

ARE CASTAWAY ON SQUAW POINT

LAUNCH "FAITHFUL HUNTER" WITH SNAG, GOES TO BOTTOM. OCCUPANTS SPEND NIGHT ON SQUAW POINT

(Herald Special Service)
SHIPPINGTON, Oct. 6.—Messrs. Lusk and Sidner, with Tom Phenegeer and Mark Stefan, started up the lake Saturday evening in Lusk's launch, the "Faithful Hunter." But the Hunter did not prove so faithful on this journey.
When off Squaw Point about a mile the launch ran into a dead snag, knocking a hole in its bottom nearly eight inches square. The boat went down like a rock.
Luckily they had a small rowboat into which they climbed, and rowed over to Squaw Point, with all their luggage except their guns at the bottom of the lake.
The next morning as H. R. Yancey was on his way across the lake with a party of surveyors, they found the hunters on Squaw Point, looking for a boat to take them off. Not only were the hunters rescued, but the crippled "Hunter" was towed in for repairs. She is to have a new hull soon.

WHAT THE WAR MOVES MEAN

By J. W. T. MASON
(Written for the United Press)

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The Russian ultimatum to Bulgaria marks the final effort to determine whether or not the war has lost the original cause of the war. The great struggle was primarily caused by the fact that Russia and Austro-Hungary each wanted to exercise suzerain powers over the Balkan states.
If Bulgaria refuses to heed Russia now, Petrograd will not recover the vanished prestige for years to come.
By permitting Russia to act alone in her ultimatum, the other allies recognized the czar's superior rights in the Balkans. If Sofia prevented Bulgaria from adding to the troubles of the allies by joining the German standard, Russia thus would be in a position to claim paramount position in the Balkans, even though she is unable to expel the Germans from Russian territory.
But if Bulgaria enters the war with the Austro-Germans, the czar's power in Southeastern Europe will be shattered. The Serbs are incapable of checking both the Teutons and the Bulgars, and if they are checked at all it must be by non-Slav nations. Hence, should Britain, France and Italy, with possibly Greece and Roumania, check them, Russia would be in no position to claim consideration in that territory.
Overthrow of Pan-Slavism, however, does not mean establishment of a Teutonic suzerainty, and in the end the Balkans are likely to have more liberty of action without being controlled by any single power.

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice for Publication
(Not coal lands)
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, August 26, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that C. Bert Siles, whose postoffice address is Klamath Falls, Oregon, did, on the 28th day of October, 1914, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 9294, to purchase the NW 1/4, NW 1/4, Section 15, Township 27 south, Range 9 east, Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 2, 1908, and various amendments, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised \$170, the timber estimated at \$1,000 board feet at \$1.50 per 100, and the land at \$20, that said applicant will file, and upon approval of his application and sworn statement on the 6th day of November, 1915, before C. E. De Lap, clerk of the county court, at Klamath Falls, Oregon.
Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, on initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.
JAS. P. BURNESS, Register.
9-27 10-20

Facts of Interest to the Farmer

More than 340 new game laws were enacted during 1915—a larger number than in any previous year except 1911, according to Farmers' Bulletin 892, "Game Laws for 1915." Forty-three states held regular legislative sessions, and in all of these states except Arizona, Georgia, and Nebraska some changes were made in the statutes protecting game. The largest number of new game laws passed in any one state was sixty-one, in North Carolina; but in California, Connecticut, Maine, New Jersey, Oregon, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin the number reached ten or more. Several measures were vetoed, including a general game bill in Idaho, the first bill appropriating the hunting-licensing fund in Pennsylvania, a bill protecting bears in California, and three sections of the game bill in Washington. A number of bills were introduced for the purpose of harmonizing the state laws or migratory birds with the federal regulations. In at least nine of the states changes were made which brought the seasons into substantial agreement: viz. California, Connecticut, Maine, Michigan, New Hampshire, Tennessee and West Virginia. Uniformity was also secured by provisions in the laws of Connecticut, Maine, New Mexico, North Dakota, Washington and Wisconsin, providing hunting between sunset and sunrise.

Mrs. Dunaway's Condition Serious

United Press Service
PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 6.—The condition of Mrs. Abigail Scott Dunaway, "the mother of Suffrage of the Northwest," is reported serious. She underwent an operation recently, and another is probable in the next few days.

Unique Labor War Is in Full Swing

United Press Service
CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—The American Federation of Labor will make a last ditch fight in behalf of the Chicago union of school teachers. Those influences which oppose the Chicago Teachers' Federation are today preparing their appeal from the temporary injunction restraining the board of education from carrying out the now famous Loeb rule expelling those teachers who decline to leave the federation, and compelling all applicants for positions to sign a pledge that they will not become members of any similar organization.
Of course, if the higher court upholds the injunction, making it permanent, the matter will drop there, with a glowing victory for organized labor. If, however, the higher court decides in favor of the Loeb rule, the entire matter will ultimately be decided at the polls.
Members of the board of education are appointed by the mayor. If he continues in office men and women openly antagonistic to the teachers' union, labor has threatened to elect a mayor who will be favorable to the union.
Miss Margaret Haley, head of the union, openly charges that big business is back of the fight on the federation, which comprises one-half of the 8,000 Chicago school teachers. Important Chicago interests hold, under very favorable terms, school lands in the heart of Chicago's business district. Under a ninety-nine year lease, they pay nominal rent on a valuation much smaller than that placed on the lands held in title of private individuals, in some instances directly adjoining the school owned lands.
The union school teachers, shortly after organization, moved for higher salaries. When told no money was available, they pointed to low rentals paid for school lands, and to the fact that many large concerns were under-taxed.
"Collect the proper rentals and taxes and the money will be available," they said. They did more. They went before the legislature and the tax boards. They agitated at public meetings. They even went to State's Attorney Hoyne who is now considering alleged facts which the union leaders want put before the grand jury.
The fight was further complicated by the religious issue, always a factor in the politics of Chicago. Factions appeared in the schools—anti-union against union teachers.
The anti-union majority on the school board struck quick and hard. "Leave the federation or leave the schools," was the order to the teachers. Some obeyed. Some stood pat. Some, who had never belonged to the federation, and really preferred not to join the organization, when pledges were asked that they never would join, flatly refused to sign.
The teachers had won a salary increase, but it was administered by the board. "Sign a pledge to abandon the union or no salary increase," was

the dictum. Again the courts were appealed to. Again a deadlock.
Enemies of the federation said: "The union has no place in the schools. It has disorganized the entire system. Teachers are no longer looking to the school head for orders, but to the union head. The teaching force is divided into cliques, and the entire school discipline is endangered immensely."
Union leaders in and out of the schools met this with denials and by counter charges that the fight against the union teachers had been engineered by corporation lawyers and union-baiters who had become alarmed by the disclosures made by union officials of tax dodgers and deals in school land leases and contracts.
Fathers and mothers and even children have been drawn into the fight on one side or the other. There is no such word as neutrality. And the most unique labor war in the history of the central west is in full swing.
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SHIPPINGTON SIDELIGHTS
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The burning of the tules about Shippington is quite alarming at times.
B. R. Yancy went to Sand Creek today to repair Martin Masfeld's automobile.
The ladies will start their sewing society soon. The first meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. B. R. Yancy, November 4th.
S. C. Brown from Carmine, Calif., is visiting relatives here.
Miss Francis Waldron and Miss Grace Brown of Shippington attended the reception at the M. E. church on Friday night.
Buy that boy's Xmas wagon or sled now at Wura's Sale.

MANY SHEEP IN MIDLAND FIELDS

O. T. McKENDREE HAS PURCHASED 12,000 ABOUT MERRILL AND MIDLAND—FARMERS GET GAIN IN WEIGHT

O. T. McKendree, the Lake county sheepman, who annually brings in a large band of lambs to be fattened on Klamath alfalfa and grain, has already placed about 12,000 head in the vicinity of Merrill and Midland.
Of those who now have bands of sheep from McKendree are J. A. Maddox, 1,600; John H. Wolfe, 1,000; J. A. Brown, 1,000; C. M. Merritt, 1,000; M. L. Moore, 1,000, all near Merrill and L. F. Willets at Midland, 1,500.
According to the terms of the contracts, the farmers take the lambs from McKendree at six cents per pound, and are allowed 1-4 cent per pound per month, and the feeder receives the gain in weight.
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FINE GROVE PICKUPS
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The Civic Club meets with Mrs. J. S. Mills Thursday, October 7th, at 8 o'clock p. m.
Dewey Dutton from California has come to spend the winter with his brother, Charlie Dutton.
The Sunday school at Pine Grove was well attended Sunday.
Mrs. H. M. Miller has been quite sick all this week with is gripe.

CHICKEN TAMALES

Every Day at
REX CAFE

O. K. Livery and Feed Stables

Mundy & Hilyard, Props.
Phone 523. Cor. 6th and Oak
Prompt and efficient service, Good horses and first class rigs
Office of
Dr. C. O. Prentice
Veterinary Surgeon

Blocks Are Cheaper

Green Slabs, per cord \$2.50
Peyton's big block wood, cord, \$2.00
You save 50c every time you buy a load of blocks; but more than that, the blocks are cleaner and nicer to handle; less trash and more heat.
KLAMATH FUEL CO.
O. PEYTON, Manager

How's Your Roof?

FIX IT WHILE THE SUN SHINES
W. D. MILLER
Does all kinds of roofing and concrete work
Walton and 6th. Phone 300

Public Auction

The following will be offered at public auction at the Walton ranch, nine miles below Dunsmuir, on Thursday,
Oct. 7, 1915
Sale Starts at 10 a. m.
25 to 25 head of horses, mares and males.
17 head of cattle.
Free lunch served at noon.
Terms—Six months time on negotiable paper, at 8 per cent interest.
Mrs. Lou Harbaugh
S. P. Short
Owners

BANG!

War has been declared on the Feathered Allies
Get your
Ammunition and Guns
from us
All over town
Roberts & ...

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10 for 5c
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We have just issued a new catalogue, listing more presents than ever. We will give you this catalogue free during the month of October.
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FREE! During the month of October we will supply free our illustrated catalogue of handsome presents which you can obtain for our tags or coupons. Send your name and address on a postal and we will mail it to you, or call and get your copy at our Premium Department, 331 Battery St., San Francisco.

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