

Largest Dairy Show of Year in Chicago

United Press Service
CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The largest dairy show to be held in the world in 1914 opened at the stockyards today and will continue for ten days. The Chicago show takes foremost place this year because the big exhibitions at London, Copenhagen, Berlin and Paris were abandoned on account of the war.

MODOC SEEKING LAVA BEDS ROAD

LOOKOUT PEOPLE START AGITATION. ALTHOUGH MEN WHITE TO SECURE CO-OPERATION OF KLAMATH BOOSTERS IN PLAN

Abbott Green returned from a trip to Lookout this week, and informs us that George Walker, the merchant at that place, is agitating the question of building an auto road into the famous Lava Beds, says the Althuras Plaindealer.

During the summer, Mr. Green says, vast numbers of tourists going to and from Crater Lake, came by way of Tule Lake and Lookout, hoping for a view of the country made famous by Captain Jack and the Modoc War. The Lava Beds are truly a wonder-

land, not equaled elsewhere, perhaps, on the globe, and not second in interest to tourists to Crater Lake itself.

A road, Mr. Green thinks, could be built through the lava caves, Barefoot and Skull caves, at a relatively small cost. The project is certainly well worth considering, and Mr. Green has written to Captain O. C. Applegate at Klamath Falls, hoping to enlist citizens of that place in the project. In fact, citizens there have a scheme now on foot to build the road, and the proposition of Mr. Green and Mr. Walker is to join forces and put the road through.

Revolution Starts in Portugal, Rumor

United Press Service
LONDON, Oct. 22.—An Exchange telegraph says that information has been received that a royalist revolution has started in Lisbon. It was rumored here recently that friends of ex-King Manuel promises to finance the revolution.

Commission Opens Railroad Hearing

United Press Service
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—Hearings were begun today by the Interstate Commerce Commission upon the application of 113 railroads for a flat increase of 5 per cent in freight rates.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

A Cathedral Germans Didn't Burn



The Belgians who hurried from Notre Dame, which is one of the chief ornaments of the city. Though some bombs from Zeppelins were dropped near, none of them, so far as known, damaged the building.

Commission Opens Railroad Hearing

United Press Service
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—Hearings were begun today by the Interstate Commerce Commission upon the application of 113 railroads for a flat increase of 5 per cent in freight rates.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

their revenues have been greatly curtailed. Security obligations and improvements facing the roads, it is contended, make necessary a rate increase.

Commerce conditions directly caused by the war was the sole scope of the evidence, as restricted by the commission. Railroad presidents and counsel, in force, were arrayed today in the battle for increased rates against shippers' organizations and state railway commissioners.

Brief hearings only were planned today. The commission will confine all testimony to "war conditions, disregarding other elements of railroad finance considered in previous applications of the railroads for the 5 per cent horizontal advance.

Because of the war, the railroads contend, commerce has dwindled and

AT THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH

The meetings at the Christian church are continuing with interest. The question box is well patronized each night. We note here a sample question and the answer given by Mr. Swander:

"Does I Cor. 14:34 teach that women should not pray in public or teach in the Sunday school?"

"Paul tells why he gives this prohibition. First, it is not permitted them to speak; second, if they would learn, let them ask their husbands at home; third, it is shameful for a woman to speak in the church. In considering these reasons we would ask: Who did not permit them to speak? There is no mention of such a prohibition in the Law of Moses, therefore it must have been simply the teachings of the rabbis, whose sayings carried no divine authority. It was well to suggest that they ask their husbands at home for the simple reason that women were not the educated class; men were. Women in those days were not qualified to discuss mooted questions in public.

"Why was it shameful for women to speak? Just because it was the custom of the pagan worshippers to thrust women forward in their public worship, and they were always women of low character. To permit women to speak in the church would have branded them in the eyes of the heathen as women of low character. Hence, Paul's admonition was well timed to protect the character of Christian women.

It was only an expedient because of the circumstances in which the church existed. When the reasons for making the prohibition passed away, there is no more reason for it, and it automatically becomes null and void. There is not a reason given by Paul that has not passed away with time. Therefore women may take part in public worship without offense to the Almighty."

The service tonight will commence at 7:30, instead of 7:45. Dismissal will be made in time to go to the opera house to hear the lecture on "Portland after Dark." Let all come first to the church. Subject tonight, "Second Coming of Christ."

Framing a picture doesn't protect it unless it is sealed air-tight. Bring your pictures to us and they will be properly framed at fair prices. WILLIS-JOHNSTONE CO.

If it's worth having, it's worth insuring. See Chilcote.

Legal Notices

Notice to Creditors

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County. In the Matter of the Estate of William Martin, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of William Martin, deceased, by the county court of Klamath county, Oregon, and that all persons having claims against said estate are required to present same to me at the law office of Rollo C. Groesbeck, Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice, properly verified as by law required.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, October 21st, 1914.

SILAS OBENCHAIN, Administrator of the Estate of William Martin, Deceased.

21-28-4-11-18 h

Notice for Publication

(Not Coal Lands)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, September 11, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Henry A. Grimes, whose postoffice address is Klamath Falls, Oregon, did, on the 11th day of May, 1914, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 47533, to purchase the E 1/4 SW 1/4, section 3, Township 39 S, Range 10 E, Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisal, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised at a total of \$257.50, the timber estimated \$55,000 board feet at \$50 per M, 600 Juniper posts at 5c, and the land \$50.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 8th day of December, 1914, before C. R. DeLap, county clerk of Klamath county, at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

JAS. F. BURGESS, Register.

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

10-2; 12-4 h

Summons

(In Equity, No. 420)
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath.

J. W. Siemens, Plaintiff,

vs.

The Unknown Heirs of Charles

Percy Nichols, otherwise known

as C. P. Nichols, deceased; the

Unknown Heirs of Louis Gerz,

deceased; Sophia Schadde, Wil-

liam A. Schadde, and Jane Doe

Schadde, his wife; Edward

Schadde, and Rebecca Roe

Schadde, his wife; Henry D.

Schadde, and Mary Doe Schadde,

his wife; Augusta Elsie Hart-

man, and John Doe Hartman,

her husband, and Emma Bertha

Witte, and Richard Roe Witte,

her husband, also all other per-

sons or parties unknown, claim-

ing any right, title, estate, lien or

interest in the real estate de-

scribed in the complaint herein.

Defendants.

To the Unknown Heirs of Charles

Percy Nichols, otherwise known

as C. P. Nichols, deceased; the

Unknown Heirs of Louis Gerz,

deceased; Sophia Schadde, Wil-

liam A. Schadde, and Jane Doe

Schadde, his wife; Edward

Schadde, and Rebecca Roe

Schadde, his wife; Henry D.

Schadde, and Mary Doe Schadde,

his wife; Augusta Elsie Hart-

man, and John Doe Hartman,

her husband, and Emma Bertha

Witte, and Richard Roe Witte,

her husband, also all other per-

sons or parties unknown, claim-

ing any right, title, estate, lien or

interest in the real estate de-

scribed in the complaint herein.

In the name of the State of Oregon,

You, and each of you, are hereby re-

quired to appear and answer the com-

plaint filed against you in the above

entitled suit on or before Saturday,

the 21st day of November, 1914, that

being the last day of the time pre-

scribed in the order for publication of

this summons; and, if you fail so to

answer, for want thereof the plaintiff

will apply to the court for the relief

prayed for in the said complaint, to-

wit: For a judgment and decree

against you:

1.—That you, or any of you, have

or has no estate or interest whatever

in or to the lands described in said

complaint, being the following de-

scribed real property, situated in the

County of Klamath, State of Oregon,

to-wit:

All of lot numbered one (1), and

the east thirty feet of lot numbered

two (2), in block numbered sixty-

two (62) in Nichols Addition to the

City of Klamath Falls (formerly the

Town of Linkville), Oregon; being

situated in the southwest

quarter of the southeast quarter

(SW 1/4 of SE 1/4) of Section twenty-

nine (29), in Township thirty-eight

(38), south of Range nine (9),

east of the Willamette Meridian, in

Oregon;

or any part thereof, and that title of

the plaintiff thereto is good and valid.

2.—That you, and each of you, be

forever enjoined and debarred from

asserting any right, title, interest or

claim whatever in or to said premises,

or any part thereof, adverse to the

plaintiff; and for such other and fur-

ther relief as to this court shall seem

meet, or as in equity may appear.

This summons is served by publica-

tion thereof in the Evening Herald, a

daily newspaper of general circula-

tion, published in Klamath County,

Oregon, by order of the Honorable

Wm. S. Worden, County Judge of

said county, acting, in the absence of

the Judge of the Circuit Court of said

county, by virtue of the authority by

law in him vested in such cases, made,

dated and filed in said suit at Klamath

Falls, Oregon, on the 8th day of

October, 1914; which said order re-

quires that summons in said suit be

published once a week for a period of

six successive weeks. The date of the

first publication of this summons is

October 9th, 1914.

HAY & MERRIMAN,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

9-16-23-30-6-12-20 h

Summons

(No. 627 Equity)

In the Circuit Court of the State of

Oregon, for the County of

Klamath.

Marion A. Clement, Plaintiff,

vs.

Oscar F. North and J. W. Newhart,

(doing business under the firm

name, style and description of

North & Newhart), co-partners,

Orr Lake Lumber Company (a

corporation), and Oscar Fanno,

Defendants.

To Orr Lake Lumber Company, a cor-

poration, one of the defendants

above named:

In the name of the State of Oregon,

you are hereby required to be and

appear and answer the complaint filed

against you in the above entitled

cause, on or before the 8th day of

November, 1914, and if you fail so to

appear and answer, the plaintiff, for

want thereof, will apply to the court

for the relief prayed for in the com-

plaint, which is as follows:

That four certain claims for log-

ger's liens, filed in the clerk's office of

the county court, Klamath county,

Oregon, on the 18th day of Septem-

ber, 1914, by Marion A. Clement,