

Flexible filters, sleds, and baby cutters at wholesale price, WHILE THEY LAST. Wm. C. Hurn, 439 Pine. 3-17

Hiram Says:

These snappy mornings can be made to bear nice and warm with an amount of blocks or a shovel of coal.

KLAMATH FUEL CO.
Are dealers in ALL KINDS OF WOOD AND COAL.

Phone 187. 505 Main St.

DULL, SPLITTING, SICK HEADACHE

Dr. James' Headache Powders relieve at once—10 cents a package.

You take a Dr. James' Headache Powder and in just a few moments your head clears and all neuralgia and distress vanishes. It's the quickest and surest relief for headache, whether dull, throbbing, splitting or nerve-racking. Send someone to the drug store and get a dime package now. Quit suffering—it's so needless. Be sure you get Dr. James' Headache Powders—then there will be no disappointment.

Ford Cars Repaired

We do Ford repair work exclusively. Satisfaction or money refunded.

CARS FOR HIRE
Klamath Falls Auto Co.
1157 Main St. Phone 17

DO YOU KNOW?

We have moved into warm, comfortable quarters under the K. K. K. Store?

HERE IS A WELCOME

Place to meet your friends and pass a pleasant evening

Make Yourselves at Home

With
MUSIC, BILLIARDS BOWLING

THE NEW PALM

Corner Main and Fifth



1916 INDIAN HERE

The fastest and most classy machine of this season's output. The new INDIAN POWERPLUS MOTOR, which is the latest thing in motorcycle achievement, now commands the sales situation.

A HIGH GRADE WHEEL WITH A HIGH GRADE EQUIPMENT

KLAMATH SPORTSMAN'S STORE
SEE VEGHTE—HE HAS IT

Main near Eighth

GOING AWAY?

Let us take care of your baggage and cases.

WE MEET ALL TRAINS AND BOATS
Auto Buses for Passengers. Auto Trucks for Freight.
DAY OR NIGHT SERVICE

Western Transfer Co.
PHONE—Office 187; Residence 206-R.

What the Tourist Dollar Can Do If Brought Here

PORTLAND, Jan. 11.—The entire state of Oregon is beginning to get a part. Every trade, business and profession in the state will stand at bat, and every one will score a base hit and catch a good many of these tourist dollars. It is a new source of income—a resource that has never been developed here except on the Atlantic seaboard who are going to spend a vacation in some portion of America. They are barred from Europe, and they want to get away from business.

It is hoped that every resident of Oregon will appreciate the opportunity and will send information concerning the attractions of the Northwest. The real value of the tourist dollar is that it will move from hand to hand very quickly from the day it first enters the state.

Real enthusiasm has been kindled in Portland by the Chamber of Commerce regarding the tourist dollar. The millions of letters scattered broad cast from Oregon during Letter Writing week, are declared to be the winning cards that are bound to bring to Oregon a flood of tourists this year and for other years to come. And they will bring the lively, circulating tourist dollar.

What can a tourist dollar do? It will be brought to this city and state for the sole purpose of being spent. That's its peculiar mission. First, the railroad companies will

get a part. Every trade, business and profession in the state will stand at bat, and every one will score a base hit and catch a good many of these tourist dollars. It is a new source of income—a resource that has never been developed here except on the Atlantic seaboard who are going to spend a vacation in some portion of America. They are barred from Europe, and they want to get away from business.

There is another angle from which to view the question. The tourist dollar is one that returns something on the investment the people of Oregon have already made to make their country more attractive to the Easterner with money.

The tourist himself has his eyes opened to a vista of scenic beauty which cannot be eclipsed anywhere, which makes him a better, more loyal, and more patriotic American.

But the tourist dollar has even greater possibilities. It gives much for little. It reveals to the shrewd eye of the tourist, who, while he may be out for a pleasure trip, will never forego the chance of seizing upon opportunity that will enrich him.

The tourist dollar may eventually lead its possessor from the East to engage in some new enterprise in this city or state. This means another employed man spending their earnings here; it adds to the city's and state's importance in the markets of the world as producing centers.

SAYS BODY IS A POISON FACTORY

URGES EVERYONE TO DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST

Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of combustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken day after day, leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not completely eliminated from the system each day, becomes food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left over waste, toxins and ptomaine-like poisons are formed and sucked into the blood.

Men and Women who can't get feeling right must begin to take inside baths. Before eating breakfast each morning drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash out of the thirty feet of bowels the previous day's accumulation of poisons and toxins and to keep the entire alimentary canal clean, pure and fresh.

Those who are subject to sick headaches, colds, biliousness, constipation, others who wake up with bad taste, foul breath, backache, rheumatic stiffness, or have a sour, gassy stomach after meals, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drugstore, and begin practicing internal sanitation. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on the subject.

Remember inside bathing is more important than outside bathing, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing poor health, while the bowel pores do. Just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.—Adv.

Dissolution of Partnership
This is to notify the public that the co-partnership of Hamilton & Travers, doing blacksmithing at the Record Shoeing Shop, Sixth and Willow, has been dissolved by mutual consent. Fred Hamilton retiring from the firm. Mr. Travers will continue the business. All claims against the firm and all monies due, will be attended to by the undersigned.

11-21* T. F. TRAVERS.

If you are particular about your fire insurance, see Chilcote. 11-17

Ford Will Still Fight With Mars



Henry Ford

The failure of his peace expedition to bring about any peace movements in war ridden Europe has not entirely subdued Henry Ford's animosity toward war. He is preparing to go to Washington this week, and begin a fight among congressmen for the defeat of the preparedness program of the administration, seeks to have become effective.

MAY FLUSH OFF CITY'S STREETS

PURCHASE OF NEW SYSTEM FOR CLEANING STREETS IS TAKEN UP BEFORE COUNCIL—REFERRED TO STREET COMMITTEE

The cleaning of paved streets by water pressure is a matter that is being given consideration by members of the city council. In fact, the street committee will report on the matter at the next meeting of council. The plan discussed does away with the horse drawn sweeper. A flushing wagon, with a gasoline motor to distribute the water at a uniform pressure, is the apparatus considered, such as is used with success in the larger cities.

A representative of Studebaker Brothers, manufacturers of the flusher, attended the meeting, and the mechanism of the apparatus was thoroughly explained. The flusher can also be used for street sprinkling.

Ask Chilcote for a 1916 calendar.

PATENT MEDICINE SALES MAY CEASE

ADMISSIBILITY OF THESE "REMEDIES" WILL DEPEND UPON THEIR INTOXICATING QUALITIES HEREAFTER

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 11.—Whether patent medicines can be used as an intoxicating beverage will be a ruling factor in deciding if they can be sold legally in Oregon according to Attorney General Brown in an opinion.

The test is whether the goods come under the head of intoxicating liquor within the meaning of the statute, according to Brown. He says that he knows that certain bitters were intoxicating beverages at one time, but is not certain as to their status now. He has requested the board of pharmacy to make an analysis of a number of medicinal preparations to ascertain if they can be used as intoxicating beverages.

He quotes a Georgia decision that the sale of certain patent medicines is unlawful because they can be used as a beverage, despite the fact that they contain helpful medicinal properties.

A former wholesale liquor firm was told Saturday that it could not deal in alcohol for use of mechanical or any other purposes.

PLAN A BETTER HOMESTEAD BILL

PORTLAND CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SEEKS TO MAKE THE SETTLEMENT OF OREGON'S LAND LESS DIFFICULT

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 11.—After a two month's tour last fall of eastern Oregon, Secretary J. W. Brewer of the Oregon development bureau of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, reported on the need of changes in the homestead laws which would give larger opportunities for the settlement and cultivation of the state's unoccupied lands suitable for homesteading. Secretary Brewer recommended the appointment of a committee of bureau members to study the situation and submit the draft of a bill to go to congress, embodying his plans for relief.

Omar C. Spencer, J. L. Atkinson, Henry W. Fries, John Satri and Eugene A. Clem were appointed on such committee. Its suggested bill has been approved by the bureau's managing committee and will be considered further by the executive committee of the chamber's directors.

A decade ago it was not difficult for the homesteader to settle on his land selection and make a living from the outset, but now the best of the homestead land is gone and while there are in this state nearly 16,000,000 acres of unappropriated government land, little of it will provide a living for the ordinary homesteader, except under great difficulties. Realizing the necessity of giving homesteaders opportunity to make good on their lands, the work of the committee has been along the line framing a bill providing for three years' deferred residence and at the same time requiring an increased amount of cultivation.

Home From Farmer Week
County School Superintendent Fred Peterson has returned from a trip to different cities in Oregon. While away he attended the State Teachers' convention at Medford, meetings of superintendents at Portland and Salem, and Farmers' Week at the Oregon Agricultural College.

More Farm Funds
The county clerk has increased the amount available for the employment of a farm expert from the \$1,000 that had formerly been paid the horticulturalist to \$1,250. As the state duplicates whatever sum the county appropriates, this will make \$2,500 with which to pay the expert or adviser.—Grants Pass Courier.

Swat the Jackrabbits
Last Sunday's rabbit drive was the most successful one that has been held so far this winter. The final count showed that 1,654 rabbits were killed in the pen. The drive was held south of the Lakeview ranch. This makes about 8,000 rabbits that have been killed so far this fall in the drives, and with more drives as successful as the last, a great deal of good will be done the West Side.—Lake Co. Examiner.

Horseflesh Is Latest Viand Sold in Gotham



Dr. A. D. Melvin
Head of Bureau of Animal Husbandry.

NEW YORK AUTHORITIES PASS ORDER PERMITTING THE SELLING OF HORSE MEAT, AND DOPESTERS FIGURE THE UNITED STATES COULD REDUCE COST OF LIVING BY THIRTY-SIX MILLION A YEAR IF ALL WOULD FOLLOW SUIT

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Horseflesh as legitimate food for humans is at last to be officially recognized in America.

And the amazing reduction of at least \$36,000,000 annually in the nation's high cost of living would be realized if all other communities would follow the lead of New York, whose board of health beginning January first permitted the sale of horse meat. Chicago housewives would gain \$720,000 annually if they would serve stallion meat and colt cutlets; Philadelphia \$600,000.

These figures are based on a recent horse census which shows that the annual horse mortality in this country must be close to 360,000. Valuing each horse at \$100, we get the above huge total of annual cash wastage in American horseflesh. And it also must be remembered that in part this mortality is due to the hard labor demanded of the animal. If instead of being worked to death he were carefully bred for his food value, at his death he would be an asset instead of a loss.

Dr. A. D. Melvin, chief of the United States bureau of animal industry of the agricultural department, which controls the federal inspection of meat slaughtering, regarding the selling of horseflesh on sale in the United States, says:

"I do not anticipate any large demand for federal inspection of horseflesh. As a matter of fact, at the present time, there is no authority in the federal meat inspection act for this bureau to act in such a case.

"If such a plant is established and applies for inspection under the federal law, we will have to ask congress to pass a special act covering it, if it deals in interstate business. Our work covers only meats shipped in interstate commerce. A local plant slaughtering for a city could operate within a single state without being subject to federal supervision. In that case the state law covers the matter."

Dr. Melvin said he did not think there would ever be any great demand in the United States for horse meat as a food.

"It would not pay to slaughter young horses for food," he said, "and it would be confined to old horses worked out and killed when no longer able to work. This and horses killed as a result of accident, or shot after breaking a leg would constitute the whole supply."

If You Are Doubtful

of the truth of our claim to sell better

WOOD and HAY

for less money than others, we urge you to make a comparing tour. See what others offer, and then come and see what we do in the same line. But do not compare by price alone. Judge quality as well as cost, and we know what the result is bound to be. So will you.

Seehorn GETZ Wood
422 Main Street. Phone 72

abroad do not eat steaks as we eat them here."

The United States Bureau of Chemistry (pure food bureau) has analyzed sixteen samples of horseflesh and find the average composition of horse meat, representing different parts of the carcass shows the following composition of dry material:

Protein 67.98 per cent
Fat 27.71 per cent
Ash 3.18 per cent
Undetermined 1.13 per cent

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice of Sheriff's Sale
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County
Putte Valley State Bank, Inc., a Corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
Eva M. Graves, Charles Graves, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale, duly issued out of the above entitled court and cause on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1915, upon a decree made and entered of record in said court and cause on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1915, in favor of the plaintiff named above, directing the sale of the real property, and hereinafter described, to satisfy the following: The principal sum of \$4,500.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from April 22, 1915, to December 1, 1915, and thereafter at the rate of 8 per cent per annum; the sum of \$500.00 attorneys' fees; and the sum of \$15.40, costs and disbursements, and the accruing costs.

Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution and order of sale and in compliance with said writ, I have duly levied on said real property, and will on Saturday, the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1916, at 10 o'clock a. m. of such day, at the front door of the county court house of Klamath county, in Klamath Falls, Oregon, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the above named defendants in and to the following described real property, to wit:

Southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (SW 1/4, SW 1/4) of section twenty-two (22) and west half of northwest quarter (NW 1/4, NW 1/4) of section twenty-seven (27), all in township thirty-nine (39) south, range nine (9) east of Willamette Meridian, Klamath County, Oregon, EXCEPT the following described portions of said real estate, to wit:

First Unit Main Drain.—All that portion of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 27, township 39 south, range 9 east, Willamette Meridian (lot 46, Weed tract) described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of said section 27, 674.4 feet north of the west quarter corner of said section 27, and running thence south 47 deg. 05 min. east 990.5 feet to the south line of the northwest quarter of said section 27; thence west along said south line 44.05 feet; thence north 47 deg. 05 min. west 930.25 feet to the west line of said section 27; thence north along said west line 40.95 feet to point of beginning, containing 0.67 acres.

Weed Drain.—All that portion of the southwest quarter southwest quarter section 22, township 39 south, range 9 east, Willamette Meridian (lot 28, Weed tract), lying between two parallel lines and distant respectively 15 and 35 feet from the center line of the Weed drain, said center line being described as follows: Beginning in the west line of said section 22, 1,025 feet north of the corner common to sections 21, 22, 27 and 28, above township and range, and running thence north 79 deg. 40 min. east, 278.2 feet; thence along the arc of a curve to the left whose radius is 146.2 feet, 144.2 feet; thence north 26 deg. 00 min. east 198.5 feet, said center line passing through the north line of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of said section 22 in a point bearing north 19 deg. 17 min. east 1,412.2 feet from the above common corner, containing 0.29 acres. Said strip of land is 20 feet wide and immediately adjacent to and touching on the northerly and westerly side that 20-foot strip conveyed for right of way purposes for the Weed Drain by W. T. Rowland on January 21, 1909, and recorded in Book 25, page 450, Deed Record Klamath County, Oregon.

F. Lateral.—All that portion of the northwest quarter northwest quarter, section 27, township 39 south, range 9 east, Willamette Meridian (lot 41, Weed tract), lying between two lines drawn parallel to, and on each side of and fifteen feet distant from the center line of the F. Lateral, Main Canal Distribution system, Klamath Project, said center line beginning in the north line of said section 27, in a point south 88 deg. east 658 feet from the northwest corner of said section and running thence south 19 deg. 40 min. east 119.9 feet; thence south 22 deg. 41 min. east 819.4 feet; thence along the arc of a curve to the left whose radius is 193.2 feet 102.8 feet; thence south 54 deg. 50 min. east 294.8 feet, said center line passing through the east line of the northwest quarter northwest quarter said section 27, in a point from which the north quarter corner of said section 27 bears north 51 deg. 19 min. east 1,711.5 feet.

F. 31 Lateral.—All that portion of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 22, and northwest quarter of the northwest quarter section 27, township 39 south, range 9 east Willamette Meridian (lots 28 and 41, Weed tract), lying between two lines drawn parallel to, on each side of and 15 feet distant from the center line of the F. 31 lateral, Main Canal Distribution System, Klamath Project, said center line beginning in the F. Lateral in a point bearing south 88 deg. east 658 feet from the northwest corner of said section 27, and running thence along the section line between sections 22 and 27 south 88 deg. east 682.5 feet to the north-east corner of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of said section 27.

First Unit Main Drain.—All that portion of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter section 27, township 39 south, range 9 east, Willamette Meridian (lot 46, Weed tract), described as follows: Beginning in the west line of said section 27 in a point 592.5 feet north of the west quarter corner of said section 27, and running thence south 47 deg. 05 min. east 870 feet to a point in the south line of the northwest quarter said section 27, 637.2 feet east of above quarter corner; thence along said south line 44.05 feet; thence north 47 deg. 05 min. west 930.25 feet to the west line of said section 27; thence south along said west line 40.95 feet to point of beginning.

Or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution, which may be sold separately without material injury to the parties interested. The proceeds of said sale will be applied in the satisfaction of said execution and decree, and the overplus, if any there be, will be paid into court to be further applied as by law directed.

Dated this 21st day of December, A. D. 1915.
C. C. LOW, Sheriff.
By GEO. C. ULRICH, Deputy.
11-28-4-11-18

Notice of Delinquent Sale.
(Poe Valley & Klamath Falls Telephone Company).

Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment No. 1, levied on August 20, 1913, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name	No. of Certificate	Am't.
E. H. Moore	10	\$17.15
H. H. Roberts	21	17.15
J. T. Roberts	24	17.15

And in accordance with law and an order of the board of directors said shares will be sold at public auction at the office of the company in Poe Valley on Saturday, February 5, 1916 at the hour of 10 a. m., of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment, together with accrued interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 20th day of August, 1913, and costs of advertising and expenses of said sale.

S. H. GRIFFITH, President,
G. H. Van Meter, Secretary.
Date of first publication Jan. 4, 1916.
4-11-16-35-1.