

Herald's Classified Advs.

Advertisements in the Classified columns are printed at the rate of five cents a line, invariable in volume. Hereafter no advertisements will be accepted unless accompanied by the cash.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Airedale pups, pure bred, whelped June 15th; sire and dam registered. These are strong, vigorous pups, priced right. Fred Starr, box 482, Klamath Falls. 9-6t

FOR SALE—First class new hay, alfalfa and timothy mixed. Chilcote, 628 Main street. 25-12

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Thrashing machine complete, ready for field. 20-hp engine, separator 22x26. Terms on sale. See McCabe, phone 236W. 21-12t

FOR SALE—Two-year-old thoroughbred Holstein bull, weight about 1,400; fine specimen. Price \$75, or will trade for second crop alfalfa or fresh cow. Phone 96J. 8-6t

FOR SALE—Buggy, set double harness, saddle, horse blankets; all in good condition. Will sell for cash or trade for horses or cattle. Address: S. W. Hill, Bonanza, Ore. 9-3t

FOR SALE—One 12x25 h.p. I. H. C. gas tractor and one 24-40 new Racine separator, with self feeder, blower and derrick wagon. Inquire of Mills & Son, Klamath Falls. 10-2od 6t

MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY TO LOAN on city or farm property. Arthur E. Wilson. 11-4f

WANTED—Second-hand 30-30 Winchester rifle. Call Slater Rooming House. 7-5t

Accurate information about city property and farm lands. See Chilcote. 1

Everything for the camper but the camp. Hammocks, folding cots, stools, stoves, etc. 1-4f WILLIS-JOHNSTONE CO.

The Chilcote agency is the home of the 2500 companies. 1t

DANCE

At Gray's Hall, Pine Grove, August 12. Everybody invited. 2-8t

SAGE TEA KEEPS YOUR HAIR DARK

WHEN MIXED WITH SULPHUR IT BRINGS BACK ITS BEAUTIFUL LUSTRE AT ONCE

Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks streaked, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur Compound restores its appearance a hundred-fold. Don't stay gray! Look young! Prepare the recipe at home or get from any drug store a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" which is merely the old time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients. Thousands of folks recommend this ready-to-use preparation, because it darkens the hair beautifully, besides, no one can possibly tell as it darkens so naturally and evenly. You moisten a sponge or soft brush with it, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, its natural color is restored, and it becomes thick, glossy and lustrous, and you appear years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—Adv.

MANICURING LADIES ONLY GEM ROOMING HOUSE

Wood

BEAR LIME AND BODY Wood to any length. Our best wood is delivered direct from the forest, and is always dry. One load will convince you. KLAMATH FUEL CO. G. Pugh, Mgr. Phone 187

The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor

Published daily except Sunday at The Herald Publishing Company of Klamath Falls, at 115 Fourth street.

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KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1918

DISHONEST JOURNALISM

STAGGERED by the terrific indictment of the Wilson administration drawn by James E. Watson of Indiana in his speech at the Baker theater, the Portland Journal resorts to its usual tactics to save its face and bolster its cause. It selects from Mr. Watson's speech a single, detached and relatively unimportant sentence, and builds around it a column of sophistry, misrepresentation and hypocrisy, and sprinkles down the whole mess with a can of crocodile tears. It quotes Mr. Watson as follows: "If after we took possession of Vera Cruz and soaked its streets with American blood we had followed it up, that would have settled the Mexican question."

From this premise the Journal proceeds to paint a blood-bespattered chronicle of our laborious progress to Mexico City and the subsequent conquest of the southern republic. Of course, if the Journal had been honest it would have said that Mr. Watson made it evident throughout his brilliant address, that he is not in favor of war except as a last resort, and that he is distinctly of the opinion that a firm and fixed policy, with someone in the White House with backbone enough to work it out to its logical conclusion would have prevented in Mexico the long series of bloody outrages and events that constitute intervention and a state of war between the two countries, the hysterical denials of the democratic press and politicians to the contrary notwithstanding.

We gather from Mr. Watson's remarks—which, by the way, made a tremendous hit with the big audience—that he would have recognized Huerta—whose title to the office, though defective, was as good as that of most presidents of Mexico—that he would not have flirted with one bandit leader after another; that he would have insisted from the first that American lives and property be held inviolate; that he would have exhausted the resources of diplomacy before invading Mexico, and that as a last resort he would have blockaded the country and brought it to terms, as Wilson is now trying to do with the national guard on the border after three and one-half years of watchful waiting—watching waiting by the administration for a miracle to transform several millions of Indians and peons into college professors, and watchful waiting by the Indians for opportunities to lift more American scalps and loot more and still more American properties.

In fact, Watson made it plain that after seizing Vera Cruz he would have blockaded the country, prevented the landing there or elsewhere of the shiploads of munitions, which was the excuse for the battle of Vera Cruz and the loss of more than a hundred lives, and from that position on Mexican soil he would have dictated the terms of withdrawal, which, no doubt, would have included guarantees of a decent respect for the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners. To find something upon which to hang another series of his blood-and-tears editorials, the Journal must needs give to Mr. Watson's language a meaning which he never intended it should have, and which the Journal knew he never intended to convey.—Oregon Messenger.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Table with columns: Standing of the Clubs, Won, Lost, Pct. Lists teams like Los Angeles, Portland, Vernon, etc.

France Ready for Peace Imposed by Herself Only

President Poincare Says "Until Our Enemies Recognize Themselves Defeated France Will Never Cease to Fight."

By HENRY WOOD (United Press Staff Correspondent)

PARIS, July 5.—(By mail)—France is open to the consideration of a peace imposed by herself and her allies. None other. Within the last three months, or the last quarter of the first two years of the war, France four times officially has said so. A formal declaration by her president, a formal statement by her prime minister, a spontaneous outburst in her chamber of deputies, and a great manifestation by the French people themselves, all have said this, and France closed the second year of the war with an absolutely solid front for a peace for all time to come.

May 14th at Nancy, President Poincare delivered perhaps the most remarkable address that ever fell from the lips of a French president. It crystallized the sentiment of the French on peace. "We do not want our enemies to offer us peace," he declared, "but we want them to demand it of us. We do not want to accept the conditions they have to offer; we want to impose on them our own. We do not want a peace that will leave Imperial Germany mistress to recommence the war when she chooses; we want a peace based on restored right with serious guarantees of equilibrium and stability. And until that peace is assured; until our enemies recognize themselves defeated, we will never cease to fight."

The French press, without a dissenting voice, upheld these words. Prime Minister Briand within a week publicly confirmed the position of M. Poincare as that of the French government itself. In refusing to accept the olive branch of diplomacy as a means of settling the war, France did not fear that in diplomatic negotiations with Germany she might be worsted. She is willing to let her victory in the Agadir case stand as a witness to her diplomatic superiority. Germany refused in July and August of 1914 to accept diplomacy to settle the controversy. She insisted upon war, and France insists that Germany must finish with war. Following these declarations there came within a week a spontaneous outburst in the French chamber as still further confirmation that France does not want even to discuss a negotiable peace. M. Raffin-Dugues, socialist member, had just returned from Kienthal, Switzerland, where in a private capacity he had attended the second International Socialistic Conference to Bring About Peace. Arising, he demanded the right to speak on certain discourses pronounced recently in the name of France, some of which were not calculated to bring about peace. The two blocks of nations that have rushed at each other's throats. He got no further. The chamber to a man rose in a storm of protest. It was long before President Deschanel could make himself heard. "I am astonished," he finally managed to cry out, "that any Frenchman could even intimate that the provocation for the present war did not come solely from the side of Germany." M. Raffin-Dugues apologized, and the only chance ever offered to the French chamber to discuss peace was buried.

The people themselves followed quickly, within a week, with one of those manifestations that mark epochs in the life of nations. Before the present war France was not united on the question of preparedness. If a regiment of troops passed it was certain that someone would applaud and cry "viva l'armee"; and that someone else would shout "viva la Paix." Nasty groups would form and riots were likely to follow. On June 1st, in honor of her dead general, Gallieni, Paris witnessed the first great military display that has taken place since the war began. Ascension Day is one of the great national holidays of France. Representatives of all France lined the streets through which the funeral cortege passed. Ordinarily people do not applaud at funerals. But the French, waiting until the body of Gallieni had passed, applauded and cheered the troops representing every branch of the French army. A quiet handclapping began at the sight of the troops. It grew louder and more prolonged until it extended down the lines of thousands upon thousands of people from the Invalides to the Gare de Lyons. It

continued until after there was not a soldier in sight. There was not one note of opposition.

Among the thousands of applauders there were hundreds of women wearing small bunches of violets, women whose mourning garments showed they had lost a son, a father, a brother or a sweetheart in the war. Many of them had spent almost their last money to purchase the emblematic flowers. The violets had been intended for Gallieni, but when the cortege began moving these women suddenly saw broader and larger. They saw in the death of Gallieni the man who had merely saved Paris, while in the troops that followed they saw what must ultimately save all France. And if by some sudden, subtle instinct the hands raised to shower the violets on the bier of Gallieni were stayed and the flowers fell instead on the troops as they passed.

It was the final solemn manifestation of the people of France that the voice of their president, the voice of their premier, the voice of their chamber of deputies, had been also their voice, and that France wants a continuation of the war until the peace that she and her allies desire can definitely be imposed.

Hurry! Hurry! Before They Are Gone! We still have a good assortment of Refrigerators, but they are going mighty fast since we reduced the price. 1-4f WILLIS-JOHNSTONE CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice of Dissolution Notice is hereby given that the undersigned is no longer connected with the Whitman Drug company, the same having been taken over on July 29th by Arthur E. Whitman, who collects all bills and assumes all indebtedness of the company. 10-17-24 GEO. H. MERRYMAN.

Notice to Bidders The school board of District No. 14 will receive bids for the election of a school house in said district. Plans for the building can be found at the Bank of Bonanza, or at the office of the county superintendent. Send bids to W. B. Brown, Bonanza, clerk, or to the superintendent. Bids will be opened August 16th at the school house at 3 o'clock. 8-5t

ELEVENTH STREET IMPROVEMENT NOTICE Notice of Filing of the Proposed Assessment Roll

The Common Council of the City of Klamath Falls, Oregon, having ascertained and determined the proportionate share for which each lot, part of lot, block and acreage property shall be liable for the improvement of Eleventh street from Main street to Upham street, exclusive of United States government irrigation canal right of way, and Upham street from its intersection with Eleventh street to Prospect street, and having on the 7th day of August, 1918, filed in the office of the police judge of said city a statement thereof, which said statement is known and designated as the "PROPOSED ASSESSMENT ROLL" for said improvement.

Notice is hereby given, that said Common Council did by resolution fix MONDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1918, said date being a date upon which a regular meeting of said council will be held at the time and the council chamber of said city as the place for hearing and determining all objections to such assessments, and having heard and determined such objections, if any there be, said Common Council will on said date proceed to assess the proportionate share and part of the cost of such improvement in accordance with the benefit accrued upon each lot, part of lot, block or acreage property. Each and every owner of property liable for the cost of such improvement is hereby referred to such assessment roll on file in the office of the police judge for detailed information.

The boundaries within which the property lies that is benefited and liable for the cost of such improvement, which said boundaries are as follows, to-wit: All of block 1, Hot Springs Addition. Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, of block 2, of Hot Springs Addition.

Acreage property between Pine and Main streets abutting on Eleventh street and extending easterly 208.75 feet. Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8, block 48, Nichols Addition. Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8, block 46, Nichols Addition. Lots A, B, C, D, E, F and G, block 45 Nichols Addition. Lots 1, 2 and 3 (outside U. S. canal), block 50, Nichols Addition. Lots 2, 3, 4 and 5 (outside U. S. canal), block 58, Nichols Addition. Lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 60, Nichols Addition. Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8 (outside U. S. canal), block 61, Nichols Addition. Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8 (outside U. S. canal), block 67, Nichols Addition. Lots 2, 3 and 4, block 68, Nichols Addition. Lots 1 and 5 (outside U. S. canal), block 69, Nichols Addition. Lots 4, 5 and 6, block 1, Fairview Addition. Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 2, Fairview Addition. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, block 3 Fairview Addition. Witness my hand and the seal of said city this 9th day of August, 1918. L. LEAVITT, Police Judge. 10-5t

Notice to Creditors In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath. In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Wight Nail, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Wight Nail, deceased, by the above entitled court, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present same to the undersigned at the law office of H. C. Meryman, in Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated this 19th day of July, 1918. JAMES ERNEST NAIL, Administrator of the Estate of Elizabeth Wight Nail, Deceased. 20-27-3-10-17

Citation In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath. In the Matter of the Estate of Barnabus N. Bradburn, Deceased. To Martha Bradburn, Charles C. Bradburn, Alfred Bradburn, Barnabus Bradburn, John R. Bradburn, Mark N. Chester, Marvin M. Chester, Barney A. Chester, Otto Hisaw, Arthur McSpalden, Ella M. Neashan, Martha E. Page, Mary A. Kiaz, Minnie Hele, Lela Vinson, and all other unknown having or claiming to have an interest in the estate of Barnabus N. Bradburn, deceased: In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby cited and required to appear in the county court of the state of Oregon, for Klamath county, at the court room thereof, at Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, on Thursday, the 14th day of September, 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why an order of this court should not be made authorizing Rose E. Keeace, administratrix of the above entitled estate, to sell the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit: Situate in Klamath county, Oregon south half of southeast quarter of section 24, and north half of northeast quarter of section 25, township 39 south, range 11 east of Willamette Meridian containing 160 acres. Witness, the Honorable Marion Hanks, judge of the county court of the state of Oregon, for Klamath county, with the seal of said court affixed this 3d day of August, 1918. Attest: (Seal) C. R. DE LAP, Clerk. By VIRGIL G. DE LAP, Deputy. 3-10-17-24-31

Notice to Creditors Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Louise Ray Ohl, deceased, by the county court of the state of Oregon, for Klamath county, and that all persons having claims against said estate are required to present same to me at the law office of R. C. Groesbeck, Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice, verified as provided by law. Dated August 2, 1918. MARY GINSBACH, Administratrix of the Estate of Louise Ray Ohl, Deceased. 2-9-18-23-30

Sale of Timber, Klamath Indian Reservation Sealed proposals, in duplicate, each envelope marked "Proposal for Timber, Klamath Indian Reservation," will be received at the office of the Superintendent of the Klamath Indian School, Klamath Agency, Oregon, until 12 o'clock noon, Pacific Coast time, on and 25 south, Range 7 east, on the Klamath Indian Reservation. Contracts for the purchase of this timber must be made by the successful bidder under this advertisement with the individual allottees or their heirs. The minimum price per thousand feet, board measure, which will be accepted is \$3.00. All timber must be cut and removed under the regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs before June 1, 1918. With each Saturday, August 19, 1918, for the purchase and removal of approximately seven million feet of yellow pine on fourteen allotments in Townships 34 and 35, Range 7, East of the National bank, drawn in favor of the Superintendent of the Klamath Indian School, Klamath Agency, Oregon. These checks will be returned to the successful bidder; applied toward the payment for timber into, and retained as a forfeit if the bid is accepted and the bidder fails to comply with the requirements of his bid. The right of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to waive technical defects in the advertisement and proposals, and to reject any and all proposals, is reserved. Further information as to the timber and copies of approved regulations and form of contract may be obtained from Mr. William B. Freer, Superintendent, Klamath Indian School, Klamath Agency, Oregon. (ATO SELLS) Commissioner of Indian Affairs. 20-25-27-1-3-8-10-15

Summons (No. 785 Equity) In the Circuit Court, in and for the County of Klamath and State of Oregon. L. A. Snell, Plaintiff, vs. Edwin S. Phillips, William A. Langell and J. A. Weber, Defendants. To J. A. Weber, one of the Defendants above named: In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 15th day of September, 1918, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, and if you fail so to appear, plead, answer, demur or otherwise move, for want thereof plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in his amended complaint, to-wit: 1.—That a decree be entered declaring and establishing a deed from J. A. Weber, a single man, to William A. Langell, of his (J. A. Weber's) remaining undivided one-half interest in and to the following described real estate: Situated in the county of Klamath and state of Oregon, commencing at the point where the south line of the road running east and west at the quarter corner between sections two and three, township thirty-nine (39) south, range nine (9) east Willamette Meridian, intersects the east line of the road running south from said point for a place of beginning, running thence south along east line of said second mentioned road, one hundred four (104) feet, thence east westerly line of right of way for canal of the government reclamation project; running thence northwesterly along westerly line of said right of way to south line of said first mentioned road; thence west along said south line of said road to the place of beginning. And that the clerk of the circuit court of Klamath county, Oregon, be authorized to make and execute a deed in accordance therewith. 2.—Ordering and decreeing that L. H. Snell had a right and in equity and good conscience to make and execute the deed of conveyance dated November 24, 1914, from him to Edwin S. Phillips, and that the said deed car-

ried with it, in equity and good conscience, a good and sufficient title to herein indicated. 3.—That the court will, by its order and decree, remove the cloud from the title to the lands and premises herein above described, and declaring the title to said real estate in the defendant, Edwin S. Phillips. 4.—That the court will enter such further and other orders and decrees as to him may seem meet, and as to equity and good conscience may appear.

This summons is served upon you, the said J. A. Weber, defendant, by the publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a public newspaper of general circulation printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, once a week for six successive weeks (seven insertions), the first publication to be August 3, 1918, and the last publication September 14, 1918, by order of the Honorable D. V. Kuykendall, Judge of the circuit court of Klamath county, Oregon, which was made, dated and filed in this suit on August 2, 1918. W. H. A. RENNER, Attorney for Plaintiff. 3-10-17-24-31-7-14

Notice of Bond Sale Notice Inviting Proposals to Purchase City of Merrill Refunding Bonds and Water Bonds. Sealed proposals will be received by the Recorder of the City of Merrill, Oregon, until August 12, 1918, at the hour of 8 o'clock p. m. (at which time proposals to purchase will be opened and considered) for the purchase of \$7,500, or any part thereof, city of Merrill refunding bonds, payable July 1, 1921, with the option of the city to pay them, or any of them in numerical order, from and after July 1, 1921; said bonds to be issued in denominations of \$50 and one bond in the sum of \$300. Also for the purchase of \$6,000 or any part thereof of water bonds, payable July 1, 1924, in denominations of \$500. Said bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding warrants of the city, and for the purpose of providing water and fire protection, all under the provisions of section 136 of the charter of the City of Merrill. Said bonds are to bear interest at the rate designated in the successful bid, not to exceed 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on July 1 and January 1 of each year, at the office of the treasurer of said city, in United States gold coin. Each proposal to purchase must be accompanied by a check, certified by some responsible banking institution, to the amount of 5 per cent of the proposal, made payable to the Recorder of Merrill. Proposals must be sealed and endorsed "Proposal to Purchase Refunding Bonds" or "Proposal to purchase Water Bonds." The council reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Dated at Merrill, Oregon, July 7, 1918. FRANK D. OLNEY, Recorder of the City of Merrill, Oregon. 7-30t

Keeping Money in a Cash Box Is both dangerous and laborious. It is never safe from thieves, fire, etc. And its contents have to be checked up almost daily, no small job. An account with this bank saves both the risk and the labor. No thieves can steal or fire destroy the money. And the depositor's check book stubs show him at a glance exactly how he stands. We invite your account.

FIRST STATE AND SAVINGS BANK KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON

UPPER LAKE TRAFFIC We are agents for Calkins & Hamilton's mail, passenger and freight boats on the Upper Klamath Lake. Buses leave this office every morning except Sunday, at 7:30.

Western Transfer Co. PHONE 187 MAIN STREET, NEAR FIFTH

FOR THE BATH No Tub to Fill GET A BATH SPRAY One turn of the faucet and you get year-showers. DELIGHTFUL, HEALTHFUL, INVIGORATING. Bath Spray with rubber massage brush. ONLY \$2.00

Underwood's Pharmacy KLAMATH FALLS OREGON. WHERE PARTICULAR PEOPLE BUY THEIR DRUGS