. Price \$600; terms if desired. Wright's garage, Redding. 28-21*

FOR SALE—Five room cottage completely furnished, modern; close in; a bargain. Address Box 884, City. 26-31*

FOR SALE—Five dozen good Plymouth Rock hens. H. M. Daniels, Bonanza. 11*

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Four-room furnished house, with bath and sleeping porch. Phone 324W. Z. C. Kimball. 25-31*

MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY TO LOAN on city or farm property. Arthur B. Wilson. 11-4f

Classes at St. Mary's Academy, Medford, will be resumed Tuesday, September 5th. Complete courses offered in high school, grammar and primary grades. Exceptional advantages in music, art and china painting. Day pupils and boarders are received. Excellent sleeping porch accommodations are a feature of the boarding school. 26-8f

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Woman for general housework. Phone 268-R. 28-31

FEW FOLKS HAVE GRAY HAIR NOW

DRUGGIST SAYS LADIES ARE USING RECIPE OF SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades, turns gray, dull and lifeless, is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful, and thousands of women and men who value that even color, that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive, use only this old time recipe. Nowadays we get this famous mixture improved by the addition of other ingredients by asking at any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it, and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also brings back the gloss and lustre, and gives it an appearance of abundance. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite to impart color and a youthful appearance to the hair. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—Adv.

MAINTENANCE OF AMERICAN RIGHTS
Had this Government by the use of both informal and formal diplomatic opportunities left no doubt that when we said "triotic accountability" we meant precisely what we said, and that we should unhesitatingly vindicate that position, I am confident that there would have been no destruction of American lives by the sinking of the Lusitania. There, we had ample notice; in fact, published notices. Furthermore, we knew the situation and we did not require specific notice. Instead of whittling away our formal statements by equivocal conversations, we needed the straight, direct and decisive representations which every diplomat and foreign office would understand. I believe that in this way we should have been spared the repeated assaults on American lives. Moreover, a firm American policy would have been strongly supported by our people and the opportunities for the development of bitter feeling would have been vastly reduced.—From Mr. Hughes' speech of acceptance.

PADE & SHANNON
PLUMBING AND STEAM FITTING
Stoves Bought, Furnaces Sold and Repaired, Installed
SHEET METAL WORK OF ALL KINDS
1023 Main St.

FAVORS WOMAN SUFFRAGE.
Some time ago, a consideration of our economic conditions and tendencies, of the position of women in gainful occupations, of the nature and course of the demand, led me to the conclusion that the granting of suffrage to women is inevitable. Opposition may delay, but in my judgment cannot defeat this movement. If women are to have the vote, as I believe they are, it seems to me entirely clear that in the interest of the public life of this country, the contest should be ended promptly. I favor the vote for women.—From Mr. Hughes' speech of acceptance.

Allies Cannot Break the German Line on Somme

By CARL W. ACKERMAN (United Press Staff Correspondent)

STRAUSBERG, Germany, Aug. 28.—In eight weeks of tremendous effort, with lavish expenditure of human flesh and blood and ammunition, the allies not only have failed to break the German line on the Somme, but have not even badly bent it. General Alexander von Kluck, who commanded the German right in the great advance to the gates of Paris, told the United Press today:

"In eight weeks of fighting they have gained a few kilometers at terrible losses," said the German war hero. "The English have accomplished practically nothing. They have only exposed themselves to our counter attacks, which will certainly come."

We were seated in the smoking room of Wilkendorf Castle, near Strausberg. Before us was a map of the Somme battle line. General von Kluck first explained the positions held by his army when he was in command on this front before he was wounded. The territory the allies are now trying to break through is the same ground across which von Kluck hurried with his army during the first advance into France in the fall of 1914. After twenty-two months of fighting, the battle line at this point shows little change, except that the Germans have been pushed back a few kilometers.

"The English losses on the Somme have been terrible," continued General von Kluck. "They have been much greater than ours. The English have had to put new men into each attack. Their losses must exceed ours by at least 100,000."

"Is that many for the large army England is reported to have?" he was asked. "The decisive thing is always to have plenty of men," he replied, "but when there is a great offensive like this Anglo-French movement and little progress made when the losses are great and no progress is evident, the spirit of the troops weakens and that weakens the offensive."
"It is reported abroad that Germany is facing a great military crisis now that the allies are attacking on several fronts, and it is even rumored that it will not be long before she will collapse," he was told. "You can see for yourself that there is no crisis," the general laughingly replied. "Eight weeks have passed since the Anglo-French offensive began. The preparations for it must be called immense. England brought armies that might never have been expected of that country, thanks to Lord Kitchener's labor—and it was Kitchener's labor. France, despite her serious losses at Verdun, had put the last reserves of her thirty fighting years (meaning thirty classes) together."
"The industries of France, England, the United States and Japan worked feverishly to furnish and supply the allied armies with tremendous amounts of war material for a general offensive on all fronts."
"The moment of the attack seemed well chosen, because Germany, during the weeks before, was supposed to be suffering under shortage caused by the blockade. Before the possibilities of a splendid harvest became known to the allies, they became convinced that

only a great military success was needed to bring the wavering spirit of Germany—wavering as they supposed—to her knees.

"The battle of the Somme has now raged for several weeks. Despite a tremendous use of ammunition and repeated stores of human material, the result of the general offensive is now unimportant when compared to the great waste of physical and moral force.

"The German front on the Somme stands unshaken despite the hardest forward and backward fighting, where the opposing armies are locked in struggle like two stags.

"A change has taken place in the former victorious tone of the French press of a few weeks ago. The French newspapers now exhort their readers to be patient and not ask too much.

"On the front of the German army and throughout the country confidence and belief in victory grows. A United Press dispatch from Verdun spoke of the moral power of the German troops. This is the same on all fronts and it is this spiritual force, as every expert historian knows, that is the decisive thing that will end the present struggle."

The conversation turned toward Field Marshal French, who was von Kluck's opponent in the battle of Mons. I began to make notes of the general's remarks.

"Please don't write that," he said. "During the war we must not talk of our opponents. It is always best to speak well, even of your opponents, but there are many things about the story of this war that, conclusively written, would make a whole library."

"How long do you think the war will last?" was one question I put to the general.

"It can last years or days," was his reply. "The end of the war will come as suddenly as an accident. A Swiss newspaper sized up the situation correctly recently when it said: 'Europe lacks courage for peace.'"

General von Kluck is now 70 years old. But despite the fact that he has been wounded seven times, and still carries a bullet in his right arm, he is ready to go back to the front, if necessary, he said.

New Fall Skirts at Maguire's. 56-2f

Order to Show Cause

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of Louis Wilson and Kenneth Earl Wilson, Minors.

It appearing to this court from the petition, duly filed, of Lola MacMichael, guardian of the above-named minors, praying for an order authorizing her to sell the following described real property belonging to said minors, to-wit:

One-fourteenth interest in and to the following described lands, situate in Klamath county, Oregon: Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, of section 25, and lot 2 of section 26, township 33 south, range 8 east of Willamette Meridian;

That it is for the best interests of said minors, and necessary, for the reason that they have no income, that such authority be granted.

It is therefore ordered that the next of kin of said wards and all persons interested in the said estate appear before this court, at the court room, hereof, in Klamath Falls, Oregon, on Friday, the 7th day of September, 1916, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be made granting the said guardian the authority prayed for. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in the Evening Herald, a newspaper of general circulation, in Klamath county, Oregon.
Dated August 7, 1916.
MARION HANKS, Judge.
8-15-22-29

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Solon Obil Shattuck, deceased, by the county court of Klamath county, Oregon; and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present same to me at my office, 633 Main street, Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice, verified as required by law.
Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, August 28, 1916.
EDMUND M. CHILCOTE, Administrator of the Estate of Solon Obil Shattuck, Deceased. 28-4-11-18

Summons

(Equity No. 815)
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath
Archie L. Alexander, Plaintiff,
vs.
Eva Margaret Alexander, Defendant.
To Eva Margaret Alexander, the above named Defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 9th day of October, 1916, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this sum-

mons, and if you fail so to appear, plead, answer, demur, or otherwise move within that time, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in his complaint as follows, to-wit:

For a decree of the above entitled court forever dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, upon the grounds of willful desertion by defendant of plaintiff for more than one year immediately previous to the commencement of this suit, against the will of plaintiff, and without his consent.

This summons is served upon you, the said defendant, by the publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a newspaper published in Klamath Falls, Oregon, and of general circulation in Klamath county, Oregon, once a week, for six successive weeks, the first publication being made August 28, 1916, and the last publication October 9, 1916, by order of the Honorable Marion Hanks, judge of the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Klamath, which was made, entered and filed in said circuit court on August 26, 1916.

J. H. CARNAHAN, Attorney for Plaintiff.
28-4-11-18-25-29

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

WE EAT TOO MUCH MEAT, WHICH CLOGS KIDNEYS, THEN THE BACK HURTS

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged, and need a flushing occasionally else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness, and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. The famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications. A well known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

Approved August 7, 1916.
A. L. LEAVITT, Police Judge.
C. B. CRISLER, Mayor. 11-10f

WILL TRADE
Three room house and big lot, well located. Will trade for good timber claim or farm land and pay small difference. See Chicote. 25

LEGAL NOTICES

Summons
In the Circuit Court, in and for the County of Klamath and State of Oregon.
Jennie Cann, Plaintiff,
vs.
Henry Clay Cann, Defendant.
To Henry Clay Cann, Defendant Above Named:

In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 29th day of August, 1916, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, and if you fail so to appear, plead, answer, demur or otherwise move, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, to-wit:

For a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, for the changing of the name of the plaintiff from Jennie Cann to Jennie Fox, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem meet and as to equity appertain.

This summons is served upon you, the said defendant, by the publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, once a week for six successive weeks, the first publication to be made July 17, 1916, and the last publication August 28, 1916, by order of the Honorable Marion Hanks, Judge of the county court of Klamath county, Oregon, no circuit judge being in Klamath county, Oregon, at the time of making said order, which was made, dated and filed in this suit on July 15, 1916.

W. H. A. RENNER, Attorney for Plaintiff.
17-24-31-7-14-21-28

Resolution

A resolution declaring the intention of the Common Council to change the grade on Eleventh street at its intersection with southerly line of United States Irrigation canal:

Whereas, it is deemed expedient to change the grade on Eleventh street at its intersection with the southerly line of United States Irrigation canal:

It is therefore resolved, That the grade on Eleventh street, at its intersection with southerly line of United States Irrigation canal be changed from 183, as now established, to 185.30.

State of Oregon,
County of Klamath, ss:
City of Klamath Falls,
I, A. L. LEAVITT, Police Judge of said city, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a duly enrolled copy of the resolution passed by the Common Council on August 7, 1916.

Approved August 7, 1916.
A. L. LEAVITT, Police Judge.
C. B. CRISLER, Mayor. 11-10f

This is No Question
About the superiority of checks over currency. That's been settled time and time again by actual test. If you are still making payments in currency you should abandon that unsafe and expensive practice at once. Open an account here and make your payments safely and economically.
FIRST STATE AND SAVINGS BANK
KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON

UPPER LAKE TRAFFIC
We are agents for Calkins & Hamilton's mail, passenger and freight boats on the Upper Klamath Lake. Trips leave this office every morning except Sunday, at 7:30.
Western Transfer Co.
PHONE 187
MAIN STREET, NEAR FIFTH

SCHOOL BOOKS
This year we have a complete line of school books, and the finest and best assortment of school supplies ever brought into Klamath Falls, and prices are R-I-G-H-T.
Underwood's Pharmacy
KLAMATH FALLS OREGON
WHERE PARTICULAR PEOPLE BUY THEIR DRUGS