

Better Army for United States Is Project That Chamberlain Likes

Oregon's Senior Senator Has Some New Ideas on Raising Standard of Efficiency of Nation's Fighting Force

PORTLAND, Oregon, May 28.—"We are in better shape now, the military arm of the government, than we have been for years, and during the next congress I hope to have legislation passed that will give the United States all the standing army this country needs, except in case of war. We are well supplied with ammunition, equipment and artillery and are constantly increasing our resources."

Chairman of the senate committee on military affairs, George E. Chamberlain, senior United States senator for Oregon, is in position to know more about the military strength of the country than anyone outside a few members of the general staff and the secretary of war. No military legislation is taken up, no appropriation asked, without consulting Chamberlain.

With a standing army at maximum strength, the National Guard brought close to the president and the volunteer bill already a law, the United States will be on a good military basis—not like European countries, but as good as any American desires or will tolerate. These three things would give us an army in case of war of 800,000 or 1,000,000 men, depending on the number of volunteers called.

"My desire is to have enough efficient, trained and well drilled men to form a nucleus and to whip a volunteer army into shape in the shortest possible time. And that is as extensive a military program as this country cares for."

"At present we have a standing army of 89,000 men. The maximum allowed is 100,000 men. When I return to Washington I intend introducing a bill to increase the standing army to 125,000, and have every company recruited to its maximum. At present our company is composed of skeleton companies, skeleton regiments, skeleton brigades and skeleton divisions. A regiment should have 1,800 men, and some of our skeleton regiments have only 1,000. Had General Funston been compelled to make a demonstration in Mexico he would have had in every company about one

experienced soldier to two raw recruits. Such an arrangement would have exposed the recruits to almost certain death, as they would not know how to take care of themselves, and the experienced men would have been needlessly exposed with the recruits. "Now, that is the situation with our army at present, and I wish to eliminate the risk. By increasing the standing army to 125,000 men, and recruiting to the full quota, we would have that many efficient, effective soldiers who would be invaluable in case of an emergency, for they could be used, in part, in getting volunteers into shape."

"The military play bill, which is introduced, and which got nowhere last session, will be presented again. This bill was drafted by the adjutant general of the National Guards of all the states. It brings the National Guard in close touch with the federal government and makes it an auxiliary for the regulars. Objection was raised against the measure because it called for an appropriation of \$13,000,000, but it is the cheapest \$13,000,000 that this government could ever spend. Conditions and sentiment have changed since the bill first appeared, and I believe its chances will be excellent at the coming session."

"A big constructive piece of legislation passed by the last session was my volunteer bill. This makes the volunteers the third reserve—the regulars and state militia coming first and second. This measure covers the volunteers, the unorganized militia, in time of war, and absolutely puts the volunteers out of the hands of politics. It reduces the volunteers to a system and provides for the appointment of officers by the president instead of officer companies and regiments by the governors of the states."

"As for supplies, we are looking after this steadily. Some one has said that we did not have enough ammunition to keep the army busy for a few hours—I forget how many, but it was three, four, or half a dozen. This guess was based on the supposition that all the army would be shoot-

ing at the same time. For the past three years we have been adding to our supplies of powder and storing it away. Our nitrates, you know, come from Chile, which is also supplying the nitrates for the European war. Our stock of supplies has been slowly increased, so that the expense will not be felt too heavy in one year. Right today, or under any ordinary conditions, the army is well equipped with ordinance."

"A comprehensive program of military legislation along the lines I have indicated will be taken up in the next congress. Secretary of War Garrison has requested me to return to Washington at as early a date as possible, so that we can consult on these pending matters. Of course, the program does not provide for militarism, such as Germany was forty years in building, but it will be sufficient for the needs of this country. And speaking of militarism, there is no danger of this country becoming involved in the European war."

MISCELLANEOUS

Proposal
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, County Court of Klamath County, Oregon, will receive bids for the erection of a steel bridge across Lost River up to and including June 20th, 1915, at 5 p. m. of said date.

The bids will include the hauling of the bridge from Bonanza, Oregon; the construction of abutments and the making of fills for the approaches.

The bids will be in the following form:
Hauling bridge from Bonanza to site \$
Placing approximately 285 yards concrete or masonry, per yard \$
Placing approximately 8,500 yards embankment, per yard \$
Erection of bridge \$

The above to be done according to the plans and specifications on file with the county clerk.

All bids must be accompanied with a certified check for 5 per cent of the amount of bid.

The County Court reserves the right to reject any and all bids, waive informalities in the bids, and to accept any bid or bids separately or collectively, which it deems most favorable to Klamath county.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, May 28, 1915.

C. R. DE LAP, County Clerk.
By CHAS. F. DE LAP, Deputy Clerk.
5-28-6-20

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution and order of sale in foreclosure duly issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County of Klamath and State of Oregon, dated the 23rd day of April, 1915, in a certain suit in the Circuit Court for said County and State, wherein E. C. Atkins & Co., Inc., a corporation, as plaintiff recovered judgment against Cora E. Newhart (also known as Cora E. Neuhart) as defendant, on plaintiff's first cause of suit for the principal sum of \$500.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from and including July 16, 1914, and for the further sum of \$100 as attorney's fees on said first cause of suit, and on plaintiff's second cause of suit for the principal of \$1317.42, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from and including May 30, 1914, and for the further sum of \$150.00 as attorney's fees in said second cause of suit; and for the further sum of \$110.17 with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from and including February 18, 1915, for taxes paid by plaintiff on the mortgaged premises, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein, taxed at \$22.90.

Notice is hereby given that I will, on Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1915, at the front door and main entrance of the Court House in the City of Klamath Falls in said County and State, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

Lot three (3) of section six (6)

Notice is hereby given that on or after sixty days from the 1st day of July, 1915, the County Court of Klamath county, Oregon, will, in open court, cancel all warrants in the hands of the county clerk of said county,

in township thirty-seven (37) South, range nine (9) East of the Willamette Meridian, Klamath County, State of Oregon, containing one hundred seventy nine (179) acres, more or less, together with tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Taken and levied upon as the property of the said Cora E. Newhart (also known as Cora E. Neuhart), or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment in favor of E. C. Atkins & Co., Inc., a corporation, against said Cora E. Newhart (also known as Cora E. Neuhart), with interest thereon, together with all costs and disbursements that have or may accrue.

C. C. LOW, Sheriff,
By L. L. Low, Deputy
Dated at Klamath Falls, Klamath County, Oregon, April 23, 1915.
23-30-7-14-21-28

Summons by Publication (Equity No. 680)

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

Franklin N. Hedrick, Plaintiff,

vs.
Charles Paulson, Emma Paulson, his wife, Louise Wiegner, also sometimes known as Louise Paulson, and Louise W. Paulson, now Louise W. Heidrick; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

To Charles Paulson and Emma Paulson, his wife, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for publication made herein, to-wit: The 2d day of July, 1915, and if you fail to so answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in his complaint herein, to-wit:

For the foreclosure of that certain mortgage made and executed by Charles Paulson and Louise Paulson, on the 13th day of September, 1910, to and in favor of Martin Brothers, incorporated, a corporation, for the sum of \$328.50, together with interest thereon, which said mortgage was, on September 15, 1910, recorded in Book 10 of the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Klamath County, Oregon, at page 254, and thereafter regularly assigned to the plaintiff, and on which, at the date of the filing of the complaint herein, there remained due and unpaid the sum of \$212.76, together with interest as in the said mortgage and complaint provided; that all the right, title and interest of the defendants, or either of them, in and to the lands herein described, be foreclosed, except the right to redeem as provided by law; for the recovery of and from said defendants of the sum of \$27.05, paid by plaintiff to redeem the real property embraced in said mortgage from delinquent tax sale; for his costs and disbursements herein and accruing costs; for \$100.00 attorney's fees herein. Said mortgage covers and embraces the west one-half of the northeast quarter, the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section seventeen, in township forty south, range eleven east, of the Willamette Meridian; for the sale of said lands in the manner provided by law, and that the proceeds of such sale be applied as follows:

1st—To the costs and disbursements of this suit and the foreclosure of said mortgage and the sale of the premises embraced therein.

2nd—To the payment of such sum as the court may adjudge reasonable as attorney's fees to be allowed in this suit.

3rd—To the payment to the plaintiff of the sum of \$212.76, together with the interest thereon from the date of said complaint at the rate of 10 per cent per annum until paid.

This summons is served upon you by order of the Honorable George Noland, Judge of the said Court, made on the 18th day of May, 1915, by publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published and of general circulation in Klamath county, Oregon, for six consecutive and successive weeks, the first publication being on the 21st day of May, 1915, and the last publication thereof on the 2d day of July, 1915.

J. H. CARNAHAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

21-28-4-11-18-25-2

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on or after sixty days from the 1st day of July, 1915, the County Court of Klamath county, Oregon, will, in open court, cancel all warrants in the hands of the county clerk of said county,

which have been issued and not protested for a period of seven years or more prior to the 1st day of July, 1915; also all warrants will be ordered held for naught, and payment thereof stopped wherein it appears that same have been protested for a period of seven years prior to the 1st day of July, 1915.

The following list shows the names of payees, date, number and amount as shown by warrants to be acted upon by the county court:

NAME	Date	Number	Amount
Mrs. A. E. Brown	November 4, 1897	9892	\$4.50
S. Woodruff	January 11, 1898	10020	5.40
John O'Keefe	January 9, 1899	10632	1.80
F. W. Morgan	May 4, 1899	10687	2.10
T. F. Young	May 4, 1899	10713	4.40
M. H. Patterson	January 11, 1900	10991	2.10
A. H. Engle	January 11, 1900	11080	1.10
Chas. Isaac	September 8, 1900	11386	1.85
Bird Woodruff	November 12, 1900	11479	2.30
D. W. Earl	May 7, 1903	13570	2.90
C. H. Zeverly	July 13, 1903	13740	3.00
A. Crawford	July 13, 1903	13765	3.00
T. A. Culbertson	July 13, 1903	13770	3.00
J. F. Alexander	January 14, 1904	14070	5.50
Wm. Turner	January 14, 1904	14087	1.60
F. H. Pool	January 14, 1904	14088	1.60
Jeff Riddle	January 14, 1904	14089	1.60
Harris Jones	July 15, 1904	14365	3.00
Jim Yot	September 10, 1904	14501	1.70
Robt. Newmeyer	November 19, 1904	14501	1.70
D. H. Yeager	January 16, 1905	14765	3.00
Ed Cortell	March 7, 1905	14892	1.70
Chas. Dickerson	March 7, 1905	14909	3.50
Mike Curhle	March 7, 1905	14910	3.50
Robert Jones	July 14, 1905	15057	1.70
Robert Jones	July 14, 1905	15065	1.70
Arthur Farrow	July 14, 1905	15065	1.70
P. L. Peterson	September 14, 1905	15125	2.40
E. C. Everson	September 11, 1905	15128	2.40
L. M. Robinson	September 11, 1905	15149	1.90
James Birch	November 8, 1905	15202	1.50
Jas. Fleming	November 8, 1905	15205	1.50
A. Storey	November 9, 1905	15210	1.00
M. R. Potter	May 8, 1906	15475	3.00
W. A. Stone	May 10, 1906	15573	2.00
John McNeil	July 18, 1906	15751	1.70
A. J. Walkup	July 19, 1906	15783	2.20
Oliver Head	September 10, 1906	15888	1.70
Geo. Mathews	September 10, 1906	15889	1.70
Chas. King	September 11, 1906	15892	1.70
C. L. Meracle	September 11, 1906	15895	1.70
R. H. Hill	September 11, 1906	15896	1.70
J. R. Brown	September 12, 1906	15956	1.70
Bessie M. Harmer	November 12, 1906	15956	1.80
J. W. Wood	January 22, 1907	16084	1.30
Richard Rosenbaum	January 22, 1907	16120	2.00
Mrs. M. L. Enevoldsen	March 12, 1907	16221	14.00
Frank Stineberg	May 7, 1907	16281	1.70
S. C. Spencer	May 7, 1907	16293	1.80
J. E. Randles	May 7, 1907	16294	1.70
T. J. Raeney	May 7, 1907	16296	1.70
Mrs. Wm. Barrows	July 11, 1907	16424	1.70
Wm. Barrows	July 11, 1907	16425	1.70
Mrs. M. McPherson	July 11, 1907	16426	1.70
Vera E. Bates	July 11, 1907	16459	1.50
M. B. Bates	July 11, 1907	16462	1.50
J. F. Bevel	July 30, 1907	16483	3.25
Carrie A. Colman	September 24, 1907	16544	1.50
W. O. Johnson	January 11, 1908	16550	1.00
J. O. Jessup	January 11, 1908	16550	1.70
J. N. Dennis	January 13, 1908	16726	1.30
John B. Meehan	January 13, 1908	16742	1.70
John J. Hansen	January 13, 1908	16746	1.70
Thos. J. Wilson	January 16, 1908	16801	1.20
Roy Stonebraker	January 16, 1908	16804	1.70
G. W. Kegg	January 16, 1908	16805	1.70
Henry Jackson	January 17, 1908	16884	1.70
A. E. Gillette	March 10, 1908	16963	1.70
G. Turner	March 11, 1908	17013	2.20
Ada Smith	May 11, 1908	17204	10.80
Ada Erb	May 12, 1908	17207	9.00
N. H. Fennell	May 12, 1908	17252	3.00
W. C. Gettle	May 12, 1908	17255	3.00
S. D. Clark	May 14, 1908	17321	1.80
W. E. Butler	May 14, 1908	17322	1.80
Roa Amort	May 14, 1908	17325	1.80
G. W. Stevens	May 14, 1908	17327	1.70
Ben Graham	May 14, 1908	17331	1.40
A. L. Williams	May 15, 1908	17338	1.10
G. McCann	May 15, 1908	17341	1.40
J. A. Brown	May 15, 1908	17342	1.10
G. R. Hammond	May 15, 1908	17352	1.10
Bert Davis	May 15, 1908	17354	1.10
John R. Odum	October 7, 1908	17573	1.70
Andrew Wise	October 7, 1908	17574	1.70
Albert Cole	October 7, 1908	17475	1.70
P. T. Maxwell	October 7, 1908	17576	1.70
Ida Martin	October 7, 1908	17577	1.70
G. E. Phillips	October 7, 1908	17578	1.30
B. H. Hutchins	October 7, 1908	17579	1.80
R. E. Maxwell	October 7, 1908	17581	1.20
Chas. Biddix	October 7, 1908	17582	1.20

The following warrants have been protested by the county treasurer and duly called, same having been protested for a period of over seven years prior to the 1st day of July, 1915:

NAME	Date	Number	Amount
B. W. McCormick	March 2, 1906	15398	\$1.35
C. H. Kester	July 11, 1894	6452	3.00
C. H. Withrow	July 11, 1898	10352	100.00
Dan Doten	July 10, 1899	10813	3.40

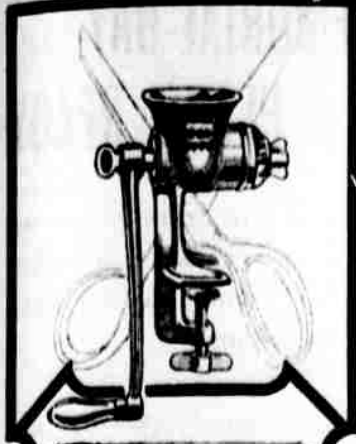
The following warrants have been received from the county clerk, but have never been presented to the county treasurer for payment or protest:

NAME	Date	Number	Amount
J. R. McClellan	March 14, 1889	2651	\$49.80
S. C. Hamaker	February 8, 1893	5577	19.50
H. H. Casebeer	July 14, 1902	12730	3.00
C. Kennedy	March 5, 1903	13,404	5.00
C. J. Swingle	January 19, 1907	16008	6.85
W. P. Heryford	May 7, 1907	16297	4.97
John L. Bateman	May 7, 1907	16300	2.50
Mrs. Dave Barrows	May 7, 1907	16428	1.70
Alfred Fisher	September 24, 1907	16547	4.10
James Jory	March 10, 1908	16968	1.80
Dora Gentry	March 12, 1908	17120	6.80
Thos. Parker	April 15, 1908	17182	4.20
H. H. Burnham	May 14, 1908	17323	1.80
C. C. Lewis	July 13, 1908	17478	1.00

State of Oregon,
County of Klamath, ss:
I, C. R. De Lap, County Clerk of the above named county and state, hereby certify that the within and foregoing is a true and correct list of county warrants subject to cancellation as the same appear of record in my office and in my care and custody.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the county court, this 5th day of May, 1915.

C. R. DE LAP, County Clerk,
By Perry O. DeLap, Deputy.
7-16-31-32



UNIVERSAL
Food Chopper
Cuts Like a Pair of Shears

Many so-called choppers crush and tear the meat or vegetables, wasting the juices and destroying the flavor.

The UNIVERSAL—the original Food Chopper—cuts like a pair of shears, with two sharp, beveled edges. These edges are so adjusted that they keep sharp automatically by acting one upon the other.

The UNIVERSAL Food Chopper cleanly chops all kinds of meats—raw or cooked—and fruits and vegetables—coarse or fine as desired—without mashing or tearing.

Each UNIVERSAL Food Chopper is equipped with coarse, medium and fine cutters.

Extremely simple. Nothing to get out of order. Parts interchangeable—easily cleaned.

Roberts & Hanks

WOOD!
Block Wood, load \$2.75
Direct from sheds, bone dry \$3.00
Double load \$4.00
Dry Slab, 16-inch \$3.25
Dry Slab, 4-foot \$3.00
Body and Limb Wood
Coal and Fuel Oil
KLAMATH FUEL CO.
515 Main Street

A REAL CREOLE DINNER BY THE CAN
Mrs. Rorer says: "This can contains more palatable nourishment than any other canned vegetable of twice its size."
Can be served in a dozen styles. Try a can.
VAN RIPER BROS.
"Quality Grocers"
Phone 85 6th and Main

BIG STOCK
Second-Hand Goods.
Everything you can think of here
Harrison & Matt
Our store is on Klamath Ave. and Sixth street

WOOD—WOOD
Block, Single load \$2.50
Block, Double load \$4.00
Dry Slabs \$3.25
Also handle Body and Limb wood
Better buy your fuel now, while the price is so low.
Leave orders at Klamath Department Store, Third and Main.
PHONE 228
P. C. CARLSON

HOUSTON HOTEL
Comfortable Housekeeping rooms at the Houston. Moderate in price, clean, nice. Look them over—on Main, opposite Postoffice

SOME MINOR WAR NEWS FROM EUROPE

LITTLE STORIES FROM THE FRONT THAT ARE COMING IN THROUGH THE CAPITALS OF THE NATIONS NOW FIGHTING EACH OTHER—SOME ARE TRIVIAL, BUT ALL ARE INTERESTING AT THIS TIME.

United Press Service
LONDON, May 29.—(By mail to New York)—This is a story of heroism—how Sergeant Major Henry Daniels, Second Rifle Brigade, won the Victoria Cross at Neuve Chapelle.

It is also a story of another Victoria Cross and a lonely grave back there in Northern France. It is a story of two chums who faced death together and fought until bullets cut them down. Corporal Tom Noble is dead. Sergeant Major Daniels lost it today from his cot in a big London hospital.

"I'm more glad about Tom's Victoria Cross than I am about my own," he said. "Poor chap, he didn't even know it." And then he told how Tom and himself—insuperable companions since they went out in November—volunteered to cut the wire entanglements of the enemy not fifty feet from the German trenches. Crawling along the dangerous "No Man's Land" between the trenches, they reached the

wire. Lying on their backs they started to work.