

TO THE CITIZENS OF KLAMATH FALLS

I wish to announce I have opened an up-to-date Meat Market in connection with the West End Grocery, next door to postoffice. It's not so large as some others, but clean and sanitary. I will handle a full line of choice meats and poultry, and would be pleased with a call from all old friends and as many new ones as possible. I will assure you a square deal and right prices.

WEST END MEAT MARKET Jack Hale, Proprietor Phone 188 5-3t

An Astma disability policy protects your income. See Chilcote. 3

Herald's Classified Advs. FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One marine engine, one 40-foot barge and three clinker row boats, in good condition. Address John Griffith, Eagle Ridge Tavern, Klamath Falls. 31-4t

FOR SALE—Small touring car. Inquire White Pelican Garage. 4-3t

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred White Laghona roosters, 1 year old. Enquire Mrs. O. M. Hector, Earl and Alameda. 5-3t

FOR EXCHANGE

WANTED TO TRADE—3 room house and 2 lots in Mills Addition for new automobile. Address Gust Carlson, Box 1075 3-4t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Motorcycles, bicycles, typewriters, sewing machine, row boat, buggy, furniture, books, guns, cameras, for sale cheap or exchange for anything of value. STD EVANS. 4-3t

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Legal envelope containing government contract. Return to Hall hotel. C. F. Gentry. 6-1t

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED

Several second-hand organs.

SHEPHERD'S PIANO DEPOT

Next door to Postoffice

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

CITY AND COUNTY ABSTRACT CO. ABSTRACTS INSURANCE Members Oregon Association Title Men

DR. F. M. WHITE EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT 207 Odd Fellows' Building

Expert Plumbing SHOWERS, BATHTUBS, SINKS. Properly Installed Complete Line of Supplies and Equipment Pade & Lorenz 708 Main St

Motorcycles AGENCY INDIAN (four-cylinder) EXCELSIOR (Police Model) Demonstration any time. We call 1916

HARLEY-DAVIDSON KLAMATH SPORTSMANS STORE Main near Eighth 24 second hand Motorcycles and Engines, \$10 to \$200. Single and three-speed, 1909 to 1916 model. Terms, and small payment. SEE VIGGIE—HE HAS IT

The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH Editor Published daily except Sunday at The Herald Publishing Company of Klamath Falls, at 115 Fourth street. Entered at the postoffice at Klamath Falls, Oregon, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

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KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1918

SECRETARY BAKER'S VIEWS

MR. BRYAN'S Commoner for March commented approvingly upon the appointment of Mr. Garrison's successor in the cabinet. The new secretary, says Mr. Bryan, in a signed article, "grew up under the instruction of Tom Johnson, which is certificate enough."

As for Mr. Baker's policy at the war department, Mr. Bryan added, "the public has yet to learn Secretary Baker's views on the size of the army and the general subject of preparedness, but there is nothing in his past career to indicate a tendency toward militarism."

The public did not have to wait long before learning Mr. Baker's views. Within a week of his taking office he sent a letter to Representative Gardner in which he riddled Chairman Hay's army bill as a makeshift piece of preparedness, framed upon an erroneous assumption, and sure to fall of its avowed purpose to put the country in a proper state of defense.

To be sure, it was later said that Mr. Baker signed this letter without realizing that he was thus taking issue with a measure which Mr. Hay had told the house is the president's own bill—but Mr. Baker has not had the temerity to say that the letter did not contain the essential truth, nor has he indicated any purpose to withdraw any of the statements which the letter contained, and which are so detrimental to Mr. Hay's contentions. Therefore, we must conclude that Mr. Baker's views "on the size of the army and the general subject of preparedness" do not correspond with the "certificate" from Tom Johnson which Mr. Bryan has endorsed, and that those views are very far from the views which Mr. Bryan is now trying to enforce upon congress and the country.

Scattered Shots

THIS PRESCRIBING of liquor to patients by Seattle veterinarians is a kind of a horse on the Washington dry law.

FISHING HAS a stronger appeal than gardening or regular work these days.

SPEAKING OF preparedness, why not start NOW with some feasible plan to improve the cemetery, instead of being ashamed of it Memorial Day?

SOME FELLOWS paid their taxes this spring, and some bought automobiles. A few did both.

IF YOU DON'T like the tax rate, why don't you register, so you can have a little voice in the choosing of men who levy taxes?

IF YOU DO like the methods now in use, register, so you can re-elect the same men.

Notice to Creditors In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath:

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary A. Wilcox, Deceased (also sometimes known as Mollie A. Brown). Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Mary A. Wilcox, deceased (also sometimes known as Mollie A. Brown), by the above entitled court, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same to the undersigned, at Langell Valley, Oregon, or at the Bank of Bonanza, at Bonanza, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated this 13th day of March, 1918. JOHN N. WARREN, Administrator of the above entitled estate. 6-13-30-37-4

In China, the national bureau is considering reforestation at the headwaters of the Yellow river. The government report shows that this will ameliorate the torrents and cause a more regular flow from the now denuded uplands. It is acknowledged, however, that this reforestation may not have an appreciable effect within the lifetime of the present generation.

Accurate information about city property and town lands. Ask Chilcote.

After the War--What? This Question Is Puzzler

By CHAS. P. STEWART (United Press Staff Correspondent)

LONDON, March 28.—(By Mail).—Europe will have to do one of two things after the war:

- 1. Accept a far lower standard of living than heretofore. 2. Cancel all war debt and start afresh with a clean slate.

It is impossible to calculate, for instance, what England's war debt alone will be, because nobody knows how much longer the war will last. Certainly, however, the figure will be so enormous as to stagger the imagination.

Even if the struggle should end before 1917 the English would have to pay annually in interest, more than the total of their government's yearly ante-bellum expenses.

Taxation was high before the war. How is the country going to stand a burden more than twice as heavy?

For one thing, economists say, production will have to be greatly increased.

This, they expect, will be accomplished by the use of improved machinery, by a higher degree of efficiency than in the past and by the employment of great numbers of women who were not industrial factors before the war broke out.

These economists themselves, however, do not pretend the difference will be made up thus. Taxes must be heavier to cover the deficit.

The only conclusion is that industrial England will be compelled to work more than twice as hard as before the war, for less pay. Possibly because they are themselves heavy investors in the allied war loans, the English propertied classes, even the small fry, generally strongly oppose a wiping out of the war indebtedness and insist that whatever new and harder conditions may come, should be cheerfully accepted.

But will they? Apparently there is considerable room for doubt. The creditor element, though influential, is in a hopeless minority, of course.

There are plenty of hints that the majority will not respond enthusiastically to the suggestion that the masses accept, after the war, even shorter commons than they had to make the best of before the war's outbreak.

It is fair to say that some enlightened liberals, including a number of men who have subscribed liberally to the war loans, are disposed at least to consider the idea of cancelling these obligations.

They do not use the word "repudiation." They say the country's foreign indebtedness, which, however, is small compared with what Englishmen have loaned to their own government, must be paid. But it may prove expedient, they admit, to regard loans made to the national war chest as contributions from those best able to afford them.

Some take the stand that England's loans to her allies should similarly be wiped out.

Adoption of such a scheme obviously would mean the unique situation of a war burden falling on the rich instead of the poor.

At the same time that it would mean a heavy loss for the "classes," it would also mean a gain for the "masses," a levelling-up process historically unprecedented.

Higher taxes! Before the war the average English skilled workman made from \$8 to \$11 weekly. The corresponding workman in Germany made from \$9 to \$7.

For a man with a family it might seem as if these figures were pretty near bedrock, that he couldn't reduce his standard of living without starving to death.

As a matter of fact, the workers in Spain, Portugal, Russia and Turkey were not so well off as the English or Germans; and a coolie's wages in China amount to about 70 cents, American money, for a seven-day week.

So, after all, there is a good deal of room for European labor to be worse off after, than it was before, the war.

The creditor classes' suggestion of "a lower standard of living" isn't by any means an impossibility, if the producing classes will submit to it.

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Will they? Nobody knows yet. In England, land reform appears to be a certainty.

It is not contended that the British Isles would support their population, agriculturally, except perhaps with the closest pinching. It is maintained, however, that a just distribution of land would check the tendency toward such an intense concentration in the cities, with its consequent disorganization of the labor market and frightful conditions of unemployment which characterized ante-bellum days.

It is an old complaint that, with millions of the English on the verge of starvation, huge areas of land have been held as game preserves and parks, in as primitive a state of uncultivation as at the time of the Norman conquest.

Still other vast tracts have been farmed only by tenants who, while doing all the work, were allowed only the meager livelihoods, that the landlords might get the lion's share of the country's products by virtue of nothing but their monopoly.

In the cities conditions have been and still are the same as in the country, with only such variations as necessarily go with urban life.

All this, it is generally agreed, will have to be changed with the soldiers' return home at the war's end. It is

New Implement House We Handle the INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY'S IMPLEMENTS AND OLIVER FLOWS, KENTUCKY DRILLS, WEBER WAGONS, KEYSTONE SPRING TOOTH HARROWS AND DISCS REPAIRS FOR ALL MACHINES Mills & Son Phone 9 Sixth and Klamath

Wood Buy the great big blocks. They are clean and economical. Good body wood cut from live trees, and well seasoned. A. J. MANNING Leave orders at Ward & Obenbain's. Phone 34.

STAR DRUG COMPANY Constipation is a very simple, natural trouble, but unless properly treated, it may develop into a most serious and complicated disease. We advise that Carl's Little Liver Lifters be kept in every home. We cannot recommend these pills too highly. We caution our patrons against the free and indiscriminate use of laxatives and purgatives. 35c. Star Drug Co.

LIGHTEN YOUR FARM WORK By Using John Deere Implements We have just received a car of John Deere Goods, such as Light Draft, High Lift Sulky and Gang Plows, Disc Harrows, Drag Harrows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Grain Drills and Chatham Flaming Mills. Call and inspect our line. We offer special prices on Studebaker, John Deere and Schutler, the Standard Wagons of America. Place your orders for machine repairs with us, and receive the best attention. Baldwin Hardware Co. "THE HOUSE OF QUALITY"

UPPER LAKE TRAFFIC We are agents for Calkins & Hamilton's mail, passenger and freight boats on the Upper Klamath Lake. Buses leave this office every morning except Sunday, at 7:30. Western Transfer Co. PHONE 187 MAIN STREET, NEAR FIFTH

Look the World Over and you will not be able to discover better qualities than you can find right here in this store devoted to the better class of WOOD and HAY for we have searched more thoroughly than you can, and if better qualities were to be had we would have them. So if you want the best procurable this is the place to come. The inferior Seehorn GETZ Wood Phone 72 622 Main Street

SAYS HOT WATER EACH DAY KEEPS THE DOCTOR AWAY DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST TO WASH OUT THE POISONS Life is not merely to live, but to live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath. Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headaches, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter. Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs. The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatic aches, others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sticky complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, which will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.—A.D.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS For Sheriff I take this means of announcing my candidacy for the republican nomination for sheriff at the primaries. I believe that my work as deputy sheriff speaks for itself, and I shall greatly appreciate the support of the voters. R. R. BREWBAKER. For District Attorney I hereby announce my candidacy for the republican nomination for prosecuting attorney at the primaries in May, and I respectfully ask the support of the voters who desire the best in the upholding of the laws of Oregon. HAROLD C. MERRYMAN. I hereby announce my candidacy for the republican nomination for district attorney for Klamath county, Oregon. JOSEPH S. KENT. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff for Klamath county, Oregon, on the republican ticket. I respectfully ask the support of the voters of the county at the primary election for this office. JOHN H. COLLMAN. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for sheriff at the coming primaries, and I respectfully ask the support of the voters of Klamath county. GEORGE L. HUMPHREY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for renomination on the republican ticket for sheriff. I invite a careful investigation of my record as sheriff during the past three years. C. C. LOW. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for sheriff on the republican ticket at the primary election to be held on May 19, 1918. CAREY M. RAMSBY. I take this means of announcing my candidacy for the republican nomination as sheriff at the primaries in May. My record as a citizen and as a police officer in Klamath Falls is open to all, and I respectfully ask the support of the voters who seek an administration of efficiency. WILLIAM HALL. I hereby announce myself as a candidate on the democratic ticket for the nomination of sheriff, subject to the will of the voters at the coming primaries. J. A. MADDOX. I take this means to announce myself as a candidate for sheriff, subject to the will of the republican voters at the primary election. JAMES B. MOORE. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of sheriff at the primary election. WM. C. MESSNER. The undersigned announces his candidacy for the republican nomination for sheriff of Klamath county, if I am nominated and elected, I will, during my term of office, construe my oath of office to mean a complete and efficient enforcement of the law. I will have no interest to serve but the public interest. I will give the protection of my office to all persons and all classes alike. I will personally conduct my office with strict regard to economy. I will at all times serve all official papers with promptness. I will give all prisoners in my custody humane treatment, wholesome food and clean quarters. I will appreciate your support. E. W. GOWEN. I herewith announce myself as a candidate for the nomination as sheriff, subject to the will of the democratic voters at the primary election. R. E. HUNBAKER. For Coroner I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the republican nomination for coroner at the primary election to be held on May 19, 1918. DR. A. A. SOULE. I take this means of announcing myself a candidate for re-election to the office of coroner, subject to the will of the democratic voters in the primary on May 19th. My policy will be to uphold my former record of efficiency in office, with the least cost to Klamath county. EARL WHITLOCK. For County Treasurer I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for treasurer of Klamath county, subject to the approval of the voters at the coming primary election. A. A. MEHAFFEY. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for treasurer of Klamath county for a second term. GEORGE A. HAYDON. For County Clerk I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of clerk for Klamath county, Oregon, on the republican ticket. I respectfully ask the support of the voters of the county at the primary election for this office. R. C. COWLEY, Hildebrand. I hereby announce myself as a candidate on the democratic ticket for the nomination of clerk of Klamath county, subject to the will of the voters at the primary election for this office. BURT E. HAWKINS. I hereby announce myself a candidate for renomination on the republican ticket as county clerk, subject to the wishes of the voters at the coming primary election. C. R. DELAP. Chilcote collects rents and looks after property of all kinds. When you really want something use a Herald "want ad." Wood SLAB, LIMB AND BODY Sawed to any length. Our best block wood is delivered direct from sheds, and is always dry. One load will convince you. KLAMATH FUEL CO. O. Peyton, Mgr. Phone 187