

# Lake County Examiner

Official Paper of Lake County, Oregon

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Lakeview, Oregon, Thursday, February 9, 1911

## AN OREGON PIONEER

It may not be generally known that the year 1911 is one of the hundredth anniversary of one of Oregon's noblest pioneers, Jesse Applegate. The Department of History at the University is preparing to take proper notice of the anniversary.

Mr. Applegate came to Oregon from Missouri in company with his two older brothers, Charles and Lindsey, in 1813, settling in what was then Yamhill county, but now Polk county. He died at Yoncalla, in Douglas county, where he had resided most of the time since 1849, in the year 1888. He is noteworthy as one of the ablest men Oregon has ever had, and as a disinterested, public spirited citizen, whose influence upon public affairs was frequently very great.

Recent researches in the manuscript archives at Salem have shown that Applegate was the real founder of the reorganized provisional government adopted in 1815, that he drew most of the important laws passed by the Legislative Committee of that year, as well as the memorial to the United States Congress and that he was instrumental in persuading the Hudson's Bay Company to take shelter under the provisional government. Some of the documents revealing his agency in these significant matters have recently been unearthed in the Public Record Office of Great Britain, at London, by a professor of the University.

The contemplated publication will contain, first, a unique portrait of the pioneer statesman; second, a biographical sketch of his life and services; third, Applegate's "Views of Oregon History," an extended commentary on affairs in the early days of Oregon, written by Mr. Applegate late in life, for the benefit of those who should write the history of Oregon.

After sustaining a crushing defeat in the house the advocates of the abolition of the death penalty suffered another reverse in the senate when the carefully framed bill prepared by the senate judiciary committee was defeated by a vote of 15 ayes and 13 nays, 16 votes being necessary.

Without a dissenting vote the Senate passed H. B. 3, declaring October 12 Columbus day, and making it a public holiday. Oregon is the 17th state to designate Columbus day. The bill was prepared and advocated by Knights of Columbus and is intended as an educational feature, that children may become familiar with American history.

By the provisions of a bill introduced by Representative Abbott, of Multnomah, the office of State Immigration agent is created and \$25,000 appropriated for carrying on immigration advertising by the state for the next two years. The measure contemplates the appointment by the Governor of an incumbent for the office within 10 days of the passing of the act, whose term shall be four years and who shall serve without compensation.

Of the many annual, mid-winter, New Year and other editions of the metropolitan newspapers, The Oregonian's semi-centennial number far outclasses any and all of them. Probably no paper ever published contained such a comprehensive insight into the resources and development of any state as does the 50-year edition of the Oregonian of February 4, 1911. Every section and part of the State is fittingly described, and will be of inestimable value in drawing attention of investors and settlers to the many opportunities now awaiting them in all parts of Oregon.

A. W. Lafferty raised a novel point in Federal Court at Portland last week in a case affecting the right of the government to cancel patent to a timber claim. The 1903 law provides that two years after final receipt issued by the Land Office to the patentee, patent must issue. Mr. Lafferty held that this was in effect a statute of limitations, limiting the time, during which the Government could raise questions as to the sufficiency of location. An earlier law provides that the government cannot proceed to cancel patent later than six years after issuance. Deputy District Attorney McGuire contends that the 1903 law merely affects the Land Office procedure, being intended to prevent more than two years'

delay in granting the patent, and that the government's limit for attacking a patent so issued is the time fixed by the earlier enactment. The point came up in the effort of the government to cancel the patent of Charles P. Whitney.

## BILL HAMMERSLY GAINS NOTORIETY

### Becomes Famous While On His Way to Wallowa

Under the heading "Coyotes' Foe is Here," the Sunday Oregonian gives W. R. Hammersly, quite a send-off. In addition to an excellent picture of him, the Oregonian contained the following:

W. R. Hammersly, the Government's best expert coyote hunter, who is stationed on the Fremont National Forest Reserve, in Lake County, is in the city on his way to Wallowa County to assist in the coyote extermination campaign. Mr. Hammersly has a record of having killed more coyotes than any other Government hunter. Last year his record was 372 and this year he has killed 350 and practically has five months more, until July 1. He has been instructed to hunt in Wallowa county four months.

Two years ago the Agricultural Department decided to experiment with official hunters whose exclusive duty would be the killing of destructive wild animals. Hammersly was the fifth appointed and his record for killing coyotes stands far beyond reach of his nearest competitor. The position pays a salary of \$100 a month and expenses. The hunter also gets the bounty on all coyotes killed and Hammersly has augmented his pay to \$500 and \$600 a month.

"My most successful way of exterminating coyotes is by trapping," said Hammersly yesterday. "The biggest catch in one day I ever made was 18 out of 22 sets. The best record I ever made with a rifle was three. I do not go much on poison. Coyotes have a great deal of instinct and when they begin to feel sick find some kind of emetic and expel the poison much the same as if they were treated by a doctor. About the only way I have been able to poison them is by using capsules, so that the poison will get beyond their stomach. But trapping is the best method. It is all in the bait. I mix my own bait, and there is the secret.

"The Government hunters have been of more benefit to sheep and cattle men than all other official agencies combined. When sheep and cattlemen are troubled with coyotes all they have to do is request a Government hunter and the pests are soon exterminated. There is money in the job, but the standard is high. You must make good. A record of 300 a year is considered a good average."

Mr. Hammersly was born and reared in Lake County and was always a crack shot with a rifle and expert hunter. He was formerly a forest ranger and two years ago took the Civil Service examination for Government hunter.

"The situation in Wallowa County is more serious than many suppose," continued Mr. Hammersly. "Rabies among wild animals is more serious than among domestic animals, and the only way to stop the danger is to kill all the coyotes. Their extermination will also be a blessing to sheep and cattlemen."

Mr. Hammersly is a cousin to Thomas E. Hammersly, Deputy United States Marshal.

## Nearly a New Leg

L. A. Carrier was in town Saturday hopping around on his game leg with the aid of a pair of crutches. It will be remembered that Mr. Carrier sustained a fracture of his left leg a few weeks since, and the rapidity with which it healed speaks well for Mr. Carrier's robust health, his attending physician, Dr. E. H. Smith, and the wonderful climate of this section, all of which would almost have grown a new leg on Mr. Carrier had it been necessary.

Flour, \$1.75 sack or \$3.50 per 100 at Bleber's Cash Store

## RE-APPOINTMENT BILL INTRODUCED

### Lake and Klamath Will Be Twenty-first Joint District

SALEM, Or., Feb. 3.—Dissatisfaction is being manifested among some of the country members of the legislature over the reapportionment bill introduced in the Senate yesterday by Joseph of Multnomah, resulting from the loss of membership that Multnomah gains.

Complaint came principally from members of the House, where Multnomah is given 16 members, compared with 12 so allotted to that county, and one joint member with Clackamas. The only other county to make a gain is Baker, which receives two representatives instead of one. The loss falls most directly on Washington, Linn, Marion, Douglas and Jackson.

Multnomah gains one senator, and the loss falls upon Union and Umatilla counties, which are now in a joint district with Morrow and are represented by A. C. Barrett. Morrow is shifted into a joint district with Gilliam, Sherman and Wheeler, now represented by Jay Bowerman. The result is to increase Bowerman's district by the addition of Morrow and to cut out the seat now held by Barrett.

As Barrett was elected last November for a term of four years, his tenure of office cannot be affected until the end of the time for which he was elected.

A summary of the losses in house representation shows that Washington loses one, Douglas and Jackson lose the joint district now represented by J. A. Buchanan, Marion and Umatilla each lose half a member through readjustment of joint districts, and the joint district of Gilliam, Sherman and Wheeler loses one, these seats now being occupied by G. A. Buckley and W. J. Morrison.

There is a readjustment of lines of Eastern Oregon counties insuring chiefly to the advantage of Crook. By the new plan this county will compose a district by itself. It is now in a district with Grant, Klamath and Lake, and four counties together electing two members. By the new plan Klamath and Lake go into a new joint district, and Grant forms another with Morrow.

If Multnomah were to receive his share according to population it would have 10 senators and 20 representatives. Because of the losses this would cause in other counties, Multnomah will be unable to enforce a claim for the full number, contenting herself with a few senators, along with a joint district with Clackamas and Columbia, and 16 representatives, a gain of one senator and of three and one half representatives.

## MANY GRADUATES TAKE O.A.C. COURSE

### Yale, Harvard, Dartmouth and Many Others Represented

Corvallis, Or., Feb. 2.—Nearly 33 per cent of the large enrollment of men and women in the short course at the Oregon Agricultural College this year are graduates of universities and colleges, some of them having several degrees. Yale, Harvard, Cornell, Dartmouth, Smith, Trinity, Williams, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Biltmore, and some score more of the institutions of higher education throughout the United States are represented in the students gathered for the six weeks of intensive agricultural instruction which ends Feb. 12.

The enrollment, 254, is the largest in the history of the institution for the short course, being an increase of nearly 70 per cent over the largest number enrolled in the past. Of these 201 are men, and 53 women. Nearly 20 per cent of the men have had at least a high school education, while almost 30 per cent of the women have had similar advantages.

They come not only from all parts of Oregon, but from Washington, southern California, Missouri, Minnesota, British Columbia, Connecticut, the District of Columbia, and even from across the sea, from England, Germany, and Switzerland.

There is a student with degrees from both Wycliff College, Kent, England and from Marlborough College, England, as well as graduates from Bedford College, England, and the Bradley Court Agricultural College, England. Students from secondary schools in both Germany and Switzerland are also enrolled.

There are two Harvard graduates, two from Yale, three from Cornell, and others from Dartmouth, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Iowa,

Smith Bates, Trinity, St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, Connecticut Agricultural College, Williams, Illinois, University of Puget Sound, University of Oregon, Upper Iowa, Pennsylvania S. I. C., Ottawa Normal, Park College, Bates, Biltmore, Kansas University, Ontario Agricultural North Dakota Agricultural, Willamette University, Maryland Agricultural, O. A. C., and a number of normal schools and academies.

An interesting and significant fact is that a large number of the short course students are not farmers, stock breeders, and fruit growers, although many of these are enrolled. Two doctors, a minister of the gospel, a telegraph operator, florists, clerks, surveyors, barbers, bookkeepers, music teachers, machinists, and representatives of many other occupations, together with a large number announcing themselves simply and largely as "home-makers," all are taking instruction in horticulture, dairy husbandry, poultry raising, domestic arts and science, commerce, forestry, the mechanic arts and like subjects. The minister is studying horticulture, a surveyor is taking the commerce course, a doctor is studying animal husbandry and music, and a woman teacher who is holding down a homestead claim in Sheridan county is taking the domestic science course.

## MONTANA AFRAID OF OREGON DOGS

### Puts Ban On Them Because of Rabies Scare in Wallowa

The first quarantine against dogs ever enforced in Montana has just been proclaimed by the Governor. The proclamation bars from that state dogs from all of Oregon and parts of Washington and Idaho. The reason assigned is that dogs in these districts are afflicted with rabies. No action was taken as to coyotes, it being the supposition that in some few instances dogs may possibly have contracted the disease from those animals up in Wallowa county.

According to Dr. W. H. Lytle, state veterinarian, the scare in Wallowa has subsided. The doctor is quoted as follows:

"I don't think there is now much danger from mad coyotes, either to men or domestic animals in Wallowa county. I do not believe the infection ever got beyond the borders of the county, other reports to the contrary. The Wallowa county people are just about as much incensed over exaggerated reports of conditions as they are in fear of the rabid coyotes.

At the same time rigid rules against allowing domestic animals to run at large, or to take either wild or domestic animals from the county are being enforced. The coyotes are being hunted mercilessly and systematically.

"Among the most effective of the many ways used to kill coyotes is a scheme rigged up by a couple of hunters along Snake river. They set out bait and make electric connection between it and a cap that sets off a half stick of dynamite. When the coyote noses the bait he makes the connection necessary to blow him into small bits."

## Annuities for Teachers

SALEM, Or., Feb. 1.—A number of Portland teachers appeared before members of the Multnomah delegation this afternoon to urge the passage of house bill number 273. It authorizes the creation of a retirement fund association and the granting of annuities to retired teachers

in school districts having more than 10,000 children of school age.

Under the proposed law teachers would contribute \$1 per month during the first ten years of service, \$2 in the second decade and \$3 in the third. It was argued by the teachers that experience of many states and countries which have annuity law sanction such a measure and that inasmuch as the public is asked to contribute only 10 per cent of the amount necessary to put the fund on a firm basis, there should be no objections to pensioning those so intimately connected with the country's welfare.

## Additional Briefs

Miss Palmer has resigned her position as teacher in the local school. Mrs. Rice is now acting as substitute in her place until a permanent teacher is appointed.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Newell a few days since returned from a tour of the Pacific Coast, having been absent a couple of months. They visited all of the important cities and spent some time in California. However, home proved too attractive, and hence did not prolong their stay until spring.

Flour, \$1.75 sack or \$3.50 per 100 at Bleber's Cash Store

## Old Enough to Notice.

"Are your papa and mamma at home?" asked the caller.  
"No," replied little Marguerite. "One of them may be here, but they never are both at home at the same time."

## WIFE GOT TIP TOP ADVICE.

"My wife wanted me to take our boy to the doctor to cure an ugly boil," writes D. Frankel, of Stroud, Okla. "I said 'put Bucklen's Arnica Salve on it.' She did so, and it cured the boil in a short time." Quickest healer of Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Corns, Itches, Sprains, Swellings. Best Pile cure on earth. Try it. Only 25c at A. L. Thornton's.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Not Coal Land)  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, February 7, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that Pauline Chandler whose postoffice address is Lakeview, Oregon 510, on the 19th day of April, 1910, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No. 2325, to purchase the N. E. 34 Section 6, Township 37 N., Range 21 E., Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been estimated and valued by applicant, the timber estimated at \$200.25, and the land \$200.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of her application and sworn statement on the 7th day of April, 1911, before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Lakeview, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

ARTHUR W. ORTON, Register.

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