

**THE ADVOCATE**

Published every Saturday at Suite 312-313 Macleay Building, Phone Broadway 5807.

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MRS. E. D. CANNADY Manager

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Per Year \$2.50  
Six Months 1.50  
Three Months 1.00

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Oregon, as second-class matter.

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"Don't ask for rights. Take them. You don't let any man give them to you. A right that is handed to you from heaven has something the matter with it."—Mr. Dooley.

"They have rights who dare maintain them."—James Russell Lowell.

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**CHANGING AFRICA**

When Sir Henry M. Stanley, sent out by the New York Herald, arrived at the Court of King Mtesa in Uganda in 1875 he came upon customs and ceremonies that had prevailed for countless centuries. The peasants were oppressed in body and mind. Slavery was rife and at any time men and women might be sold to the Arab slavers who took the caravans through forests, swamps, and deserts to Zanzibar, the slave emporium.

The change in the religious, political, ethical, and economic spheres has been marvelous within the last fifty years. It has been a revolution by evolution. Perhaps the greatest economic change is that of land tenure. In olden days all land was the King's property. Now land can be bought. A large part of the land has been distributed among King, chiefs, and certain other people. They hold it in freehold and can sell it at will. As a result of this many peasants are using wages or the proceeds of their sales to buy land and to establish their families on it.

The great wealth-bringer in Uganda is cotton, as it has been in the Southern States of America. Over \$15,000,000 went into the country for last year's cotton crop. That money is spent in buying land, clothing household utensils, bicycles, motor cycles, automobiles, and improving houses. Roads are being made and railways extended to provide facilities for the movement of the fast-increasing cotton crop and goods needed for the growing trade.

—Southern Workman  
**NEGRO HISTORY**

The Herald believes that there is tremendous need for

teaching our young people more of the history of the Race than can be learned in the meager outlines of the textbooks. Only out of the history of the Negro's past can come an understanding of the splendid contributions he has made to civilization. How many of our young people know that when white men were gibbering savages living in caves and dug-outs in Northern Europe, the Negro was building the temple of El Karnak and fashioning civilization. To read extensively and deeply in the history of the Negro becomes a duty. Only thus can our young men and women leave behind them the "inferiority complex" so often evidenced when they try to apologize for being black.

—Cleveland Herald.

**THE LATE WILLIAM J. McMURRAY**

No man with a bigger soul ever lived than William J. McMurray, General Passenger Agent of the Union Pacific, who passed on a few days ago. He was kind and considerate and his death is mourned by all who had the pleasure of knowing him.

**THE POLICE PROGRAM**

The entertainment given by the Portland Police force at Mt. Olivet Baptist church on Tuesday night, April 27, was a praiseworthy affair. The Quartette responded to a number of encores by an enthusiastic audience. It is one of the best in the city.

They showed and explained the work of the Finger Print system which was both instructive and interesting. Chief Jenkins was there and assisted with the program. The large audience was very much impressed with the great showing made by the force and the police can safely count on a large and favorable vote from the Colored citizens.

**POLITICS**

A. E. Clark, candidate for Republican nomination for United States Senator, is making an aggressive campaign.

L. B. Sandblast, whose slogan is "Wine and Beer Under Government Control, No Saloons," is thought to be making some converts.

Miss Lyda O'Bryant, candidate for Judge, is meeting the people in every nook and corner, just like the men candidates are doing.

M. E. Crumpacker, Congressman from this district and who is a candidate for re-election, will not come home to make a campaign but will depend upon his record to keep him on the job.

Senator Robert N. Stanfield is staying at his post in Washington where his services are very badly needed at this time. But his cam-

paign managers are taking good care of his fight for reelection.

**RE-ELECT CRUMPACKER TO CONGRESS He Has Made Good**

The Portland News says: "You've got to know the right people to get anywhere in congress. Maurice E. Crumpacker, after five months as a member of the house, knows more of the useful kind of people than some men would get to know in 10 years.

Already he, a raw recruit, is a member of the important rivers and harbors committee—the first man from Oregon to make this committee since Binger Hermann's time, 30 years ago.

You see, Crumpacker works, even when he is playing.

He has introduced 26 bills and seven of them have passed. Five more will likely pass this session. Seven have received unfavorable reports from departments and will not pass.

His predecessor, Elton Watkins, who is running for senator on the democratic ticket, introduced 42 bills and passed only ONE.

Crumpacker is giving good service. Keep him in Congress.

Votv 21 X Crumpacker, M. E., Republican for Congress. (Paid Adv.)

**Firemen and Police—Take Great Risk**

Two thousand, five hundred and eight persons, mostly women and children, are very directly interested in the campaign for wage increases for firemen and policemen. These 2508 persons are all dependents of the 836 men in the two departments.

They are the persons who have sights of relief each night when "daddy" comes home for they all know too well that since 1920, 18 firemen and policemen left their homes for work never to return, and 151 firemen and 54 policemen were brought home on stretchers. Many of them will be cripples for the rest of their lives.

Firemen's children know their fathers little enough as it is. The firemen must work an average of 12 hours a day and seven full 12-hour days each week.

Both firemen and policemen must pay higher rates for life and accident insurance than most other workmen. Some companies will not insure them at all.

The wage increase amendment which will give them all about 20 per cent more wages, will be voted upon by the people at the special city election, May 21.

**SPORT NEWS**

(By "Denver" Ed Martin)

The open air boxing season will soon be in full blast in the East and good cards pack and jam the outdoor arenas. Tiger Flowers, Colored Middleweight Champion, Harry Wills and Chick Suggs are about the only colored boys we have to represent us and to reap the benefits of the large purses.

Never in history have we had so poor a crop of colored fighters as we have today. Almost as bad as the colored Jockey who is now about a thing of the past. The young colored boxer of today with very few exceptions do not realize the value of his chances. He will not take proper care of himself and if he wins one or two fights it is very hard to tell him anything. He thinks he knows it all, then they don't get very far.

George Dixon scored another knockout over Joe Blackwell at Eugene, Oregon, April 20. Danny Edwards lost a sound decision to Joe Humphry at Everett April 21. Ansell Bell will box Jackie Lewis in Vancouver, B. C. April 30. Jimmie Moore may box Harry Dillon in Portland sometime in May.

Young Nationalista, Phillipino boxer, gave Tommy O'Brien an awful beating at the Armory April 27, winning by a knockout in the 8th round. The bout should have been stopped in the fifth round after several knockdowns. It was plainly seen the end could be expected at any minute.

The warm weather Tuesday was a demonstration of a much needed outdoor place in Portland to hold future bouts.

**TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS**

"A few days ago we sent a letter to ten of our most valued readers, reminding them that their subscription were in arrears, and gently hinting that an early remittance would be appreciated.

"Five of them promptly paid up. One replied that he would pay 'next week'—but he died the following Saturday. Another said he would pay the next time he saw us. He went blind. And yet another telephoned that he would run down and pay sometime. He has the rheumatism now and can't even walk. The ninth said he would 'see us in h-l first. He got religion that night and will not be able to keep his appointment.

"We have not heard from the tenth one yet and the tenth one happened to be you. We have not taken your name off the list as yet because it seems 'sorter' natural to see it there. We have been pretty good sports to leave it there all this time. Won't you be an equal good sport and see that it stays put? We are sure you will. Let us hear from you.

**A. M. E. ZION C. E. NEWS**

Keren H. Mills

"For Christ and the Church we stand! Full o' zepp! Full o' zepp! Boom! Bah! Zionites! Zionites! Rah! Rah! Howdy Folks! here we are again getting ready for May day. We are still making good use of the lovely weather. Everybody happy yet! Bo! On Sunday at 7:00 our president took charge. We had a splendid lesson with 33 present, including two visitors.

—C. E.—  
On last Sunday Rev. Moreland chose for his text "The Supreme Ideal and in the evening he spoke from John 3:7, both services were enjoyed by a large audience.

—C. E.—  
The Gleaners Art Club held a luncheon on Thursday at the home of Mrs. Bert Turner. It was a success.

—C. E.—  
The Missionary Girls met at the parsonage on Monday. The girls are really getting there. Don't forget to subscribe for The Advocate.

—C. E.—  
Ever dependable, victorious over all Eager for knowledge reverend to God Earnest and sincere always to be trusted, delightful and courteous, yielding not to temptation. Meet us at the parsonage Tuesday at 8 p. m.

—C. E.—  
Mrs. Lena Bowers, Mrs. Joe Crain, Mrs. S. Gilliard, Mrs. Camp, Misses Elena Jackson, Daisy Davidson, Madeline Bedford, were guests Sunday afternoon, of Mrs. J. R. Mills and daughters.

—C. E.—  
Watch for the C. E. prophecies.

—C. E.—  
Dear C. E's—  
We "Three" called on our reporter again this week. We decided we would like to see all the boys bring their best "Girl" to C. E. Sunday. Our subject will be "Ten Kinds of Work." Exodus 20:9, II Thess. 3:6-13. It will be our consecration meeting. So beshuretakum.

Honest Toil: Work makes the man, Man makes the work-worth while. We are Zionites! What are you?

**SOMETHING NEW, DIFFERENT**  
Stay off date of Radio Carnival, May 27—28—29. Don't forget the biggest event of the Season. At First A. M. E. Zion Church, 417 Williams Av.

**WHAT SOME HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS THINK OF THE NEGRO**

Continued from page one interesting thing we've studied this term. I never realized how the Negro felt about the way we treated them until I read articles by them. In fact I didn't think they had enough sense to feel hurt and unjustly treated. The Negro has good as well as bad characteristics which I learned from this study and I think that if they are given a chance that they will accomplish big things. The Negro is of course a liability but I think if treated in the right way he can become an asset instead.

**WILL PLAY IMPORTANT ROLE IN "TOMORROW'S" AFFAIRS**

I thought before I studied this problem that I knew something of the Negro and his problem. Since I have studied it I have found I knew nothing about it. I thought before that the Negro was not treated right, but I did not realize the extreme injustice he stands. I think that unless something is done to relieve the pressure on the Negro, we will have a general uprising in about a generation. The Negro is just becoming educated; he is just beginning to feel race pride, but it is gathering popularity very rapidly. He no longer feels inferior to the white, but he feels on an equal with him. For these reasons I think we should try the more to help the Negro to become educated, help him to get decent jobs and help him to get political equality. I think almost our greatest problem is educating the south to the fact that the Negro is going to play an important factor in tomorrow's doings.

**PUZZLED!**

The whole question was rather a puzzle. It seemed that the white people were taking advantage of the Negro. I do not think we have done our duty towards the betterment of their condition. We brought them to this country against their own will, yet we spent large amounts for other people and cut down on opportunities for them. I do not think it is wrong to keep them separated in the south where there are so many but I think it is down right rotten for a white man to compete with them in their own sections or ride in their cars to show his advantages. I do think we should do all possible for their betterment and not regard them as inferior because of color.

**IN SYMPATHY**

After having studied the problem of the Negro, my reactions are purely in sympathy with them. I feel that we Americans are the cause of the Negro problem so foremost in the U. S. today. I think that the Negro should be given all the opportunities and chances of a good education. Those that will go ahead, will make the most of his opportunity. However, those that are just naturally lazy will be left in the dust, and will deserve a meager income. Lynchings are terrible things and I don't believe that the U. S. should have such things laid upon her head. I think that if we keep on showing our prejudice toward the black race, we will soon have a racial rebellion on our hands. And the only logical thing to do is to make the most of the problem and try to uplift the race. The Negroes are here and cannot be sent away, therefore, instead of having a race of ignorant people, we should help educate them and give them an opportunity to make good. Previously, we have kept the Negro down and un-

der our feet, and we could hardly expect them to be other than ignorant, listless and lazy, for we have made no effort to better their opportunities. The whole problem is caused by the American people rather than by the blacks. The problem must be remedied by the Americans and not by the blacks.

**HUMAN NATURE TO WORK FOR POWER**

The Negro problem beyond a doubt is one of the United States' most serious ones. It is quite evident that the trouble lies with the whites who do not believe that the Negro is on the same social plane with them. I must confess that I don't think so myself, at least not when we are in our own environment. If we were in the minority in their environment they would think the same of us.

It seems to be a part of human nature, or is it ever the struggle for existence on a large scale that causes races to strive for the most powerful position and try to keep the other races down. Until people are educated to such an extent that race prejudice is no longer in existence, I do not think that a satisfactory settlement can be made.

**MIXED WITH WHITE BLOOD MAKES THE PROBLEM HARD**

The Negro, I think, is the greatest social problem we have, because it has been inter-mixed with white blood, making it hard to deal with them as we would with the Japanese or others. For this we feel that we must protect the Negro, and we are also the blame for what the Negro is today. I think the Negro should have its own schools and other organizations as long as they are in keeping with the restriction of the government. I also think they should be made to pass a high examination to vote and take part in government.

I think the Negro problem has been handled very good since the civil war. He has been allowed the same rights as the American people and the same protection of the law. He has been far better taken care of than other foreigners coming from other countries.

**THE "CREATURE" REALLY THOUGHT!**

I had always been more or less liberal and tolerant of Negroes, at least, as long as I remember. When I was considerably younger, I happened to read Booker T. Washington's Autobiography. It made the Negro a man to me. I was surprised to discover that that creature had the same desires, feelings, and ambitions, that I had. I was surprised to discover that evidently his mind worked the same way as my mind was wont to work. I respected him thereafter. I have had some Negro friends. I have learned a great deal about myself as well as about them by knowing them. They are sensitive themselves and therefore, thoughtful of others. I did not learn a great deal about the Negro from the class work. It seems to me that the object of the study was mostly to destroy prejudice by showing the Negro as he really is, or is forced to be. I had not had any prejudices against him. However, the subject did bring the problem closer to my attention, by forcing me to reconsider it.

**A NEGRO IS JUST A NEGRO**

It seems as though the Negro is not given a fair chance. From this study I agree that the Negro ought to be educated and helped but I would not want to associate very much with them. I guess

there are Negroes better than I even, but to me a Negro is a Negro. My grandmother can't see Negroes for dust and for as long as I can remember I have felt much as she does. Even from this study my attitude has not changed any. I still feel a little above the Negro even though I guess I'm not.

**MT. OLIVET CHURCH**  
(By Mrs. Octavia Williams)

The services were well attended Sunday the 25th. The pastor spoke in the morning from the 42 Psalm, subject, "As the heart panteth after the water brook so panteth my soul after thee, O God. The church is increasing in membership most every Sunday, four were added at the morning service, three and one candidate for baptism. Geraldine Williams and Mr. Wm. Reed will be baptized the second Sunday in May. In the evening the pastor spoke from the Sunday School Lesson.

**The Missionary Society**  
The Missionary society met at the church Monday, 26th. A very interesting meeting, Bible classes were held and the Juniors rendered a good program. The Juniors served Ice cream and cake, Friday night at the Police and Firemen entertainment, the proceeds will be used to buy curtains for the pastors home.

The Seniors acted as pallbearers at the funeral of Mrs. Cora Kirk on Monday, the 26th. The society extends hearty sympathy to the family. Our next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Foster, Tuesday, May 14th, all ladies and girls are urged to meet with us. The members are especially requested to attend so that we may outline our program for the fifth Sunday.

**The Brotherhood**  
The illustrated lecture on Tuesday evening was very interesting. Chief of Police, L. V. Jenkins had charge of the program. He introduced the Harry Niles, in charge of the Bureau of Records told of the different kinds of crime and the method of handling them. The Finger Print system was explained by A. Anderson, an expert. Pictures of the different kinds of Finger Prints were shown by expert, S. R. Payne.

The Quartette was very good and were encored a number of times. Chief Jenkins extended an invitation to the citizens to come and inspect the Station and their work. The Brotherhood Quartette sang at the Gladstone Baptist Church on Sunday morning.

Mrs. Cora Kirk, wife of E. Kirk, and mother of Ella and Dorris, died April 23rd. Funeral services were held Monday, April 25th from Holman's East Side Chapel.

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Below are the names of a few of his many satisfied patients in Oregon:

Mrs. L. L. Peetz, Moro, heart trouble.

Mrs. F. F. Hager, (daughter Marie), Walton, tonsils and adenoids.

Mrs. E. C. Mulloy, Hillsboro, ulcer of the leg.

Mrs. Nels Peterson, Skamokawa, Wash., colitis.

Grover C. Gouthier, Coquille, Ore., colitis and ulcers of stomach.

Mrs. Carl Johnson, Marshfield, ear trouble.

J. W. Turner, Dalles, stomach trouble.

E. A. Russel, Klamath Falls, appendicitis.

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Married women must be accompanied by their husbands.

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