

## STONE AGAIN ON STATE FISH AND GAME BOARD

THIS IS HIS THIRD APPOINTMENT TO THIS POSITION

As Sportsmen Here Are United for Local Man's Appointment, Governor Named Him for One Year Term, Eliminating Further Fights by Naming Men for Long Terms in the Contested Positions.

(Herald Special Service)

SALEM, May 14.—Governor Withycombe has announced the following appointments on the new state fish and game commission:

I. N. Fleischner, Portland.  
Frank Warren, Portland.  
Chas. F. Stone, Klamath Falls.  
Marion Jack, Pendleton.

The governor is the chairman and fifth member of the board, under the new state law.

Mr. Fleischner, who is a Portland merchant, was appointed for the four year term. The two-year term man is Warren, who represents the commercial fishing interests of the state, and has investments on both the Upper and Lower Columbia. The Pendleton man was appointed for the three year term, and Stone of Klamath for one year.

There were hot fights waged for the positions to which Fleischner and Jack were appointed. There were four out for Jack's place, and a dozen or more aspired to the appointment given Fleischner. For this reason, Withycombe appointed these men to the long term positions, so there will be no contests on these positions again for several years.

Stone, the Klamath man, was unanimously endorsed by the sportsmen and business men. As there was no fight over him, he was named for the short term, the governor feeling that there will be another endorsement and no contest next year, so he can be appointed.

This is the third appointment to the game commission received by Mr. Stone since the creation of the game board four years ago, and local sportsmen are elated at his reappointment by the governor. At all times, Stone has proven a hard worker for the promotion of the game interests, and much of the benefits received in this region are attributed to his endeavors.

## ITALIAN MOBS DEMAND FIGHT WITH AUSTRIA

CIVIL WAR THREATENED BY THE PEOPLE

Following the Resignation of Members of the Cabinet Who Desired War, Thousands of People Destroy German Property and Clamor Loudly That the Kingdom Takes Up Arms Against Austria.

United Press Service

ROME, May 14.—Italy is threatened with a civil war unless war is declared against Austria. The war demonstrations are becoming so serious that the intervention of troops is continually necessary.

Mobs today smashed the windows of the chamber of deputies, and loudly hooted at the peace advocates in that body. They then marched to the palace and loudly demanded that King Emmanuel immediately declare war. The demonstrations are apparently carefully organized.

Following the resignation of his cabinet, the king consulted with a number of statesmen, and offered the head of the new cabinet to M. Giolitti, the leader of the peace party.

It is reported that Giolitti refused the appointment. The king has not yet accepted the resignation of the cabinet, but if he does, and appoints a neutral cabinet, nothing but a revolution can force Italy into a war. If the king does not accept the resignations, it is predicted that the Italians will be fighting within two weeks.

Anti-German rioting is prevalent. Mobs this afternoon wrecked a number of shops and fought a pistol battle with cavalrymen.

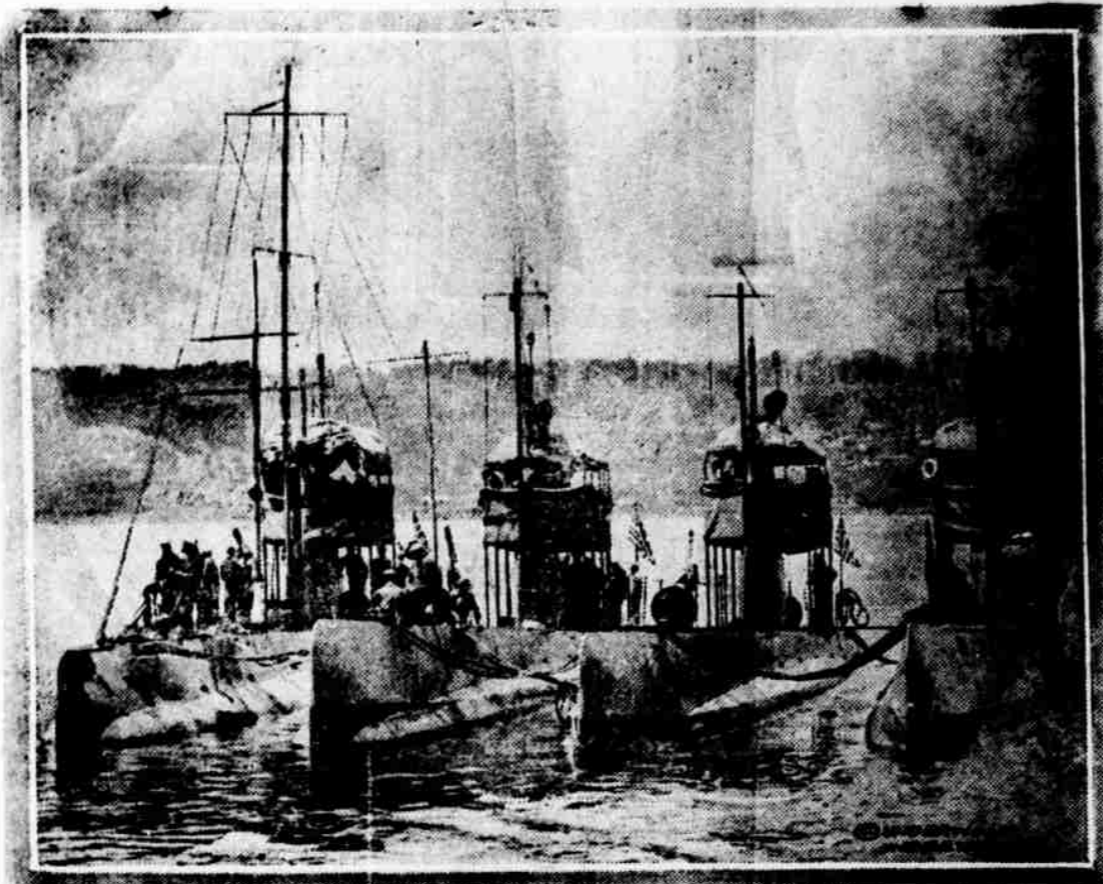
In Milan, interventionists and neutralists fought a battle in the streets. Several are reported killed there.

No Swearing Allowed

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 14.—"Do not cuss," is the purport of a resolution on the official records of the state of Minnesota today. The recent legislature put it there. The protest, which was "kindly, gently, but firmly made," is against the use of profane, vulgar or insulting language in the legislative chambers.

The copper mines of Cyprus, in ancient time among the richest in the world, may be reopened, backed by United States capital.

## Some of United States' Diving Squadron



From left to right—E2, D2, D1, D3.

Here are four of Uncle Sam's sub marines at anchor in the North River, New York, ready for the naval exhibition, which will last about ten days. Perhaps the largest fleet of war vessels ever collected in American waters will make up this show of the navy.

## LATE WAR NEWS

United Press Service

ROME, May 14.—It is announced that rains have hindered the French attack upon Arras.

The allies have captured several lines of trenches near Sauchez. A brilliant bayonet charge resulted in this gain.

Several German blockhouses along the Aisne have been destroyed by cannon.

United Press Service

BERLIN, May 14.—It is announced that General von Mackensteen and his big German-Austrian army are fighting the Russians before Przemysl, and the recapture of this position is expected in a few days.

United Press Service

LONDON, May 14.—Hundreds of aliens, mainly Germans, today voluntarily surrendered for internment. The Isle of Man will probably be used for a camp.

United Press Service

DURBAN, Natal, May 14.—A mob of 10,000 have wrecked or burned German shops and buildings. The

police and troops are unable to quell the trouble.

United Press Service

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.—Baron von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, visited Secretary Bryan today. The cause of the visit is unknown.

United Press Service

LIVERPOOL, May 14.—Word has been received that the steamer Transylvania is now in the war zone.

There are over 800 passengers, including many Americans, aboard her.

United Press Service

THE HAGUE, May 14.—A German Taube bombed a Dutch trawler in the North Sea Wednesday, according to another trawler just in port today.

United Press Service

PLYMOUTH, May 14.—The steamer Collarlie accidentally rammed and sank a submarine in the North Sea Saturday. The vessel was outward bound, and smashed into a submerged object. Oil soon spread on the surface, after a terrific shock of impact.

## SOUTH AFRICA ALSO HAS WAR

GERMAN SOUTHWEST AFRICA NOW IN BRITISH HANDS—ANTI-GERMAN SENTIMENT HERE CAUSES RIOTING

United Press Service

CAPETOWN, May 14.—General Both yesterday reported that the British forces had finally conquered German Southwest Africa. Windhoek, the last German wireless station, was taken yesterday, and the town is under martial law today.

United Press Service

JOHANNESBURG, May 14.—Anti-German mobs here have wrecked or burned ten warehouses, three hotels, seven saloons, three motion picture theaters and many shops and the German club, the latter building flying the German flag at the time. The damage is about \$1,500,000. The police are powerless.

## THAW TO GET A JURY TRIAL

APPELLATE JUSTICE DECIDES IN FAVOR OF MATTEAWAN'S FAMOUS FUGITIVE—GREAT VICTORY FOR PRISONER

United Press Service

NEW YORK, May 14.—Attorneys for Harry E. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White and fugitive from the Matteawan asylum for criminal insane, won a great victory for their client today, when Justice Laughlin of the appellate court ordered that Thaw's sanity be a question to be decided in court before a jury.

The state asked an injunction to prevent the trial of the sanity issue before a jury.

The highest temperature ever known in a human being was recorded in the case of an Italian recently. He was a victim of lung disease, and his temperature was 138.

## GAMBLING IN BAD ON RESERVATION

TRIBAL COUNCIL FROWNS UPON BONES, DICE AND POKER. WHITE FISHING BEING TALKED OVER TODAY

(Herald Special Service)

YAINAX, May 14.—No decision has yet been reached by the Klamath Tribal Council regarding allowing people to fish on the reservation streams. The matter is being discussed this afternoon.

The council took a decided stand this morning against gambling by passing the following:

"Gambling, in the form of any game or games of chance, including all Indian games of chance with cards, dice, bones, sticks or any other implement or device, for money, credit or anything of value is hereby prohibited within the limits of the Klamath reservation in Oregon, upon penalty of fine or imprisonment or both, in the discretion of the superintendent."

The gambling has been of the worst the Indian service officials have had to contend with, and this action by the council, it is believed, will greatly help in the elimination of these games.

## CAN NOW FISH IN SPENCER CREEK

IN ACCORDANCE WITH RESOLUTION FROM SPORTSMEN'S ASSOCIATION, FISH AND GAME COMMISSION ACTS

A telegram was received today from State Fish and Game Commissioner Chas. F. Stone, announcing that the commission has opened Spencer Creek to fishing from May 1 to January 1.

This is in accordance with a resolution sent the commission by the Klamath Sportsmen's Association. By May 1, the spawning and egg taking season is finished, and the closing of the stream the rest of the year meant the shutting up of one of the county's best rainbow trout streams.

## Business Men to Shut Stores and Make Road

Practically every business house in Klamath Falls will be closed on Thursday, when Klamath county people will carry out Governor Withycombe's Good Roads Day proclamation by putting in a day of volunteer labor on the roads and highways of the county. The different roads to be improved are now being listed, and the volunteer crews will be divided to get out the maximum amount of work.

Mayor Nicholas, County Judge Hanks, Fred Houston and Secretary Fleet of the Klamath Chamber of Commerce, today interviewed the following, and they agreed to close their establishments all day and work on the roads:

office, Klamath Falls creamery, Roberts & Whitmore, J. F. Maguire Co., Central Outfitting Co., Hekelson's, Sunset Grocery, Shive Bros., Hurn Hardware Co., Frank M. Epp, Klamath Dye Works, Loewe Bros., Farmers Implement and Supply House, S. S. S. Milling Co., Wood-Curtis Co., Virgin & Son, First National bank, K. K. K. Store, Stilts Drygoods Co., K. Sugarman, Golden Rule, Roberts & Hanks, Klamath Falls Music House, Bradley Harness Co., Willis-Johnstone Furniture Co., Dick's Shoe Store, H. J. Winters, E. M. Chilcote, Swanson Shops, C. & S. Electrical & Cycle Store, Klamath Hardware Co., F. R. Olds & Co., Fitzpatrick & Bean, Bostwick Shop, Klamath Fuel Co., R. E. Smith & Co., Jas. Malone.

These are all of the business houses that had been visited before time of going to press. All interested in the movement are invited to attend a big meeting at the City Hall tonight. At this plans will be made for the observance of the day in the best manner possible.

## WILSON'S NOTE IS DELIVERED TODAY IN GERMAN EMPIRE

### President's Message Requests a Clear Understanding About Several Things and Says U. S. Will Act Should It Be Necessary

United Press Service

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.—Whether the United States shall long continue her friendly relations with Germany, it is believed, is a matter that is up to Kaiser Wilhelm, following the delivery of President Wilson's note to Germany.

Stripped of its diplomatic verbiage, this note is both a demand and a threat.

President Wilson is considering the severance of diplomatic relations, should Germany take a defiant attitude. This is despite the belief in some official circles that such a severance would be considered a prelude to actual hostilities.

Officials realize that the German militarist leaders are pretty certain to demand a contemptuous refusal of Wilson's request for an abandonment of submarine warfare, insofar as American lives and property are destroyed by this practice. They also realize that in this matter Kaiser Wilhelm has the last word about the wording of the reply, and the future relationship is largely up to his decision.

In his note, which was delivered to the German Government this morning by James W. Gerard, American ambassador at Berlin, President Wilson declares that Germany and the United States should come to a clear understanding of the "grave situation" which has been created as a result of the sinking of the Lusitania and Falaba by German submarines, causing loss of American lives, the torpedoing of the American tanker Gulfight, flying the American flag, by a German submarine, and the dropping of bombs on the American steamer Cushing, by a Teuton aeroplane.

A criticism of the methods of submarine warfare, as waged by Germany is contained in the note. These methods are branded as violations of both international law and the laws of humanity.

"The rights of Americans to travel on the merchant ships of belligerent countries with confidence and safety, and the right of American vessels to sail the seas are indisputable," says the note. "They are all justified in confidence that this government will sustain them in the exercise of their rights."

Wilson in his note characterizes the warning published by the German Embassy regarding sailing for European countries as "a most surprising irregularity."

He declares that a warning that an unlawful and inhumane act is to be committed cannot be accepted as an excuse or palliation for the grave offense after it is committed, causing loss of hundreds of non-combatant's lives.

The president's note asks a disavowal by Germany of the acts complained of, reparation for damage done, and the taking of immediate steps to prevent any recurrence of these marine disasters affecting American lives or shipping.

"Imperial Germany will not expect the United States to omit any word, or act, necessary for the performance of its sacred duty, that of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens, and the safeguarding of their free exercise and enjoyment of these," says the note in its concluding paragraph.

Officials are anxiously awaiting the Berlin reply. In the meantime, silence is being maintained.

The cabinet today reviewed the situation, and seemed pleased at the reception accorded the note by the American people. This is interpreted as meaning that whatever the outcome of the situation may be, the administration has solid public backing.

No war preparations have been ordered by the army and navy departments, but the big fleet mobilized at New York for review is fully manned, and each vessel has its coal bunkers filled, and its powder magazines crammed. The president will review the fleet tomorrow, leaving here tonight.

Diplomats are very optimistic. They believe that should Germany acknowledge she has made mistakes, a wave of strong sentiment will sweep over America.

There is a growing belief that the Netherlands may endorse the American note. A Dutch army of 400,000 men is stationed along the German frontier, twenty-five miles from Essen.

Some believe that Germany will make a conciliatory reply, but dodge the issue. Such action will not be accepted, as the note demands a specific answer.

More than 24,000,000,000 tons of coal remain to be taken from the fields in Wales, according to geologists.

Mme. De Thebes, the pythonesse of all Europe, who forecast the present war, now predicts that the war will end in July.

A new knife invented for the use of electricians is equipped with a gauge indicator that measures the size of wire.