

## AMERICAN NOTES TO BELLIGERENT NATIONS STRONG

THEY SAY THEY COULD RESULT IN A WAR

Administration Officials Confident That the Tones Are Such to Cause England and Germany Not to Interfere With American Shipping—They Say the Language Is Stiff for the Very Same Purpose

United Press Service WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The state department today protested to Germany against the interference with the S. Minister Van Dyke's communication between Holland and Luxembourg.

United Press Service WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Some diplomatic and government officials declare that America's note to Germany regarding the "war zone" is such as to require the United States to declare war on Germany should she sink an American ship in the war zone.

Administration officials insist that despite the strength of tone displayed in both notes, neither could involve the United States in difficulty, and they claim to believe that England and Germany will acquiesce at America's position and grant relief to assure the safety of American ships and passengers.

It is because America does not want to be drawn into Europe's maelstrom of war that the protests were sent to England and Germany. This is the admission of government officials.

They say the warnings were made stiff so there would be no repetition of the Maine disaster, which started the Spanish-American war.

Officials feared that the destruction of American vessels under misapprehension as the result of England's use of the American flag would inevitably hurl this nation into the war, and to avoid this put "teeth" into the warning.

England was informed in the note that the kingdom would be held responsible for any loss of American life or property through the British misuse of the American flag. To Germany, it was stated that the U. S. would hold her responsible for American naval losses through German attacks and said the government would take any steps that might be necessary to safeguard American lives and property.

## Senator Clapp Snubs President Wilson



Senator Moses E. Clapp, progressive republican of Minnesota, snubbed President Wilson the other day when he was invited to the White House to talk about the ship purchase bill, over which there has been the most interesting fight in which the president has been concerned. As the story goes in Washington, Senator Clapp was called to the White House with two or three other republican progressives whom the president was trying to capture for his ship purchase bill. Senator Clapp saw the president alone and waited only long enough to hear Mr. Wilson mention the subject of the ship purchase bill. Then he told the president that he could not discuss that matter and intimated clearly that he disapproved of executive interference in legislative matters.

Senator Clapp said the views which he now holds were expressed by him in a speech delivered last session. In that speech Senator Clapp said, among other things:

"Since I entered this chamber no man has been the keeper of my conscience, and high as I hold a seat in this great body I will retire to private life before any man shall become the keeper of my conscience or my judgment. I have perhaps this advantage over some, that I took this position when the party which I was then in harmony with was in power, and I can speak for the freedom of declaration and purpose of a senator."

In the same speech Senator Clapp said: "It is time that American senators, rising to the dignity of ambassadors of their states, shall take their responsibility for legislation and accept the declarations of no man, whether he is within or without the White House. The danger of this one-man power is that no matter how true, how pure, how ideal a man may be in the White House it is impossible that he shall know all that is going on, and any influence that can surround that situation can work untold injury to this republic."

## AFTER 12 YEARS GETS A PATENT

PAUL AND WILL LAMBERT FINALLY SECURE TITLE TO HOMESTEADS THEY SETTLED ON IN SPRING OF 1903

That "everything comes to he who waits" was borne out here this week when Paul Lambert and Will Lambert received patents to the homesteads on Chorry creek they have been fighting for for twelve years. The tracts are each 160 acres in extent, containing fine timber. In the spring of 1903 the Lambert brothers took up the homesteads. Two years later, before time for them to make final proof, the tracts were withdrawn from entry at the creation of the Crater National forest. Since then there has been a hard fight for the homesteads. When the tracts were finally excluded from the reserve, there was a delay owing to the fact that they were unurveyed, and it was some time before a U. S. surveyor ran the lines, etc. Attorney J. H. Carnahan represented the Lamberts in their late struggles for the homesteads.

## NEW MAXIMUMS ENTER LEAGUE

DEPARTURE OF MAXWELL AND OTHERS CAUSES BREAK-UP — AMBROSE' TEAM WILL FINISH THE SCHEDULE

After considerable effort, a new Maximum team has been organized to carry out the scheduled games in the City Bowling league. The team captained by Claude Maxwell fell to pieces when Maxwell left for Corvallis to enter the agricultural college and study pharmacy, and other members were obliged to drop out. The team was scheduled to bowl the Linkvilles Tuesday night, but there was no team. Captain Levitt, of the Links, and Kieth Ambrose agreed to postpone the game to give Ambrose a chance to secure a team. He has done this, and in addition to playing the postponed game, will carry out the schedule in the league. Members of the new team are Ambrose, captain; C. E. Widdoes, John Hubbard, Edmund M. Chilcote, R. L. Johnston, W. D. Miller and Will Hurn.

## FACTORY FILES INCORPORATION

KLAMATH MANUFACTURING CO. IS NOW AN OREGON CONCERN, ARTICLES BEING FILED LATE YESTERDAY

Articles of incorporation for the Klamath Manufacturing company were filed yesterday afternoon in the county clerk's office. The company is capitalized at \$100,000, divided into 100 shares, and the incorporators are Robert A. Johnson, Arthur J. Voge and C. L. Johnson.

The Klamath Manufacturing company conducts a box factory at Shipplington, and it proposes to conduct a general lumbering business. The incorporation is filed owing to the Oregon law requiring outside corporations to pay a license for operating in the state.

Away for Study Dr. C. V. Fisher left yesterday morning for New York city, where he will spend two months at the New York Graduate school, taking a post-graduate course in his specialty, eye, ear and throat treatment.

## ABRAHAM LINCOLN 1808-1865



That this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people and for the people, shall not perish from this earth.—Gettysburg.

## JITNEYS COME UP IN LEGISLATURE

TWO BILLS INTRODUCED WOULD PUT THIS MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION UNDER STATE REGULATION

United Press Service SALEM, Feb. 12.—The senate alcohol traffic committee unanimously reported the Anderson liquor traffic bill, and made a special order of it for Tuesday. The senate indefinitely postponed the two bill intended to place the jitney buses under regulation of the state railroad commission.

The House passed the bill giving sheriffs sole jurisdiction in the collection of taxes. The bill forbidding the use of railroad tracks or right-of-way by persons not authorized was defeated today in the House.

## ALEXANDER TO BE INTERRED SUNDAY

SERVICES WILL BE FROM THE RESIDENCE AND WILL BE CONDUCTED BY PASTOR OF METHODIST CHURCH

The funeral of the late Robert Alexander will be held at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon from the family residence in Hot Springs. Rev. E. C. Richards will conduct the ceremonies. The pallbearers will be Judge George Noland, C. M. O'Neill, Joe M. Evans, John Foster, C. K. Seitz and Tom Skillington. Telegrams state that it is impossible for relatives from the east to reach here. A brother living at Roseburg will arrive tonight.

## TWENTY DOLLAR RATE TO EXPO

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SEEKS TO LIST THOSE WHO WISH TO ATTEND THE OPENING OF THE BIG FAIR

A round trip rate of \$20 to the Panama-Pacific International exposition is in effect for the opening of the fair. Besides this, there is a thirty-day limit, with stopover privileges galore. The Klamath Chamber of Commerce is anxious to see Klamath Falls represented at the fair opening, and asks those intending to go to leave their names at the headquarters of the organization by the 16th. If enough can be listed, a special Pullman car will be provided.

## WILL BUY CATTLE FOR THE INDIANS

BIDS FOR 50 BULLS FOR KLAMATH RESERVATION AND BULLS AND HEIFERS FOR WARM SPRINGS CALLED FOR

(Herald Special Service) WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Cato Sells, commissioner of Indian affairs, has called for bids for furnishing cattle to Indian agencies at Klamath and Warm Springs, Oregon. The proposals, which will be received until 2 o'clock p. m. March 12, 1915, are for 50 bulls for the Klamath agency, and 3 for 30 bulls and 500 heifers for the Warm Springs agency. The animals must be of normal size and breeding and range grown.

## CHAUTAUQUA ASS'N ELECTS OFFICERS

HERBERT D. GALE IS CHOSEN TO HEAD ORGANIZATION TO PROVIDE HIGH CLASS ENTERTAINMENT

At a meeting of those who are responsible for the incorporation of the Klamath Chautauqua association held last night at the Christian church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Herbert D. Gale; vice-president, S. D. Harlan; secretary, W. S. Slough; treasurer, J. W. Siemens; directors—M. D. Coats, A. R. Campbell, Mrs. Beebe, Oscar E. Willey, H. S. Gale, W. E. Fraught, W. S. Slough, S. D. Harlan and W. S. Slough. A constitution and by-laws were adopted, and a contract was signed with the Ellison-White Chautauqua association for furnishing the talent for the six-day assembly to be held here in June.

## HAND-MADE FACE BARRED BY BILL

KANSAS LEGISLATURE IS CONSIDERING PROPOSED MEASURE TO FINE WOMEN WHO USE POWDER AND PAINT

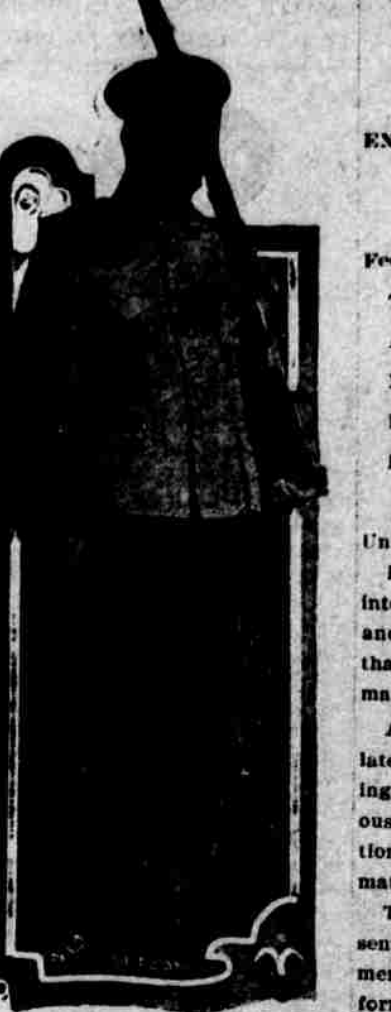
TOPEKA, Feb. 12.—Kansas women under 45 years of age who wear ear ornaments or treat their faces with cosmetics "for the purpose of creating a false impression", will be guilty of misdemeanor, upon conviction be subject to fines, if a bill introduced today in the Lower House of the legislature by Representative McGinnis, becomes a law. Face powder, perfume, false hair and bleaching materials for the hair are among the articles the bill would forbid women to use.

The bill provides that the women may not have their ears pierced or wear ear rings "at parties or in any public places."

## Three-Cent Books

The following are the new books from which the library will charge a three-cent-a-day rental until the cost of the books is refunded to the association: Cordelia Blossom—George Randolph Chester. Mother Ko—Kathleen Norris. The Valley of the Moon—Jack London. Bambi—Marjorie Benton Cooke. The Eyes of the World—Harold Bell Wright. T. Temborom—Frances Hodgson Burnett. Little Eve Edgerton—Eleanor Halliwell Abbott.

## New Photo of Russian Czar



This is a new photograph of the Czar of Russia on the battle front, carrying the rifle of a private soldier. The Czar has appeared on the line of battle so often that the Russian soldiers have come to know him and he is immensely more popular than he was before the war.

## Siskiyou in Movies

The members of the Siskiyou county Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission are to be congratulated on the fine lot of moving pictures which they have secured of the various industries of our county. The pictures were shown to a big crowd Monday night at Peters' theater, and will be taken to the exposition, where they will be shown every day. Among the subjects are some fine pictures of haying scenes on the J. F. ranch, a big herd of thoroughbred cattle on the J. A. Walker ranch, hydraulic mining scenes, quartz mill in action, lumbering scenes at both Weed and McCloud, showing the lumber business from the cutting down of a tree to the finished product, besides these, there are a lot of magnificent scenes such as the Mosbrue Falls, on Mc-

## NOTE CAUSING ANTI-AMERICAN FEELING ABROAD

ENGLISH PAPERS CONFESS SURPRISE

Feeling in London Has Long Been That Nation Should Take Up the Allies' Side, and the Tone of the Note Causes Resentment, Although It Is Admitted That the Kaiser's Letter Is Stronger

United Press Service LONDON, Feb. 12.—That America intends to fully protect all her rights and privileges in the construction that is placed on her notes to Germany and England.

Although the text reached here too late for extensive comment, the morning papers do not question the vigorous language, but both communications come as a surprise to diplomats.

The general disposition is to resent the action of the state department in assuming, without official information, that the foreign office sanctioned the "misuse of neutral flags." It is believed that the note would arouse severe irritation, but for the fact that the language in the note to Germany is strong, and the general feeling is that the Kaiser got the worst of the two.

There is no disguising the fact, however, that a strong anti-American feeling is growing in England, having its basis in the belief that the United States should openly sympathize with the Allies. It has been augmented by the original protest of England's domination of the seas, and the latest note is expected to increase it.

United Press Service BERLIN, Feb. 12.—Kaiser Wilhelm is again at the eastern front. Severe fighting continues on the Prussian front, along the Vistula and in the Carpathians, the results being satisfactory to Germany.

Cloud river. There are also a number of panorama scenes of interest throughout the county.—Trek's Journal

## More About Beets

### Postmaster Tells of Early Experience in the East

(By W. A. Detsell)

Back in 1880 and 1890 the sugar business was a very active issue in Kansas. For years the settlers on the prairie there had raised sorghum cane from which a good quality of home made sorghum molasses was made each season by the primitive method of boiling down the juice in an open pan. With the introduction of the diffusion process in the manufacture of sugar, great possibilities were seen for making sugar from the common sorghum cane hitherto used only for molasses. The United States government placed a bounty of some two cents per pound on sugar manufac-

tured from sorghum cane to encourage the infant industry and the state followed with an additional bounty—all of which greatly stimulated the industry. Several Kansas communities bonded themselves to assist in constructing sugar mills using the diffusion process. The usual method to get around the laws provisions against bonding for such things, being to bond for a system for water works and then turn over the contract for the building of the water works to the sugar company, who of course built a mill with the greater part of the proceeds and incidentally (Continued on page 4)

## Pioneer Doctor Dies

### John A. Chastain Succumbs After Lingering Illness

After a lingering illness, Dr. John A. Chastain, the pioneer physician of Klamath county, passed away at his home near Bonanza, just before midnight last night. The funeral will be held at Bonanza at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

For three months it has been apparent that the aged physician's life was nearly run, and his children had abandoned hope of his recovery. All were at the bedside at the time of the demise. Dr. Chastain was over 80 years of age, being born April 3, 1834, in Meigs county, Tennessee. He struggled in his early life to secure an education, and after teaching several years, he began the study of medicine in the early 50's. When the Civil war broke out, Dr. Chastain assisted in organizing a company, and espoused the cause of the Confederacy, serving in the ranks. He rapidly earned promotion, however, and after becoming a captain, he was recommended for promotion to inspector-general. Before this

promotion was made, the war ended. In 1875, Dr. Chastain and family reached Oregon, after an overland trip. In 1888 he came to Klamath County, settling at Bonanza, where he practiced medicine, and his family conducted a livery stable and a hotel. It was in 1901 that Dr. Chastain retired from active life, and he has since been living on his farm near Bonanza. The doctor was a life-long member of the Baptist church, and was a member of Klamath Lodge, No. 77, A. F. & A. M., and Klamath Lodge, No. 137, I. O. O. F., besides the Eastern Star and the Rebekah. Besides his wife, Dr. Chastain is survived by seven children: William S. Chastain, George Chastain, Mrs. A. T. Langell, Mrs. Edna M. Chastain, Claude P. Chastain, Mrs. R. L. Chastain and John K. Chastain. The funeral services at the home will be conducted by Rev. W. G. Griffith of this city. At the time of the services will be under the auspices of the Meigs, a large number of them leaving tomorrow morning for Bonanza.