

## STATE WANTS HER LIEU LANDS BACK

Salem, May 9.—In a communication addressed to Attorney General Crawford, Governor West instructed him to take whatever action he deems most expedient to recover title to about 500,000 acres of lieu lands, worth to the state about \$750,000, which were obtained by Benson and Hyde, lieu land operators, in a fraudulent manner, and against whom the United States government has brought criminal proceedings for their part in the transactions. A list of the lands referred to accompany the communication to the attorney general, which follows:

"I am herewith enclosing a list of school sections, which are included within the boundary of national forests in this state, covering about 50,000 acres. These lands were purchased by or for the notorious lieu land operators, Benson and Hyde, whom the federal government succeeded in convicting for conspiracy to defraud it of its public lands.

"The lands covered in this list are within the Cascade forest reserve, and were purchased by these operators, and in fraudulent manner, for the purpose of being used as base or scrip for indemnity selections, and have already been used for that purpose. The government, however, after thorough investigation and discovery of the fraudulent character of the applications by which these school lands were purchased from the state, is taking steps toward setting aside patents to the lands given in lieu of these said school sections.

"If there is fraud sufficient, and there undoubtedly is, to justify the federal government in setting aside the patents to the lieu lands, there is surely fraud sufficient to justify the state in bringing suit to set aside the deeds from the state to Benson and Hyde.

"Should the state recover title to these lands they may be used as basis for indemnity selections, and at the present price of base would net the state easily about \$750,000.

"There has been sufficient evidence gathered by and now on file with the state and federal land departments to establish the fraudulent character of the applications to purchase these lands. I would ask, therefore, that you take some action as in your opinion may be necessary to secure the

lands for the state.

"Yours respectfully,  
(Signed) "OSWALD WEST,  
"Governor."

### Size of Bricks

Why are bricks of a certain size? This question came up recently in the discussion regarding the cost of a certain building. The standard brick is usually 8 inches long, 4 inches wide and 2 inches thick. In England the size is 9x4x3 inches, this being fixed by law, at least, so far as that country is concerned. An old law required the payment of a tax on all bricks that were used by contractors and to cheat the government bricks were made large. In the reign of George III the legal size of a brick was established. Many of the large bricks are found in the cellars and inner walls of old English houses, it being advisable to have them concealed, so that the way of evading the revenue might not become known.

## GIVE PRISONERS JOBS AS TRUSTIES

Salem, May 8.—Another new policy for prisons was recently announced by Governor West. Convicts are being sent gradually to the various state institutions to act as employees. In this capacity they will have virtually the same privileges that are extended to the other employees. They will probably be paid 25 cents a day as spending money or to be placed to their credit against the time of their release.

"If 100 men at the prison can be placed at some employment which will be of value to the state, a great saving can be made," said the governor. "Estimating the labor of these men as valued at \$2 a day, it would mean a saving of nearly \$200,000 annually.

"I am now working on plans whereby I hope to accomplish just this thing and place at least 100 men at work. A new contract with the Loewenberg & Going company will make such a move possible, and I believe it can be accomplished.

"In the meantime as many men as I can possibly find room for will be placed at the institutions and have decent labor to perform. I am satisfied under the conditions that they will need no guard and will be on a quicker road to reform than under the former system.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE EXAMINER

## STATE'S EXPENSES MUST BE REDUCED

Salem, May 4.—Members of the State Board are grappling with the problem of allowing no deficiencies to pile up at the state institutions before the next session of the Legislature and are finding the task somewhat more difficult than it was at first supposed to be.

Suggestions of various nature have been made at the board meetings. Among these, the plan of "lopping off" from the state payroll any who may be considered as supernumerary employees has been discussed and this plan may be evolved if it is found that the appropriations will be too small to carry on the affairs of the state.

As a last and drastic move, there is a possibility that the salary of employees may be decreased. This has not been given serious consideration so far, but has been mentioned and discussed. Objection is made, particularly by Superintendent Stiner, of the asylum, that such a move would mean that a large number would probably leave the employ of the state.

There is some chance that such a plan will be carried out at the present time if it is found that such a course will be necessary. The inclination seems to be to allow no debt of any kind to accumulate, even if it will be necessary to dispense with employees, patients or inmates.

At the main institutions, the Legislature materially reduced the amount of money asked for by the superintendents. As the bills come in the board is beginning to feel that possibly the superintendents were correct in their original estimates and are confronted with a problem which is causing some financial "figuring."

The immense disbursements of the first quarter were of such a nature as to be almost staggering, and it begins to look as though the last six months before the next session of the Legislature will see cramping of expenditures if the announced policy of the board is carried out to a successful conclusion.

Never hesitate about giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to children. It contains no opium or other narcotics and can be given with implicit confidence. As a quick cure for coughs and colds to which the children are susceptible, it is unsurpassed. Sold by all good dealers.

## POET OF SIERRAS TO MOUNTAIN HOME

Oakland, May 10.—Joaquin Miller, "Bard of California," "Poet of the Sierras," has gone to his lonely retreat in the Berkeley hills to die.

After separation of many years his wife and daughter, Juanita, are with him to care for him in his last hours.

Recently, the aged poet fell sick, and for many days, while he lay in a hospital here, his life was despaired of. His daughter hastened from New York to nurse him. Under her care the poet rallied. When her father seemed to be gaining in strength, the daughter went again to New York and immediately returned with Mrs. Miller.

Then, after two months in the hospital, Miller was taken to "Juanita Cottage," the retreat which he had built with his own hands in the height over looking the Pacific.

"Oh, beautiful!" sighed the feeble aged dreamer as he looked away again at the hills he has made to sing and looked over the bay and ocean that had been his companions for many years.

"I am glad. Never for a thousand years, perhaps, forever, will I ever leave this spot. 'All these trees,' the tired voice went on, 'I planted them, and I made them grow—or God did—every one. I was happy, and I am happy now!'"

"The Poet of the Sierras" turned to his wife and smiled. After many years of misunderstanding and separation they were together and understood. The daughter saw the smile and she, too, understood.

As the twilight gathered, the reunited family sat in silence, on the rustic porch of the cottage, looking out through the red-gold of the Golden Gate to the broad Pacific.

And even the newspaper reporter who accompanied the family to the mountain home understood.

John D. Rockefeller would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare a better medicine than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so says every one that has used it. Sold by all good dealers.

Get prices on flour at Bonanza before buying elsewhere.

### Queer Holdup

Robbers held up a saloon at Seventeenth and Marshall streets in Portland last week and after herding sixteen occupants in a the place down a trap door in the cellar took \$160, all the money in the register, and made good their escape.

The pair entered the place and started a game of pool. They had played some minutes at this game, attracting no particular attention, when one of the robbers suddenly wheeled and amazed the crowd with the cry, "Hands up!"

Every body including the bartender, made haste to comply. Also with an order to line up against the wall. While this maneuver was being executed, the other robber raised the trap door in the floor. Then the sixteen were invited to descend through the hole. When the last head had disappeared, the robber shut the trap and proceeded to loot the place.

## HOTEL GAS PLANT AT AMADEE BUSTS

Amadee, Cal., May 10.—George W. Gallagher, proprietor of the Amadee hotel; his son, Fred Gallagher, and J. Isenkites were severely burned tonight when the gas plant connected with the hotel exploded.

The accident happened at 9 o'clock and medical aid was summoned from Alturas but it was impossible to secure a conveyance of any kind, directions for the proper care of the burns sustained were given over the telephone.

The Callaghans and Isenkites were at work repairing the plant generating acetylene gas to the hotel. The work was carried on with the aid of a lantern. Escaping gas is supposed to have become ignited and the explosion, which could be heard for blocks, enveloped the three in a well of fire.

Prompt assistance resulted and the clothing of three men, which was discovered to be ablaze, was extinguished.

The rescuers packed the victims to the hotel where the burns were dressed. Both George Gallagher and Isenkites received painful burns about the head, face and arms, but their injuries are not considered serious. Fred Gallagher received the most serious injuries, and until a physician can arrive his condition is in doubt.

The hotel was shaken up but did not catch fire.

The medical advice received over the telephone was followed and the

## NEW WORK MAY BE UNDER WAY SOON

Portland Telegram: Extensions of pending and authorizing Hill railroad projects in Oregon have been given over in full stewardship to Carl R. Gray, the new president of the North Bank system, and they will receive his attention just as soon as he has had time to make a complete survey of the situation and familiarize himself with the work that is before him. This applies also to the plans for a new independent passenger depot for the Hill roads.

This is the gist of interviews given out by President Lewis W. Hill, of the Great Northern and Mr. Gray after their return at noon today from an inspection tour of the A. & C. R. line to Astoria and Seaside.

"These projects have not been indefinitely postponed nor given up," said Mr. Hill, "but with Mr. Gray, a new man, unfamiliar with the field there, it will be necessary for him to go over the ground and acquaint himself with the situation and conditions here. The new work planned is entirely in his hands and will be taken up whenever he is ready to do so. We are going to go over the whole territory together and see how things look and I expect to be in this part of the country until May 18 or 19. Tonight we leave for an extended tour into Central Oregon. We shall go over the Oregon Trunk and will visit the leading interior points and expect to go over into Burns and the Southeastern Oregon country before we get back.

"On our return we shall take a trip down the coast and visit Roseburg, Medford and other Southern Oregon points and in fact our trip will be one of the most comprehensive ones I have taken in this part of the country."

Both Mr. Hill and Mr. Gray are deeply interested in studying the outlook of the great Oregon Empire which the Hill forces have done so much toward developing and it is intimated that some important announcements as to their future plans may be made before the president of the Great Northern leaves for the East.

three victims are resting easy.

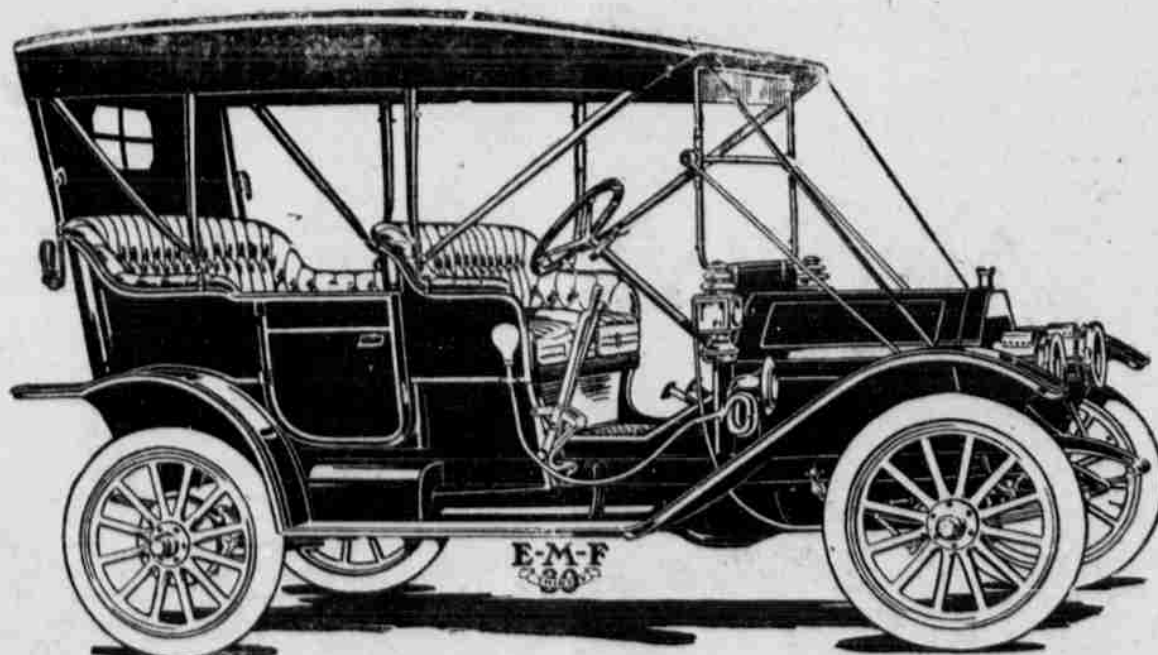
An attempt will be made the first thing in the morning to secure an engine from the N.-C.-O. railroad and convey a physician from Alturas to this place, as the town is without a medical practitioner.

## REVELATION IN AUTOMOBILE BUILDING

# The 1911 E-M-F "30"

By turning out 205 automobiles every working day in the year, in their \$7,000,000.00 plant the E-M-F. Company is enabled to sell and charge on the quantity plan. The car is equal to any make of nearly twice the price, but the turning out of so large a number of machines each day enables them to reduce the price ridiculously low.

DELIVERED TO YOU IN LAKEVIEW FOR \$1250.00



GUARANTEE—The E-M-F Company's one-year guarantee which appears in this ad needs no amplification or explanation. It speaks for itself. Every E-M-F car is backed up by a definite promise—the most liberal in motordom. Not only the car but the equipment as well—aside from tires, which are guaranteed by the manufacturers—are included in its provisions. Don't be misled by trickily-worded promises that warrant cars for indefinite periods. Some of these "guarantees," carefully analyzed, really mean nothing. The conventional 90-day guarantee is a relic of antiquity—a legacy of the days when the motor car was an experiment, not a standard, staple article. The E-M-F guarantee is a definite promise for a definite period—ONE WHOLE YEAR. Manufacture of a car like this at a figure that makes possible the quoted selling price is the industrial achievement of the age. It is an achievement possible to no other manufacturer of motor cars.

A CAR LOAD OF E-M-F "30" AND FLANDERS "20" TO ARRIVE APRIL FIRST. CALL AND LET US SHOW YOU THE NEW E-M-F "30" FOR 1911.

Opposite Court House

T. E. BERNARD

Lakeview, Oregon