

Sinnott Is Active for the Extension Bill in House

Offered Amendment for Expending Public Land Sale Proceeds in State That Raised Them. Cited Klamath Project in One Speech.

One of the amendments proposed for the reclamation extension act when up in the house was the following, offered by Congressman N. J. Sinnott of this district, but which failed to carry:

Sec. 17. That it is hereby declared to be the duty of the secretary of the interior in carrying out the provisions of the reclamation law, so far as the same may be practicable, and subject to the existence of feasible irrigation projects, to expend the major portion of the funds arising from the sale of public lands within each state contributing thereto for the benefit of arid and semi-arid lands within the limits of such state: Provided, That the secretary may temporarily use such portions of said funds for the benefit of arid or semi-arid lands in any particular state contributing thereto as he may deem advisable, but when so used the excess shall be restored to the fund as soon as practicable, to the end that ultimately, and in any event within each twenty-year period after the passage of this act, the expenditures for the benefit of the said states shall be equalized according to the proportions and subject to the conditions as to practicability and feasibility aforesaid: Pro-

vided, That this section shall not affect any existing established project.

"I offered this same amendment," said Congressman Sinnott, in speaking for his measure, "in the committee when this bill was being considered in the committee some months ago



Hon. N. J. Sinnott

after its passage through the senate. I then reserved the right to offer it on the floor of the house.

"In explanation of this amendment, I desire to state that its object is to restore the old repealed section 9 of the original reclamation act as far as it can be done consistently with the proposed twenty years' extension period for payments by settlers.

"Section 9 of the reclamation act passed in 1902 contemplated that within each ten-year period after its passage there should be an equitable and equal expenditure of the reclamation funds in the states contributing to this fund. Section 9 was repealed June 25, 1910.

"This repeal and its effect on my state has been a matter of the most bitter debate and controversy in the state of Oregon, and ever since its passage has been a vital issue in every senatorial and congressional election there. The people of Oregon feel keenly the discrimination practiced against them since section 9 of the reclamation act was repealed.

"The report of the reclamation service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, shows Oregon second in the list of contributors to the reclamation fund. It contributed the sum of \$10,317,387.18. Up to that time Oregon stood tenth in the list of allottees of reclamation funds, having been allotted but \$4,334,218.77; of this amount \$1,277,132.61 was repaid, leaving a net investment of \$3,057,086.16.

"Secretary Lane, at the urgent solicitation of the Oregon delegation in both houses, has recognized this unjust discrimination made against the state of Oregon and in a great measure has endeavored to mete out justice to us. Since this last report of the reclamation service, of April 30, 1913, there have been allotted to various states up to April 30, 1914, by Secretary Lane, \$10,294,724.08.

"In the state of Oregon there are some 17,000,000 acres of public lands, 13,000,000 acres additional in the forest reserves. Upon the forest reserves there stand nearly 140,000,000,000 feet of timber, worth from \$2.50 to \$3 a thousand feet.

"We expect that the proceeds of these great resources within the boundaries of our state will ultimately reach and swell the reclamation fund. We feel, as was originally contemplated by the reclamation act, that we shall have the right to demand, as a matter of law, our share of our magnificent resources pouring into the reclamation fund; that we should not be dependent solely on the bounty or benevolence of any secretary of the interior for our share of the reclamation funds.

"The people of my state are not envious of the liberal, free-handed manner in which these funds have been allotted to some of the other states, but we are certainly jealous of what we consider to be our rights, and feel that our rights will be assured to us only by the passage of this amendment."

Sinnott, in speaking against the charging of interest against water users, spoke in part as follows:

"Upon the passage of the reclamation act, the settlers and the government undertook reciprocal parts in the reclamation and the settlement of the arid lands of the West. The government impliedly in the reclamation act encouraged the settlers to believe, and made implied representations by the very terms of the act, that if the settlers would settle upon and cultivate these lands for which the government would furnish water these lands could be reclaimed and the payments made within a ten-year period.

"These implied representations and inducements on the part of the government were supplemented by actual and direct representations made by the reclamation officials in person upon the projects to prospective settlers and the farmers owning the land. These representations were, no doubt, honestly made.

"Relying upon these representations, the settlers and farmers went upon these lands, have spent their time and many thousands of dollars on the same. They have performed

their part of that reciprocal contract. They should not now be penalized with an interest payment for the government's mistake.

"Upon one project in my state, the Klamath project, the reclamation officials held a meeting attended by 200 farmers, and told them that the lands could be reclaimed at a little greater expense than \$13.65 an acre. They told these farmers that in order to be absolutely sure they would add 20 per cent, making the reclamation price \$16.40 an acre. At the same time private people were there willing to take over this project and reclaim the same at a price of \$15 an acre.

"The settlers and the farmers preferred to rely upon the representations made by the reclamation officials. They preferred a contract with the government to a contract with private individuals, and therefore they listed their lands with the reclamation service.

"Four years after that meeting was held public notice was issued compelling the settlers to pay \$20 an acre to reclaim these lands.

"Now, is the government going to take advantage of its own wrong, its own misrepresentations, and exact interest from these farmers who relied upon the government representation? Does not fair dealing demand, when it is disclosed that twenty years—not ten—is a reasonable period to make payment, that the same be granted without the added burden of interest?"

"Why, if the same state of facts, the same circumstances, were presented in an equity suit brought by these settlers against some private corporation making these representations to them, do you doubt for one moment but that such court of equity would decree a rescission of this contract, which would not only restore to the settlers the money they had expended upon these projects, but would reimburse them for the damages and for their loss of time?"

TRUST DECLARED TO BE ILLEGAL

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER MUST DISSOLVE WITHIN NINETY DAYS, ACCORDING TO THE COURT'S DECISION

United Press Service
ST. PAUL, Aug. 13.—A majority of the judges of the federal circuit court of appeals this morning handed down a decision declaring the International Harvester company a trust operating in restraint of trade, and ordered it to dissolve into at least three parts within ninety days. Judge Walter Sanborn dissented.

NINE REEL FILM IS COMING SOON

"THE SPOILERS," REX BEACH'S MASTERPIECE, IS TO BE SHOWN AT THE OPERA HOUSE LATER IN MONTH

By far the biggest motion picture feature ever shown in Klamath Falls has just been secured by Manager J. V. Houston for a night at the opera house the latter part of the month. This is the production of "The Spoilers," Rex Beach's realistic novel of Alaska.

The film drama is to be shown at the opera house and is complete in every detail. Nine films are necessary to portray it, and this will be given one night only, and on that night there will be only one exhibition.

Leaves Hospital
G. L. Holbrook, the Barnes Valley man who was injured in an automobile accident several weeks ago near Olena, has so far recovered that he was able to be on the street a short time this afternoon. Mr. Holbrook was on his way home with a new car when the accident occurred. He was caught under the car and sustained severe injuries, which have since the accident confined him to the hospital.

Mrs. Thomas Chapman, of Kingston, is the oldest woman in Canada, having reached the age of 115 years.

Legal Notices

Notice to Taxpayers

Notice is hereby given that the board of equalization will convene Monday, September 14th, and will be in session for thirty days. All taxpayers will be expected to file their protests with the county clerk before September 21st, as provided by law, as there will be absolutely no changes made in rolls after they are turned back to the assessor.

10-11 J. P. LEE, Assessor.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued by the clerk of the circuit court of the county of Klamath, state of Oregon, dated the 7th day of August, 1914, in a certain action in the circuit court for said county and state, wherein M. L. Rutenik, as plaintiff, recovered judgment against Long Lake Lumber company for the sum of twenty-seven thousand four hundred and forty-nine and 94-100 dollars and interest, and costs and disbursements taxed at thirty-four and 35-100 dollars, on the 7th day of August, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that I will on the 10th day of September, 1914, at the front door of the court house in Klamath Falls, in said county, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

Beginning at a point 1864.3 feet south, 29 degrees 23 minutes west, and 60 feet north of the northeast corner of lot 19 in section 19, township 28 south, range 9 east of the Willamette meridian, in Klamath county, Oregon, thence south, 89 degrees 23 minutes west, 249 feet to the shore of Upper Lake; thence following the shore of said lake south, 41 degrees west, 227 feet; thence south, 19 degrees west, 196 feet; thence leaving said lake, north, 89 degrees 23 minutes east, 205.5 feet; thence north 126.1 feet; thence north, 89 degrees 23 minutes east, 194.5 feet; thence north 214.5 feet to the place of beginning, together with the saw mill

of the Long Lake Lumber company, situated on the above described tract, and all the machinery thereat; also an easement over the following described property; beginning at the northeast corner of said lot 19, thence south, 28 degrees 45 minutes west, 2,075.1 feet; thence north, 76 degrees 20 minutes west, 604.2 feet; thence north 1,109.3 feet; thence north, 89 degrees 23 minutes east, 60 feet; thence south 1,062 feet; thence south, 76 degrees 20 minutes east, 590.1 feet; thence north 28 degrees 45 minutes east, 1,984.7 feet; thence north 60 feet; thence north, 89 degrees 23 minutes east, 141 feet; thence south 60 feet; thence south, 89 degrees 23 minutes west, 102.2 feet to the place of beginning. Also a right to build and maintain a public drawbridge on the easement above described, across a canal constructed along the south line of the above described property, but extending in a direct line 500 feet from the lake, and also the right to use said canal for boating purposes from said bridge to Klamath Lake, but said canal is to remain unobstructed and not to be used for floating logs, by the Long Lake Lumber company, its successors or assigns.

Taken and levied upon as the property of the said Long Lake Lumber company, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment in favor of M. L. Rutenik against said Long Lake Lumber company, with interest thereon, together with all costs and disbursements that have or may accrue.

C. C. LOW, Sheriff.
By Geo. A. Hayden, Deputy.
Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, August 7, 1914. 7-14-21-22-4

Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for the County of Klamath.

Klamath Iron Works, a co-partnership composed of E. O. Beardsley and W. E. Piper, Plaintiff,
vs.
W. B. Kyle, Defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of plaintiff filed in this action against you on or before the 19th day of August, 1914, that being the date set in the order of the above entitled court for your appearance and answer in the order for publication of summons issued in this action; and, if you fail to so appear and answer, plaintiff will apply to said court for the relief demanded in said complaint, viz: For a judgment against defendant in the sum of one hundred fourteen and 2-100 dollars (\$114.02), with interest thereon at the rate of ten (10) per cent per annum from and after the 22nd day of May, 1914, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein, and that the following described premises, to-wit: Lots nine (9) and ten (10), in block ten (10) of Railroad Addition to the city of Klamath Falls, county of Klamath, state of Oregon, upon which plaintiff has levied a writ of attachment, be subject to the payment of said judgment.

This summons is published in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published and of general circulation in the city of Klamath Falls, county of Klamath, state of Oregon, under and by virtue of an order of the Honorable Henry L. Benson, judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon, in and for the county of Klamath, made and entered on the 6th day of July, 1914, the first publication under said order to be on the 7th day of July, 1914, and the last publication to be on the 18th day of August, 1914, being six consecutive and successive weeks.

E. L. ELLIOTT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
211-4 Willis building, Klamath Falls, Oregon. 7-14-21-22-4-11-12 b

Order to Show Cause Why Sale of Real Estate Should Not Be Made

Probata Index No. 3, Page 151
In the county court of the state of Oregon, in and for the county of Klamath.

In the matter of the estate of Frestina S. Puckett, deceased, Kittle E. Puckett, administratrix.
Kittle E. Puckett, the regularly appointed, qualified and acting administratrix of the estate of Frestina S. Puckett, deceased, having filed and presented to this court her regularly verified petition praying for an order for the sale of certain real estate, belonging to the said estate, for the purpose of paying debt as therein set forth, and it appearing to the court that it is necessary and lawful that said premises be sold, now, therefore,

It is hereby ordered and directed by this court that all persons interested in said estate be, and they are hereby directed to appear before this court on the 27th day of August, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. on said day, in the county court room

in the court house in the city of Klamath Falls, state of Oregon, and then and there to show cause, if any there be, why an order for the sale of the following described premises at private sale for cash should not be by this court made and entered.

The property to be sold is described as follows, to-wit:

The homestead of the said Frestina S. Puckett, deceased, is the south half of the southeast quarter (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4), and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4) of section twenty (20), and the northwest quarter (NE 1/4 of the NE 1/4) of section twenty-nine (29), all in township thirty-nine (39) south, range five (5) east Willamette meridian; that this is an unimproved homestead upon which there is considerable timber and some meadow land.

It is hereby further ordered that, in addition to the personal service of the resident heirs of said estate, service of this order be made by publication thereof for a period of four consecutive and successive weeks in the Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in the county of Klamath, state of Oregon.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, this 15th day of July, 1914.
WM. E. WORDEN,
Judge of the county court of the county of Klamath, state of Oregon. 10-4-12-13-22 b

Summons For Publication In Foreclosure of The Loan.

Equity 693.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Klamath, H. J. Lockwood, Plaintiff,
vs.
Fred K. Merritt (sometimes called Fred Merritt), Defendant.

To Fred K. Merritt (sometimes called Fred Merritt), the above named defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby notified that H. J. Lockwood, the holder of certificate of delinquency numbered 487, issued upon the 26th day of February, A. D. 1914, by the tax collector of Klamath County, State of Oregon, for the amount of nine and 40-100 dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the year 1910 together with penalty, interest and costs thereon upon the real property assessed to you, of which you are the owner as appears of record, situated in said county and state, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots four (4) and five (5) in block two (2), Buena Vista addition to Klamath Falls, Oregon, (formerly Linkville, Oregon), according to the duly recorded plat thereof now upon file in the office of the county clerk at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

You are further notified that said H. J. Lockwood has paid taxes on said premises for prior or subsequent years, with the rate of interest on said amounts as follows, to-wit:

Year's tax, 1911; date paid, Feb. 26, 1914; tax receipt No. 4287; rate of interest, 15 per cent per annum.
Year's tax, 1912; date paid, February 26, 1914; tax receipt No. 4737; rate of interest, 15 per cent per annum.
Year's tax, 1913; date paid, March 31, 1914; tax receipt No. 5490; rate of interest, 15 per cent per annum.
Amount paid for the year 1911, \$7.51.
Amount paid for the year 1912, \$2.52.
Amount paid for the year 1913, \$2.52.

Said Fred K. Merritt (sometimes called Fred Merritt), as the legal owner of the above described property as the same appears of record, and each of the other persons above named are hereby notified that H. J. Lockwood will apply to the Circuit Court of the County and State aforesaid for a decree foreclosing the lien against the property above described, and mentioned in said certificate. And you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons, cumulative of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due as above shown, together with costs and accrued interest, and in case of your failure to do so, a decree will be rendered foreclosing the lien, said taxes and costs against the land and premises above named. This summons is published by order of the Honorable Henry L. Benson, Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Klamath, and said order was made and dated this 6th day of July, A. D. 1914, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 6th day of July, A. D. 1914. All process and papers in this proceeding may be served upon the undersigned residing within the State of Oregon at the address hereunder mentioned, to-wit:

O'NEILL & MANN
Attorneys for
Address, Lewis B. Smith Building, Klamath Falls, Oregon.

NOSTRILS AND HEAD STOPPED UP FROM COLD? TRY MY CATARRH BALM

Instantly Clears Air Passages; You Stop Nasty Discharge, Clears Stuffed Head, Heals Inflamed Air Passages and You Breathe Freely.
Try "Ely's Cream Balm"
Get a small bottle anyway. Just to try it—Apply a little in the Nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning, the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will disappear.
End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of

the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing soothing relief comes immediately.
Don't lay awake tonight struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucus dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.
Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.
(Paid Advertisement.)

GRANDMA USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HAIR

SEE MIXED SULPHUR WITH IT TO RESTORE COLOR, GLOSS, THICKNESS

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous, remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, gray or dry, scraggy and thin. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing 50 cents a large bottle at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," thus avoiding a lot of fuss.
While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautiful dark, glossy, soft and lustrous.
(Paid Advertisement.)

PLAY BALL

Any time, afternoon or night, with a pitcher that locates the plate every time. It's the automatic way, and in addition to the fun, it develops the muscles and improves your batting ability.

THE BALL PLAYS LIKE IT
Cash Prize Every Evening for High Score.

Next to Klamath Stables, Main Street

W.O. Smith Printing Co.

Prompt Service Reasonable Prices

Good Printing

Fourth St., between Main and Klamath

Nobby Tread

Tires

These tires are now being sold under the United States Tire Company's regular warranty—perfect workmanship and material—BUT any adjustment is on a basis of 5,000 Miles

WHITE PELICAN GARAGE