

Women's Week 54 Hours

Welfare Commission Ruling Soon to Be in Effect

(Continued from page 1)
not apply to telephone and telegraph companies, confectionery establishments, restaurants and hotels.

"Said order shall become effective from and after February 7, 1914.

"After such order is effective, it shall be unlawful for any employer in the state of Oregon affected thereby to fail to observe and comply therewith, and any person who violates said order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars nor more than one hundred (\$100) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court."

The minimum wages fixed by this ruling are wage rates. Consequently, experienced employes working for less than a full week are to receive a pro-rated wage rate, i. e., at least \$1.37 a day and proportionately for parts of a day.

In occupations where payment is made by piece rate, the piece rate must be so regulated that "the average worker" may earn at least \$8.25 in a fifty-four hour week.

The maximum weekly hours shall be 54. The maximum hours for any day are fixed by the state law at ten. In some occupations sufficient ex-

perience may be had in a few days or a few weeks to warrant the weekly wage of \$8.25. In case employes in such occupations fail to establish voluntarily a reasonable term for experienced workers, the commission will call a conference and fix appropriate terms of experience. The present ruling simply indicates that in no occupation will more than a year's experience be required. In case several months' experience is required, it would be in accord with the purpose of the law to have a gradual step-up in the rate of wages from the beginner's wages until the rate of \$8.25 is reached.

It is not intended to include in the order for 8:30 p. m. dismissal any occupation, the very nature of the service of which requires night work.

Collapsible baby carriages have almost gone out of use in Christiania, Norway, owing to the agitation against the material by a local physician, a specialist in children's diseases.

The railroad commission of Wisconsin found that the city of Milwaukee can save nearly \$50,000 a year by making a contract for street lighting with the public utility company, instead of building a municipal plant.

Subscribe for the Herald, 50 cents a month.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Backs Campaign Against Soporific Drugs



Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, wife of the richest of the present day Vanderbilts, has begun a fight against the general use and selling of poison drugs. She is furnishing the sinews for a nation wide investigation of the whole subject, preparatory to a campaign for legislative and other action to restrain the evil.

Mrs. Vanderbilt has directed Ernest K. Coulter to undertake a full inquiry into the evil, and the means for stamping it out.

We have not proceeded far with our inquiry," said Mr. Coulter, "but what little has been done has shown the necessity for action.

Mr. Coulter said he knew of a case in which nine boys had been locked up at one time for using drugs, and that by morning they were nearly insane from the lack of their stimulant. He said that it was common information that various drugs were being peddled openly, even on the streets,

and that one man had assured him he could get cocaine in thirty places.

"When the facts were brought to the attention of Mrs. Vanderbilt," said Mr. Coulter, "she was horrified and directed me to make a sweeping investigation, on which we will base our fight for better conditions."

According to Mr. Coulter, only 20 per cent of the heroin brought into this country is used legitimately for medical purposes, the other 80 per cent being used by the "fiends."

Heroin is used like cocaine by its slaves, being snuffed up the nose in a powdered form or injected in the liquid. The supply comes from Germany, where it is prepared by treating morphine with acetic acid. The result is a drug much cheaper than cocaine and at least as terrible. Its victims call it "happy dust." It has real medicinal uses in cases of asthma, whooping cough and other spasmodic affections.

Hiram Says Bullmoose Has Gained in Strength

United Press Service

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—Governor Hiram Johnson was jubilant today over the strength of the progressive party in showing throughout California in the 1914 registration race. Although the republicans have so far been in the lead, the governor expressed confidence that his party will overcome this difference before the registration books close on May 27th.

Up to date the republicans have shown greatest strength in Los Angeles and San Diego. In each place they lead the progressives by about 1,000 voters.

In San Francisco the republicans are about 400 ahead, and the democrats about half that number. Seventeen centers of population recently showed the republican registration to be 9,796; Progressives, 7,125, and democrats 5,426.

"The figures show," said Governor Johnson today, "a phenomenal registration of progressives. Here is a new party that in a few days registers almost 2,000 more members than one of the old parties, and 2,600 less than the other old party."

"The present registration represents only about 1-25th of the total vote that will be cast in November, when a full state ticket and a successor to United States Senator Perkins will be elected. I expect the progressive candidates to poll more votes than the combined vote of all other candidates."

"When it is understood that regis-

tration does not mean voting strength of candidates in any respect, and that most of the people register from force of habit or tradition, the enrollment of the California progressive party is nothing less than astounding. The republicans and the democrats have already shown how they fear the results by their present activities. On the other hand, the progressive party has not done one-half the work that the other parties have done, and they have shown better results."

Herald's Classified Advs.

FOR RENT

TO RENT—Wanted to rent, a typewriter with a standard keyboard. P. O. box 843. 23-6t

FOR RENT—Five room house; also 2 room furnished house. Rent reasonable. Elmer L. French, 126 Sixth street. 23-4t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Almost new 21-inch Hoefler Drill Press, back gear and complete with belt. Will sell at a big sacrifice. F. C. Mullen, care of Central Garage. 29 3t

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On the high school hill, a Moose charm. Return to Herald office. Liberal reward. 30-4t

adjacent to said streets so far as improved.

Section four—The notice to property owners affected by said improvement shall be given as required by the Charter.

State of Oregon,
County of Klamath, ss:

I, A. L. Leavitt, Police Judge of the City of Klamath Falls, Oregon, do hereby attest the foregoing to be a properly enrolled copy of the resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the Common Council elect, on the 26th day of January, 1914.

A. L. LEAVITT,
Police Judge of the City of Klamath Falls, Oregon.
Presented to the Mayor, and by him approved on the 27th day of January, 1914.

T. F. NICHOLAS,
Mayor of the City of Klamath Falls.
1-29 10t

Notice to Creditors
In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry W. Keesee, Deceased

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Henry W. Keesee, deceased, by the county court of Klamath county, Oregon, and that all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same to me at the law office of Rollo C. Groesbeck, in Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice, properly verified, as by law required.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, this 24th day of January, 1914.
GEO. CHASTAIN,
Administrator of the Estate of Henry W. Keesee, Deceased.
24-31-7-14-21-h

Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

Emma R. Grigsby, Plaintiff,
vs.
Frank Irish, Defendant.

To Frank Irish, the above named defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before Saturday, the 7th day of March, 1914, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order for publication of this summons, and if you fail so to appear and answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to wit: For a judgment against the said defendant, Frank Irish, for the sum of \$500, together with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from January 8, 1912, and for the further sum of \$57.08 paid out for taxes on said premises, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from December 13, 1913, and for the further sum of \$100 at attorney's fees for instituting this suit, and for the costs and disbursements herein; that the said sum of \$57.08, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per

cent per annum from December 13, 1913, be declared to be an additional lien on said premises in favor of plaintiff and against defendant; that the usual decree be made for the sale of the lands and premises described in plaintiff's mortgage; that is to say: West half of northwest quarter of section thirty-five, and the east half of the southeast quarter of section nineteen, and the east half of the northeast quarter of section thirty, all in township thirty-eight south, range ten east of Willamette meridian, in Oregon.

That the said sale be made by the sheriff of Klamath county, Oregon, in manner provided by law. That the proceeds of said sale be applied in the payment of said judgment, interest, costs and attorney's fees and all accruing costs. That plaintiff have execution against the defendant for any balance that may remain due the plaintiff after applying all the proceeds of said sale as above provided. That the defendant and all persons claiming under him subsequent to the execution of plaintiff's said mortgage upon said lands and premises, either as purchasers, incumbrancers or otherwise may be barred and foreclosed of all right, claim or equity of redemption in and to said lands and premises and every part thereof. That plaintiff have such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is served by publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a daily newspaper of general circulation published in Klamath county, Oregon, by order of Honorable Henry L. Benson, judge of the above entitled court, made, dated and filed in said suit at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on the 24th day of January, 1914, which said order requires that summons in said suit be published once a week for a period of six consecutive weeks, from the 24th day of January, 1914, the date of the first publication of summons prescribed in said order.

ROLLO GROESBECK,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
24-31-7-14-21-28 h

Notice to Creditors

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, in and for Klamath County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret McMillan, Deceased:
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Margaret McMillan, deceased, to the creditors of, and to all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within six months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at the law office of Stone & Gale, at Klamath Falls, in said county and state, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate. Dated this 9th day of January, A. D. 1914.

D. B. CAMPBELL,
Administrator of Said Estate.
9-16-23-30-6 h

Legal Notice

Notice Inviting Proposals to purchase City of Klamath Falls Registered General Municipal Coupon Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received by the police judge of the city of Klamath Falls, Oregon, until the hour of 5 o'clock p. m. of February 9, 1914, for the purchase of \$50,000.00 City of Klamath Falls, Oregon, general municipal registered coupon bonds of the denomination of \$100.00 each, authorized at an election held November 24, 1912, for the construction of a city hall. Said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, and be payable twenty years from date of issue. Interest payable semi-annually. Both principal and interest payable at the fiscal agency of the state of Oregon, in the city of New York.

Proposals to purchase said bonds must be accompanied by a certified check, certified by some recognized responsible bank, payable to the police judge of said city, for an amount equal to five per cent of the amount bid. Said bonds will be sold for cash paid down at time of delivery and for not less than par and accrued interest.

Said bonds to be dated April 1, 1914. The city of Klamath Falls reserves the right to reject any and all proposals. Said bonds are issued and disposed of under the charter of the city of Klamath Falls. Proposals to purchase said bonds will be open and considered by the common council at the council chamber in the city of Klamath Falls, Oregon, corner Main and Second streets, on the 9th day of February, 1914.

A. L. LEAVITT,
Police Judge of the City of Klamath Falls, Oregon.
Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, January 2, 1914. 2-8-6-2h

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Claude Coseboom, Proprietor

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Do Miracles Happen Any More as They Did in Days of Yore?
Editor Herald:

To the above question the majority of your readers will no doubt answer No. And such has been my opinion until a few days ago. But when I read in your paper the other day about the Ford Automobile company volunteering to divide \$10,000,000 profit with their employes by raising the pay of all who were not already getting as much or more than \$5 a day, and at the same time lowering the working time to eight hours per day, thereby giving employment to several thousand more men—when I read all of that, I thought it could be called nothing less than a miracle.

We must remember there are something over 23,000 corporations doing business in this country, and that the Ford company is the only one on record that has ever made such a generous proposition. Since reading that, however, some New York brokers have been unkind enough to say that the Ford people did not do this because they loved their workers so well—not even for the sake of social justice, but they say that one of the seven partners in the company intended starting a rival factory, but this dividing up scheme will deprive him of at least \$1,000,000 in profits during this year, which will make it impossible for him to start his plant for some time to come.

For my part, I do not like to believe this story. I much rather prefer to give the Ford company full credit for their act, and hope their names will go down in history as the most generous and justice loving people in American history.

But while this act is praiseworthy, it does not solve the labor problem. Even if their act should be copied by every employer in the world—which is hardly likely—it would mean only a temporary relief. The fact that a few of the workers are getting pay enough to live decently does not help the rest, nor does it appease the hunger of the unemployed, or bring relief to the women with nursing babies who have to seek refuge from the winter's blast in New York's municipal lodging house, of which I read in your paper the other night. But it has some educational value—it should

fill the workers of this nation with a desire to get for themselves, by their own efforts, what the Ford company has given to a few out of generosity.

It also shows what the earnings of labor is in that particular industry. According to Henry Ford's own statement, his company made \$29,000,000 in profit last year, which means that each worker earned \$2,000, besides leaving sufficient for new machinery and improvements. It would seem then, that the claim made by a noted socialist, that under a co-operative industry \$2,000 a year for six hours work, would be the share of each worker is not impossible at all.

There are very likely some of your readers who are not enjoying a yearly income of \$2,000, but who could use that amount if they had it.

To a man up a tree, it looks like all such would break their necks to learn how this could be accomplished.
JOHN AUSTAD.

If in doubt about your insurance, see Chilcote, 685 Main st., phone 66.

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ABSTRACTING

MAPS, PLANS, BLUEPRINTS, ETC. KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON