

Some Sidelights From Vera Cruz

Interesting Little Tales of Incidents and Conditions at the Mexican Port Where the American Flag Is Waving

By WILLIAM G. SHEPHERD
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

VERA CRUZ, June 3.—By July 5, if Huerta is still in power, and, perhaps, even if he isn't, Mexico will perpetrate that occasional farce called popular election. Huerta has tried one election, but so few people voted that he didn't dare to claim the election valid. But the election on July 5, has been called by the congress of Mexico, and Huerta, if he runs, will undoubtedly attempt to prove after it is over that the election was held honestly, and that the president of Mexico was chosen by an expression of the popular will.

It can be said that there isn't any way to have an honest election in Mexico, under the present election laws, which are the laws Mexico has always had since the republic was established. Let's take the imaginary case of Juan Martinez, a laboring man, in the City of Mexico, and watch Juan go through the process of expressing his will as a sovereign voter.

In the first place Juan doesn't belong to any party, as John Smith does in the United States. Only the folks with collars and cuffs belong to parties and Juan always takes his hat off when he's in their presence. These collar-and-cuff persons have temporary party headquarters in some building in the capital, and these headquarters look exactly like ward, city, county or state headquarters in any American city. It is littered with handbills, posters, and pamphlets and filled with collared-and-cuffed politicians.

But you'll notice that there is only one headquarters. That's the one that belongs to the party of which the outgoing president is a member. The "outgoing" president

in Diaz's time—and he will be in Huerta's, too—is always the leading candidate for re-election. He permits a few other persons to make believe they are candidates against him, just for appearance's sake, but he knows that our friend, Juan Martinez, won't vote for them. The "outgoing" president, under Mexico's election laws, always owns the election machinery, and there is no way to get it away from him.

About two weeks before election day, always a man comes around to Juan's house. Juan isn't home; he's away, at work, of course. The man is an election official; he talks with Juan's wife. He wants to know what kind of a man Juan is. Has she ever heard her husband talk about the president, or against the governor of the state? She never has, certainly. As soon as the election official sees that Juan is just a common, everyday, workaday type of Mexican, who won't run amuck on things political, he leaves a certificate for Juan. This certificate entitles Juan to go to the polls to vote and when Juan gets home at night and asks the "Missus" what has happened during the day, she hands him the certificate, which Juan tucks away, against election day. Juan is now a duly registered voter.

At last the Sunday rolls around; election day is always on Sunday, in Mexico, because Diaz, at the request of his friends the great ranch owners in Mexico, set the custom so that the voters would go to the polls in their own time instead of the bosses'. Juan goes to the polls. The chances are he doesn't want to go. But his boss, who is probably a big factory owner, or a big farmer, who wants to stand in with the president and governor, desires Juan's vote.

So Juan turns up at the polls. The polls usually consist of a table placed in one of the big double-doorways which lead from the sidewalk into the pation or some big business house or residence in Juan's neighborhood. Around this table sit men in collars and cuffs and high silk hats. If there's anything that throws

Juan into a panic it's a high silk hat. There are thousands of officials in Mexico who hold office just on the strength of a high silk hat (which they have owned for years) with a long black coat thrown in, for extra measure.

Mexico is very peculiar that way. Of course Juan's sombrero; he tucks it under his arm and looks frightened. He doesn't know it, but he's a better man, every inch of him, from his sandled feet to his kindly brown eyes and Indian cheek bones, than any one of the spindly-shanked, thin-fringed, frayed-hatted half-Spanish, half-Indian politicians before him.

"What's your name?" asks one High Hat. Juan names himself, and hands out his certificate. Another High Hat rises from his chair, takes the certificate and says to Juan, in effect, "For whom do you vote for president?" Juan tells him, out loud so that everybody around can hear. If he doesn't speak loudly enough, the High Hat repeats it, in loud tones. It's a sure thing that somebody representing Juan's boss will be there to hear how Juan votes. Then, at 6 o'clock, the votes are counted. On the night of September 15, 1910, hour after the polls were closed, I went to the home of Francisco I. Madero, who had just been elected president, and asked him if he thought the election law and the manner of voting in Mexico fair.

"No, they're not fair," he said to me. "I have just phoned a friend of mine that if he doesn't reinstate a chauffeur whom he discharged today because he didn't vote for me, I will not speak to him again. I know that I have been elected president today, under this bad election system, but you may say to the American papers that one of the first things I shall do after I get into office will be to change the election laws of Mexico to provide for secret voting." He never did, though. He had too hard a time keeping himself in the office of president to worry about finding an honest way for other men to get into it, in future generations.

Presidential Bees Buzz

Already, Several Men Talked From Three Parties

(Continued from page 1)

are supporters of Majority Leader Underwood of Alabama, Speaker Clark, Chief Counsel Folk of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Governor Glynn of New York and Secretary of State Bryan. Such is the line-up of the democratic possibilities.

Then when it comes time for the bull moose to meet in national convention, Governor Johnson of California, former Senator Beveridge of Indiana, and other progressives probably will find their supporters lined up against T. R., maintaining that the party will stand a better show with the colonel as "backer" than would T. R. as a candidate.

The race the republicans will select from will have a wide range. Senators Borah, La Follette and Cummins are already being considered strong possibilities. Some Indiana republicans think the nomination

should go to former Vice President Fairbanks.

As the situation is today there will be little shifting in the strength of the possibilities until the elections this fall. Whichever party carries the greatest number of congressional districts will in a measure have a fair claim to ascendancy. As far as individual candidates are concerned a great deal of Beveridge's future strength will depend upon the race he makes against Senator Shively for the senatorial toga from Indiana.

Governor Glynn's future is in a measure wrapped up in the campaign in that state, which will probably be the hottest contest since the 1912 presidential campaign. Underwood's real strength will develop probably after he reaches the senate. Folk's prospects rest upon his prosecution of the New Haven railroad inquiry.

Notice of Proceedings to Determine Water Rights

Before the State Water Board of the State of Oregon, Water Division No. 1, Klamath County.

In the Matter of the Determination of the Relative Rights to the Waters of Anna Creek and Its Tributaries, Tributary of Wood River. To All Persons, Firms and Corporations, claiming a right to the use of the waters of the above named stream or any tributary thereof, or owning or being in possession of lands bordering on or having access to said stream or any of its tributaries, in the County of Klamath, State of Oregon, and To All Whom It May Concern:

In the name of the State of Oregon, You and each of you are hereby notified that the state engineer of the state of Oregon will begin the examination of that certain stream known as Anna Creek, and its tributaries, situated in Klamath county, Oregon, and the ditches diverting water therefrom, on Monday, the 15th day of June, 1914, at Fort Klamath, Klamath county, Oregon, pursuant to a petition filed requesting a determination of the relative rights of the various claimants to the water thereof;

And you are hereby further notified that the superintendent of Water Division No. 1, of the state of Oregon, will commence the taking of testimony as to the rights of all parties claiming water from said stream, or its tributaries, for irrigation, power, mining or other beneficial use, on Tuesday, the 16th day of June, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the

SAYS AGED MAN DID NOT FIGHT

INDIANS AT THE RESERVATION CEMETERY SAY WHITE CINDY WAS THE AGGRESSOR DURING THE WHOLE TIME

(Herald Special Service)

KLAMATH AGENCY, June 3.—Peter Phillips, the old Indian who died at the reservation last week shortly after being attacked by White Cindy, a powerful Indian woman, did no fighting at all against the woman, say the Indians who were at the cemetery at the time. There were many present at the time. White Cindy is now under arrest.

J. P. Leew as a visitor at the reservation this week.

Bill Thompson returned from Klamath Marsh last week, where he spent the winter tending stock.

Quite an interest is being taken in the coming "Big July Time" at the Fort. We hear it will be good.

The Chiloquin Engineers' baseball team is not hurt over losing the game to Klamath Falls. They are practicing hard, and if a second game is played they will make the county seat team go some.

Will W. Baldwin of Klamath Falls was a recent visitor on the Klamath reservation in his auto.

Robert Wilson has returned from Klamath Marsh, where he took his stock cattle to pasture. Wilson has many cattle. He is one of the well-to-do Indians.

We have not heard of the Fort Klamath baseball team yet. We did hear there was a team being organized some time ago, but nothing more has been said of them.

YESTERDAY'S COAST LEAGUE RESULTS

Portland	17	14	2
Sacramento	5	8	5
Reiger, Krause and Yantz; Gill, Arelanes, Kremer, Colwell, Wolverton and Hannah and Rohrer.			
Venice	0	7	6
San Francisco	2	5	2
Smith and Bliss; Leifeld and Clarke and Powell.			
Oakland	0	5	3
Los Angeles	3	7	0
Malarkey and Mitze; Hughes and Brooks.			

Herald want ads bring results.

Hotel Hall, in Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon; and on Thursday, the 18th day of June, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the hotel in Fort Klamath, Klamath county, Oregon.

And you are hereby ordered to appear before the undersigned superintendent of Water Division No. 1, at one of the times and places above mentioned, and submit proof of your claim to the waters of said stream or any tributary thereof, if any right thereto is claimed by you; and you are hereby further notified that if you fail to so appear and submit proof of your claim to the waters of said stream, or tributary thereof, default will be entered against you, and you will be barred and estopped from subsequently asserting any rights to the waters aforesaid, and will be held and deemed to have forfeited all right to the use of said waters theretofore claimed by you.

By order of the state water board of the State of Oregon.

Dated this 19th day of November, 1913, at Salem, Oregon.
JOHN H. LEWIS, State Engineer.
JAMES T. CHINNOCK, Superintendent of Water Division No. 1.
GEO. T. COCHRAN, Superintendent of Water Division No. 2.
Attest—M. F. MERS, Secretary.
5-4 11 a

Administrator's Notice
In the Matter of the Estate of Juliette Jackson, Deceased:

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the above estate and all persons having claims against the same, to present such claims, together with the proper vouchers supporting them, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice, to the administrator of said estate, John S. Horn, at the Bank of Bonanza, Bonanza, Oregon.

JNO. S. HORN,
Administrator of Said Estate.
5-7-6-4 sw

J. R. Silliman, Missing U. S. Consul, Now on His Way to Washington



After several weeks of effort the state department has found United States Consul John R. Silliman, who was stationed at San Luis Potosi. He is now on the way to Washington from Saitillo. The case of Silliman had threatened to cause a break in the negotiations for peace now going on at Niagara Falls, Canada. Mr. Silliman went on a visit from San Luis

Saitillo some weeks ago, and on his arrival there he was thrown into prison by the federal soldiers. The formal charge made against him was that he had become an agent of the constitutionalists. Representations by the state department failed to cause General Huerta to produce him, and he was not heard from until the constitutionalists took Saitillo.

NOTICE

As I must arrange for the settlement of all accounts due me before leaving the city, I will make it an object to those who will save me the expense of calling on them with a collector, by settling their accounts at once.

2-3t DR. R. R. HAMILTON.

There are two kinds of insurance. Chilcote writes the kind that pays. 635 Main.

Housekeeping rooms, near bridge.

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS

EAT LESS MEAT IF YOU FEEL BACKACHE OR THE BLADDER TROUBLES YOU—SALTS IS FINE FOR KIDNEYS.

Meat forms uric acid which excites and overworks the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get up during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive and harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

Advertisement.

Local news appears first in The Herald, 50c a month

Legal Notices

Estray Notice
State of Oregon,
County of Klamath. ss:
W. L. Montgomery,

vs.
Unknown Owner of Estray: viz.: One grey gelding about 14 years old, branded I on left shoulder. That said W. L. Montgomery did on April 21, 1914, take up and at all

therly and parallel to the westerly line of lots two (2) and seven (7) two hundred forty (240) feet to the northerly line of Main street; thence westerly along the northerly line of Main street twenty-five (25) feet to the place of beginning, in the city of Klamath Falls, formerly Linkville, Oregon, above described premises fronting and abutting on Main street 25 feet and Pine street 25 feet.

And to have declared junior, inferior and subsequent to plaintiff's said mortgage the mortgage made, executed and delivered to you by said defendants, Robert C. and Alice L. Spink, on April 29, 1913, upon the same premises as those covered by plaintiff's mortgage as above set forth, and to have your mortgage lien and all right, title and interest which you, or any of said defendants, may have in the mortgaged premises barred and foreclosed, except the right to redeem as provided by law. No personal judgment is demanded against you in said complaint.

This summons is published once a week, for six consecutive weeks, in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the city of Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, by order of Honorable Henry L. Benson, judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Klamath, and dated April 24, 1914, the first publication of this summons being made on the 25th day of April 1914.

STONE & GALE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff
25-2-9-16-23-30-5h

Summons
(Equity No. 585, Register 4, p. 356)
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for the County of Klamath.

John A. Myers, Plaintiff;
vs.
Mary E. Meyers, Defendant.

To Mary E. Meyers, Defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of plaintiff filed in this suit against you on or before the 8th day of July, 1914, that being the date set in the order of the above entitled court for your appearance and answer in the order for publication of summons, issued in this suit; and, if you fail to so appear and answer, plaintiff will apply to said court for the relief demanded in his said complaint, viz.: For a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

This summons is published in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published and of general circulation in the city of Klamath Falls, county of Klamath and state of Oregon, under and by virtue of an order of the Honorable Henry L. Benson, Judge of the circuit court of the state of Oregon in and for the county of Klamath, made and entered on the 19th day of May, 1914, the first publication under said order, to be on the 26th day of May, 1914, and the last publication to be on the 7th day of July, 1914, being for six consecutive and successive weeks.

E. L. ELLIOTT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
211-4 Willis Building, Klamath Falls, Oregon 26-2-9-16-23-30-7 h

Notice of Pendency of Petition to Vacate a Portion of Frederick Street, in Shippington Addition to Klamath Falls, Oregon.

Notice is hereby given that The Klamath Development company, a corporation, directly interested therein, and desiring the vacation of a portion of Frederick street in Shippington addition to the city of Klamath Falls, Oregon, said portion of street named being described as follows:

That portion of lot nine (9), section nineteen (19), township 28 S., range 9 E., W. M., Klamath county, Oregon, included within the limits of Frederick street, Shippington addition to Klamath Falls, Oregon, and north of the Shippington spur, described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of block "A," Shippington addition to Klamath Falls, Oregon, on the west line of Frederick street; thence north 89 degrees 23 minutes east, 60 feet, more or less, to the west line of block "B" of said addition; thence south along said west line 44.3 feet, more or less, to a point 12.5 feet north of the center line of the Shippington spur; thence southwesterly, parallel to said spur and at a distance of 12.5 feet from the center line thereof to the east line of block "A"; thence north a distance of 49.14 feet, more or less, to point of beginning.

Will, at the regular meeting of the Common Council of said city, in July 1914—to wit: on the 6th day of July, 1914, present to the Common Council aforesaid, a petition praying for the vacation of that portion of Frederick street above described.

The Klamath Development Co.,
By Wm. S. Worden, Manager.
26-2-9-16-23-30 h

GIFTS FOR GRADUATES

Presents that will please them and express your good wishes and pride in their achievements may be found in my complete stock of Watches and Jewelry.

A present for a life time.

FRANK M. UPP

Watchmaker and Jeweler
S. P. Watch Inspector
488 Main Street