

PRINTS THE NEWS WHILE IT IS NEWS

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WORDEN MAKES BIG PROMISES DURING SPEECH

SHOWS PICTURES OF ROAD WORK

Keeps the Question of Roads Much to the Front, and Keeps Off of Some of the Financial Questions That Have Been Puzzling the Voters.

It was a rather serious minded audience that greeted Judge Worden at the Orpheus theater last night. There was considerable applause, of course, as Judge Worden had many personal friends present.

By colored slides a large number of views of roads in different sections of the county were shown. According to the speaker over 500 miles of new road had been built by him, where before going into office Klamath county didn't have a road that could be driven over.

Judge Worden's statement showed that \$280,000 had been spent on the roads in the county. Outside of the money spent on bridges and the court house, he failed to explain what became of the rest of the money spent by him.

With the apparent purpose of drawing the attention of his audience from other matters, he gave all of his time in trying to impress his hearers with the wonderful things he had done in building roads. He admitted that these roads cost \$280,000, yet the records show that in the one year of 1912 the total amount of warrants drawn was \$423,712.92. This was just for one year, and Worden has been in office for four years, and spending money all the time. He entirely ignored any reference to any money spent by him, except that for roads and the court house.

Following his picture show, Worden berated the timber corporations which had attacked the county warrants. He said that all the big timber companies had formed a pool and had put up money to intimidate the county courts and fight any improvements. "I promise to pay off every

EXTRACTS FROM WORDEN'S SPEECH

"I promised the people to do certain things when I was elected four years ago. They gave me nothing to do it with except a warrant book. I used it."

"I have been hampered in my work, and haven't had a chance to show what I really could do. If all of the people of Klamath county would only get back of me and give me a free rein, you do not know what I would do."

"We sold the warrants and got the money. We should worry, unless some of you have some of the warrants."

"I promise you that every county warrant shall be paid at par, plus the interest. I do not expect to pay this all in one year, but if the timber corporations had to pay it all, well—I won't say any more."

"I promise to complete the court house next year." (It is now nearly one-third finished.)

"I will put the county on a cash basis."

"When the court house work is done I will be able to reduce the levy to eight mills."

"We will finish the Rattlesnake road next year." (The county records show that \$49,236.26 have been charged to this road already. More has been spent, but included in other bills. The road is now far from being finished.)

"We have graded over 500 miles of new roads in the county during my term. Those will all have to be surfaced, and then we will have permanent roads."

county warrant, plus the interest," said Worden. "I cannot do this in one year, but if these timber owners had to pay it all, well—I won't say any more."

He admitted that he had made many mistakes, and promised that he would not do things in the future as he has done in the past. "I know more about the court house now than I did when I started in," he said.

Instead of being satisfied with admitting his costly mistakes, he had to lay the blame on some one, so he accused the timber owners with being the cause of all his blunders. He

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Points From Which German Zeppelins May Attack London



Many military experts have thought the purpose of the Germans in taking Antwerp was to sweep on to the English channel and there find a base for an attack of Zeppelins on London. If they take the north Belgian cities like Ghent and Ostend they may move on to the French coast and eventually take Dunkirk and Calais. The trip from Calais across to London would be very short, and it is likely if the Germans came into possession of it there would be a panic in London. With the failure of the first great German rush toward Paris, when the kaiser's masses were repulsed and driven back to the present lines, military and naval experts pre-

dicted that the next great German strategic move would be made against London. To make this move with any effectiveness a hold on the Belgian coast, while not perhaps, essential, was at least highly desirable. This desideratum has now been attained, and it is reported that German submarines and torpedo boats are being transported from Kiel in pieces, like a torn-down summer cottage, to the Belgian coast. None of the great ships of the kaiser's navy has so far been engaged—submarines, destroyers and small cruisers having borne the brunt of what naval action there has been in the North Sea. The recall of the marines to Kiel and the provisioning of the fleet are taken by some of the experts to denote that the time has arrived for a combined attack by the

sea, submarine and air forces of the kaiser on the English coast. Dispatches from Amsterdam quote an unnamed German aviator as saying that Germany's aerial invasion of England will be made in February. While there may be occasional raids before that time, the general assault by Zeppelins and aeroplanes, he says, will not begin until then because Germany will not be ready earlier. Forty-six Zeppelins will then be ready for service, it is said. This aviator is quoted as saying that Germany is building 200 aeroplanes of a new and very large type, especially for the attack on London. These machines, he says, will be capable of carrying 1,000 pounds besides the aviator and bomb thrower. Aviators are now being trained to operate them.

BLOODIEST FIGHT OF WAR NOW RAGING

United Press Service

LONDON, Oct. 28.—From all reports, the bloodiest fighting of the entire war continues in Belgium. It is feared that the allies' losses, like those of Germany, have reached a staggering figure.

The Germans are making desperate night attacks in an endeavor to penetrate the allies' lines toward Dunkirk and Calais. So far, these have been repulsed.

British warships are again shelling the German land forces.

A Rotterdam dispatch to the Daily Mail says that the Germans have been driven north of the Yser after a loss of 10,000 killed and twice that number captured and wounded.

"Probably never before in the history of warfare have combatants fought with equal fierceness," it says in conclusion.

United Press Service

BERLIN, via The Hague, Oct. 28.—The war office admits that the most desperate fighting of the whole campaign is now raging in Belgium. The losses on both sides are heavy.

Headquarters is confident that the German coast campaign will ultimately succeed.

United Press Service

PARIS, Oct. 28.—Tonight's communique: "Our troops have maintained all of their positions, and have been able to advance their lines north and south of Ypres. The German offensive is decreasing in violence, especially between Nieuport and Arras."

"All reports indicate that the enemy has suffered enormous losses." The afternoon communique was most optimistic. It says that a violent German night attack in the vicinity of Craonne was repulsed with heavy loss.

It declares that the German assault upon the extreme right has been slackened and that there is a slight let-up in the fighting near Dix Mude.

PORTUGAL READY TO WAR AGAINST KAISER

United Press Service

LISBON, Oct. 28.—A Portuguese declaration of war against Germany is imminent. Armed Germans have invaded Angola, in Portuguese West Africa, and the governor has been ordered to resist this. A full report is asked, and if this shows to be an invasion sanctioned by Germany, a declaration of war is expected.

The German loss at the battle of Augustawo is said to have been about 60,000.

AUSTRIA, GERMANY IN MARKET FOR COTTON

United Press Service

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—German and Austrian cotton merchants have notified their New York agents that they are prepared to buy 75,000 bales of cotton per month for an indefinite time.

Here From Reservation. Superintendent Freer of the Klamath reservation is down from the Agency, attending to business matters.

RODEO WILL GET MORE PUBLICITY

MEDICAL CONCERN PROPOSES TO FURNISH PHOTOGRAPHS OF BUCKING BRONCHOS TO THOSE SENDING IN WRAPPERS

When the Underwood Drug company last year sent to the E. Weeks company of Des Moines, Iowa, several of the excellent "bucking broncho" pictures taken at the 1912 Elks Rodeo by Emmett Magee, they started an advertising stunt that has not only boosted the sale of "Weeks' Break-Up-a-Cold Tablets," but has drawn much attention to Southern Oregon's big Wild West show.

The company has a slogan about "it takes a week to break a broncho," which it uses in its publicity work. The pictures from Klamath Falls were very effectively used in connection with this, and posters advertising both the tablets and Klamath Falls, were sent to all parts of America, England and Australia.

The pictures made a great hit everywhere, and there have been many demands for them. To fill this demand, the Weeks company has secured the negatives of the pictures from Underwood's, and will send copies of the pictures to all sending in the tops of "break-up-a-cold" tablet boxes.

Carpenter Passes Away

Frank Ferris, aged 58, died at the county infirmary late Tuesday afternoon, following a siege of tuberculosis, which incapacitated him from work several months ago. Telegrams have been sent to relatives of the deceased carpenter in the East, and pending word from them, the remains are being held by Coroner Whitlock.

Goes to Washington

Mrs. Leland Mosler left this morning for Washington, D. C., where she will spend several months as the guest of her uncle and aunt, Senator William H. Thompson and wife, of Kansas.

PROHI FAILURES CANTRELL THEME

FORMER CHAUTAUQUA LECTURER WILL SPEAK AT HOUSTON'S OPERA HOUSE FRIDAY NIGHT AGAINST PROHIBITION

"The Failures of Prohibition Legislation" is the theme upon which Edward Cantrell of Portland will speak Friday night at Houston's opera house. Cantrell is well known as a Chautauqua and Lyceum lecturer, and he speaks only after giving a question much study. A new phase of the question, it is expected, will be brought out by him. Recently Mr. Cantrell spoke here on "Twelve Fundamental Fallacies of Prohibition." His speech at that time attracted much attention.

WIVES OF MINE VICTIMS DEAD

SHOCK CAUSES DEATH OF HELP-MATES—THUS FAR LESS THAN FIFTY BODIES HAVE BEEN RECOVERED

United Press Service HERRIN, Ill., Oct. 27.—Two women whose husbands were killed in yesterday's explosion at the Royalton mine are dead from the shock of bereavement. Both were foreigners. Eighteen more bodies have been recovered, making a total of forty-seven. The corpses are being arranged in an improvised morgue.

Miss Agnes O'Day is running for the nomination for secretary of state in Colorado.

In the Melanesian islands women do the proposing.

"MADE IN U.S.A." IS NEW VERSION

NEW YORK BUSINESS MEN MEET AT WALDORF ASTORIA AND CHANGE SLOGAN TO MAKE IT MORE SPECIFIC

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Two hundred leading New York business men and financiers met at the Waldorf Astoria today, and adopted the slogan of "Made in U. S. A." instead of "Made in America," which has been heard so much since the outbreak of the European war.

This change was made at the suggestion of Miss Annie E. Peck, explorer and mountain climber. "How ridiculous it would be to say that Uruguay is fast becoming Americanized, or that Canada is Americanized," said Miss Peck. "South Americans are as much Americans as we are, and any slogan hurting their feelings would injure our trade there."

Corn Crop Is Enormous

Greater corn crop prospects by 78,000,000 bushels and great improvement in tobacco, increasing the prospects of that crop over the forecast in September by 92,000,000 pounds, were the features of the department of agriculture's October crop report announced a few days ago. An increase of 11,000,000 bushels in the potato crop, 21,000,000 bushels in the oats crop, and 10,000,000 bushels in the apple crop was also forecast.

Advised to Raise Horses

American farmers are advised by the United States department of agriculture to raise horses. Only high class horses, however, are wanted, the scrubs being a drug on the market. The department predicts the demand will last ten years because of the war in Europe. It is estimated that 1,000,000 horses are employed in the present war.

Lima, Peru, has a woman suffrage organization.

"The Mutual Girl and Her Auntie" GREAT MISTAKE "Advertising ruined me," Said the man. "What on earth," demanded we, "Was your plan?" "Only one mistake," he said, "Caused my fall. "I let rivals in the trade Do it all."