

GERMANS RETAKE MULHAUSEN AND TROOPS MASS TO INVADE FRANCE; BATTLE ALONG MUESE

RUSSIAN FORCES ADVANCING TOWARD LEMBURG VIA STYR VALLEY

Half a Million German Soldiers Are Being Mobilized for the French Invasion, Say Late Telegrams. Austrian Troops Are Driven Back by the Czar's Forces. Big Battle Is Expected in Alsatian Country

United Press Service

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The war office today announced that the French have been compelled to evacuate Mulhausen, after taking it from the Germans.

The French forces which advanced upon Neu Breisch were pushed back to Mulhausen by an overwhelming German force and were forced out of that city. They are now fighting in the suburbs.

The German army north of Neu Breisch numbers over 300,000, according to the latest advice. The outcome of the Mulhausen fight momentarily affect the German plans, for if the Germans can repel the French and join this army to the Lorraine army, it can attempt an invasion of France via the southern gateway.

The joining of these two forces will give Germany a unit of half a million men. This is believed to be the force with which Germany had originally planned to invade France.

United Press Service

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The war office admits tonight that the Germans are advancing towards Steiny, where they will attempt to cross the Muese.

Frontier engagements are progressing at Longwy, Montmedy and Marville, in France, and Virtun, in Belgium. This indicates a German mass movement to force entrance to France across the Muese.

There are scant details given out, but officials admit that the German force is very large.

United Press Service

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The government press bureau states that two German cavalry divisions are operating near Tongres, Belgium. The Germans are entrenching along the

River Aene, and large forces are entering Belgium via the Luxemburg frontier.

The government confirmed the report that the Russians are advancing along the Styx Valley, toward Lemburg.

United Press Service

PARIS, Aug. 11.—Fighting is practically continuous between the French and the Germans at Alsace. Both sides are losing heavily.

United Press Service

BRUSSELS, Aug. 11.—Fighting is in progress north of the Muese to forestall the Germans in holding the country.

The allies have moved north from Naumr to reinforce the Belgian-French troops fighting about Liege.

United Press Service

BRUSSELS, Aug. 10.—The war office today gives the following corrected bulletin of Germany's losses at Liege, including Sunday:

Dead	2,000
Wounded	20,000
Prisoners	9,000

United Press Service

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11 (censored).—The Russians have been successful so far in skirmishing on the Austria-Russian border, and have forced the Austrians to evacuate Radswilow.

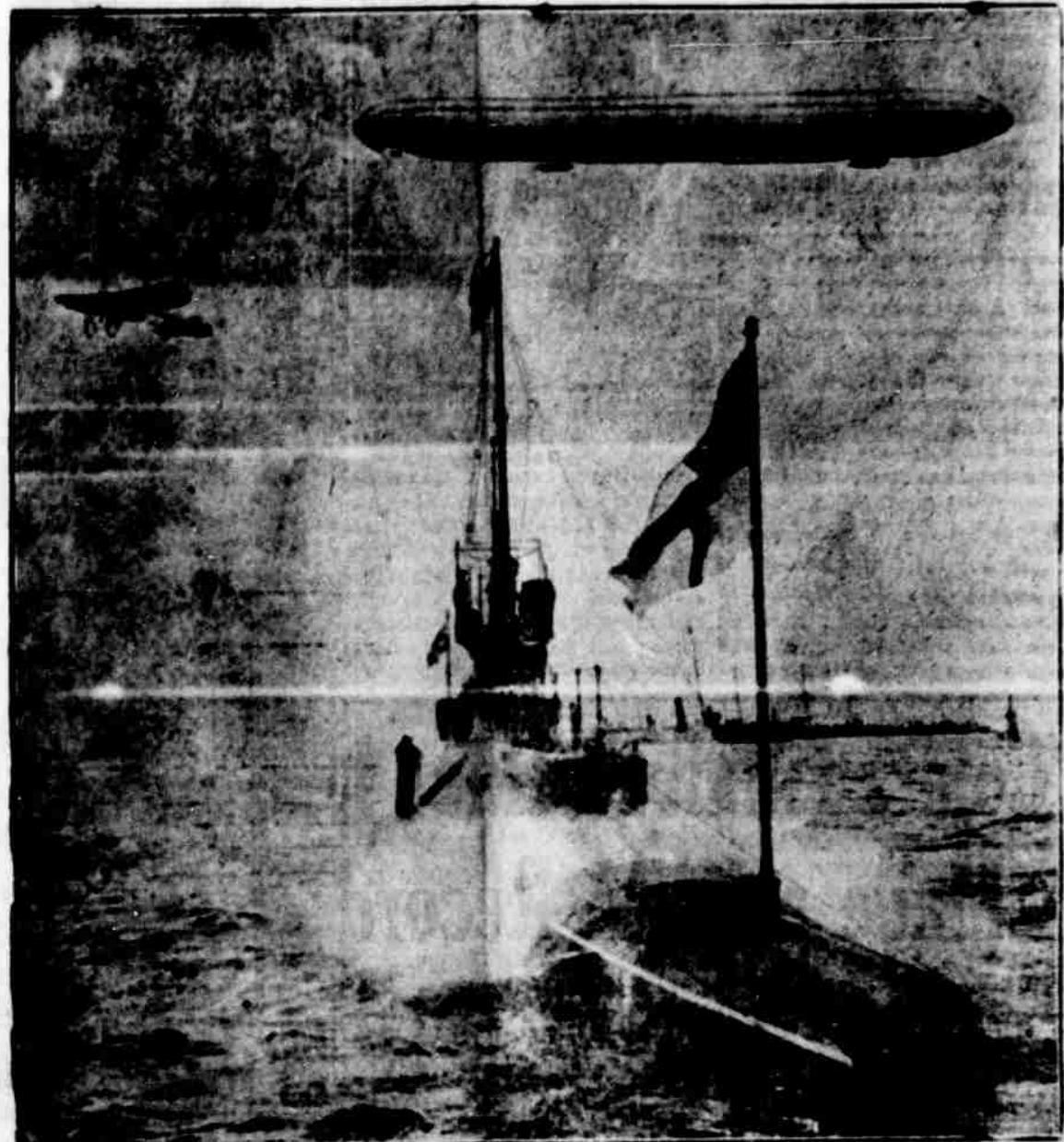
The Austrians occupied the place several days ago, but they have been forced to retire.

R. R. COMMISSION SENDS MEN HERE

ENGINEERS OF THE STATE BOARD WILL ARRIVE TOMORROW NIGHT TO CHECK COMPANY'S VALUATION LISTS

The first step towards an investigation of the rates charged by the California-Oregon Power company here will soon be taken. Tomorrow night two engineers of the state railroad commission will be here to check

New Implements of War Are Tested by the European Powers



The British submarine, the German dirigible balloon and the French aeroplane are the new implements of war used in the great European outbreak. While these have been in existence for some years they have not been nearly tested.

A few aeroplanes were used in the Balkan wars, but to those peoples hardly emerged from barbarism and far behind in the march of civilization

such modern implements of war were not understood, much less appreciated.

In the tests of airships the Germans have stuck to the dirigible balloon, following the lead of Count Zeppelin. The French, who quickly took to flying after the Wright brothers had shown the way, soon distanced the world, and they have carried experiments with the aeroplane much

farther than any other nation. While the German army is equipped with a number of dirigibles, the French have many aeroplanes.

Experiments have been made by the British with both, but the invention with which they have had the most success is the submarine. They have many in their navy, and this will of course be the opportunity for their use.

BENSON-M'NARY EACH GAIN VOTE

RECOUNT OF PRECINCTS IN MARION IS COMPLETED, BUT MANY MORE PRECINCTS ARE TO BE COUNTED

With the recounting of the votes in the stipulated precincts in Marion county, Circuit Judge Benson and Justice McNary are still tied. Each gained a vote, according to a telegram received by Benson today.

In addition to the Marion precincts recounts have to be made in the following precincts: Seven in Multnomah, three in Grant, two in Lincoln, two in Washington, four in Tillamook, two in Hood River, and one in Jackson and Lane counties.

Home From Nevada

Charles Baldwin came in last night from the vicinity of Virginia City, Nevada, where he has been for a year in the interests of the Klamath-Nevada Mining company. He says the local concern's mine has many advantages over others in that section.

Here From Bonanza

Professor Ray P. Burk, principal of the Bonanza high school, is here attending the Barton-Bonanza trial.

Collapsible towers, adopted by the German army for searchlights and wireless telegraphy, are so light and compact that two men can carry a tower that extends to 160 feet.

SERVIAN ALLIES NOW IN AUSTRIA

MONTENEGRIN AND SERVIAN TROOPS ARE VICTORIOUS IN BOSNIA. EXPECT TO OCCUPY HERZEGOVINA SOON

United Press Service CETTENJE, Aug. 11.—Montenegrin and Servian troops have moved into the interior of Bosnia. A general anti-Austrian uprising is expected there, with the revolutionists joining the invaders.

The Serb-Montenegrin force expects to occupy Herzegovina soon.

United Press Service

NIRH, Aug. 11.—It is announced that the Servian allied armies are defeating the Austrians in Bosnia with heavy losses.

Popular Pair Wed

Quite a surprise was sprung on the people of Klamath Falls when former Councilman Herbert J. Savidge and Mrs. Jessie Anna O'Farrell were married last night at the Presbyterian manse. Both are well and favorably known here, where they will make their home, at least for the present.

According to an Italian physician, love causes an intoxication of the nervous centers, producing a disease that, if not cured, may lead to neurasthenia and even insanity.

Hops are expected to go to 50 cents as a result of the war abroad.

NON-SUIT IN THE BARTON LAWSUIT

JUDGE BENSON GRANTS MOTION OF THE ATTORNEY FOR THE DEFENSE—WAS SUING SCHOOL DISTRICT

Upon the ground that the plaintiff failed to prove that a valid contract had been entered into between himself and the Bonanza school district, Circuit Judge Benson today granted the nonsuit motion of Charles J. Ferguson, attorney for the school district.

The plaintiff, T. A. Barton, brought suit against the district to recover a year's salary as teacher and \$500 damages. He alleged that after hiring him, and he had come here to teach, the directors cancelled the contract, leaving him without a school, and hired Ray P. Burk in his stead.

Installs Compensarc

For some time the Orpheus Theatre has had more or less trouble in projecting the pictures onto the screen, owing to variation in the power furnished. The patrons of this playhouse will not be bothered in this way any more, as the management has installed a new Fort Wayne compensarc, which machine governs the electricity in such a way that the current is the same at all times.

A railroad sixty miles in length is to be built in Iceland. At present there is not a mile of railroad in the whole of that island.

STILL MORE WAR TALK IS HEARD

ENGLAND AND ITALY BOTH MAKE DEMANDS ON AUSTRIA. HOLLAND TELLS GERMANY TO WITHDRAW TROOPS

United Press Service

LONDON, Aug. 11.—England has asked the Austrian ambassador to explain the presence of Austrian forces on the French border. No reply has been made.

It is expected that the British ambassador in Austria will demand his passports if no satisfactory explanation is made.

United Press Service

ROME, Aug. 11.—Austria has not yet answered Italy's demand for an explanation of the destruction of Italian property at Antivari during the bombardment.

A bitter anti-Austrian feeling exists here.

United Press Service

BRUSSELS, Aug. 11.—Holland is preparing a peremptory demand that Germany withdraw her troops from the Dutch frontier.

UNCLE SAM MAY GET IN TROUBLE

THIS WILL BE WITH THE CITY OF KLAMATH FALLS, THOUGH, NOT WITH OTHER WORLD POWERS

In these days of ultimatums, Uncle Sam is soon to receive one from Klamath Falls, demanding that he pick up a few planks and stringers and build a bridge across the canal at Eleventh street. The council last night ordered City Attorney Rutan to draft such an order.

Until it is known positively what the government intends to do regarding this structure, it is impossible to proceed with the improvement of Eleventh street.

The council last night made the

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FOODSTUFFS SOAR AND FARMERS ARE ADVISED TO HOLD

ADY ASKS THEM TO REAP THE BENEFITS

Sugar Goes Up Another Notch, and Reports From the East Are That Other Products Are Advancing There. Germany's Seacoast Seems Doomed, and This Will Mean a Demand From Abroad

United Press Service

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Meats are four and five cents higher. Sugar and imported foodstuffs are coming. CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Beef cuts are from three to five cents higher than Saturday.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—Meats are from three to five cents a pound higher since the war started.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—Flour today went up 25 cents a hundred.

Klamath Falls sugar price has jumped to 95 per cent. Yesterday the local retail price was 82.75.

According to Abel Ady, president of the Klamath Water Users Association, the farmers this year have the best opportunity they have yet had to reap the benefits of the increase in the price of foodstuffs if they will refrain from contracting their crops to commission men, allowing the middlemen, etc., to reap the profits.

"European conditions seem to promise great probability of high prices for farm products during the next few months," said he. "For that reason, it seems advisable for our farmers to decline to contract for the sale of meats, grain and potatoes in advance."

"Instead they should hold the same until satisfactory market conditions are obtained, and then sell for cash only. In this case, they might not get as high prices as the middleman would, but they would eliminate his big profit and would help to make lower prices for the consumer by thus shifting the speculation out of a chance to corner any one commodity and run the price way up."

"Whatever the increase in price

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The First State Wide Primaries in Ohio

United Press Service

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 11.—Eyes of politicians throughout the country were turned towards Ohio today, when voters cast their ballots in the first state-wide primaries in the history of the state. The national aspect of today's primaries is due to former United States Senator Joseph Foraker, of Cincinnati, who seeks to "come back" as a candidate for the republican nomination for United States senator.

Foraker's candidacy makes the republican senatorial fight stand out in national prominence. He is opposed by Warren G. Harding, of Marion, former lieutenant governor, and Ralph D. Cole, of Findlay, former congressman.

The questions "Can Foraker come back?" and "Can he efface the memory of the Standard Oil letters?" are being asked by every politician. He made his fight as an out-and-out stand-patter of the old school. Harding always has been a strong supporter of Foraker. He entered the

race after a conference with the former senator. Cole made his fight as a protectionist.

In the democratic senatorial field are: Attorney General Timothy S. Hogan, running on his record in office; former Congressman John J. Lentz, of Columbus, who advocates government ownership of telegraph lines; and John L. Zimmerman, of Springfield.

Two warm gubernatorial campaigns were waged, Governor James M. Cox, seeking re-nomination, is opposed to Congressman J. J. Whitacre, who attacked Cox as the "builder of the greatest political machine in the history of the state."

In the republican field are Frank B. Willis, former congressman, of Ada, and David Tod, of Youngstown, former state senator. Most of their speeches have been featured by denunciation of the democratic administration.

A. L. Garford, candidate for the progressive nomination for senator, was not opposed in the primaries today.

Typographical Union in 60th Annual Session

United Press Service

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 11.—Infantry Hall was filled to capacity today, when Frank A. Livingston, chairman of the local committee, called to order the sixtieth annual convention of the International Typographical Union. State, municipal and civic representatives made addresses of welcome, which were answered by President Duncan in behalf of the union.

President Duncan touched upon the growth and prosperity of the organization, its educational and welfare features, the peaceful relations existing between employer and employee through arbitration and contractual negotiations, and the general spirit of uplift that prevailed in the 700 unions with their 60,000 members.

The report of Secretary-Treasurer Hays showed over 300 delegates in attendance today. Immediately after the secretary-treasurer's report was made, President Duncan appointed the convention officers and announced the standing committees.

The financial showing dealt in large figures—\$618,854.39 in the old age fund; \$159,559.38 in the mortuary fund, and \$176,710.95 in the

general fund—with a total close to \$1,000,000.

The Union Printers' Home at Colorado Springs is set down at an additional \$1,000,000. It costs about \$100,000 a year to maintain the home.

The average earning per member, according to today's report, is \$1,043 a year; average death age, 49.7 and the death rate twelve per 1,000.

These last figures, it was explained, are the result of an active campaign for better sanitary conditions in composing rooms and the shortening of the work day.

Los Angeles and Washington, D. C., the first thing opened the fight to secure the 1915 convention. Washington wants the convention when that city celebrates its 100th anniversary.

Los Angeles wants the 1915 event because it has never had an I. T. U. convention and because it believes that the Panama-Pacific Exposition next year would be the biggest side attraction any city could offer the delegates.

Each city had a big delegation of boosters on hand today. Both have headquarters at the Harrington. At 12:30 the convention adjourned until Wednesday morning.