

THREE GERMAN CRUISERS ARE SUNK BY THE BRITISH FLEET IN FIGHT IN SOUTH ATLANTIC

United Press Service
LONDON, Dec. 9.—The German cruisers *Schornhorst*, *Genesin* and *Leipzig* have been sunk by the British South Atlantic squadron, according to announcement made tonight by the admiralty.

The battle occurred yesterday off the Falkland Islands, in the South Atlantic Ocean, east of the Straits of Magellan.

An entire German squadron was engaged with the British ships in this fight, the ships being engaged for the *Kaiser* being the *Dresden*, *Sachsenburg*, *Schornhorst*, *Genesin* and *Leipzig*. The first mentioned cruisers escaped after the other three Germans were sunk.

Two German colliers were also captured.

The German squadron which was defeated was composed mainly of the ships that recently sunk the British cruisers *Good Hope* and *Monmouth* off the coast of Chile.

United Press Service
LONDON, Dec. 9.—Warsaw is threatened from the north. Germans from Maswan are advancing along the railroad toward Warsaw via Nowo Georgievsk.

Their lines extend to Pzassnyz, twenty miles to the east, where they are now engaging the Russians. The last mentioned place is fifty miles from Warsaw.

United Press Service
VIENNA (via Berlin), Dec. 9.—Fighting in Western Galicia is still very stubborn. We were attacked, but beat back the enemy from a position at Dobozys.

United Press Service
PARIS, Dec. 9.—The allies are advancing along the La Basse canal, endeavoring to gain control of the important highway from Roulers to Lille, Lens and Arras.

It is reported that the German resistance in that section is weakening by reason of the heavy withdrawal of troops sent to the eastern front, or distributed at other points along the western line.

America Is Wholly Unprepared for War, Say Eminent Military Men



MAJOR GENERAL WILLIAM W. WOTHERSPOON.

MAJOR GENERAL LEONARD WOOD

That the United States is wholly unprepared for war, and, in fact, has more than one-tenth the number of soldiers needed for the regular army in case of war, is the contention of Major Generals Leonard A. Wood, former chief of the general staff, and now commander of the department of the East, and W. W. Wotherspoon, present chief of the general staff. General Wood says a foreign enemy could land troops in the United States somewhere between Boston and the Chesapeake Bay, if the navy could not hold them off. General Wood's statement was made in an interview, while the position of General Wotherspoon is contained in his annual report. He goes considerable farther than did Representative Gardner of Massachusetts in his recent speech in the house. The chief of staff says the United States has only 49,968 men and 2,738 officers fit for fighting.

HERRICK GETS A 1916 BOOMER WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS OFFICERS

IN ADDITION TO DECORATION BY FRANCE, FORMER AMBASSADOR IS MET BY FRIENDS AND BOOSTED FOR PRESIDENT

ANNUAL ELECTION IS HELD BY SOCIETY — JOINT INSTALLATION TO BE HELD THE FORE PART OF FEBRUARY

United Press Service
NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Former Ambassador Myron T. Herrick and Mrs. Herrick arrived on the liner *Rochambeau* this morning. Hundreds braved the chilly, slushy day to welcome the couple to their native land.

By wireless France conferred the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor upon Mr. Herrick, and Commander Dupont of the *Rochambeau* decorated Herrick in the ship's salon yesterday.

A crowd of admirers from Ohio started a boom for Herrick as the republican candidate for the presidential nomination in 1916.

At a meeting of F. B. Sprague Chapter, Woman's Relief Corps, held at the Library Club building, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

President—Mrs. O. W. Robertson.
Senior Vice President—Mrs. Charlotte Robertson.
Junior Vice President—Mrs. O. A. Stearns.
Chaplain—Mrs. Minnie Sargent.
Secretary—Mrs. Zeno C. Kimball.
Treasurer—Mrs. Carey M. Ramsby.
Conductor—Mrs. B. E. Withrow.
Guard—Mrs. Henrietta Brookfield.

MOVING SAWMILL HERALD STORY TO THIS COUNTY UNITES CHUMS

MILL MACHINERY LEFT MONTAGUE THIS MORNING, AND IS EXPECTED HERE TOMORROW. GOING UP AT OLENE

A THIRD REUNION IS HELD IN KLAMATH FALLS BY DUFUR MAN WHO IS HERE VISITING SISTER, MRS. E. B. RAMSBY

In preparation for commencement of construction of a sawmill as early as possible next spring, H. H. Edmonds and associates will tomorrow morning receive three carloads of saw mill machinery. This will be transported to their mill site near Olene as soon as the roads are in good shape for heavy hauling.

The mill machinery coming in is the complete equipment of the old Edmonds, Hall & Horn Lumber company. It is sufficient machinery for the milling of from 40,000 to 50,000 feet of lumber a day.

H. H. Edmonds came in last night from Montague, where he superintended the loading of the equipment. The three cars left Montague this morning.

Edmonds and his associates have purchased practically 15,000,000 feet of timber in the Olene country. They plan to run a full season next year, and toward that end, will start construction of the saw mill just as early next spring as the weather permits.

In addition to a reunion with his sister, Mrs. E. B. Ramsby, Louis J. Klinger of Dufur, Ore., has enjoyed two other pleasant reunions since coming to Klamath Falls on his way to Cloverdale, Calif.

Learning that Mr. and Mrs. Klinger were leaving tomorrow for California, Mrs. Eliza Sawtell, who is an old childhood friend of the brother and sister, delayed her departure for Chico until tomorrow, so the old friends will meet at the station and pleasantly spend the hours of their journey in swapping reminiscences.

It was the intention of H. G. Bussey, a well known resident of Langell Valley, to return home last night. When he read in the *Herald* yesterday that Mr. and Mrs. Klinger were here from Dufur, he immediately decided to remain over today, and as a result, there was another reunion, for Klinger and Bussey were boon companions in the days when they were kids and Oregon was somewhat of a youngster, too. They spent a most pleasant evening last night, telling of their hunting experiences over in the Valley.

So eager for higher education are the young women of Maine that one co-educational institution was so overcrowded that it was obliged to fix a limit to the number of women admitted any one year to fifty.

In Java, when a man marries, he goes to his wife's house, where the women sit in council upon all matters of importance and dictate the affairs of the home.

Mrs. Katherine Nichols of Cincinnati has invented and patented a telephone device consisting of double receiving tube, which compels the user to speak directly into the transmitter.

Mrs. Abbie E. Lathrop of Granby, Mass., manages a mouse farm, which harbors over 11,000 mice, 500 rats and 100 rabbits. She finds a steady sale for her little animals from medical institutions, where they are used for research work.

ARTILLERY SENT TOWARD BORDER

THREE BATTERIES OF THE SIXTH ARE SENT TO NACO FROM FORT BLISS — STILL "WATCHFUL WAITING"

United Press Service
EL PASO, Texas, Dec. 9.—In response to orders from the war department, Batteries A, B and C of the Sixth United States Field Artillery left Fort Bliss this morning for border duty at Naco, Ariz.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 9.—The White House today denied that the movement of artillery toward Naco indicates a change in the "watchful waiting" policy. President Wilson said this was merely precautionary.

"It has been thought wise to strengthen the United States forces at Naco because of the reckless carelessness of the two contingent factors across the border in failing to control the direction of their fire," said a statement issued today by the White House. "A course of aggressive action there is contemplated."

COLORADO STRIKE ENDS TOMORROW

THE LONG DRAWN OUT LABOR WAR IN COLORADO COAL DISTRICT ENDS OFFICIALLY AT THAT TIME

DENVER, Colo., Dec. 9.—It is said today that the strike in Colorado's coal fields will tomorrow end officially and thus close one of the bitterest contests between labor and capital of recent years.

The union officials declare that only about 500 men are still out, while the operators maintain that the number is over 1,000. The union is prepared to care for these until they get work. The operators say that they have no places for the striking men at the present time, but will re-employ them as vacancies occur.

COWBOYS' TRIAL STARTED BEFORE THE JURY TODAY

COMPLAINING WITNESSES FIRST CALLED

J. N. Johnson, Who Says Sims, Chandler and Ernst Stole Cow and Butchered It, Tells of Finding Portions of Hide and the Head Buried in Sims' Place—Is Subjected to a Strong Cross Examination by Drake

After twenty-nine men were examined as to their qualifications, a jury was today selected in the trial of Wm. Sims, Love Chandler and Ivan Ernst on charge of stealing a cow, and the taking of testimony commenced this afternoon.

Members of the jury are: A. E. Jamison, J. W. Tyrell, B. G. Terry, C. E. Spidell, Wm. Welch, W. I. Garrett, H. L. Veit, D. B. Campbell, J. H. Garrett, Roy Applegate, Oscar Shive and Arlie Worrell.

Following the opening statements, the complaining witness, J. N. Johnson of Merrill, was placed on the stand by the state. He testified that the cow, which had a crooked horn, was missed by him in December of 1912, and that search for her availed nothing, until a year later, he became suspicious, and, with his brother-in-law, made a search of the then vacant Sims ranch, and found the head and a part of the hide of the cow buried.

The state's contention is that the three men killed the animal and sold it as beef.

In cross examination, Judge Drake put the complainant through a long course of sprouts. Much of his questioning indicated that the witness, in addition to proving that the accused men did not butcher the cow as Johnson alleges, is endeavoring to bring about an undercurrent of revenge as the motive for starting the prosecution.

A spring on Bryant mountain which a number of cattlemen used, was fenced by Sims after he filed on the

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Kaiser Wilhelm Is Sick

German Ruler Contracts Pneumonia While at Front

United Press Service
BERLIN, Dec. 9.—It is stated today that Kaiser Wilhelm is suffering from a severe attack of pneumonia. Earlier in the day it was learned that the kaiser's condition was satisfactory to his physicians, but his condition is such that he will be unable to return to Berlin for some time.

Kaiser Wilhelm has been at the front almost continually since the beginning of the war, either in the eastern or western theater, and his illness is attributed to exposure, since he traveled almost entirely by auto. The staff physicians have accompanied him everywhere.

It is not known yet just when the emperor will be in a condition which will warrant his removal to the capital.

Besides the pneumonia which he has contracted, the kaiser's health is also considerably impaired as the result of the extreme exertion of remaining almost constantly in the field with his troops since the war started. The strain of attempting to direct the troops both in the east and west has worn the kaiser terribly.

Practically ever since the war started Kaiser Wilhelm has been almost a constant sufferer with very severe headaches, brought on through neuralgia.

Berlin messages say that this trouble has rendered the kaiser very irritable. Of late, he has repeatedly become extremely violent toward his counsellors and others around him.

United Press Service
AMSTERDAM, Dec. 9.—This afternoon's message from Berlin, regarding the condition of Kaiser Wilhelm,

Patriotism Prevented Panic

Optimism Pervades Business World, Says McAdoo

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Optimism pervades the business world. The country can look with confidence to the future of its trade, commerce and industry. Such, in belief, is the optimistic outlook of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, as given in his annual report made public today.

He admitted that the country might easily have been involved in a "panic of cataclysmic proportions" in the dark days after the outbreak of Europe's war.

But he held that the ship of finance steered clear through troubled waters because of the basic economic strength of the country and the "patriotism of its people in every class and walk of life."

Praise, too, for the co-operation of "big business" in the perilous days was given in unstinted measure.

"Confidence has been restored and specie payments have been maintained in the face of the world," said McAdoo. "The general revival of business throughout the country is the best evidence that confidence has returned."

That the treasury department performed a gigantic task in aiding a distorted and dangerous financial situation was evidenced from McAdoo's review of department action in the crisis. Issue of emergency currency, amendment of the federal re-



Secretary McAdoo

ings, promptly managed, overcame difficulties of an enormous size.

Of the new federal reserve banking system, McAdoo predicts great things.

McAdoo contended that to preserve the sound condition of the treasury, it would be well to extend the operation of the war tax.

"I venture to suggest that this limitation to December 31, 1915, should be removed and the act amended so as to provide that it shall remain in force until peace is restored in Europe, that fact to be determined by a proclamation of the president," McAdoo said in this connection.

"This is all the more necessary because even with the return of peace it will be a long time, in all probability, before the belligerent nations will be able to restore their productive power and foreign commerce, and even then the process must be gradual."

Turning to the new activity of the treasury department in handling war risk insurance, McAdoo said that the bureau is co-operating successfully with the customs division. He said it is proving a most useful agency for the protection and promotion of American commerce, since American

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