

## MEETING TO BE HELD TODAY

DIRECTORS OF THE FAIR ASSOCIATION MEET THIS P. M.

### TO PASS ON HOLDING OF FAIR

Most Discussed Question Will Be Definitely Settled—Merchants Ready to Act Fairly.

A meeting of the fair association will be held this afternoon when the question of holding a fair will be definitely decided. H. St. George Bishop arrived here last evening, and succeeded this forenoon in gathering together enough to make a quorum and announced that at 4 o'clock the meeting would be held.

Considerable speculation is rife as to just what will be done. It seems certain that the majority of the direct are in favor of holding the fair at the grounds. The matter was discussed this morning, and the sentiment seemed to prevail that the live stock show, races and other contests would be held at the grounds, and the agricultural exhibit at some favorable location on Main street.

There seems to be an erroneous idea prevalent that the Chamber of Commerce can hold the fair. This is wrong. It must be held under the auspices of the association in order to get the money appropriated by the state. It has never been the object to try and induce the Chamber to force itself into the position of the fair association, the sole purpose being to get it to take charge of any entertainment that might be given in addition to the county fair. It was suggested by some of the business men that a street fair be given, the entire program to cover a week. When it was suggested that the association might not want to give the fair this year then the idea was advanced that it might loan its authority to the Chamber, and let that organization carry it through. This, however, cannot be done.

The prevailing sentiment of the business men seems to be that a fair should be held, but that the association should not take the position that it will hold the fair provided the merchants help. What should be done is for the association to announce that it will hold the fair, and then ask the merchants to give their moral and financial assistance. The merchants are willing to do the right thing, but they feel that their assistance should be requested, and not demanded.

## TONIGHT AT THE OPERA HOUSE

The motion pictures tonight are unusually fine, including some of the most interesting films yet seen in Klamath Falls.

"The Troublesome Umbrella" tells of the amusing adventures of a young man and an umbrella which refused to be closed after the rain ceased and the sun came out.

"More Milk for the Baby," showing the wonderful growth of a child who drank about a hundred gallons of milk in a single afternoon.

"The Empty Sleeve, or Memories of Bygone Days," a series of life-motion pictures descriptive of the civil war, showing Lincoln and Grant as they appeared in real life and telling the life-story of a young Union officer who volunteers with his company to silence the Confederate guns and is wounded in the charge they make.

"He Could Not Dance, but He Learned a Wall Flower," his amusing antics at a dance, he learns to waltz while under the hypnotic influence of the dancing master, and his laughable adventures thereafter.

Don't forget—bring your baby's photograph with you.

## AT THE IRIS

Standing room at the Iris Sunday night was at a premium, and those attending the first performance of the Passion Play made their exit with difficulty through the large audience in waiting for the second performance.

Father Cunningham made a brief but impressive address as a prelude, and gave explanatory remarks as the pictures were thrown on the screen, which assisted greatly in recalling the Bible passages grown misty in the minds of many.

The pictures were shown in colored effects, and truly were the most beautiful of all moving pictures ever shown in this city. From the sweet and simple scene, "The Annunciation," the life of Christ was closely followed to the final "Ascension." It is evident no effort is spared by the devoted peasants who enact the Passion Play and the dramatic effect as a whole is simply a march of attainment by such simple folk.

Mr. Gammon deserves much credit for the able presentation of this expensive film to the Klamath Falls public, and the large attendance proved their due appreciation of it.

The Passion Play will be repeated tonight. Do not miss this last opportunity, for it may be some time before another showing of this grand film will occur here. Admission ten cents, as usual.

## OREGON LOSE FIVE MILLION

HAS CONTRIBUTED OVER EIGHT MILLION TO RECLAMATION

### ONLY \$3,000,000 RETURNS

Oregonians Should Make an Effort to Get Their Just Proportion of the Money Paid In.

The following article from the Portland Telegram will give some idea of the way this State has fared in the distribution of the reclamation fund:

An irrigation fund of \$5,000,000, to be used and reinvested again and again as rapidly as reclamation projects can be completed, is worth striving for. It is Oregon's, if the proper effort is made. The systematic, persistent work necessary to secure it should begin when the senate committee on irrigation is here next week. It could then unfold in natural order until the Secretary of the Interior recognizes Oregon's just claim to the amount this State has contributed to the federal reclamation fund, which is above \$8,000,000. The States has received less than \$3,000,000.

The United States Senate is not the enthroned power for distribution of the reclamation fund. That duty has been placed with the Secretary of the Interior. When Ethan Allen Hitchcock held the latter office there was little hope for Oregon to receive any way near what justice decreed that State, but since R. A. Ballinger has taken the post a regime that recognizes Oregon is a legitimate claimant for federal consideration has begun.

Mr. Ballinger has frankly admitted that this State had not been receiving its due proportion of the reclamation fund. To him the State's prayers must be addressed ultimately, but it will not be amiss to impress the irrigation committee of the senate with the unfortunate plight in which Oregon has been left.

Oregon Entitled to More  
Out of the total of about \$50,000,000 turned into the reclamation fund from the Western States embraced in the reclamation law, Oregon has given more than \$8,000,000. The total expenditure for the Klamath and Umatilla projects has been but \$2,819,000, and as about 25 per cent of the Klamath work is properly chargeable to California, Oregon has, in fact, received in seven years of reclamation work materially less than \$3,000,000.

Most of the other Western States have received somewhere near what they gave. California contributed \$3,468,492, and has been allotted \$2,987,900; Colorado gave \$3,820,917, and has been allotted \$4,0015,000; Idaho gave \$3,567,822, and has been allotted \$4,991,000; Montana gave \$4,041,661, and has been allotted \$4,053,000; New Mexico gave \$1,645,481, and has been allotted \$1,315,000; South Dakota gave \$2,565,158 and has been allotted \$3,350,000; Wyoming gave \$2,466,318 and has been allotted \$4,556,000; and Washington gave \$5,092,792 and has been allotted \$3,521,000.

All of these States have received substantially what they contributed. No difficulty was found by the Secretary of the Interior in locating sufficient projects to use the full quota of the State's fund therein. But in Oregon and North Dakota, the former with some of the finest and most extensive projects open in the West, the work has never been permitted to reach the minimum specified by the law. Oregon and North Dakota are

000. By the provisions of the law creating the fund a major portion of it must be applied to the States whence it is derived. Fifty-one per cent of the Oregon contribution would be \$4,168,632, a good million and a quarter more than the State has enjoyed. It will be said that the Klamath and Umatilla projects when completed will call for a larger expenditure than \$3,000,000. In fact slightly more than 51 per cent of the present total contribution from the State. But the most rigid and hostile interpretation of the law would not tolerate allotting to the State the legal minimum, and then using a portion of that minimum for many years in hastening completion of projects in other States. If the Hitchcock construction of the reclamation law is to be accepted, it would seem impossible to proceed on any other basis than giving to each State, for immediate and exclusive use, at least 51 per cent of the funds taken from each State in forming the reclamation fund. This course would give to Oregon enough funds immediately to carry through another big project.

Some of the ablest students of the reclamation law declare that its true spirit and meaning is that the funds accruing from each of the Western States should be used for reclamation therein, so far as the same may be practicable. By establishing a minimum, below which the Secretary of the Interior cannot go in his appointments, the principle is indicated. By establishing a Western group of States for the reclamation work, and preventing the money derived from land sales from being used in swamp drainage or other reclamation work in the East, it is held that the spirit of the law is again suggested to be local, giving each State the benefit of land sales therein.

The fact that the law permitted the Secretary of the Interior to take 49 per cent of the funds accruing from each State in the reclamation group, and using it anywhere else in the group, was interpreted by Hitchcock as meaning that this was the spirit of the law. However, only two States were made to suffer severely, these being Oregon and North Dakota. Each of these States has contributed more than \$8,000,000 to the fund, and North Dakota has received in return about \$2,000,000 and Oregon less than \$3,000,000. These two great States, with a good population to begin with and immense irrigable acreage, have been deprived, while Arizona, which has contributed but \$426,200 to the fund, has been allotted \$7,636,350, and Nevada, contributing but \$206,700, has been allotted \$4,108,000.

Get Back Gifts  
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## A SECOND SPOKANE

C. W. EBERLEIN BELIEVES SUCH IN FUTURE OF THIS CITY.

### OCCUPIES STRATEGIC POINT

Hill Is Coming South, and Klamath Falls Would Be Natural Gateway If Road Goes to Frisco.

Charles W. Eberlein, who is one of the principal owners of the Mills addition and Enterprist tract, which adjoins this city, returned last night from California, where he has been for some time past. Mr. Eberlein is an old railroad official, having been at one time the general land agent of the Southern Pacific company, consequently is pretty well posted on such matters. When asked as to railroad news on the outside pertaining to the entrance of Hill into this section he stated:

"I met a gentleman in California who planned the automobile trip for Engineer Stevens through this country, who advised me that Hill was surely coming down into Oregon. While no definite route has been agreed upon as yet, it is my opinion Hill's road will come down through this section. This opinion is based on the fact that a shorter route can be obtained this way to San Francisco, which is a material factor in railroad building. Also, it is a well-known fact that directly south of this country lie the immense Walker holdings of timber, through which his line would necessarily have to pass on its route south. Hill and Walker are jointly interested in several large enterprises, and with the immense tonnage which is available in this one tract alone (which, by the way, is one of the largest on the coast) it does not seem feasible that this line would be run in an indirect course to Lakeview, and thence on down Pitt river, making a longer line, when the same results could be accomplished with a shorter route through here."

In speaking of the future of Klamath Falls Mr. Eberlein said:

## For Sale - August Only A Summer Resort on Klamath Lake That is Unsurpassed in America

This is a sporting proposition for men of wealth—it is not a farm. Unsurpassed trout fishing June to November. Deer hunting on the premises August 1 to November 1. Duck shooting superior to any in the State over thousands of acres of wild celery and rice September 1 to February 1. Groves and pheasant shooting on the place October 15 to November 15. Best starting place in county for a bear hunt. Center lake automobile road will run through the place for a mile and a quarter. Navigable water to the property, unsurpassed drinking water and power to develop the property. More bottom land and fine garden land than any place on the lake. Thousands of pine and fir trees and thousands of quaking aspen. More varieties of wild flowers and natural grasses and vetches than any place in the county. If you develop this property as it can be developed there is no resort in the county that can compare with it. No amount of talking will describe it; let us show you. We have been offered more than twice what it cost, but have a price at which you may take it; below which we will keep it.

J. G. PIERCE  
at  
Buena Vista Addition  
Casper Avenue, W.  
W. T. SHIVE  
At Idaho Falls, & Co's Store.

ath Falls Mr. Eberlein said:

"It is my opinion within a reasonable length of time Klamath Falls will become a second Spokane. This opinion is based upon the location of this city from a railroad standpoint, tributary as it is to the vast resourceful country north, east and south of here, and also from the fact that Klamath Falls has the natural location for a great manufacturing center, with untold electrical energy that can be developed right here at hand.

"It is also my opinion that this section will become the source of supply in the way of vegetables, etc., for a great stretch of country south of you, where the vegetation is being rapidly destroyed by the sulphur fumes of the copper refineries, thus providing a good market for large quantities of these products at your very door."

Mr. Eberlein is a firm believer in the efficiency of the septic tank for the disposition of a city's sewage. He recently visited Fresno, where a septic tank system has been installed, under competent supervision. He states:

"I made an inspection of Fresno's septic tank, which disposes of the sewage of that city, which has a population of some 30,000. The country surrounding Fresno is practically level, and the sewage question there in the past has always been a troublesome matter until the installation of the septic tank. I found on inspection of this tank that there was absolutely no odor arising therefrom, and instead of a nauseating stench, there was a stream of clear water flowing from it. The city of Fresno purchased a tract of land on which this water is used for irrigation, and it is my understanding that the revenue derived from this land goes a long way towards the maintenance of their sewer system. Klamath Falls cannot afford to jeopardize her future by adopting any method which will make the sewage of this city a menace."

For a cup of coffee that makes life worth living, come to the Oregon House.

For Sale Cheap.—A 14-foot launch. Inquire at Ackley's mill of A. F. Stanley.

LOST—From the Klamath Falls-Lakeview automobile stage, on the Agency road, between Bly and Otene, a satchel belonging to Chas. R. Thompson, special agent of the Firemen's Fund Insurance Co. If anyone finding said satchel will return it papers intact to the Lakeside Inn, Klamath Falls, a reward of \$20 will be paid.

## SAWMILL AT DIXON SPRINGS

TURNER TO MOVE PLANT FROM PRESENT LOCATION

### SHIP PRODUCT TO THIS CITY

Has a Capacity of 80,000 Feet a Day. Formerly Sent Its Entire Output to Merrill.

Turner Bros., who for some time past have been operating a sawmill on the summit of Mount Stokol, will move their mill from its present location to Dixon Springs on this side of the mountain. The task of moving will be commenced some time this fall. The output of this mill heretofore has gone to Merrill and that section. This condition of affairs will, however, change when the mill is installed in its new location, and the output thereafter will come to this city. The mill has a capacity of about 20,000 feet per day. The water supply in their present location has been inadequate, and with the plentiful supply which is to be had at Dixon Springs a continuous operation of this plant is probable.

It will not be many years before this whole country will be alive with the hum of the lumber industry, both large and small, and Klamath Falls, situated as it is, will be the hub. Outsiders see this, hence the predictions of its future greatness.

The saw mill of C. S. & R. S. Moore on the west side of the river, will make its final run for this season commencing Monday, August 30. They have about 1,000,000 feet of choice fir and pine logs on hand, which will keep them busy until October. All orders for lumber should be placed at an early date. Special orders for fir will be given prompt attention.

Ladies, see the new fall coats at K. K. K. Store.

Ladies' and children's fall and winter coats now on display at K. K. K. store. Some stunning styles.

### AT COST FOR ONE WEEK

Cedar screen doors, 3:2x5:3, with hinges, screws, handle, hooks and eyes, all complete, for \$1.55.

Adjustable window screens, 24 to 37 inches, 50 cents each.

Come at once or be too late—only have a few left. Klamath Builders' Supply House, corner Seventh and Main sts. C. W. Harlow, proprietor.

## Newest Creations in

# Ladies' and Children's Fall and Winter Coats



Some Swell Styles

See East Window

# K. K. K. STORE

## It Is Tried and Tested!

We do not take the manufacturer's word for the purity of

# Our Olive Oil

We test each and every lot that we get by the most approved methods. We are giving away a ten-dollar Electric Stand Lamp with Olive Oil purchases. See our window for particulars.

## Star Drug Store

"They Have It"

BEAN CREAM FISH BOTTLES