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A complete line of wagon and buggy harness, whips, robes, bits, riates, spurs, quilts, rose-ettes, etc., etc.

Everything in the line of carriage and horse furnishings. Repairing by competent men.

THE BEST VAQUERO SADDLE ON THE MARKET

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THE LAKEVIEW ABSTRACT & TITLE CO.

Abstracts to O.V.L. Property \$3.50 for each tract of land in Lake Co. for each Town Lot in Lakeview, Oregon, including first deed from the Company.

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THIS OFFER GOOD UNTIL AUGUST 1st, 1911

COLORADO HOTEL

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BEST MEALS IN TOWN--Try Us
GOOD, CLEAN ROOMS

BAKERY
Bread, Hot Rolls and Cakes Baked Daily

Lakeview - - Oregon

LAKE COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY

Incorporated.
A Complete Record
We have made an entire transcript of all Records in Lake County which in any way affect Real Property in the county. We have a complete Record of every Mortgage and transfer ever made in Lake County, and ever Deed given.

Errors Found in Titles
In transcribing the records we have found numerous mortgages recorded in the Deed record and indexed; and many deeds are recorded in the Mortgage record and other books. Hundreds of mortgages and deeds are not indexed at all, and most difficult to trace up from the records.

We have notations of all these Errors.
Others cannot find them. We have put hundreds of dollars hunting up these errors, and we can fully guarantee our work.

J. D. VENATOR, - - Manager.

WILLOW RANCH ORCHARD TRACTS

Apples Apples Apples

Keeping Qualities

NO BLIGHT
NO INSECTS
NO FAILURES
BIG PROFITS

10 ACRE TRACTS

Planted, Irrigated, Sprayed and Cared for
Price \$150 per Acre
One-third down, balance \$20 per month
No Taxes, No Interest

Tri-State Land Company

Lakeview, Oregon

Write for Booklet and Information

CLEAR VICTORY FOR RUSHLIGHT

After one of the hottest campaign fights ever waged in Portland, Mayor Joseph Simon, independent Republican, was overwhelmingly defeated for re-election by A. G. Rushlight, the direct primary Republican nominee.

The Democratic candidate, George H. Thomas apparently received his full party strength, but as Democrats are in hopeless minority neither he nor Charles H. Otten, Socialist, who ran fourth, and J. Allen Harrison, Prohibitionist, who was in fifth place, were important factors in the contest.

Protect the Garden

Corvallis, June 10.—Just what to kill the bugs and worms which annoy the gardener of vegetable and small fruit tracts at this time of year, is told in a new bulletin of the Oregon Agricultural College which will soon be issued from the college press.

"Plant lice, or aphids, such as the cucumber aphid, cabbage aphid, lettuce aphid, strawberry aphid, rose aphid and others, often become very troublesome in the garden on various plants, and some of them are extremely hard to control," says H. F. Wilson, entomologist, who is author of the work. Black aphids become troublesome, or before the leaves curl, is effective.

For worms on cabbage and cauliflower Paris green or arsenate of lead should be used. For cut-worms on onions, a bran-arsenic mash or a Paris green dry bait.

For the striped cucumber beetle, the plants should be destroyed dusted with Paris green or sprayed with arsenate of lead. It is well to plant some early squash for trap plants, and when the beetles are feeding on them, dust heavily with Paris green.

"For worms on the leaves of currant bushes, one should spray with arsenate of lead. For fruit worms destroy the infested fruit and allow the poultry to run of the infested bushes when the infested fruit is falling. For aphids apply aphid spray when the berries are just coming out. Gooseberries should be given the same treatment as currants.

"For plant lice on hops, a thorough spraying should be given with Black Leaf or Kerosene Emulsion at the time the lice are on the plant, and the treatment may be repeated in June if necessary. For aphid on peas the treatment is the same.

"To get rid of the striped cucumber beetle on muskmellons, the treatment is the same as on cucumber vines, and for flea beetles on potato vines a heavy strength spray of arsenate of lead whenever the beetles appear should be effective. Watermelons pests are treated as the muskmellons.

"When there are cane maggots on the raspberry bushes, the only thing to do is to cut out the infested canes and burn them. For aphid and leaf hoppers on rose bushes, a Kerosene emulsion or Black Leaf spray should be used. For flea beetles on tomato plants a spray of arsenate of lead should be used whenever they appear; for aphid, the kerosene or Black Leaf spray is good.

"Strawberry plants infested with crown miners and root borers should be destroyed before May 1. For leaf rollers, the tops should be burned as soon as possible after the crop has been gathered. In addition it is well to spray the foliage thoroughly with arsenate of lead about the first of May, and repeat the treatment in about two weeks.

For cut worms a bran-arsenic mash or Paris green dry bait should be used. When flea beetles are found on sugar beets, the plants should be sprayed at once with arsenate of lead, and the treatment should be repeated two or three times at intervals of about two weeks or so.

"If the beds of the violets have red spiders or aphid, Black Leaf or kerosene emulsion should be used. In case one treats for red spider with the kerosene, the under side of the leaf must be sprayed to be effective."

Must Move Rapidly

The 32 claimants of the Brown group of alleged coal claims in the Chugach national forest, Alaska, have been notified by the Juneau land office to show cause within sixty days why their claims should not be recommended for cancellation because of failure to comply with the requirements of the United States statute which provides that a locator of coal land must apply for patent within three years from the date of location.

There are no allegations of fraud in the present proceedings, but Raymond Brown, who located the group, is under indictment for conspiracy to defraud the government for possession and use of the lands. The lands, so far as the government officials know, are worthless, except for scenery, the claims being located mostly on glacier ice for speculative purposes.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

TELLS SECRETS OF STEEL TRUST

Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation directorate, told the Stanley steel trust investigation committee that his organization stood behind P. J. Morgan in averting a disastrous upheaval in 1907. He insisted, challenging the statement of John W. Gates before the committee that purchase by the steel corporation by the Tennessee Coal and Iron company at that time was made at a price more than it was worth for the express purpose of preventing a crash of a New York banking firm of Moore & Achley.

Gary made many surprising statements during his eight hours examination, but none more startling than his declaration that the government control and publicity of corporations in this country must come. Gary announced to the committee he wanted everything known concerning the steel corporation, and more than all he pleaded for some responsible government source to which such a necessary great corporation could appeal for guidance in the conduct of its business.

He agreed to furnish the committee so much information that it wished to have that he will be recalled when it meets again.

"It was the opinion of some of those interested that the failure of Moore & Achley would be followed by the failure of many other banks," Gary said.

"Mr. Morgan said to me: 'If the United States Steel corporation or some one else does not furnish relief, no man can say what the effect will be on the financial situation throughout the country. I have no doubt such action will relieve the situation. I said I would not consider taking any action without going to Washington and taking the matter up with the president.

"Have they any right," asked Morgan, "to say whether the United States Steel corporation should buy this corporation or not?"

Gary replied, "No," but that he thought it was a wise procedure, and Morgan finally agreed with him. Not until Morgan told him what he thought of a panic, did Mr. Frick give any encouragement to the plan.

Gary said Frick agreed with him that the stock was worth more than 55. After many conferences, it was finally agreed to "take the stock at 90, but this was declared not enough to off pull Moore & Achley through, and it was increased to 100.

"We were all clearly of the opinion," said Gary, "that the attorney-general might not have right to endorse the transaction, and that, after the agreement to buy the stock at 100, the finance committee of the steel corporation met and discussed putting the deal up to President Roosevelt."

Gary stated that he and Frick went to Washington to talk the matter over with Roosevelt, and that the president called in Root, secretary of state, for his advice.

"Did the president ask Secretary Root's opinion as to the legality of the transaction?" asked Mr. Littleton.

"He did," said Gary, "and there was no disagreement between any of us."

Later Gary addressed a letter to Root, reviewing the entire conference as he remembered it, asking Root if it agreed with his recollection. Gary states in his letter that he understood the president to say that while he would not make any promises as to what the government would do, he certainly would not stand in the way. Both Root and Roosevelt replied that Gary had stated the facts as they understood them.

"When you went to the president, did it amount to your obtaining an opinion as to whether the deal was a violation of the law?" asked Littleton.

"We did reach the conclusion," replied Gary, "that if we acquired the securities and afterwards there should be proceedings by the government against us to prevent confirmation of the deal, it would amount to a great outrage."

"And if such proceedings were taken the company thought it would have a strong defense, did it?" asked Littleton.

"Well, I should think we would have, if Mr. Martin Littleton were defending the case," said Gary.

Gary said he regretted Mr. Stanley's evident suspicions and Stanley replied that he regarded absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company by tacit consent of the president with profound astonishment.

It came out that Moore & Achley were not in such bad shape as had been represented, but that Morgan and others believed the situation so grave that the purchase finally was made.

Mr. Gary aroused the interest of the committee when he stated the price of steel rails would be increased and that the railroads had been so notified. He said the increase is due to greater cost of production and to the fact that heavier and better rails are now required.

FOREST SERVICE MAKING BIG TESTS

A large force of men is at present employed by the United States Government for the Forest Service near Sumpter. The sum of \$52,000 has been appropriated for this particular section for the purpose of exterminating the insect pests destroying portions of the Government's forest. Fully 100 men are at work in the different camps whose duty it is to cut down and burn all trees that are found infested. The undertaking is an experiment on the part of Uncle Sam, but sufficient success has been secured by this course to demonstrate that the results will be satisfactory and many millions of feet of lumber saved for future generations. In prosecuting this work the snow line is followed closely in order to destroy the pests before they take wing and fly to other points, there to continue their deadly inroads against the Eastern Oregon forests.

Auction Sale

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction at Bleber's corner on Saturday, June 24, 1911, all of his household furniture. Terms of sale to be strictly cash.

M. Roehl, Tom Watson, Auctioneer.

Paper for Portland

William Randolph Hearst, publisher of newspapers in five of the largest American cities, has decided to establish a daily paper in Portland and, according to an announcement made just prior to leaving Europe last week, publication will begin either in September or October. It is understood Mr. Hearst's representatives have already secured a building to be used as the mechanical equipment will be entirely new.

For some time Hearst has had representatives investigating conditions in Portland, Seattle and Spokane with an eye to establishing a daily paper in one of the three cities, so as to give him an organ in the Pacific northwest. The plant of the defunct Inland-Herald in Spokane was offered Hearst, it is understood, but he has decided to put in an entirely new plant here.

Dent H. Roberts, manager of the San Francisco Examiner, has made several trips to Portland, Seattle and Spokane within the past few months the most recent one but a few days ago. While looking over the Seattle field he entered into negotiations with the owners of the Post-Intelligencer, which fell through, partly because the owners and the Hearst representative were unable to come to terms and partly because Mr. Hearst did not look upon the Seattle field with as much favor as he did Portland.

It is understood Hearst intends taking a very active part in the next presidential campaign, not, however, as a candidate himself, but he has been desirous of having a paper in the northwest to express his views politically on this part of the country.

Rumors have been current for some time that Hearst planned to establish papers in New Orleans, St. Louis, Atlanta, Portland, Spokane and Seattle. He has had representatives looking over each of these cities reporting to him what property could be acquired for in each and in what cities papers would have to be established. Up to the present, however, the only one definitely decided upon is the new Portland daily.

Hearst owns the New York American and the New York Evening Journal, the Boston American, the Chicago Examiner, the San Francisco Examiner and the Los Angeles Examiner. He is also publisher of the Cosmopolitan magazine, is the head of the Hearst news service, which supplies not only his own but many other papers with a news and picture service, and is largely interested in various manufacturing concerns connected with the newspaper business.

Why It Jolts You

When an automobile strikes a bump in the road the force of the blow has an exact formula in mechanics, according to information furnished by an engineer of the Franklin Automobile Company. The formula in F equals M times A. F is force of the blow, M is the mass or weight of the car, and A is the speed of the car when it hits the bump. Therefore, the greater the weight of the car, the speed being the same, the greater becomes the force of the blow. Continuing the illustration, if a seven-passenger car has one passenger in it and strikes a bump with such speed that the spring strikes "bottom," the occupant gets a severe blow, and with seven passengers in the same car, driven at the same speed and striking the same bump, there will be a great increase in the force of the blow. Applying the same illustration to cars of different weights, the light car, according to the formula, results in a blow of less force. The effect of the blow is admitted to be important whether the springs "bottom" or not. A rough spot in the road always produces a strain on the mechanism of the car in proportion to the weight, spring suspension being the same.

TRANSFER OF LAKE COUNTY PROPERTY

Reported by the Lakeview Abstract and Title Company

The following Deeds were recorded in Lake county for the week ending June 8, 1911.

E. C. Wiley to Walter Paxton, NW 1 SW 1 Sec. 3, 39-20, Lot 38, Blk. 219 O. V. L. Add. \$400.

V. J. Pesick to Alma Pesick, Lot 1 in Blk. 331, O. V. L. Add. W 1 SW 1, Sec. 1, 36-27.

Sadie Stubblefield to Elmer Slose, Lot 36, Blk. 77, O. V. L. Add. S 1 SE 1 NE 1, Sec. 7, 39-20. \$350.

H. W. Drenkel to C. A. Watson, S 75 ft of Lot 5 Blk. "B" of Lane's Add. to Lakeview.

H. R. Gale to J. C. Smith, Lot 43, Blk. 13, O. V. L. Add.

C. E. McCarty to William McCarty, S 1 SE 1 SW 1, Sec. 36, 25-19.

W. C. Thines to Niels Quist, NE 1 SE 1, Sec. 32, 38-19.

The Northwest Trust & Safe Deposit Co., to John Hallett, W 1 NE 1, Sec. 16, 23-19. \$360.

David Holton to J. A. Morris, beginning in the NW corner of Sec. 28, 26-24, thence S 395 ft E 450 ft N 395 ft W 450 ft to place of beginning. \$630.

J. A. Morris to Sallie Riggs commencing at the NW corner of Sec. 28, 36-24, thence S 75 ft, E 197 ft, S 197 ft, E 197 ft, W 395 ft to place of beginning. \$175.

N. P. R. R. to C. W. Withers, SW 1 NW 1, Sec. 15, 33-17. \$330.

U. S. A. to N. E. Curry, NE 1 NE 1, Sec. 27, 40-18.

N. E. Curry to H. C. Curry, NE 1 NE 1, Sec. 27, 40-18. \$100.

H. C. Curry to J. H. Noble NE 1 NE 1, Sec. 27, 40-18. \$275.

T. McDonald to John Dunn, Lot 27, Blk. 87, O. V. L. Add. N 1 S 1 NW 1 NW 1, Sec. 3, 34-20. \$320.

J. E. Waugh to F. B. Gabriel, S 1 NE 1 SW 1, Sec. 15, 38-20. \$500.

Wm. McCarty to C. E. McCarty, Lot 3 in Blk. "K" of the town of Silver Lake, Oregon.

J. H. Mathieson to W. E. Sampson, Lot 13, Blk. 341, O. V. L. Add.

U. S. A. to Jennie Holder, SE 1 NW 1, Sec. 24, 34-19. \$100.

O. G. Shirk to D. L. Shirk lands in Secs. 10 and 11, 39-27. \$10.

M. J. Farrow to A. M. Miller beginning 91 1/2 ft N of the SW corner of the SE 1 of Sec. 24, 38-18, thence E 300 ft to place of beginning.

R. L. Benefield to C. S. Benefield Lot 7 in the Second South Add. to Paisley, Oregon.

C. S. Benefield to M. C. Currier, Lot 4 in the South Add. and Lot 7 in the Second South Addition to the town of Paisley, Oregon. \$700.

J. H. Noble to L. C. Carriker, NE 1 NE 1, Sec. 27, 40-18. \$100.

There were 25 O. V. L. Deeds recorded.

Great Irrigation

Chewaucan Press: The Anna River Irrigation Project is nearing its fulfillment. In about a week, contracts can be made with the company for plenty of water to irrigate as much land as is desired.

Experts have pronounced the work at Anna River one of the best in the country. The water from the river was diverted into the big "flume" about a week ago and all that remains to be done is the installing of the "big pump." All the ditches and the laterals are complete, provision having been made to irrigate thousands of acres of hitherto unwatered land. The pump will derive its power from the river, whose water it elevates to a height of thirty-one feet, at the rate of from three to four thousand gallons a minute. After being raised by the pump, the water is discharged into the main ditch from whence it flows into the lesser ditches and laterals.

Hampered, as the country has been by fake irrigation companies, the Anna River Land, Water and Power Co., stands out as one company that has kept its promises and fulfillment of its contracts.

Save Your Radishes

Corvallis, Ore., June 1.—"Carbolic acid emulsion is used to destroy the eggs and young maggots which infest radishes, onions and similar garden crops, and occasionally for other insects," is a statement of H. F. Wilson, entomologist at the Oregon Agricultural College, who is about to publish a useful bulletin on the protection of the garden from pests.

"To make such an emulsion, dissolve a pound of hard soap in gallon of boiling water, add a pint of crude carbolic acid, and churn, preferably with a hand pump, until the mixture is a creamy white. This forms a stock which may be diluted by adding thirty times as much water as stock. It should be applied to the surface of the ground about the plants.

Good heavy all-silk hose, black and colors, \$1.25 pair, at the Merc. Co.