

## BOHEMIANS COMING IN

### HUNDRED AND SIXTY FAMILIES FOR KIAMATH

### BATTLE AT LAKESIDE TRACT

First-Class Citizens and Partners of High Ability—Others Will Probably Follow.

The colonization of the Lakeside tract near Merrill by the settlement of about 160 Bohemians with their families has just been practically consummated by J. Frank Adams, manager of the foregoing company.

Arrangements have just been completed for the colonization of the Lakeside tract by 160 Bohemians with their families. They come from Bohemia and adjoining States.

The committee appointed to draft a constitution and bylaws for the Pioneers' Association of the Klamath Basin completed its labors some time ago and left it at my discretion to call a meeting for its ratification.

Recognizing the fact that the harvest season was already upon us and that it would be difficult to get an attendance until after the summer's hurry work was over, the thought has occurred to me that as the directors of the Water Users' association have called for a meeting of the stockholders of that association on Friday afternoon, the 23d of October, that the next day—Saturday, the 23d of October—would be the most suitable time to call the pioneers to meet to ratify, reject or amend the articles submitted by your committee, and perfect the organization.

Therefore you are requested to meet at the county courthouse in Klamath Falls at 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, the 23d day of October, 1909.

All persons whose residence in the Klamath Basin dates prior to the end of the year 1889 are eligible to membership under the constitution so submitted, and such are requested to be present.

O. A. STEARNS, Temporary President. (Donanza and Merrill papers please copy.)

### DIMINISHED THE CASE

The case of the State of Oregon vs. Ed Jones for the larceny of a horse was tried before Justice of the Peace A. D. Miller yesterday afternoon. On account of the conflicting evidence brought out by the searching cross-examination of one of the State's witnesses, Joseph Martin, by Attorney R. S. Smith, Judge Miller dismissed the case. In dismissing the case the court called the witness, Joseph Martin, up and unmercifully scored him, saying, among other things: "I believe that you have committed perjury, and if it were in the power of this court, I would bind you over to the Grand Jury and put you in jail."

### AT THE IRIS

Owing to an accident to the Edwards Comedy company they were not able to put on their act in proper shape last night. The management wishes to announce that their engagement has been canceled. There will be an entire change of four thousand feet of motion pictures tonight. Amateur night will be on Thursday night. There will be a cash prize awarded for the best performance. Anyone wishing to take part can do so.

You should never go any place without a Thermos bottle, as they are a joy forever.

J. E. Stewart and William Crissler, a horse buyer, left this afternoon for Springfield, Oregon. They will drive through and fish and hunt en route.

At McHattan's.

## PRESIDENT KERR TALKS

### NOT ONLY GIVES LECTURE, BUT INTERESTING INTERVIEW

### PRaises Klamath Country

Advocates Education of the Masses and Suggests Correspondence to Secure Information.

President H. D. Kerr of the Oregon Agricultural University addressed a good-sized audience at the High School auditorium last night. The Rev. Geo. T. Pratt presided. President Kerr was very much impressed with the remarkable possibilities of this section which he found during his brief stay here, as will be seen from the interview had with him by this paper, as follows:

"I consider that there is a very bright future for this part of the state in the agricultural line, with its good soil, ample water and good climate, which will support a large population. I consider that the immediate future offers the best opportunities in dairying, growing hogs, forage crops, including alfalfa particularly, peas, etc., and the cereals. Fruit will be grown here but I think that will come later when more is known about the variations in the temperature of different localities in the hillsides, which localities will probably be best adapted to fruit growing. In the fruit line more information is necessary here, and varieties will doubtless be developed that will be especially adapted to the conditions of this section.

"There are some difficulties which will have to be overcome here. In localities where water is given for irrigation, an excessive amount will very likely be used, which is always harmful, resulting in damaging the land more or less by becoming water-logged, necessitating drainage later, sometimes at great cost. Much of this can be avoided if the people would be more sparing in the use of water for irrigation, and also better crops would be obtained. You have in your midst here experts who are informed regarding the work that is being done all over the United States in the Department of Agriculture. They are available always for advice and assistance in the work. Then, there is the experimental station at Corvallis, in which specialists are spending their entire time studying problems that are met in the development of agriculture, and they are always at the service of the people and glad to assist. I would suggest to the people here that they do not hesitate to use these advantages. Write to the director there for any information upon any subject, that they may be of assistance to the people here in overcoming any difficulty or problem that may arise, and the experts will always be glad to assist. The people ought to take advantage of the agricultural college at Corvallis. They need to be informed regarding the scientific principles involved in successful agriculture. They should break away from the old slipshod methods of the past and adopt modern agricultural methods. This section should give as many of the young people as possible the advantages of training for this work, so they can come back home and help in solving the problems that are encountered here.

"As to Klamath Falls, this city ought to grow. You have great advantages here with the Upper lake and the timber adjacent. Also, this city is bound to enjoy a great tourist travel from people who will come here and spend their summer vacations. They will establish summer

homes on these lakes. You have a beautiful location here for a city. These hills, with the river, give you an opportunity for building a city that will be beautiful."

President Kerr, in addressing the meeting at the High School last evening, said in part:

"Education has been variously defined as a preparation for life, the unfolding and upbuilding of life, as life itself. Perhaps the best definition is that by Herbert Spencer. He says that 'to prepare us for complete living is the function which education has to discharge.' Whatever may be the differences of opinion in regard to the details of school work, all must concede that education bears an important relationship to individual and national development. Upon it depends all economic and social growth, the progress of civilization.

"The development of the school system of the United States during the past century is without parallel in the history of education. We spend more money for education per pupil or per capita of population than any other nation in the world. Our school work covers every grade from the kindergarten to the university. The enrollment last year in all the schools, colleges and universities aggregated about nineteen and one-third millions. Of these approximately two hundred and sixty-five thousand were in the colleges and universities and nine hundred and sixty-five thousand were in the secondary schools, while more than seventeen millions were in the elementary schools. Our annual expenditures for education exceeds \$350,000,000.

"In response to the demand for trained experts in the development of the resources and industries of the country, institutions of higher learning have expanded and developed their work during the last few decades until the field now covered is practically as broad as human endeavor. The agricultural and mechanical colleges have developed the science of agriculture, have inaugurated work in household technology, and have been a potent factor in promoting engineering education. During recent years many other colleges and universities have established engineering courses and are now placing emphasis upon technical training.

"Concurrent with the growth of higher education, and largely dependent upon it, has been the development of the civic and economic interests of the country. As a result of the work of the agricultural colleges, great progress has been made in the improvement of agricultural practice. The wasteful, unscientific methods of the past are being replaced by scientific, up-to-date work. We are now able to control the San Jose scale, which at one time threatened the destruction of the entire fruit industry of the country. We have also conquered the codling moth, the curculionid, the currant worm, the pear psylla, and many other pests. By following modern, scientific methods, the value of the agricultural products of the country has been increased hundreds of millions of dollars. The yield of corn in the State of Wisconsin has been increased from twenty-seven to forty-five bushels per acre, thereby increasing the value of this crop in one State alone upwards of \$18,000,000. By the same methods the value of the corn crop of Iowa has been increased \$8,000,000. The increase in the corn crop of the United States amounts to more than two hundred fifty millions of bushels. The formaldehyde treatment for smut saves to the country millions of dollars. By applying scientific principles in seed storage, the State of California alone saves \$200,000 a year on its fruit crop.

"Great progress has also been made in different lines of engineering

## BIG FIRE AT DORRIS

### THE HOTEL PICARD BURNED TO THE GROUND

### NO INSURANCE ON BUILDING

Entire Town Turns Out to Fight Fire and Heroic Efforts Check Spread of the Flames.

The Hotel Picard in Dorris was destroyed by fire at 9 o'clock this morning. The fire was caused by a defective fuse. The Hotel Picard is located behind the Hotel Bradburn, opposite the depot, and was owned by Mrs. Silvers, wife of Attorney Silvers of that place. Two or three hundred people turned out to fight the fire, and had it not been that the wind was blowing from the northeast the entire town would doubtless have been destroyed. As it was, great difficulty was encountered in checking it. A few household effects were saved from the hotel. There was no insurance on the hotel.

For the Benefit of the Public.

The question is asked me, "What kind of product does P. H. Murphy, the roofer, use?" I will say he buys the highest price product for roofs of any man that has dealt with me in my 37 years as a merchant. Has 50 different kinds of preparations, and will not buy anything but the best.

GEO. T. BALDWIN.

### PASSENGERS MAY BE GOING AROUND

It was reported yesterday that forty-eight passengers were aboard the narrow gauge en route for Lakeside. When the train arrived it was discovered that there were only five passengers aboard for the northern town. It has been reported for some time that a large number of passengers were to be through here during the last of August and the first of September. It is now believed by many that the excessive rate charged by the N. C. O. is keeping the passengers from coming. It is believed that many who intended to come this way have gone around and are coming in by the way of Klamath Falls. The N. C. O. has given reduced rates, but they were so late in doing so, and the fare is still so high, that in conformity with the old-time policy of that road, their greed is again causing them to lose money.—Modoc Republican.

"A century ago the yield of wheat in Great Britain was about the same as the present yield in the United States, but after a campaign during the past hundred years of scientific methods of cultivation and seed selection, the fields of England that have been tilled for more than ten centuries are now yielding thirty-two bushels per acre. Germany has been an agricultural country for nearly two thousand years, yet the lands produce more than 27 bushels of wheat per acre. If the United States produced twenty-eight bushels per acre it would double the present product on the same acreage. This would add upwards of \$60,000,000 bushels of wheat to last year's crop on the same land, and at only a nominal additional cost. Again, by thorough tillage, the average yield of wheat in the

(Continued on Second Page.)

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