

# Lake County Examiner

Published by The EXAMINER PUBLISHING CO.

Official Paper of Lake County, Oregon

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, in advance.....\$2.00  
Six Months, in advance.....1.25  
Three Months, in advance......75

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THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1914

## TARIFF AND WOOL

The Foreign Trade Convention recently held in Washington directs attention once more to the new phase on which the tariff question has recently entered. It is no longer a question purely of preserving our home markets for home producers; it has become a question of developing foreign markets for our surplus manufacturers and for the increasing volume of our finished products. The necessity of expanding our volume of exports arises not only from the development of our industries to the point where the United States cannot nearly consume all it produces and must find a foreign outlet; it arises also from the great decrease in the volume of our food exports. Our sales abroad of grain, meat, cattle, cotton, wool and other raw products formerly held in the balance of trade in our favor, notwithstanding the relatively small proportion of manufactures we exported until recent years, and notwithstanding the large outgo in ocean freight, in dividends and interest on foreign investments in this country and in American tourists' expenses abroad.

All this has now changed. Our grain exports are diminishing to the vanishing point and we have become importers, instead of exporters, of meat and other animal products. India and Egypt are making inroads on our practical control of the market for raw cotton, and China has become a dangerous rival in that field. Probably the only great expansion of our exports of manufactures has prevented the balance from being already turned against us.

The time has already come to decide on a tariff policy which shall expand our foreign trade in manufactures, in order both to keep our factories running to capacity and to compensate for the shrinkage in our food exports. The choice is between the Republican policy of protecting home industry and of lowering the bars to imports when other nations lower their bars to us, and the Democratic policy of throwing down the bars in confidence that the general decline in cost of home production will enable us to invade foreign markets without any concessions on the part of other nations.

We are now trying the Democratic policy and its result is the reverse of that predicted by its advocates. They promised increased exports which would more than counter-balance the increase of imports which they admitted would follow the passage of their revenue tariff. In fact exports have diminished and imports have increased to the point where the excess of the former over the latter in three months ending April 30 was only \$31,000,000, as compared with \$129,000,000 in the same period of last year. Practically all of our ocean carrying is done by foreigners and we are still a debtor Nation as to income on investments, so that the actual balance is probably against us. This is indicated by large exports of gold and by the fact that in April our banks owed foreign banks \$10,000,000.

## THE CHILD'S HEALTH IN HOME AND SCHOOL

Two problems concerning the health and physical and mental development of a child confront thoughtful parents to-day, consideration of the child outside of school and attention to its environment within the school.

Whether in country or in city, the home influence on its health is most important. A

constant and controllable factor is its food. Herein lies the home responsibility of the mother. She must learn that the food of the growing child is next only in importance to its feeding as an infant; and that the greatest good comes to it through plain, nutritious, well-cooked and easily digested food; that it needs certain foods for body structure and other foods to supply heat and energy. A child should frolic and romp and play because there is a natural relation between such muscular activity and the proper performance of such food material in carrying on their functions. The mother must also realize that rest is as important for the child as play, and that sufficient quiet, restful sleep does its equal part in storing energy and bringing about perfect development. Children need sunshine and fresh air, and at night should sleep in a well-ventilated room with the windows well down from the top. They should be bathed regularly and properly clothed. But no matter how well fed and clothed, how clean and well nourished previous to its admission to school, the parents' interest must follow the child to the school room and see that such environment does not undermine its health. Herein lies the responsibility of the father, as a citizen and taxpayer. It is his money that maintains the school and it is his duty to see that his child is not forced into an overcrowded, poorly ventilated, overheated classroom, compelled to breathe for five hours a day the expirations from forty or fifty pairs of lungs, and its condition so weakened as to render it vulnerable to the attacks of infectious disease. Any one, on reflection will be impressed with the futility of expecting a maximum progression, physical and mental, where children are housed in overcrowded classrooms with little or no moisture in the air, compelled to breathe dry, vitiated air and to attempt mental tasks with suffocated brain cells deprived of nature's generous supply of oxygen. This is the condition in a large number of school rooms throughout the land to-day.—American Medical Association Journal.

## THE WEST MUST WAIT

Unless Western members of the House can induce the Democratic leaders to call another caucus to add to the legislative program for the session, it is doubtful whether any pending land or irrigation bills can become laws before adjournment, says a Washington dispatch.

This fact developed when a delegation of western members called on the President to urge his support of the bill allowing settlers on Government irrigation projects 20 years in which to pay for their water rights and providing a system of graduated payments. The President said that the bill should become a law. He made it plain however, that he could not do anything to bring about immediate passage for he had promised Representative Underwood he would ask for no legislation other than that approved by the Democratic caucus and in no event would he ask the House to pass any other bills while the anti-trust legislation was pending.

The President intimated however, that if the Western members would start a movement for another caucus, in order that the Democratic majority of the House might add other bills to the legislative program, he would then do what he could for the 20-year bill.

The Western delegation then sounded out Chairman Henry, of the rules committee. Mr. Henry said flatly that the rules committee would not report a special rule for the consideration of the bill unless instructed to do so by a Democratic caucus.

These developments are significant of retarding all legislation affecting the West. The bills to amend the 3-year homestead law so as to make it workable and equitable; bills providing for leasing government coal, oil and phosphate lands, and the Alaska leasing bill are all in the same category, and it begins to look as if none could receive consideration in the House unless first approved by a Democratic caucus and then brought up under special rules.

## Paisley Pick-Ups

(Chevaucan Press)

W. Y. Miller struck water on his desert claim north of Five Mile Butte at 100 feet yesterday. Mr. Williams who is doing the drilling feels certain they will get an artesian flow in another forty feet and they will drill to that depth.

F. H. Williams struck water at about 60 feet on the Modin tract on the segregation last week. There is about 12 feet of water in the well and as it was found in heavy gravel there is every assurance of a plentiful supply. It is free from minerals.

J. E. Harper made a trip to Alturas and other points nearby leaving here on Thursday and returning Saturday evening. Mrs. Hartlerode

and Lula Woodward accompanied him as far as Lakeview where they spent a couple of days visiting with relatives.

The Committee consisting of Gilbert Brown, D. B. Conrad and S. S. Thayer who have the awarding of contracts etc. on the road up the Chevaucan River this week let out all the work to be completed by July 6th.

According to information gathered, there is very near two thousand acres of land in cultivation in the Conley district this year, three-fourths of which consist of crops that are looking fine. The prospect of good crops in this district is good.

## Mr. Lassen in Eruption

Mount Lassen, the southern terminus of the Cascade Range is now

reported quiet after throwing out smoke, steam, rocks, and volcanic ash steadily for eighteen hours. The north slope of the mountain, which was heavily snow clad was bare for a distance of two miles by reason of the eruption.

The outbreak is the first recorded in that vicinity in seventy years and the first of any importance in over 200 years, although the Lassen volcanic district is at the western edge of a lava field said to reach as far east as Montana and contains many craters.

## Notice

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Lakeview Flour Mills, Inc., will be held in the Bunting Building on Main Street, June 10, at 2 p. m.

F. O. BUNTING,

President

# The SUMMER MAN

## NORFOLK SUITS

Men's Norfolk Coats and Pants, made from fine all-wool materials, tan cassimeres and olive worsteds; no suit is more satisfactory for Summer wear. Prices

**\$15.00 to \$20.00**

## MEN'S SACK SUITS

The Summer Suits in this class, as shown by us, include a great variety of fabrics—some are imported. The styles are conservative, but with enough snap to give distinction. Prices

**\$22.50 to \$30.00**



Everything to Use, Eat and Wear



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## Union Suits

Men's Light Weight Union Suits in athletic or long sleeve and ankle lengths, in Nainsook checks, fine cotton and mercerized ribbed garments, \$1.00 to \$2.50

## Summer Shirts

Men's Fine Golf and Negligee Shirts, in light and medium shades, with either soft or laundered cuffs and collars, at \$1.25 to \$1.75

## McNARY NOMINATED

JUDGE BENSON DEFEATED BY ONLY 18 VOTES

Official Count of all but Five Leading Counties Complete—Condition Inexcusable

According to official returns from the Republican primary election from every county in the state Justice Charles L. McNary, of the Supreme Court won the nomination for the office he holds over Circuit Judge Henry L. Benson of Lake and Klamath Counties. The total vote cast for Justice McNary is 24,592 and that for Judge Benson is 34,574, according to statement sent out from Salem.

The returns given out are based on the official count in 29 counties in the hands of the Secretary of State and on the official totals from the county seats of the five counties that have not reported to Salem, namely, Clackamas, Lane, Multnomah, Washington, five of the most important counties in the state and ones that are in close proximity of the State Capital. Such conditions of the exceedingly slow returns from these counties, considering their location compared with some of the remote districts and where transportation facilities are lacking, seems inexcusable. The official canvass of Lake County's vote as likewise all the other outlying counties in Eastern and Southeastern Oregon were in the hands of the Secretary of State the next week following the election, and the above named five counties have not made returns yet.

However, it is considered that with the final totaling of the vote, as canvassed by the county canvassing boards, in the office of Secretary of State, providing no further errors are found, Justice McNary will be certified as the fourth candidate for the Supreme Court for the four places to be filled at the general election in November.

## In Memoriam

Division, No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians, of Lakeview, Lake Co., Oregon, has recorded with sorrow the death of Brother Patrick Murphy, a member of Division 5, Ancient Order of Hibernians, of San Francisco, California, and has appointed the undersigned committee to convey to the relatives of the deceased our fraternal sympathy in their great bereavement.

A resident of Lake County for the past three years, Brother Murphy dwelt among his neighbors a good sturdy Christian and was ever ready to lend a helping hand. His life was merciful, generous and charitable; and his death, though regrettable, was yet consoling in that it ended a life well spent and work well done.

May his soul rest in peace.

(Signed)

DANIEL E. O'CONNOR,  
DANIEL E. BRENNAN,  
JOHN F. BURKE.

## RICH STRIKE IS MADE

PROMISING ORE VEIN ENCOUNTERED IN MODOC SHAFT

Continuation of Ledge Is Found at the 100-Foot Level—Insures Future of District

Henry Wendt of New Pine Creek who was in Lakeview the forepart of the week informed the Examiner that a rich strike was made Monday morning in the shaft of the Modoc mine at High Grade on the 100-foot level. This promising mineral vein which is said to be about six feet in width was first encountered at a depth of 50 feet, and now that it has been struck in a drift at twice that depth, its permanence seems established.

It is said that the ore carries very high values and from the miner's point of view this discovery has more significance of giving the district prominence than any that has yet been made. Considerable excitement has been occasioned by the strike and it will have a tendency to greatly enliven activity in the camp.

N. E. Guyot, manager of the Modoc, has shown every faith in the future of the camp and is to be commended for his diligent prosecution of the work on this property. If even one paying mine can be developed at High Grade the benefits to all the country tributary will be remarkable, and the late possibilities of the Modoc will be joyful news to all as it will mean big things for the entire mining district as well as the country in general.

New Pine Creek is Coming New Pine Creek, June 4. (Special)—Since learning that Lakeview is to hold a large Fourth of July celebration, the picnic and dance that was to be given here will probably be postponed and our citizens go en masse to Lakeview. At least this seems to be the prevailing sentiment of the people here, and it is expected that a large number of our people will plan to spend the Fourth in Lakeview.

## Questions Eliminated

Salem, Oregon, May 23, 1914.

To County School Superintendents: For some time we have been unable to furnish copies of the elementary course of study to teachers who are preparing for the examination. For this reason, we have asked the members of the State Board of Examiners not to take any questions from the course of study for the June examination.

Very truly yours,

J. A. CHURCHILL,  
Superintendent of Public Instruction

## Teachers' Examinations

Notice is hereby given that the County Superintendent of Lake County, Oregon, will hold the regular examination of applicants for State Certificates at Lakeview, as follows:

Commencing Wednesday, June 17, 1914, at 9 o'clock a. m., and continuing until Saturday, June 20, 1914, at 4 o'clock, p. m.

Wednesday Forenoon

Writing, U. S. History, Physiology.

Wednesday Afternoon

Physical Geography, Reading, Composition, Methods in Reading.

Methods in Arithmetic.

Thursday Forenoon

Arithmetic, History of Education, Psychology, Methods in Geography.

Thursday Afternoon

Grammar, Geography, American Literature, Physics, Methods in Language, Thesis for Primary Certificates.

Friday Forenoon

Theory and Practice, Orthography, English Literature, Chemistry.

Friday Afternoon

School Law, Geology, Algebra, Civil Government.

Saturday Forenoon

Geometry, Botany.

Saturday Afternoon

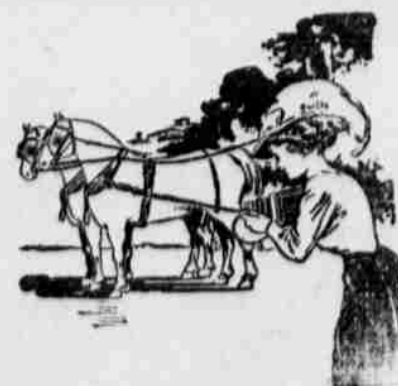
General History, Bookkeeping.

Yours truly,

J. A. CHURCHILL,  
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—For \$400, cash, all taxes paid to date: SW¼, Sec. 1, T. 36, R. 34, 160 acres; SE¼ of NE¼, Sec. 13, T. 36, R. 28, 40 acres; Lot 16, Block 269; Lot 7, Block 341, O. V. L. Add. A. B. McDorman, Scottsbluff, Neb. Jn4



A SPANKING GOOD TEAM should have spanking good harness. Come here and see what we mean by that term. We are showing both single and double harness that is worthy of the best horse or horses ever bred. It is perfect in appearance, perfect in fit and perfect in quality.

**E. F. CHENEY**

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