

HISSES GREET THE SPEAKERS

(Continued from Page 1)

self control and began the argument by declaring the chief question involved was the right of a sovereign state to decide how its election should be conducted. "It is a fact that both factions submitted to the state law and made affidavit that they did so submit. He said: "It proves that the Taft men have no standing in the convention."

Honey declared that the California primary law was passed especially to secure popular expression of the will of the people of the state on the presidency. "The people of a sovereign state cannot be robbed of their rights." He declared California was for the initiative, referendum and recall. "Such revolutionary doctrines as these have startled such men as the distinguished gentlemen presiding over this body, and also Big Steve of Colorado."

(Pandemonium of shouting and hissing.)

"I think," said Root, smiling, "that the gentleman is not yet at a point where he can be declared out of order."

Honey proceeded declared that Tryon and Meyerfield "had not dared to sit with the California delegates."

A New York delegate shouted: "Maybe they did not want to sit with you."

Honey declared that if Taft accepted these two votes he would be "guilty of high treason." Roundly hissed by the Taftites and galleries. "No man on earth can tell," continued Honey, "what delegates received the highest votes in the Fourth district. There were 20,000 votes cast in the Fourth and Fifth districts. Combine these votes and the Roosevelt voters would have a majority of 3,000. I have certificates of the secretary of state and registrar of San Francisco to show this statement is true. Only a member of a national committee whose seats like these were stolen would have the nerve to claim he could differentiate these votes."

As Honey ended he was jeered and cheered from rival camps.

Payne replied to Honey. He was cheered by New York and jeered by California. Pennsylvania and Iowa delegates began asserting that the reason the two California Taftites were not sitting with the other Californians was because Johnson gave

their tickets to two delegates which the national committee refused to seat.

Payne then read the report the national committee filed when the two Taft delegates were seated.

"That report is a lie!" shouted California. Chorus of hisses and bores swept over the audience.

Root said: "Gentlemen, delegates who are refusing to give the speaker the same courtesy accorded Honey can rest assured that no republican national convention ever gained anything by hissing or booing."

His appeal for fair play was cheered by both sides, and much clamor ceased. Payne's argument was technical, and went to great lengths into precedents involved. "They were afraid Taft would get a certain number of districts and La Follette a certain number," said Payne, "so they passed a state law, which they figured would enable them to force a unit rule, which is a democratic, not a republican, doctrine."

Johnson came and took a seat on the platform beside Hadley, Kellogg and Dixon.

Watson read a brief support of the Taft contention. He was frequently interrupted. Johnson was cheered. He was plainly angry, but smiled when delegates stood on chairs and waved flags in his honor.

He said: "This principle is far greater than a determination of the district contest. It strikes at a rock on which republican progressivism is founded. It will be the big issue from now until November whether the people shall rule. While my friends of New York may deride the progressive policies that come out of the West, every thinking man must realize a revolution is on, and progressivism is sure to triumph." Wild demonstration led by Californians.

The question is whether the people shall choose the delegates by primaries or be chosen by bosses. The direct primary is the only means by which the people can secure their political welfare. We had a revolution in California on the Primary bill to show that progressives are big enough to give California what you are not big enough to give us—the right to say who shall receive our support. The bill passed. We carried the primary."

"According to the provisions of the California law on file every faction had a square deal and the progressives won by 77,000."

Johnson's time expired and Root stepped him. Parsons asked for the

unanimous consent for Johnson to continue. Delegate Hammerlinger of New York objected. "The governor of California has advocated ruin. I object."

Root ignored him, and motioned for Johnson to continue for five minutes.

Johnson predicted: "Four years hence we will see a convention where the delegates will be selected by the people, and the credit will be due to the great two-handed fighter who has made the right of the people to rule a paramount issue—Roosevelt."

Johnson's speech was easily the greatest of the convention. He was given a great ovation, while the Rooseveltites chanted "We want Teddy."

WHY THIS GREAT HURRY, JOHN?

(Continued from Page 1)

duct the affairs of 96,000,000 shareholders.

"I second his nomination for the presidency for two reasons to which I can personally vouch:

First—That radical changes in the administration mean further depression and losses to labor.

Second—Uncertainty and instability in the conduct of public affairs mean distress and demoralization in business.

"William Howard Taft, in my opinion, is more qualified than any other man in sight to take charge amid the confusion and delusions, and to relieve labor and business from the uncertainty and instability in the conduct of public affairs, which are many."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Erickson, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that I have this day been appointed administrator of the estate of Charles Erickson, deceased.

All persons holding claims against the estate are required to present the same, with the necessary vouchers, to me at the office of my attorneys, Kuykendall & Ferguson, whose offices are in the White-Maddox building, in the city of Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from May 10th, 1912.

BERT E. WITHROW, Administrator of the Estate of Charles Erickson, Deceased. 23-20-6-13-20 h

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Klamath County.

Mrs. V. Slough, Plaintiff, vs. Marie L. Gifford and Albert J. Hocking, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of an execution and order of sale, duly issued out of the above entitled court and cause on the 17th day of June, 1912, upon a decree made and entered of record in said court on the 17th day of June, 1912, in favor of the above-named plaintiff, directing the sale of the premises therein and hereinafter described, to satisfy the sum of \$1,000, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum since October 29, 1909; the further sum of \$1,000, with interest thereon, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum since December 14, 1908; the further sum of \$1,000, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum since December 14, 1909; the sum of \$300, attorneys' fees, and for the sum

of \$38.00, costs and disbursements, and accruing costs.

Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution, and in compliance with said writ, I have duly levied on said premises, and will on Thursday, the 18th day of July, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the county court house of said county, in Klamath Falls, Oregon, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the above-named defendants, and each of them, in and to the following described real property, to-wit:

The SW 1/4 of Section 12, Township 41, S. R. S. E. W. M. in Klamath county, Oregon;

Or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution.

The proceeds of said sale will be applied in the satisfaction of said execution, order and decree, including principal sums, interest, costs and disbursements, attorneys' fees, and accruing costs, and the overplus, if any there be, will be paid into said court to be further applied, as by law directed.

Dated this 18th day of June, 1912. W. B. BARNES, Sheriff. 18-25-2-9-16 h

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klamath Falls, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, June 14, 1912:

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$233,648.63
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	335.95
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	92,327.16
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	24,824.29
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	5,833.59
Due from approved reserve agents	96,360.30
Checks and other cash items	1,605.71
Notes of other national banks	6,570.96
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	419.21
Specie	\$10,576.85
3 gal tender notes	1,735.00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,250.99
Total	\$530,496.72
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	5,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	945.25
National bank notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to state and private banks and bankers	944.24
Individual deposits subject to check	369,199.25
Demand certificates of deposit	27,331.98
Certified checks	2,000.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	76.00
Total	\$530,496.72

State of Oregon, County of Klamath, ss. I, Leslie Rogers, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LESLIE ROGERS, Cashier. Correct—Attest: L. F. WILLIAMS, E. R. REAMES, CHAS. S. MOORE, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of June, 1912. E. M. BUBB, Notary Public.

Removal Sale

Mr. Man you can make a big saving, if, you will buy your Clothes, Furnishings, Shoes and Hats, ect., here during our Removal Sale.

Below we are taking a few items from our immense stock showing the reductions.

Arrow and Silver Collars, regular 15c, sale price 3 for 25c

All 50c Silk Neckwear, sale price 35c

Mens Silk lisle Hose, black and colors, regular 25c, sale price 19c

Mens 12 1-2 black and tan Cotton Hose, sale price 9c

Broken linen Mens \$3. Hats, sale price \$1.50

Mens regular \$3. and \$3.50 Hats, all styles and colors, sale price \$2.35

Mens Dress Shirts, broken line regular \$1. and \$1.50, sale price 65c

Mens Negligee Shirts	Mens High Grade Clothing
Regular 75c, sale price 50c	Reg. \$12.50 sale 9.25
Regular \$1., sale price 65c	Reg. 15.00 " 11.25
Regular \$1.25, sale price 85c	Reg. 20.00 " 14.25
Regular \$1.50, sale price \$1.15	Reg. 25.00 " 17.50
Regular \$2., sale price \$1.35	Reg. 30.00 " 21.25
Regular \$2.50, sale price \$1.65	

Mens Underwear	Mens Corduroy Trousers
Reg. \$1. Balbriggan, sale price 75c Suit	Reg. 3.50 sale 2.35
Reg. \$1. B. V. D. sale price 75c Suit	Reg. 4.00 " 2.75
Reg. \$1. Porous Knit, sale price 75c Suit	Mens Whip Cord Trousers
Reg. \$1.50 Cooper Union Suits, sale price \$1.20 Suit	Reg. 2.50 sale price 1.45
Reg. \$1.25 G. & M. Fancy sale price 95c Suit	
Reg. \$1.25 Cooper, each, sale price 95c Garment	Mens Suspenders
All the high grade Underwear reduced as above proportion.	Reg. 50 sale price 35c

HECTOR'S Department Store

10c SPECIAL

FIFTY PIECES

NEW, SUMMER Wash Fabrics

INCLUDING

LAWNS, DIMITIES, BATISTES, MULLS

And a dozen other choice summer materials ranging in width from 27 inches to a yard wide, values to 18c per yard. For tomorrow the entire lot is uniformly priced at the yard

10c

GOLDEN RULE THE PEOPLE'S STORE

411-13-15 Main Street

NEWPORT OF YAQUIMA BAY

OREGON'S IDEAL SUMMER RESORT

BOATING SWIMMING FISHING HUNTING Deep Sea EXCURSIONS ALL SEASIDE DIVERSIONS

Low excursion rates on all roads. First class accomodations

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET, ADDRESS

SECRETARY COMMERCIAL CLUB

Winters Slashes Prices

Must Have Money Quick Everything in the store at half price

\$1 will do the work of \$2 or \$3

H. J. WINTERS The Pioneer Jeweler