

Political Announcements

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

G. A. Rehart

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Commissioner of Lake County, Oregon, subject to the endorsement of the Republican party at the Primary Nominating election to be held in said county on the 19th day of April, 1912.

G. A. REHART.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

John Irwin

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for the office of District Attorney for Lake and Klamath counties on the Republican ticket, subject to the will of the people at the primary election to be held April 19, 1912.

FOR STATE SENATOR

Frank L. Young

I hereby announce myself a candidate for nomination for the office of State Senator on the Democratic ticket at the primary nominating election to be held April 19, 1912.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

D. V. Kuykendall

Prosecuting Attorney for this District, will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for that office at the primaries in April.

FOR ASSESSOR

A. J. Foster

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Lake County on the Democratic ticket, subject to the will of the people at the primary election to be held on April 19th, 1912.

FOR ASSESSOR

J. F. Barnes

I, J. F. Barnes, generally known as Frank Barnes, hereby announce myself as candidate for the nomination of Assessor of Lake County on the Republican ticket, subject to the primary election to be held April 19, 1912.

FOR COUNTY CLERK

F. W. Payne

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Clerk of Lake County, Oregon, subject to the endorsement of the Democratic party at the Primary Nominating election to be held in said county on the 19th day of April, 1912.

FOR STATE SENATOR

W. Lair Thompson

W. Lair Thompson announces himself a candidate for the office of State Senator in the Seventeenth Senatorial district, including Klamath, Crook and Lake counties, on the Republican ticket, subject to the will of the voters at the Primaries to be held on the 19th day of April, 1912.

FOR COUNTY CLERK

H. A. Utley

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Clerk of Lake County, Oregon subject to the endorsement of the Republican party at the Primary nominating election to be held in said county on the 19th day of April, 1912.

FOR COUNTY CLERK

O. F. Cady

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Clerk of Lake County, Oregon, subject to the endorsement of the Republican party, at the Primary Nominating election to be held in the said county on the 19th day of April, 1912.

O. F. CADY.

FOR SHERIFF

W. B. Snider

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Lake County, Oregon, subject to the endorsement of the electors of the Republican party at the Primary election to be held on the 19th day of April, 1912.

W. B. SNIDER.

FOR COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT

J. Q. Willits

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County School Superintendent for Lake County subject to the endorsement of the electors of the Republican party at the primary election to be held on the 19th day of April, 1912.

J. Q. WILLITS.

FOR COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT

J. A. Richards

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County School Superintendent of Lake County, Oregon, subject to the will of the Republican party at the Primary Nominating election to be held in said county, April 19, 1912. I have had seven years of experience in active school work, five years in state of Nebraska, and two years in Lake County, and if nominated and elected I will strive to raise the educational interests of this county to the highest standard possible.

J. A. RICHARDS.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE

Wesley O. Smith

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of State Representative in the Twenty-First Representative District, including Lake, Klamath, Crook and Grant counties, on the Republican ticket subject to the will of the voters at the Primary election to be held on April 19, 1912.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

T. B. Wakefield

Believing that the majority of the voters of Lake County are in favor of the claim of the Warner Valley for representation in county affairs, and at the earnest solicitation of my neighbors and members of my party, I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination of County Commissioner of Lake County subject to the voters of the Democratic party at the primary nominating election to be held April 19, 1912.

PROGRESSIVE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.



N. J. SINNOTT

N. J. Sinnott, Republican congressional candidate at the coming primaries, was born at The Dalles, Oregon. For the past twelve years he has been the law partner of Judge A. S. Bennett under the firm name of Bennett & Sinnott, at The Dalles, Oregon.

He represented Wasco and Hood River counties in the last two sessions in the State Senate.

Advocates the trial in this congressional district of civil and criminal cases arising therein and triable in the federal courts. Prevention of gambling in farm products. Income tax. Direct election of U. S. senators. Presidential primaries. Maintenance of the Oregon system. More liberal homestead laws in line with the Borah homestead bill. Parcel post. Freest use of forest reserves and natural resources consistent with liberal conservation ideas. A tariff based on the difference in the cost of products at home and abroad. Free canal for American ships. Restoration to Oregon of its just share of the reclamation fund.

FOR COUNTY CLERK

E. R. Patch

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for the office of County Clerk of Lake County, Oregon, subject to the endorsement of the Democratic party at the Primary Nominating election to be held in said county on the 19th day of April, 1912.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

F. O. Ahlstrom

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for Treasurer of Lake County on the Republican ticket, subject to the will of the people at the primary election to be held on April 19th, 1912.

F. O. AHLSTROM.

FOR COUNTY CLERK

W. S. Blair

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for Clerk of Lake County on the Republican ticket, subject to the will of the people at the Primary election, April 19, 1912.

FOR CONGRESS



John P. (Jerry) Rusk

"For Roosevelt and Progress, against Taft and Standpatism." Progressive Republican candidate for Congress. Always with the people; if you don't believe it, look up his record.

Draft Stallion For Sale

Fine draft stallion, three-quarters Percheron, one-quarter French Canadian, 4 years old, weight about 1800 pounds, color, black. One of the finest draft stallions in Lake County. Can be seen at Pratt ranch, 5 miles south of Lakeview. For particulars and price inquire of Mrs. Josephine Pratt, Lakeview, Ore. M21 4t

When you have rheumatism in your foot or instep apply Chamberlain's Liniment and you will get quick relief. For sale by all dealers.

IMPORTANT PUBLIC LAND DECISIONS

The following important law points, which is of particular interest to homesteaders in this section, have recently been decided by the Secretary of the Interior:

Transfer of land by one, owning more than 160 acres, to his wife in order to qualify himself to make Homestead Entry is not in violation of law if it was made in good faith and not intended as a mere subterfuge for the purpose of evading the statute, but such act of itself is a suspicious transaction and actual faith must be evidenced by such facts as to convince a reasonable mind that it was not a mere collusive device. Affirming *Auker vs. Young* 37 L. D. 176.

Residence upon a homestead is not required after the expiration of five years as a prerequisite to patent and a change of residence after that period does not forfeit a right already acquired. A charge of abandonment against a homestead entry must fail where the entry man is residing upon the land when notice of contest is served.

The heirs of deceased homestead entryman, who during his lifetime failed to comply with the law, may complete the entry by either residing upon or cultivating the land for the full period of five years, if sufficient of the entry remains for that purpose; or may commute upon a showing of residence and cultivation for fourteen months, but cannot commute upon a showing of cultivation alone.

A contestant cannot be allowed a preference right to make entry of land within a reclamation project.

TAFT IS FOR PRIMARIES

He Has Nothing to Fear From Popular Vote.

The Roosevelt campaign is making a strong bid for popularity by claiming that their side alone wants a popular expression on the Presidential candidacy. This contention is not well founded however, for there is no known instance where President Taft has opposed the Presidential preference idea, and he has always been willing to trust his own fortunes with the people.

He refused to advise the Republican National Committee what attitude to take upon this question and he even let it be known that he was willing to meet his opponents in any presidential primary where the voters would be sure of a fair vote and a fair count. Opposition to the primary in the Taft campaign is only based upon the absence of a law authorizing the primary in many states and the lack of any legal provision for the payment of expenses.

As the campaign develops, it appears that the more presidential primaries are held, the better it will be for Mr. Taft. This condition is now being generally recognized throughout New England. The Massachusetts situation is one rather favorable to the administration. Reports from that state are to the effect that Roosevelt killed himself by his Columbus speech. It was thought he would give Taft a strong fight in Massachusetts, but now it is doubted if he will get even a delegate.

The Taft campaign managers are not concerned because the Massachusetts legislature has passed a presidential preference law. It is the belief of those in politics that if the people were given a chance they would endorse Taft, not only in Massachusetts but throughout New England.

CANDIDATES AND COIN

Roosevelt Campaign will be Hampered by No Lack of Funds.

There is one advantage which is generally conceded to Colonel Roosevelt, and that is that his campaign will be hampered by no lack of funds, say a Washington correspondent.

Not only have his managers at their disposal the very liberal contributions collected to promote his bid by the committee headed by George W. Perkins and Frank Munsey, but the members of the Roosevelt executive committee are all "malefactors"—big money-men of great wealth. Alexander H. Revell is a millionaire furniture dealer; Truman H. Newberry is a millionaire manufacturer; Gifford Pinchot and his brother, Amos Pinchot, each inherited a million dollars; State Senator Flinn, of Pittsburg, is a wealthy man; Walter Brown, of Ohio, has made a comfortable fortune as the attorney for Dan Hanna, and Mr. Hanna himself can contribute any amount of cash and not feel it; Cecil Lyon, of Texas, is the owner of large ranching properties, several banks and abundant capital, and the "old guard" committeeman from New York, William L. Ward, is understood to be fairly well off.

All of which seems to warrant the assertion of one of the Roosevelt supporters, who said: "This is no piker's game. We've got the chips and the players."

GIVES REASON FOR RAILROAD MERGER

For self defense and self preservation, the Union Pacific bought 45 per cent of the stock of the Southern Pacific, according to the story recently laid before the supreme court in a brief for the Union Pacific, prepared by P. F. Dunne, of San Francisco, and filed in the government's suit to dissolve the Harriman merger.

Unwilling to be bottled up at Ogden, Utah, the attorney stated, the Union Pacific bought 37 1/2 per cent of the Southern Pacific stock in 1901, that the Southern Pacific should continue as its friendly connection to the Pacific ocean. The majority stockholders of the Southern Pacific "gave their confidence to the men who had achieved so much for the Union Pacific and yielded the executive management of the Southern Pacific company to the nominee of a minority stockholder," according to Mr. Dunne.

In 1912 the formation of a hostile "Wall Street pool" to wrest control of the Southern Pacific from the Union Pacific to caused the Union Pacific to raise its holdings to forty five per cent. According to the brief filed, the Union Pacific sold a block of stock in 1910 only to buy it back in 1910, when the "administration railroad bill" was proposed in congress. At no time was the purchase of stock prompted by an intent to monopolize interstate commerce or to restrain trade, it was stated. The railroad company argued that only unreasonable restriction of competition was prohibited by the Sherman anti-trust law.

"Certainly if the supreme court of the United States," Attorney Dunne said, "has made one thing clear in its exposition of the anti-trust act, it is that the restriction of competition must be direct in its nature, not remote, undue and unreasonable, if any restriction there be. This is the thought that runs through the decisions from the first beginnings of the interpretations of the anti-trust act and finds recent expression in the oil and tobacco cases."

ECONOMY IS WATCHWORD

President Taft Has Cut Expenses During His Term.

President Taft believes that the business of the American people, which is the United States government, can be run more economically. He expects an economy commission will point out ways to effect a considerable saving in many of the departments.

The three years of President Taft's administration has proved that economy is quite possible and the president has practiced the new policy successfully. Upon taking office, President Taft warned every cabinet member, as well as the heads of bureaus, that they would be held individually responsible for cutting the expenditures under their control.

On July 1st, 1909, the Taft administration faced a deficit of \$56,000,000. One year later, this deficit had been changed into a surplus of \$14,000,000 and by July 1st, 1911, the surplus had risen to \$47,000,000. The normal increase of Federal expenditures is about 4 per cent, each year. Yet the expenditures, which were \$662,000,000 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, shrank within the following year to \$654,000,000, an actual decrease instead of the normal increase.

Perhaps the best known economy effected was the wiping out of the annual deficit in the Postal Department and another was the elimination of wide-spread frauds in the customs service. The scaling down process for the fiscal year of 1911 involved cutting the estimates made by the department heads \$50,000,000.

Economy

Salem, Ore., March 29.—Giving as a reason that his traveling appropriation is exhausted, Governor West, to avoid the creation of a deficiency and to avoid drawing on his personal account, will take the horseback route over the Cascade Mountains to attend the meeting of Western Governors at Boise this Fall. The distance from here is 500 miles, and during the trip he will stop by the way to deliver addresses on good roads. He does not plan, however to make more stops than are necessary to rest himself and horses.

The Governor gives as one reason why the appropriation is exhausted the fact that he drew on it for the Governor's special trip. He was reimbursed for this to the extent of \$105, but as the law provided that all money coming into the hands of state officials must be turned over to the general fund, he could not put the same back into the traveling fund. In consequence, he claims he should have had at the first of the year \$100 in the fund, but as he made many trips since then the fund now, no doubt, is exhausted.

John W. Sikel Smith, Greensboro, Pa., has three children, and like most children they frequently take cold. "We have tried several kinds of cough medicine," he says, "but have never found any yet that did them as much good as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy." For sale by all dealers.

AN INVITATION
Write us for information
Relative to Lakeview, Residence or Business Property.
Relative to Lake County Farm, Orchard and Ranch Property.
Call at our Lakeview Office
For Prices and to see our Listings of all kinds of High Class
Lakeview and Lake County Property.
We want to meet you, "Stranger"
MAKE OUR OFFICE YOUR HEADQUARTERS.

PATCH & FISK, Lakeview, Ore.

HOTEL LAKEVIEW
ERECTED IN 1900
MODERN THROUGHOUT
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS
SAMPLE ROOM For COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS
COURTEOUS TREATMENT
LIGHT & HARROW, Proprietors
F. P. LIGHT GEO. HARROW

Lakeview Meat Market
HAYES & GROB, PROP'RS
Choice Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Etc., Etc.
Try our Sausages and Cured Meats
Quality Unexcelled
Free Delivery

Low Fares West
SPRING COLONIST PERIOD
DAILY, MARCH 1st to APRIL 15th
TO
All Central Oregon Points
ON
OREGON TRUNK RY.
CENTRAL OREGON LINE

FROM	
CHICAGO	\$32 00
CINCINNATI	37 50
MILWAUKEE	31 50
ST. LOUIS	32 00
NEW YORK	50 00
DETROIT	38 00
ST. PAUL	\$25 00
KANSAS CITY	25 00
OMAHA	25 00
DES MOINES	27 50
INDIANAPOLIS	35 65
DENVER	25 00

From Other Eastern Points in Proportion
Tell your friends in the East of this opportunity of moving West at low rates. Direct train service via Burlington Route, Northern Pacific, Great Northern, "North Bank" and Oregon Trunk Railways.
You can deposit funds with me, and west bound tickets will be furnished people in the East.
Details will be furnished on request.
W. E. COMAN, Gen'l Freight & Pass. Agt., PORTLAND, ORE.
J. H. CORBETT, Agent, BEND, ORE.

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EVERYWHERE THEY USE
LEVI STRAUSS & CO.
COPPER RIVETED OVERALLS

IN THE MINE IN THE FIELD AT PLAY AT THE CANAL