

Mrs. Adelia Davis



Listen to This Woman's Advice

Seattle, Wash.—"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was recommended to me by a friend, for I had been very sick all thru my first expectant period, and motherhood had left me very frail. I found in the 'Favorite Prescription' a splendid tonic and builder. The next time, I took the 'Prescription' regularly and my condition that time was fine, for I was able to attend to my work right up to the last without help and in comfort. The 'Favorite Prescription' was such a help to me I could not help contrasting my condition during my first experience, when I suffered so much, with the second, for when taking the 'Prescription' I never had a sick day."—Mrs. Adelia Davis, 3525 Dayton Ave. Obtain Dr. Pierce's Prescription now, in liquid or tablets, from your druggist or send 10c for trial pkg. of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., or write for free medical advice.

Sage Reflection.

Natures that have much heat, and great violent desires and perturbations, are not ripe for action till they have 'passed the meridian of their years.'—Bacon.

Powerful Floating Crane.

A floating crane, built by a British firm and shipped to Japan, is probably the largest in existence. It can lift a load of 250 tons at 100-foot radius, or 300 tons at a radius of 121 feet.

Plea for Tolerance.

We ought not to be so rash and rigorous in our censures as are. Charity will judge and hope for the best.—Exchange.

"Hello Daddy—don't forget my Wrigleys"



Slip a package in your pocket when you go home to night. Give the youngsters this wholesome, long-lasting sweet for pleasure and benefit.

Use it yourself after smoking or when work drags. It's a great little fresher!



Rich Field.

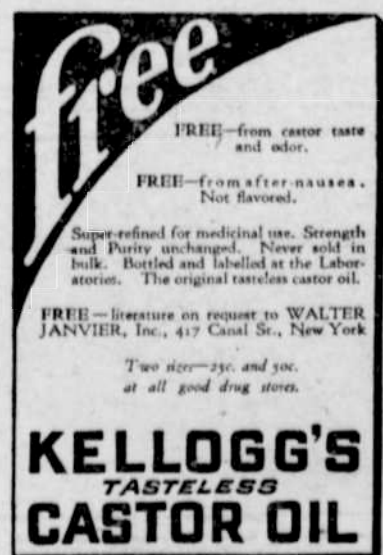
You never know how many dear friends have golden investment opportunities unless you are a widow with a bunch of life insurance money.—Duluth Herald.

Animals on the Radio.

To make the animals of the London zoo "perform" so that their cries of complaint could be broadcast officials merely set their eating time back an hour.

Books Always Friendly.

To avert at any time a troublesome fancy, run to thy books; they presently fix thee to them, and drive the other out of thy thoughts. They always receive thee with the same kindness.



You Want a Good Position Very Well—Take the Accountancy and Business Management, Private Secretarial, Calculator, Comptometer, Stenographic, Penmanship, or Commercial Teachers' Course at Behnke-Walker The foremost Business College of the Northwest which has won more Accuracy Awards and Gold Medals than any other school in America. Send for our Business Catalog, Fourth Street near Morrison, Portland, Or. Isaac M. Walker, Pres. P. N. U. No. 19, 1925

Members of the Exiled Royal Family of Hungary



Picture of the exiled royal family home, Lequillo, Spain. Left to right, are—Prince Otto, Adelheid, Robert Felix, Carl Ludwig, Rudolph, Elizabeth Charlotte and Charlotte. The latter was born after her father's death.

Constitution of France Holds On

Few Changes Have Been Made in Fifty Years.

Paris.—France celebrated very modestly a few weeks ago the fiftieth anniversary of the present French constitution. M. Painleve made an eloquent little speech in the chamber of deputies, and all parties joined in honoring a constitution which has worked so well for France and has practically escaped change since its promulgation. That is the strange thing about the constitution of 1870. France has upset many governments and shown great fickleness in substituting one political regime for another. In the last two decades four important amendments have been grafted on the American Constitution, a document held in exceptional popular reverence. But in France the constitution has been altered but twice in a half century, and that in very minor details.

In an article in Le Petit Parisien Senator Louis Dussest explained the other day the reasons of the constitution's success and disclosed its unexpected sources of strength. It was born of the times and the situation and has fitted their needs. He said: "The French Republic has been proclaimed by the people of Paris on September 4, 1870. But the monarchist and conservative majority in the national assembly multiplied obstacles to prevent a definite vote on the republican constitution which it was its mission to establish. One day it even struck out of a committee report the words 'government of the republic,' the vote being 359 to 335.

"It was left to the most modest but most tenacious of the representatives, M. Henri Wallon, 'Pere Wallon,' to hammer in an acknowledgment of the republic. On January 30, 1875, he was fortunate enough to secure the adoption, by a majority of one, of the famous text, in which the form of the government was officially determined in the article providing for the election of a 'president of the republic.' "On February 25 following, the republic was proclaimed by 425 votes to 254. That was fifty years ago. "The new constitution seemed very moderate and restrained to the reformers of that day. They thought that they had constructed only a temporary edifice. For fear of falling at their noble task, Henri Wallon and his friends had put forward with the minutest care the least controversial proposals and had clothed them in prudent language. In their own eyes they were merely launching the republic. A historian could compare it to a little Cinderella gliding about among the parties." It took on at first the character of a conservative regime,

Excavators Unearth Prehistoric Arsenal

Rochester, England.—Prof. Ernest Albert Hooton of Harvard university is among the archaeologists who are investigating the accidental discovery of what seems to be a prehistoric factory for tools and weapons. Some 4,000 stone implements have been unearthed, and the experts are of opinion that about 50,000 years ago the place was a considerable arsenal as things went then.

which the inveterate monarchists and the advanced republicans both hoped to alter to conform to their ideas and interests. But all attempts at revision were to be futile.

Unmodified for Forty Years. "After two slight modifications in 1870 and 1884—one relating to the transfer of the chamber and the seat of government to Paris, the other abolishing the non-renewable seats in the senate—the republic's political charter remained unmodified for forty years. It has maintained the social order intact and has favored free play of public liberties. It has resisted all attacks and is better armed than any

DISCOVER SECRETS OF FLOATING ICE IN ATLANTIC

Coast Guard to Train Officers as "Iceberg Specialists."

Washington.—The coast guard is planning to train some of its officers as specialists in the patrol work. Lieut. Commander Edward H. Smith, who has been serving as oceanographic officer of the service, is taking advantage of a year's furlough offered him by the American Scandinavian foundation, on the recommendation of Harvard scientists, and is studying the question of icebergs and their contributing causes and drift at Bergen, Norway.

Commander Smith has been a pioneer in the ice-patrol work, serving on coast-guard vessels in the iceberg lanes and during the winter months working up data at coast-guard headquarters and conducting research at Harvard university. From a mission of following icebergs and warning craft of their whereabouts the duties of the ice pa-

FLOOR LEADER



Congressman John Quillon Tilson of Connecticut, newly chosen floor leader of the house of representatives, was ordered to active duty as a colonel in the ordnance department of the army. He will serve on the general staff in Washington.

other regime in Europe to repel the Communists' assault. Were not the French people, under its aegis, able to emerge victorious from the most terrible of wars? Are there not claims to the nation's gratitude? "But its liberal character has made it popular with the immense majority of Frenchmen. It derives in their eyes its greatest strength and solidest guaranty of perpetuity from the fact that it has lasted more than twice as long as any other political regime in France since 1789—almost the life of two generations."

Doctor Has Busy Voyage Prescribing by Radio

Plymouth, England.—Dr. Erskine Gray of the Cunard liner Antonia was kept busy on the last voyage of the Antonia from New York to Plymouth, with calls for medical assistance from other vessels. Four times daily for five days he prescribed by radio for a sailor who had been badly injured on the steamer Bosworth, hundreds of miles away. Then the American steamer Antonia reported its captain seriously ill. Doctor Gray diagnosed the case as one of pneumonia, and for three days prescribed treatment, which proved successful. Several other cases of pneumonia, from ships many leagues distant from the Antonia, also were treated by radio.

Smokers Get Warning Against Forest Fires

Sacramento.—Every time they "light up" in the future, smokers of certain brands of cigars and tobacco distributed in California will be reminded of the danger of forest fires through the careless handling of matches and lighted cigars and cigars. At the request of forestry officials representing both the state and federal governments, several of the largest tobacco companies of the country have agreed to pack with their products intended for distribution in California a printed notice warning smokers against the danger of forest fires.

colliding with the several thousand privately owned "Lizzies" that dart in and out and around and under other vehicles in downtown Atlanta.

Expensive Speeding

Washington.—It costs Washington motorists a dollar a mile per hour to exceed the speed limit. Judge MacDonald, presiding in the capital's new traffic court, has adopted this as a basis for fining speeders, one motorist, for example, accused of turning off 35 miles an hour being assessed \$35.

POULTRY FACTS

POULTRY DAMAGED BY DISINFECTANTS

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) As a result of the widespread use of cheap coal tar products with a strong carbolic acid odor for disinfecting poultry houses and coops, large quantities of poultry contaminated with the odor have been received at some of the big markets. The bureau of animal industry, United States Department of Agriculture, has received complaints from handlers of market poultry who have suffered heavy losses because of the unsalability of tainted fowl, one large firm reporting a loss of \$10,000 on four cars.

Because of the appearance of European fowl pests in certain parts of the country, farmers throughout the East and Middle West, through fear of this disease, have been doing much more disinfecting than usual. In many instances chemicals with strong and offensive odors have been used, many of them not in the list approved by the department, and in some cases the results have been aggravated by the failure to dilute the product. Birds kept in houses so treated, or shipped in crates reeking with the odors, absorb them into their bodies, where they remain after the birds have been killed and dressed. It is thought that another source of the contamination in dressed birds may have been feed on which the chemicals have been sprayed. When such penetrating odors are present in the disinfectant used the birds should not be marketed within less than two weeks of the time it was used and then not in crates recently so treated.

Coops and poultry houses should always be thoroughly cleaned before disinfecting. A good plan is where possible to scrub the interior with hot lye solution or scalding hot water. Such cleaning solutions are themselves good disinfectants. If scalding hot water is not available, the coops may be disinfected with a 4 per cent solution of formaldehyde. While this disinfectant has a very pungent, disagreeable smell, the odor soon disappears. If the poultry are marketed for several weeks a three per cent solution of compound solution of cresol or a product of similar composition may be employed. Any coal tar disinfectant is apt to leave an odor which will gradually disappear.

Many cheap products are now being sold in response to the unusual demand which has arisen since the appearance of the fowl pest. In certain sections peddlers are taking advantage of the situation and are going to the farms with a great variety of cheap disinfectants, sometimes doing the work for the farmer. Some of them are selling strong smelling by-products from local gas plants.

The department wishes to encourage efforts at disease prevention, even though much of this work is being done in regions far removed from any point where fowl pest has been found, but urges farmers to use the above-mentioned methods, which will not leave a taint in the fowls when offered to the consumer.

Sodium Fluorid Useful in Treating Poultry

Sodium fluorid is an insecticide used in treating poultry for lice by placing just a small bit of it at different points in the feathers of the fowl where lice are usually found. Although it is a poisonous substance, the poultry do not seem to get enough of it into their digestive system to cause trouble. If used on cattle there would be more danger of poisoning, because cattle would be more likely to get it into their digestive system by licking themselves.

For cattle a mixture of one-half powdered sabbadilla seed and one-half sulphur is favored. This can be spread along the backs and necks of cattle where the lice are most likely to be, and will be found quite effective in keeping them in check so that they will cause very little trouble to the cattle.

Poultry Facts

Caponize the cockerels. Goslings never eat much during the first few days.

Chicks given the right kind of start in life have many advantages over those receiving only indifferent care.

It is very important not to feed the poult to heavily, especially the first few weeks. Keep them just a little hungry.

Buttermilk is an almost indispensable feed for growing chicks and may be given in any one of a number of forms.

Pullets which are well grown and matured are the ones which make profitable layers during the coming winter.

Young turkeys seem to have a great fondness for new corn when it is just past the milk stage, and they probably could not get anything that is worse for them if they wanted to.

Geese are about the hardiest of all domestic fowls. They require less attention and little or no outlay for housing. However, they must be raised under right conditions to give the best returns, so one must understand their nature and how to care for them.

By providing plenty of oyster shell and feeding the scratch grain in litter so hens will be kept busy, much of the egg eating can be prevented in the poultry flock. Feeding a balanced ration and darkening the nests so the hens cannot see the egg will also help.

LODGE DIRECTORY

Pythian Bath House and Sanitarium. Knights of Pythias of N. A., S. A., E. A., A. and A. (Operating Under Supervision of U. S. Government) 415 1/2 Malvern Avenue Hot Springs Nat. Park, Ark. Hot Radio-Active Water Furnished by the Government For All Baths. Sanitarium has 10 Rooms, Diet and Operating Rooms Hotel has 56 Rooms; Telephone, Hot and Cold Running Water in Every Room. Rates \$1 to \$3 per day BATH RATES: 21 Baths . . . \$13.00—10 Baths . . . \$6.50 21 Baths to Pythians and Calantheans, \$8.50

I. B. P. O. E. OF THE WORLD. NOTICE. Dahlia Temple No. 202, I. B. P. O. E. of W., of Portland, Oregon, meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in each month at Stag Auditorium. All visiting Daughter Elks in good standing in their respective Temples are invited to meet with us. PAULINE YOUNG, Daughter Ruler. LULA HUBBARD, Daughter Secretary. ROSE CITY LODGE No. 111, I. B. P. O. E. of W., MEETS THE 2ND AND 4TH WEDNESDAY EVENINGS OF EACH MONTH AT THE STAG AUDITORIUM, 381 1/2 E. MORRISON STREET. ALL VISITING BROTHERS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED. E. D. CANNADY, E. R., 311 Macleay Bldg. W. C. HOLLIDAY, C. C., 108 N. 6th St. E. J. MINOR, Secretary, 419 Abington Bldg. BOYCE STRAIN, K. of R. & S., 225 Mead St. Syracuse Lodge, No. 1, K. of P., meets the second and fourth Friday nights each month at the Stag Auditorium 381 1/2 E. Morrison St.

High-Brown Face Powder. A superb toilet necessity. In four shades—Natural, Pink, Brunette and White. High-Brown Face Powder has earned its place in the esteem of the most discriminate and skeptical users of toilet articles by its own distinctive merit and the complete satisfaction to be derived from its use. Also a large assortment of toilet requisites for the lady who cares. Manufactured only by THE OVERTON-HYGIENIC MFG. COMPANY CHICAGO. MRS. E. D. CANNADY 312 Macleay Bldg., Portland Pacific Coast Distributor

Daily Fashion Hint. Trotteur Frock. Charmeen is here delightfully adapted to the trotteur frock, featuring all of the fine details designed by Paris to make the straightline model different. The front of the dress is gathered and joined to a yoke and bosom cut in one. The fronts of the bosom are turned under and form under-lapings. Collar, cuffs and pockets are bound with silk braid. Medium size requires 2 1/2 yards 54-inch material. Pictorial Review Dress No. 2307. Sizes, 34 to 48 inches bust, and 16 to 20 years. Price, 35 cents. One-Piece Cape Dress. The Parisian penchant for capes is charmingly portrayed in this straightline model in midnight charmeen. Satin, flat crepe or flannel could be used with equally clever effect. The neck of the cape is gathered to a plaited collar with scarf ends. Inserted pockets and a collarless square neck are other interesting details of the model which, in medium size, requires 4 1/2 yards 36-inch material. Pictorial Review Dress No. 2294. Sizes, 34 to 46 inches bust, and 16 to 20 years. Price, 35 cents.

Some of Japan's Fire Victims



Some of the homeless in the great Susaki fire in Tokyo, Japan, camping out with all of their possessions they managed to salvage from the conflagration.

City Has Air-Speed Law, but Cannot Enforce It

Atlanta, Ga.—Atlanta has a brand new traffic ordinance covering the air above the city, but the police department is puzzled as to methods of enforcing it. Call officers now use "Lizzies" that dart around at a speed of 35 miles an hour, but they can hardly overtake an aviator running like 200 miles, it is pointed out. The new ordinance adopted by city council provides a fine of \$50 or 30 days in jail for any reckless aviator who flies less than 2,000 feet of the tallest structure in the city, or makes it snow with advertising circulars when shows are not on the weather man's plans, or an advertising permit has not been obtained from the city clerk. The police are willing to make an effort to catch any aviators that violate the traffic laws, but they can't figure out how to keep their eyes on their quarry and at the same time avoid